

THE TWICE-A-WEEK DISPATCH

A PROGRESSIVE REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE UPBUILDING OF AMERICAN HOMES AND AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.

BURLINGTON, ALAMANCE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1914

RESULTS OF THE ELECTION AS SEEN BY COUNTRY'S PRESS.

Various views of Tuesday's election are taken by the press of the country. In some instances the result is interpreted as a rebuke to President Wilson and his policies, while in others a great victory for the President and the Democratic party is seen. The one thing that stands out in most of the editorials is the complete collapse of the Progressive Party. Here are editorial comments from newspapers in various parts of the country:

New York Sun:—The salient feature of the voting yesterday throughout the United States, or rather throughout that part of the country which is reasonably indicative political change, was the compelling evidence of Republican reunion. The Progressive advance is not only checked the Progressive forces are almost annihilated.

New York Tribune:—The Wilson administration stands condemned by public opinion. Even the distractions of a great world war did not even prevent the voters of this country from expressing their emphatic disapproval of its acts and policies.

New York Press:—Mr. Whitman did not carry his State for Governor; the people of New York carried it. Other Republican candidates did not carry their States and their Congress districts. The American people carried them—not so much for this or that candidate—but against the policy and programme of Mr. Wilson's party in control of the national Government.

New York Times:—While there is cause for regret in the country failure to endorse an administration which has on the whole deserved so well of it, which through the President's courage and firmness has made such a record of meritorious achievements the result of yesterday's elections cannot be looked upon as politically unhealthful or as evidence of the unwisdom of the people.

New York World:—Three times The World has written the political obituary of Theodore Roosevelt. This time we shall say nothing at all of the dead. It looks as if he had been safely tucked away by that genial and popular undertaker Charles S. Whitman, ably assisted by Sexton Sulzer, but you never can tell.

New York Globe:—What has happened is that the division among the President's opponents has largely disappeared. What is true of New York is true elsewhere. The Republican revival is not due to Democratic loss, but to a Republican-Progressive reunion, whose continuance depends on future circumstances.

Boston Globe:—One of the most striking features of the State election yesterday was the decline of the Progressive vote. This shift in the vote brought Massachusetts back to the old times when the contest was between the two major parties without any possibilities of a victory being turned by a minority candidate.

Boston Herald:—Viewing the country as a whole, the results of yesterday's elections constitute a pretty crushing defeat for the Wilson administration. The uniformity with which the disputed New England States and Connecticut elected Republicans indicates that the Republicans are "coming back."

Baltimore American:—Based upon the confident claims of the Democrats, based upon the eager interposition of the administration in the campaign, based upon the tremendous efforts put forth to keep the country at high Democratic tide, the judgment from the results of yesterday's election must be that it was a Republican victory. * * * It was a rebuke, stern and swift, sure and earnest, against the failure of the Democrats to make good their pledges of prosperity.

Baltimore Sun:—Maryland has rendered its verdict on the Wilson administration in no uncertain terms. * * * With the diminution, not to say collapse, of the Bull Moose movement, it was supposed to be inevitable, in Maryland as elsewhere, that the Republicans would make enormous gains over their showing of 1912. Yet Maryland has sent a Democratic Senator and five Democratic Representatives to Congress.

Philadelphia Press:—Two years of a Democratic administration, with that party in full legislative and executive power, has had seemingly the same effect that it did the last time that experiment was tried. * * * It is clear that the vote of confidence and approval which President Wilson desired for his Democratic policies has not been given, but a vote of censure has been imposed in its stead.

Philadelphia Ledger:—The Republicans achieved a notable victory in the debatable states yesterday, and the Roosevelt Progressive party disappeared as an important factor in the national situation. These are the outstanding results of yesterday's election.

St. Louis Times:—Yesterday's action indicates a simple intention of getting out of the clouds of roseate and unexplored theories and back to the earth of practical experience and needs. Certain theories and individuals went to defeat at the polls, but the national welfare won a victory which points clearly to a return to common sense in government and to a winning back of that prosperity which is the nation's right.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat:—The average man will look upon it (the election) as a rebuke to the Underwood tariff. The people prospered under the last Republican tariff and they have suffered under the present Democratic tariff, even as they always have. The full dinner pail is still more interesting than fine phrases.

St. Louis Republic:—The outstanding fact in the elections of Tuesday is the Democratic control of both Houses of Congress. The American people have voted from Bath to Seattle and from Key West to San Diego. The (Continued on Page Four.)

Flower of The German Army Now Attacking Allied Forces.

The Best Troops of Kaiser in Front Ranks at Ypres And Fate. Must Decide Issue Soon—The Oncoming Legions of Russia Become Hardly a Greater Menace to Germans Who Will Likely Retire Behind Fortresses Near Border

London, Nov. 12.—9:10 P. M.—A critical stage in the battle in West Flanders has been reached, and the next few days, if not hours, should produce something decisive.

The Germans with all the forces at their command, have continued to attack the British and French who hold the line between Dixmude and Ypres, but except for the capture of Dixmude, which was occupied Tuesday, and some little progress around Ypres, they have not made material advance.

The French official report says all the attacks have been repulsed. The Germans no longer are utilizing green troops in this region, but have brought up the pick of their army, including some Prussian guards, who attempted an offensive movement against the British, but without success.

BOTH SIDES SATISFIED.

Both sides express satisfaction with the progress of the battle. Berlin says the Allies' attacks have been repulsed and that their own attack is making headway, while in London and in Paris it is felt that so long as the Allies can hold the line of the canal from Nieuport to Ypres their position is strong.

In France, from the Northwest to the Southeast, there have been engagements of lesser importance in which, according to the French report, General Joffre's armies have gained ground and strengthened their positions. The Germans continue to destroy bridges and railways in Belgium but with what object remains a secret. It is thought, however, that they are making preparations to winter in that country.

LIVES WITH A RIFLE BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

Greensboro, Nov. 13.—With a ball from a .22 calibre rifle imbedded in the center of his brain, Thomas Wakefield, the 13-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Wakefield, who reside three miles south of the city, is lying close to death at St. Leo's Hospital. The boy was wounded while hunting with his brother on the property of his father yesterday afternoon, the wound being received from the rifle held in the hands of the brother which in some manner was accidentally discharged.

When the wounded boy had been carried to the hospital an X-ray picture was made which showed the small ball to be almost exactly in the center of his brain. No operation has been attempted as yet. The boy has had several vomiting spells since he was carried to the hospital and the physicians in charge, notwithstanding the seriousness of the boy's wound, are hopeful that he will recover.

A few months ago a child was wounded in much the same manner as young Wakefield and after lingering perilously near death for several days the child recovered and is now apparently as well as ever.

Mrs. Wakefield, the mother of the wounded boy is a sister to our townsman, Mr. James M. Hayes.

Thanksgiving day comes two weeks from next Thursday and as compared with Europe we certainly have much to be thankful for this year.

"Business Looks Better. Bankers Are More Hopeful; Business Men are More Cheerful!"—Leslie's Weekly.

M. P. CHURCH WILL FINISH YEAR'S WORK NEXT SUNDAY.

Makes Increase in Membership—Pastor and Delegate Will Leave Tuesday for Asheville to Attend Annual Conference.

The Burlington Methodist Protestant Church, under the pastorate of Rev. George L. Curry, will finish the year's work with the services of next Sunday. Rev. Mr. Curry, accompanied by Mr. Charles B. Way, the delegate of the Church, will leave on Tuesday following, for Asheville, to attend the annual conference.

They will carry with them splendid reports of the year's work here, among which we note an increase to the church of about 50, making the present membership 305. The Sunday school, with Mr. J. G. Rogers as superintendent, has also grown until it is one of the largest in the city.

The church is highly pleased with the work of the pastor, Rev. Mr. Curry, and the delegate goes unanimously instructed to ask for his return for another year. It is likely there will be no change of pastor at this place.

The 89th annual conference of the Methodist Protestant Church in North Carolina will be held in Asheville, at the church of that denomination, corner of Hillside street and Merrimon avenue, November 18 to 23. This will be the first time that the conference has ever been held west of the Blue Ridge and Asheville members of the conference are already making plans for the entertainment of a large number of delegates who are expected to attend.

Rev. C. A. Cecil, of High Point, is president of the Conference and has been for the past two years, the presidents being elected annually. It is highly probable that President Cecil will be re-elected this year, which would make three years he has served as president and before the limit of five years, which is as long as a president can serve, he would have two more years he could serve.

The North Carolina M. P. Conference has 23,000 members and there are 64 charges, with about 300 churches; and active ministers, general agents and laymen from all these charges are expected to be in attendance at the conference to be held in Asheville.

The past year has been one of the most successful in the history of the church in this State. During this time 20 new churches have been built and more than 1,500 members added to the conference. One of the interesting features of the conference will be the reports from the various churches showing the work that has been done during the past year.

The Methodist Protestant Church differs from other Methodists in that it has no bishops or presiding elders and is modeled after the constitution of the United States. Each charge has a delegate and a minister who are on equal terms in the conference.

As Japan was to limit her operations in the war to the "Far East," it is to be seen now whether she is out of a job since the Germans have been driven out of Asia.

What about Armageddon?

The "deadly parallel" was deadly.

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITIES.

The Republican gains throughout the country last Tuesday and the carrying of such important States as New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Illinois have encouraged the party to an extent that gives its members strong hopes of success in the campaign for the Presidency in 1916.

Who shall lead the party that year? That is the question that is being asked by Republicans all over the Union.

The State of New York with its newly elected Governor, Mr. Whitman, and its Senator, Hon. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., has in these gentlemen able and popular Republicans either of whom would make a strong candidate for the Presidency.

Mr. Whitman, as Governor of the Empire State, has before him an arduous and difficult task, but one that is sure to add to his availability as a candidate if accomplished with satisfaction to the people of the State.

He has this present week demonstrated his strength with the voters of New York by defeating Governor Glynn in an overwhelming way, and through that has made a great stride toward the nation honor.

Hon. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., is a prime favorite not only with the Republican organization of his State, but through his defeat of Mr. Gerard has proved himself to be exceedingly strong with the voters of New York in all parties.

In Mr. Gerard, the Democratic party names as its candidate the most popular man, the most available man, the strongest man in every way, that it could name in New York, and his defeat by Mr. Wadsworth was a test of strength that made the victory of the Republican leader one of more than ordinary significance.

Republicans everywhere recognize that this victory has placed Mr. Wadsworth high on the lists of the strong men of their party.

As the political tides run now Ohio is attracting attention of the Republicans by reasons of the accomplishments of Republican leaders of that State, and as with Hayes, in 1876, Garfield in 1880, McKinley in 1896 and 1900, and Taft in 1908, many Republicans throughout the country have faith in the successful leadership of an Ohio man in a presidential contest. Herrick, Willis, Burton, and Harding are names known from coast to coast and any one of them if nominated, would surely lead a united Republican party, in Ohio and in the nation.

Distinguished as he is as a man of remarkable ability in business affairs, Mr. Herrick would command at once, if nominated, the confidence and support of the business interests of the United States in the largest measure.

He, possibly, of all the men named, is the best equipped by experience, practice, and knowledge of affairs in a more varied sense and in a broader sphere of action.

His services as Governor of Ohio; his successful career as Ambassador to France, where, under the most trying circumstances and the greatest difficulties, he called forth the praise, not only of his countrymen, but that of the people of every nationality of Europe, these afford the proofs of his executive ability, his sound judgment, his careful dealing with affairs of State.

The State of Ohio and the United States know naught but good of Hon. Theodore Burton.

Frank and sincere, able and honest, both in Senate and House, he commanded the respect of his colleagues. His Republicanism is doubted by no man and his honor is bright and without stain.

With Burton as its leader there would be no defensive campaign for the Republican party.

The phenomenal plurality of Warren G. Harding over his Democratic opponent in Ohio has placed him well forward in the list of available Republicans for the highest position, and his sterling personal qualities cannot fail to maintain him in that position.

Last, but not least, we note that Hon. Frank Willis, the newly elected Governor of the State of Ohio, is in a position as regards the presidential nomination that is most favorable for him, if he possesses ambition in that direction.

After ten years of Democratic control of the State he has carried it for the Republican party over the strongest candidate and the most effective campaigner that the Democratic party could name.

Mr. Willis has shown in his contest his ability and his popularity, and if he enters the lists for the presidential nomination, those same qualifications will make him an ideal candidate.

In looking over the entire situation it would seem that New York and Ohio afford the Republicans a field of able men to select from: men peculiarly fitted to lead the party to success.

NEARLY 800 DEAD HORSES OVERBOARD.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 11.—With less than a dozen of the 800 horses she carried, still alive, the British steamer Rembrandt which caught fire when two hundred miles off Cape Henry Monday, spent last night in throwing the carcasses of the dead animals overboard.

The Rembrandt steamed in a circle backward and forward about ten miles off Cape Henry throwing the dead horses overboard.

Captain Eddlin is reported to have stated that his ship was set on fire by German spies. The fire was discovered in the compartments occupied by the horses.

Captain Eddlin is also reported to have said that threats were made against the vessel while she was taking on cargo in Baltimore. It is claimed that Germans declared the vessel would be blown up before she reached her destination.

When the fire was discovered the smoke was so dense the crew could not reach the flames, and they were handicapped by the stampede of the frightened animals. The hold was flooded, the hatches closed and the horses left to their fate.

It is reported here that several members of the crew of the Rembrandt are reported to be badly damaged by fire. The vessel will be inspected at New Port News to ascertain if it will be necessary to make repairs before she can proceed on her voyage to St. Nazaire, France, to which port she was bound when fire was discovered in her hold.

The political situation in Wisconsin is pretty emphatic notice that the Hon. Robert Marion La Follette is serving his last term in the Senate. Mourner—if there are any—will please omit flowers.

COMMUNITY SERVICE DAYS.

DEC. 3, 4, 5.

The Governor of our State has issued his proclamation calling upon the people of our State to observe Dec. 3, 4, and 5 as community service days. The Governor has co-operating with him in this movement for the betterment of every community in the State, the Department of Education, the Department of Agriculture, the Farmers' Union and other organizations. The State has provided a splendid bulletin of 85 pages setting forth the program of each day and how to carry it out.

Mr. W. C. Crosby, Secretary of the Committee on Education of the Farmers' Union is stationed at Raleigh, and is giving his entire time to issuing literature and in forwarding the movement in every way he can.

Every member of each local committee and every person in the County interested in the movement should have the bulletin and can get one by calling on the principal of his school or the County Superintendent.

Let every citizen, old and young, join with his neighbors in improving roads, bridges, churches, school houses, school grounds and other public needs. Watch for full program in a later issue.

The County Committee is as follows:

- W. I. Ward, Chairman, Graham. J. B. Robertson, Graham. J. D. Kernodle, Graham. E. C. Turner, Mebane. J. P. Kerr, Haw River. J. Zeb Waller, Burlington. O. F. Crowder, Burlington. A. G. Porterfield, Burlington. J. G. Braxton, Saxapahaw. J. C. Guthrie, Saxapahaw. Mrs. W. L. Smith, Elon College. Mrs. W. J. Barker, Altamahaw. Miss Edna Reinhardt, Graham.

LOCAL COMMITTEES.

OAKDALE.

- Chairman, John M. Coble, Liberty, N. C., Route 3. Miss Cuma Reitzel, Liberty 3. Secretary, Alfred Spoon, Hartshorn. S. A. Alexander, Liberty Route. Miss Alice Spoon, Hartshorn.

CROSS ROADS.

- Chairman, W. H. Isley, Hartshorn. Secretary, W. L. Hudson, Hartshorn. T. E. Murray, Hartshorn. Lindon Stuart, Hartshorn. Mrs. Joe Coble, Hartshorn.

MOUNTAIN.

- Chairman, W. A. Rich, Rock Creek. Sec., J. G. Garrett, Rock Creek. W. W. Cude, Rock Creek. Mrs. S. S. Kimrey, Rock Creek. J. P. McPehson, Rock Creek.

PLEASANT HILL.

- Chairman, Jabin Hinshaw, Liberty 3. Sec., P. E. Coble, Liberty Route 3. Emma Somers, Liberty Route 3. Beattie Murchison, Liberty Route 3. W. E. Overman, Liberty Route 3.

SYLVAN.

- Chairman, J. C. Griffin, Snow Camp. Sec., Eula Dixon, Snow Camp. L. L. Lore, Snow Camp. Eugene Teague, Liberty, Route 3. Jesse Thompson, Rock Creek.

FRIENDSHIP.

- Chairman, John W. Isley, Burlington Route 7. Secretary, John S. L. Patterson, Burlington Route 1. Meade Hart, Burlington Route 1. Mrs. Homewood, Burlington No. 1. Wm. Graves, Burlington Route 1.

BELLMONT.

- Chairman, J. E. Isley, Burlington, Route 7. Secretary, L. H. Coble, Burlington, Route 7.

- J. A. Branson, Burlington, Route 7. Ida Simpson, Burlington Route 7. Mrs. Lacy Sharpe, Burlington No. 7.

GLENWOOD.

- Chairman, G. A. Keck, Burlington 1. Secretary, D. M. Elder, Burlington Route 1.

- Tom Overman, Burlington Route 1. Mrs. Fannie Reitzel, Burlington 1. Mrs. A. L. Combs, Burlington 1.

SHOFFNER.

- Chairman, O. L. Sharpe, Burlington Route 10. Secretary, Charley Keck, Burlington Route 4. O. D. Whitsell, Burlington Route 4. Lula Smith, Burlington Route 10. Emily Keck, Burlington Route 10.

NEW HOPE.

- Chairman, Lacy Isley, Burlington 1. Secretary, J. E. Stafford, Hartshorn. Z. V. Isley, Burlington Route 1. Miss Virginia Hight, Burlington 1. Miss Louis Cook, Burlington 1.

HIGHLAND.

- Chairman, Joseph Kumbly, Burlington Route 4. Secretary, T. L. Huffman, Burlington Route 4. W. R. Whitt, Burlington Route 4. J. D. F. Cobb, Gosportville, N. C. Kate E. Whitsell, Burlington No. 4.

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OSSIPEE.

- Chairman, J. C. Barber, Elon College Route 1. Secretary, W. A. Andrews, Elon College, Route 1. Myrtle Nicholson, Elon College Route 1. Mrs. Waynick, Elon College, Route No. 1. L. D. Rippey, Elon College Route 1.

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- Chairman, A. E. Patterson, Altamahaw. Secretary, W. H. Gilliam, Altamahaw. S. A. Sharpe, Altamahaw. J. R. Smith, Altamahaw. Mr. Annie Sowers Lowe, Altamahaw.

ISLEY.

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- Secretary, C. A. Wilson, Burlington Route 2. Bessie Howard, Burlington Route 2. Mrs. Banks Williamson, Burlington Route 2. Eanks Williamson, Burlington 2.

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MIDWAY.

- Chairman, W. H. Councilman, Burlington, Route 3. Secretary, Della Gibson, Burlington, Route 3. L. L. Wilson, Burlington Route 3. C. M. Tyson, Burlington Route 3. Mowsey Covington, Burlington No. 3.

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EUREKA.

- Chairman, Geo. M. Isley, Graham Route 1. Secretary, Geo. F. Thompson, Graham, Route 1. Mrs. Geo. M. Isley, Graham Route 1. Cleve Thompson, Graham Route 1. C. C. Thompson, Graham Route 1.

CLIMAX.

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CENTER.

- Chairman, R. M. Lindley, Snow Camp. Secretary, J. S. Clark, Snow Camp. Daisy Richardson, Snow Camp. Ernest Whitehead, Snow Camp. W. M. Lindley, Snow Camp.

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- Chairman, E. J. Braxton, Saxapahaw. Secretary, J. G. Braxton, Saxapahaw. Mrs. Chas. Newlin, Saxapahaw. J. B. Ingle, Saxapahaw. A. S. McBane, Snow Camp.

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- Chairman, S. M. Lewis, Saxapahaw. Secretary, M. C. McBane, Mandale. M. T. Hurst, Mandale. Mrs. W. T. Hurst, Mandale. P. C. Perry, Saxapahaw.

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O. LINE.

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OAKS.

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SALEM.

- Chairman, W. G. Crawford, Graham, Route 2. Secretary, J. P. Thompson, Haw River.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

REFORMED CHURCH. Corner Front and Anderson Streets. Rev. D. C. Cox. Sunday School every Sabbath at 9:45 A. M. Preaching every First and Third Sabbath at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Mid-Week Service every Wednesday, 7:30 P. M. Everyone Welcome. Parsonage Corner Front and Trolinger Streets.

HOCUTT MEMORIAL BAPTIST CHURCH. Adams Avenue and Hall Street. Rev. James W. Rose, Pastor. Preaching every Fourth Sunday at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 A. M. Prayer Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 P. M. Ladies' Aid Society First Sunday Afternoon.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Church of The Holy Comforter. The Rev. John Benner Gibble, Rector. Services every Sunday, 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Holy Communion: First Sunday, 11:00 A. M., Third Sunday, 7:30 A. M. Holy and Saint's Days, 10:00 A. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M. The public is cordially invited. All Pews Free. Fine Vested Choir.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Corner Church and Davis Streets. Rev. A. B. Kendall, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. John R. Foster, Superintendent. Christian Endeavor services Sunday Evenings at 6:45. Mid-Week Prayer Service, every Wednesday at 7:30 P. M. Ladies' Aid and Missionary Society meets on Monday, after the Second Sunday in each month. A cordial invitation extended to all. A Church Home for Visitors and for Strangers.

FRONT STREET M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH. Rev. D. H. Tattie Pastor. Peace to those who enter. Blessings to those who go. Preaching every Sunday, 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper with offering for Church charities, First Sunday in each month. Sunday School, every Sunday, 9:30 A. M. Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, 8:00 P. M. Board of Stewards meet on Monday 8:00 P. M., after Fourth Sunday in each month. Woman's Missionary Society meets 4:00 P. M., on Monday, after 1st and 3rd Sundays. Parsonage, corner W. Davis and Hoke Streets. Pastor's Telephone, No. 168. Ring—Talk—Hang Up—"Busy."

WEBB AVENUE M. E. CHURCH SOUTH. Rev. F. B. Noblett, Pastor. Preaching every first Sunday at 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Second Sunday at 7:30 P. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 10:00 A. M. A. M. H. F. Moore, Superintendent. Everybody Welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Rev. Donald McIver, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. B. R. Sellars, Superintendent. Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 7:30 P. M. The Public is cordially invited to all services.

BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. M. W. Buck, Pastor. Sunday Worship, 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. J. L. Scott, Superintendent. Praise and Prayer Services, Wednesday at 7:30 P. M. Christian Culture Class, Saturday at 3:00 P. M. Church Conference, Wednesday before First Sunday of each month, 7:30 P. M. Observance of Lord's Supper, First Sunday in each month. Woman's Union, First Monday of each Month, 3:30 P. M.

THE METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH. East Davis Street. Rev. George L. Curry, Pastor. Prayer Meeting, Wednesday 7:30 P. M. Ladies' Aid and Missionary Societies every Monday afternoon after First Sunday in each month. Christian Endeavor Society meets at 6:30 Every Sunday Evening. Sunday School, 9:30 A. M. J. G. Rogers, Superintendent. Good Baraca and Philathea Classes. You are invited to attend all these services.

MACEDONIA LUTHERAN CHURCH. Front Street. Rev. T. S. Brown, Pastor. Morning Service 11:00 A. M. Vespers 7:30 P. M. Services every Sunday except the morning of Third Sunday. Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. Prof. J. B. Robertson, Supt. Teachers' Meeting Wednesday 7:30 P. M. (Pastor's Study). Woman's Missionary Society, First Thursday, Monthly, 3:30 P. M. L. C. B. Society, Second Thursday, Monthly, 7:30 P. M. Young People's Meeting, Second Sunday at 3 P. M.

Keep Bowel Movement Regular. Dr. King's New Life Pills keep stomach, liver and kidneys in healthy condition. Rid the body of poisons and waste. Improve your complexion by flushing the liver and kidneys. "I got more relief from one box of Dr. King's New Life Pills than any medicine I ever tried," say C. E. Hatfield of Chicago, Ill. 25c., at your drugist.

N & W Norfolk & Western. October 18, 1914. Leave Winston-Salem. 6:30 A. M. daily for Roanoke and intermediate stations. Connect with Memphis Special for Southwest, also main line trains North, East and West with Pullman Sleepers, Dining Cars. 2:10 P. M. daily for Martinsville, Roanoke, the North and East. Pullman Steel Electric Lighted Sleeper Winston-Salem to Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York. Dining Cars North of Roanoke. 4:15 P. M. daily for Roanoke and local stations. Trains arrive Winston-Salem 11:30 A. M., 1:10 P. M., 9:35 P. M. Trains leave Durham for Rextoro, South Boston and Lynchburg, 6:45 A. M., daily, and 5:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. W. B. Bevil, Pass. Traff. Mgr. W. C. Saunders, Gen. Pas. Agt.

J. D. & L. B. WHITTED Headquarters for all kinds of Cotton and Wool Dress Goods. Latest Styles in Coats. Suits \$10.00 to \$30.00. Coats \$3.50 to \$25.00. We carry everything you want in Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Millinery. The Store of Value - - 318 Main St.

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LOVE LETTERS. TO AN OLD LOVER. The best love letter from a woman to a man is submitted by Mrs. W. R. of Fulton, Mo., as follows:

"My Dear: The fire in the grate has gone out and the room is quiet and cold. It is 3 o'clock, and the dawn of my wedding day is not far distant. My eyes have not closed during the weary hours of the night; yet, sitting in the pallid moonlight, unconscious of time and space, I have been 'dream-

ing dreams and seeing visions.' 'Yesterday I was 40, but tonight I am only 19, back in the old university town, with you beside me. I see you again, handsome, self-confident, fascinating, as I saw you that Christmas night when you came to meet the 'prettiest girl in college?' With kaleidoscopic rapidity scene follows scene. Now you are beside me, beneath the old elms of the campus; now pouring over some French lesson or over the pages of some charming romance of fact or fiction; again, in the mazes of the dance we glide, or across the college classroom our eyes meet in a swift acknowledgment of unspoken love.

"That year was but one glorious day of unalloyed happiness. But, the tender parting over, I have never heard another word from you. Wherein was I wanting, my dear? Wherein did I fail you? Over and over again has my aching heart asked these questions, and as often has the answer eluded me. 'I am weary, heartsick, and the years have been long, for I realize I have missed the prize of life—love, which is 'the chief possession within our imagination.' I have striven against the love that overwhelms me, for Pride has arisen and said 'Your love has been flung aside as a common thing,' but the campaign seems hopeless because it is an endless series of battlegrounds, a campaign which is not likely to have any end till death. 'I hear of you, an eminent surgeon in a distant city. Does, perchance, a thought of the 'little sweetheart' of college days fit occasionally through your busy brain? Never a morning do I awaken that my first conscious thought is not of you. But tomorrow I give my life to a man I honor among men. To him and his motherless children I henceforth dedicate the best that is within me. Never again will I willingly permit my thoughts to wander to you, but may the Giver of all good gifts be abundantly gracious to you, prosper and bless you through all the years of your useful life."

HIS REEL GIRL. A man's letter to a woman comes from S. L. Davies, 734 Greenwood Avenue, Portland, Oregon: Dear: I haven't even the right to say dear friend to you. I won't write any salutation at all—yes, I will—I'll write what I am always thinking in my heart any way: 'Dear little girl! You have never seen me, but I have seen you every night that I could, for a whole year. I have drawn pictures of you in the margins of everything at the office. I have dreamed you into all sorts of dreams, and I was always in all of the dreams, too, of course. That is the only place where I ever will be with you, I am afraid. But I won't believe it, I won't! That is why I am writing this letter, just on the chance. 'You don't know what you mean to me. I know you've heard me say this before, but this is different. Ever since I dug a dime out of my pocket one night a year ago and walked into a moving picture show on Broadway and then suddenly saw you on the screen and never saw anything else the whole evening, you have meant more to me than just a girl, though you are the most wonderful girl, as just girl, that ever lived! 'You are more than that to me, though. Can you imagine what it is like to be a clerk in a downtown office, living each day out in just the same way, with only Sunday baseball and a novel in a hall bedroom to stand for romance in your life? Can you imagine what it is like to have lived in New York all your life and not to know anything more of the outdoors than taking a walk on the Palisades over on the Jersey side once in a while? Can you imagine what it is like to dream of the west, and the great outdoors, and of horseback rides and hills and trees—you who live in California—and play flying and your eyes sining? Can you imagine? 'You are the west to me, and the great outdoors, and adventure, and freedom, and life! It is knowing that you are there, happy, outdoors, laughing and free, it is that that keeps me up when days seem too gray and the office too terrible to stand any longer. It is on those night when I come home

wishing that I might just go to sleep and never wake again that the memory of your flowing hair and your smile makes me smile in spite of myself. 'I am saving a pitiful little fund to go west with some day, and I am coming to California, and I am going to find you, and just see you once, only once—but that's only a dream, too. But if it should come true—if it should— 'This is not the first letter that I have written to you; I have written many letters and torn them up, just as I shall tear this one up. You will never see it. What right have I to think that you would even care to? I shall kiss it and seal it, just as if I were really going to mail it to you—and then—but, why not? Dare I? I will! I am going to send it to you, I am going to mail it even though you should not read it through. 'Good-by—I must take it and drop it in the main box quickly before my courage gives out. 'With all my love.'

THE PACE. Your honor, we are much mangled to be arrested thus, And this policeman stupid is For making such a fuss. He says he hardly caught a glimpse Of license as we passed, Then something with his sight is wrong— We weren't going fast.

The people in the street all screamed And ran at top of speed Back to the pace, as we come on. Which silly was, indeed. Although one wheel ran on the curb— We thought it might not last. As we turned corners, but, in fact, We weren't going fast.

'Tis true an old man was knocked down, Who crossed the street too slow, But if he would not haste nor stop, 'Twas not our fault, you know. Oh, yes; we brushed a cop or two, A milkman left aghast. As all his stock was spilled, but then We weren't going fast. —Baltimore American.

A New York Salesman tells of a stay he made in a western hotel, where he observed an old-fashioned roller towel. "Say," asked the Gothamite of a man in the washroom, "don't the owner of this hotel know that it's against the law of the State of Illinois to use roller towels now?" "He knows it right enough," said the man addressed, "but that law wasn't passed when this towel was put up."

A BARGAIN. A young lady sued for damages in a case of breach of promise of marriage. She was offered two hundred pounds to heal her breaking heart. "Two hundred!" she exclaimed. "Two hundred pounds for pained hopes, a blighted life! Two hundred pounds for all this! No—never. Make it two-fifty, and it's a bargain!"—London Tit-Bits.

TOO MUCH FOR HIM. It was dark, and as he stumbled on his way he called out, "Are you there, Fritz?" A French soldier with a knowledge of German shouted back "Here."—Daily Mail. At the critical moment his knowledge of German seems to have failed him.—Punch.

Mr. Gerard may at least console himself with the reflection that as ambassador at Berlin he is serving his country as well as he could as a member of the United State Senate. The Dominion Textile Co., Limited, has reopened its 10 cotton mills in Halifax and other cities in eastern Canada. This means employment to 7,000 persons. By the way, what is the result of the latest census of North Carolina Democrats who will be candidates for Governor? There is such a thing as getting too progressive politically.

The Charlotte Observer advises the Democrats to begin the 1916 campaign right now, which is not bad advice.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder. It relieves painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain relief for sweating, callous, swollen, tired, aching feet. Always use it to Break in New shoes. Try it today. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE trial package address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

OWE MY HEALTH to Peruna



I was Gradually Breaking Down From Confinement to Store. Mr. C. N. Petersen, dealer in fine boots, shoes and cigars, No. 122 South Main St., Council Bluffs, Iowa, writes: "I cannot tell you how much good Peruna has done me. Constant confinement in my store began to tell on my health and I felt that I was gradually breaking down. 'I tried several remedies prescribed by my physician, but obtained no permanent relief until I took Peruna. I felt better immediately, and five bottles restored me to complete health. I have been in the best of spirits since, and feel that I owe my health to it.' Catch Cold Easily. Mr. Arthur G. Peterson, R. F. D. 21, Box 21, Oniro, Wisconsin. He was in the habit of catching cold easily. He says: "It has been seven months now since I have taken any Peruna and I haven't felt the least touch of cold since, and I am positive that I am now rid of the tendency to catch cold. Peruna is a wonderful medicine. Those who object to liquid medicines can now procure Peruna Tablets."

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER MORTGAGE. Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, executed on the 7th day of October, 1911, by F. S. Bryant and wife to Mary L. Sockwell, for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain bond of even date therewith, due and payable on the 7th day of October, 1912; default having been made in the payment of said bond and interest thereon, said mortgage being duly probated and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County, in book of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust No 54 at Page 220, the undersigned mortgagee will on MONDAY THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1914, at the Court House Door of Alamance County, at 12 o'clock M., offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate to-wit:

TRACT NO. 1.—Beginning at a stone in the public road, Margaret Dickey's corner; running thence North 78 degrees West 126 1/2 yard s, to a stone, L. M. Geringer's corner; thence Southward with his line 182 1/2 yards to a pin in a gully on A. J. Tickle's line; thence North 45 degrees East, 57 1/2 yards to a stone in A. J. Tickle's line; thence Eastward with said Tickle's line 24 1/2 yards to a stone in said line; thence Northward 168 yards to the beginning corner, containing 3 1/2 acres more or less. Lying and being in Morton's Township, Alamance County, State of North Carolina, and described in two lots as follows: TRACT NO. 1.—Beginning at a stone in the public road, Margaret Dickey's corner; running thence North 78 degrees West 126 1/2 yard s, to a stone, L. M. Geringer's corner; thence Southward with his line 182 1/2 yards to a pin in a gully on A. J. Tickle's line; thence North 45 degrees East, 57 1/2 yards to a stone in A. J. Tickle's line; thence Eastward with said Tickle's line 24 1/2 yards to a stone in said line; thence Northward 168 yards to the beginning corner, containing 3 1/2 acres more or less. TRACT NO. 2.—Beginning at a stone on South side of public road corner with Mary Cable, running thence with said Cable line North 17 degrees West 16 rods to a stone; thence North 78 degrees West 10 rods to a stone; thence South 17 degrees East 16 rods to a stone, on the South side of said road, thence with said road South, 78 degrees East, 10 rods to a stone, the beginning corner, containing one acre more or less. MARY L. SOCKWELL, Mortgagee. This the 5th day of November, 1914.

Summer Coughs Are Dangerous. Summer colds are dangerous. They indicate low vitality and often lead to serious Throat and Lung Troubles, including Consumption. Dr. King's or cold promptly and prevent complications. It is soothing and antiseptic and makes you feel better at once. To delay is dangerous—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles at your druggist.

Has Your Child Worms? Most children do. A coated, furred Tongue; Strong Breath; Stomach Pains; Circles under Eyes; Pale, Salty Complexion; Nervous, Fretful; Grinding of Teeth; Tossing in Sleep; Peculiar Dreams—any one of these indicate Child has Worms. Get a box of Kickapoo Worm Kiler at once. It kills the Worms—the cause of your child's condition. Is Laxative and aids Nature to expel the Worms. Supplied in candy form. Easy for children to take. 25c., at your Druggist.

The Season's Smartest Costumes. The Basque and the Redingote Polonoise now the vogue in Paris and New York. EASILY MADE AT HOME are accurately described and beautifully illustrated in the New Autumn. McCALL PATTERNS AND FASHION PUBLICATIONS Now On Sale. Watch the Smart Piece Good Sale. Cut The New McCall Book of Fashions Today.

Saved Girl's Life. "I want to tell you what wonderful benefit I have received from the use of Thedford's Black-Draught," writes Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky. "It certainly has no equal for a girl with bad colds, liver and stomach troubles. I firmly believe Black-Draught saved my little girl's life. When she had the measles, they went in on her, but one good dose of Thedford's Black-Draught made them break out, and she has had no more trouble. I shall never be without THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT in my home." For constipation, indigestion, headache, dizziness, malaria, chills and fever, biliousness, and all similar ailments, Thedford's Black-Draught has proved itself a safe, reliable, gentle and valuable remedy. If you suffer from any of these complaints, try Black-Draught. It is a medicine of known merit. Seventy-five years of splendid success proves its value. Good for young and old. For sale everywhere. Price 25 cents.

Rushed the Order. A TRAVELING Salesman, while in Nashville, Tenn., took a large order, promising delivery in ten days. It would take two days for the order to reach the Home Office by mail. It took him only a few minutes to telephone the order from a pay station of the Bell Telephone system. Time saved by telephoning orders often means fulfillment of contract. When you telephone—smile SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

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MUST HAVE FAIR ELECTIONS.

Our best citizens must stand for fair elections, there is nothing so degrading and demoralizing to the young manhood of the State as to encourage them to perjure themselves in order they have paid their taxes when they have not, it learns them to be dishonest not only in elections but in all their dealings with their fellow man. Can any one conceive of any person being honest in other matters who is a perjurer, it is foolish to even think it can be done, and yet some of our business men who complain of the lack of honesty in their fellow man, urge them to perjure themselves in order to vote the Democratic ticket. Ministers of the gospel talk for hours upon the subject of honesty and parity and then go to the polls and lend their aid and influence to a party who will be guilty of such things as enumerated above. It is time our people were waking up to these conditions and putting a stop to it is the interest of good citizenship and good Government.

It is gratifying to see the interest the more substantial colored people of the community are taking in the establishment of a Hosiery Mill on "Richmond Hill." They have already procured a charter and have many members of that race interested as stockholders. The directors of the company recently organized, known as the Progressive Manufacturing Co., are S. B. Thomas, H. C. Edwards, J. H. Johnston, P. H. Holt, and S. G. Walker.

An enterprise of this sort, properly conducted, should prove of great benefit in giving needed employment to the negro boys and girls of the community. The project has our best wishes.

PLEASE PAY UP.

Please Pay Up is a popular slogan these days, and we want to ask our subscribers to please join in the movement. We need money badly. Kindly help us if you can.

DEATH OF A BABY.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bishop died in the home of her parents near Belmont, October 25th, 1914, aged 1 year, 2 months, 13 days. She had suffered intensely with that dread disease membranous croup for a couple of days. All that human skill could do was done with the hope of saving her life and restoring her to health, but God saw fit to call her Home. The little one had reached that age when by the prattle of her little feet and by the sweet tones of her little voice she had increased the ties of the natural parental love and to say "Good-bye" to her on earth pained the hearts of parents and friends. The funeral was conducted by Rev. Whitaker in Friendship Church, and the tiny body was laid in the graveyard by the church in the midst of the oaks, whose leaves withered by the frost of Autumn, are falling to mother Earth. Thus we are reminded by God's voice in nature and in His Providence that this world is not our home and our little ones on the other side, safe in the arms of Jesus are looking this way and waiting for us to come.

A FRIEND.

Republicans made gains in short-work districts while Democrats gain in the others.

RESULT OF ELECTION AS SEEN BY COUNTRY'S PRESS.

(Continued From Page One.)

Bull Moose herds have returned to the parental feeding grounds by the hundreds of thousands. Yet both houses of Congress are Democratic by safe majorities.

Waterbury (Connecticut) Republican:—The experiment with Democratic rule has done the country no good, but it has done the Republican party some good. It will be a considerably chastened and sanctified Republican party that goes back into office in 1916. A new generation will come to the front between now and 1916, and the Congress that is chosen then will differ greatly from that which went in with Taft in 1908.

Newark Star:—The principal issue in all the Senatorial and Congressional elections was made by the Democrats. It was that of the support of the President. To what extent the electorate responded to this appeal is to be read in the election returns.

Philadelphia Inquirer:—Theodore Roosevelt has been repudiated by his home State of New York. The Republicans at their primaries nominated District Attorney Whitman for Governor—a good man, an excellent man. But Roosevelt demanded the defeat of Whitman and went upon the stump, traveling all over the State and denouncing the Republican candidate with fierce invective. The result is the election of Whitman and the utter collapse of the Roosevelt leadership.

Pittsburg Post:—Since the foundation of the government, with few exceptions, it has been the habit of the voters to be against the party in power. One bright spot is the elimination of the turbulent one, Roosevelt's sun has set.

Boston Post:—Massachusetts, almost without exception, has been in the habit of honoring a good Governor with at least one re-election if he has cared to have it. She adhered to the custom because she felt that David I. Walsh had served her with devotion, with dignity and with efficiency, and because she felt that the attacks, such as they were, on his administration were trifling and reached nowhere.

Pittsburg Dispatch:—The elections throughout the country yesterday gave results somewhat conflicting, but in the majority of cases favorable to the Republicans. In Eastern States where the manufacturing interest is strong there was a heavy Republican gain. The South, of course, kept up its Democratic solidity. But in the West there was not the same return to Republican support that is shown in Pennsylvania and New York. Some of the Western States went Republican; others went Democratic.

Philadelphia Bulletin:—With former Speaker Cannon leading the line of "come backs," followed by McKinley and Foss of Illinois; Sulloway, of New Hampshire; Hill, of Connecticut, and Longworth, of Ohio, the Republican line-up will be increased in something more than mere numerical strength, while the Presidential prestige, which sufficed to whip recalcitrant Democrats into line in the doubtful passages of the last session, will have been seriously weakened.

New Haven Journal-Courier:—The American view, in fact the only sane view, to take of political victories in this country is that the American people have spoken, have registered their preferences, and are ready to abide by the consequences. Connecticut has displayed this year the relatively vindictive spirit she showed in 1894, when out the clear sky came a solid republican victory. Then, as yesterday, the situation was confusing and prophets were rare. Then, as today, we knew that a free form of government has powers of expression that are terribly partial when, in fact or in fancy, the human stomach needs food, and immediate employment at good wages is withheld; when capital charges is lack of dividends to the administration in power.

Hartford Courant:—We were assured that the issue was Wilson, Well, the verdict has been rendered. The people do not believe in the Democratic party. It went into power by a minority vote and after two years trial it is rejected. It has never proved equal to the task of governing the country. It has failed again and the people say so.

Schenectady Gazette:—Whatever gains that (Republicans) have made will be understood as a rebuke to the administration of President Wilson—one that is not undeserved but, we believe, unwise. It cannot well be regarded, even by staunch Republicans, as wholly desirable in view of the present state of affairs in Europe.

Syracuse Post-Standard:—The results of Congress election in New York cannot be read as an indorsement of the Wilson administration; and the vote upon congressment is the direct test of approval or disapproval of two years Democratic federal policies.

Chicago Daily News:—The lesson of the late election is that adherents of the new third party ought to return to the ranks of the two old parties and there continue their earnest work for progress in national affairs. In this way they can be most effective for good.

Chicago Post:—The plain fact is that, under the depression of war, people did not and would not discriminate between the Progressive and the Republican programme. They were against the whole Democratic economic plan. To hit it, they seized the most familiar and the most destructive weapon they could find.

San Francisco Chronicle:—The nation's rebuke of the Democratic policies is wide and emphatic. Another cheering feature is the practical elimination of the Progressive as a disturbing factor in most of the States, so that two years from now a united Republican party will once more lock horns with the Democracy. The party of prosperity will resume control of the government. The result of this election will inspire confidence in business men that after the next national election they will be let alone to pursue their enterprises under the ordinary conditions of competition and be undisturbed so long as they break no law not applicable to all other citizens. The business world will accept the results of this election as evidence that a working majority of the American people are tired of turmoil and resulting stagnation and idleness and are prepared to restore the control of the government to the party of patriotism, judgment and reason.

San Francisco Bulletin:—Whatever may be the revelation of the election concerning the Progressive party or any other party in any other State, it is plain that California has shown an overwhelming approval of the non-partisan progressivism of Governor Hiram W. Johnson. Other States have had "reform" administrations, which came in upon the crest of a wave of disgust at the rotten methods of the older parties; but few States have been fortunate enough to entrust their reforms to the hands of leaders who were able to keep the enthusiasm at white heat.

MR. MOREHEAD'S FINAL APPEARANCE.

To the Editor of The Observer:

Permit me just one further imposition upon your good nature and valuable space and also upon a possibly altogether indifferent public, and I promise the incident is closed so far as concerns me.

I note with keen interest your editorial, "Morehead's Charges" and, in parallel column, Treasurer Lacy's exposition of State finances in his letter of October 12, to ex-Governor Glenn appearing in yesterday's paper. There are just two items of this editorial, enriched as it is with deft touches of more or less delicate sarcasm and spiced with a tinge of animosity, that occupy my attention.

First—I plead guilty to the indictment of being sympathetic to and in accordance with that school of public thought and ideals of government as represented by ex-President Taft and Senator Penrose. You might with entire justice have gone further and implied the charge for it is my honest conviction that the best of statesmanship, the most conservative, progressive and constructive legislation has been and will continue to be identified with public officials of the McKinley, Taft, Hanna, Aldrich, Penrose, and last but far from least, Cannon type of leaders and legislators. And, in passing, from this morning's dispatches, it would appear that there are quite some others of similar view concerning Uncle Joe Cannon and Senator Penrose.

This however, is merely a matter of political viewpoint according to individual selection.

The second item of the editorial that strikes me is the intimation that my former communication evidences disloyalty to North Carolina.

To the contrary, I yield place to no man in my loyalty to and affection for my State but I do not conceive of legislative extravagances constitutes disloyalty on the part of a private citizen to his State.

If such criticism be treasonable I can only say make the most of it; nor can similar complaints be stopped by the hoary and discredited cry of "Nothing but vile radical abuse, falsification and malicious misrepresentation" offered in lieu of legitimate argument.

As to the letter written by Treasurer Lacy to ex-Governor Glenn setting forth the financial status of the State. The figures in the main agree with those contained in my former communication except as to the floating indebtedness of the State.

It is not germane to my contention that possibly one half of the State's present bonded indebtedness represents the refunding of former bond issues.

What does have material bearing and importance upon the matter, is that we continually "refund" our debt—refund being a high-sounding and important appearing term for simple renewal of a note—instead of paying it.

We are accordingly constantly engaged in renewing old debts and creating new ones for specific purposes, as will appear later on in this contradiction to what appears a common sense schedule of paying old debts and living within the limit of the State's income.

Nor do assets in the State Treasury have specific bearing upon the final result of year in and year out permitting expenditures to exceed income.

No Nation, State or individual ever pursued such indefensible course without becoming a bankrupt.

The Treasurer is pleased to refer to the bonds involved in the South Dakota case as the "old Republican suit debt."

My information is that these bonds were authorized by a Democratic Legislature; signed by a Democratic Governor, Mr. Worth, countersigned by a Democratic Treasurer, Mr. Battle, and that in the suit against the State the late Fabius H. Busbee was counsel for the bondholders and he associated with himself ex-Senator Butler—the one a retiring Fusion senator, the other a Democrat of Democratic persuasion. Now, why "the old Republican suit debt"?

Most surely no politician or office-

holder, other than Republican would by such unjust and ill-founded endeavor to pander to political prejudice.

The burden of my first communication, Mr. Editor, was, essentially, that your "unassailable" editorial stated that "not one cent of the proceeds of these various bond issues went towards defraying the running expenses of the State," or words to that effect.

Treasurer Lacy, in his letter, makes the same assertion.

Observe the captions or preambles of some of the legislative acts creating bond issues since 1900.

The Legislature of 1903 passed: "An act to be entitled an act to authorize and direct the issue of State bonds to pay off appropriations made by the State and other purposes.

The Legislature of North Carolina do enact: "That for the purpose of paying off the indebtedness of the State of North Carolina arising out of appropriations for educational, charitable and other purposes," etc, which authorizes the issue of \$300,000 to cover indebtedness and other purposes.

The issue of 1906 was for the purpose of refunding maturing bonds in the South Dakota suit, amounting to \$250,000.

The issue of 1909 was for the purpose of refunding maturing bonds \$7,427,000 and an additional \$500,000 was added to this maturing indebtedness to cover appropriations for the cure of the insane; the former a renewal of State notes without liquidating one dollar of the debt; the latter entirely meritorious.

The issue of 1911 was under the preamble "Whereas the Governor in his message two years ago appropriated over \$300,000 more than our revenues, I most urgently request that you practice economy in appropriations and that you do not appropriate more money than the reasonably certain amount of revenue which you may provide, without also providing the necessary funds, etc."

Thereupon the Legislature proceeds to meet this condition by "an act to provide for the redemption of cotton bonds falling due January 1, 1913, and for meeting the deficiency created by appropriations made in excess of revenue received," which deficiency from the phraseology of the act appear as about \$290,000.

Total amount authorized and issued under Sec. 7 of this act \$550,000.

Again a renewal of notes without paying one dollar of the principal and an additional amount of \$200,000 added to the debt to cover Treasury deficit. This same act in Sec. 7, empowers the Treasurer to execute his note for \$300,000 "to meet a deficiency in the Treasury on account of appropriations in excess of revenue" making a grand total for all purposes, of \$850,000 by this act. \$500,000 of which was to meet Treasury deficit.

The issue of 1913 was created by "an act to authorize the issue of State bonds to meet the existing deficit in the State Treasury and to make certain permanent improvements" and amounted to \$1,142,500.

Again the ever present deficiency in the State Treasury. At this particular time amounting to no less than \$900,000 in the language of the act.

In view of the fact that the running expenses of the State, conduct of its institutions, permanent improvements and every Treasury disbursement must be covered by proper appropriation, I submit to the most ordinary intelligence that proceeds of the various bond issues have gone towards defraying State running expenses for the simple reason that practically, without exception, these bond issues have been authorized in part to cover a deficit in the Treasury which deficit was occasioned by excess of appropriations over income.

It is entirely true that we have today improvement and enlargement in nearly every State institution, that we are providing more liberally for the old soldier; that we have enlarged greatly appropriations for our school system.

It is equally true that it has cost a vast deal more to administer the affairs of the State for the past several years than when conservation, economy and common prudence were observed by our Legislators.

The crux of my contention remains and I still hold the view that it is worse than fool-hardy for our State, year in and year out, to appropriate money in excess of revenue, and cover the deficit with a bond issue and that such procedure will inevitably lead the State into insolvency or repudiation.

I still maintain and dare re-assert, Mr. Editor, that it is entirely within the sphere and province of a representative journal such as The Observer to frown upon such a policy rather than flex the knee to mere political majority.

I thank you sincerely for the courtesy extended me and, as remarked at the outset, I will not impose further upon your good-natured courtesy.

With assurance of my respectful personal consideration, I am,

Yours &c
JNO. M. MOREHEAD.

Nov. 4, 1914.
(Upon tendering the above to Mr. Harris insertion was declined on the basis of the discussion being closed so far as Mr. Harris was concerned. Hence its insertion as paid advertising matter. J. M. M.)

THE ELECTION CONTEST.

Nothing is being left undone and no stone is returned in the effort to bring to early justice every man connected with frauds and trickery in the recent elections, and already the Republicans have ex-Judge W. P. Bynum and O. L. Sapp, of Greensboro, and Hon. A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem, as attorneys in the case. This is perhaps the ablest counsel in the State.

New instances of fraud are being unearthed every day. There seems to be no end to the fraudulent methods used by the Democrats in the recent elections. Even good, honest Democrats have no idea of the actual methods practiced, and many of them have taken sides with the Republicans and will use their influence toward the prosecution of criminals and for cleaner election in this county.

Republicans are stirred as never before and 2,000 will come to Asheboro to voice their protest against the methods practiced in the election of Tuesday, last.

No loud procession heralds the news of the contest, no brass bands play the march, but the Republicans are going about in a quiet, cool, determined manner, and no compromises will be considered.

Of course no suits can be entered but immediately following several suits will be instituted.

DAVIDSON REPUBLICANS ARE "UP AGAINST IT."

Verily Democratic rule in close counties is severe, and there is no relief for the Republicans outside the courts and it remains to be seen what they can get there.

In Davidson county the elections are as close as in this county and it seems that the Republicans there are up against it. At the meeting of the board of canvassers at Lexington on last Thursday the Republican candidate for clerk of the Superior Court was counted out by two majority by "throwing out the box in South Thompkinsville precinct, in which was the majority of the Republican clerk.

It appears that on account of trouble between the poll holders the polls were not opened until nearly 11 o'clock and when the election board met they declared that the election was illegal on these grounds and the returns were not counted, thus electing C. E. Godwin, the Democratic candidate for clerk of the Superior Court.

A suit will be entered by the Republicans contesting the election and it is understood already strong counsel has been employed.

DURING THE TRAINING.

It was Private Smith's (whose number 254) first church parade, and, having done a good deal of marching, he was naturally feeling the effects of it during the church service. He had not been in the church long when the reverend gentleman announced the hymn:

"Number 254, 'Art thou weary, art thou languid?'"

Private Smith shouted with a loud voice: "Not half!"—London Opinion.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Vernon spent yesterday in Greensboro on business and pleasure.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Thomas are spending the week-end the guests of Mr. Thomas' mother at Hillsboro.

Remember the time and place, Saturday night, Nov. 14th, in the Hay Building on Front Street, where o'possum and oysters will be served in abundance.

O'possum and oysters will be served to the public in the Hay Building on Front Street Saturday night, Nov. 14th, by the Junior Philathea Class of the Methodist Protestant Church.

An installation service will be held next Sunday morning at the Methodist Protestant Church. The newly elected officers for the ensuing year will be installed. The public is invited to attend this service.

A meeting of all the committees for the Baraca-Philathea Conference will be held next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the First Baptist Church. All members of the various committees are requested to be present at this meeting.

Mildred, the six-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Payne, of East Burlington, died Wednesday morning and was buried at Pine Hill Cemetery yesterday afternoon. Rev. G. L. Curry, of the M. P. Church conducting the funeral service.

Miss Mittie Jeffries entertained in honor of her friends at her home on Flanner Street last week from eight to ten o'clock. Rook was the game of the evening, and there were about 20 young people present, who voted Miss Jeffries a most charming hostess.

The members of the Methodist Protestant Church held their annual church meeting last Tuesday night. Election of church officers, special vocal and instrumental music and a supper were some of the features of this meeting. About ninety members and twenty-five visitors were present.

The local council of the Daughters of Liberty will observe Thanksgiving this year on Sunday following Thanksgiving Day. Rev. J. C. Leonard, D. D., of Lexington, has been engaged to deliver a special sermon to the order on that day, which will be Sunday, Nov. 29th. Dr. Leonard is pastor of the First Reformed Church of Lexington, and is one of the ablest pulpit orators in the State.

IN NEW QUARTERS.

The Burtner Furniture Co., has moved into their new store on Front street in the Bauhut Block. This is one of the nicest stores in the city, and this enterprising furniture firm has a suite of fine show rooms the

ENDORSED AT HOME.

Such Proofs as This Should Convince any Burlington Citizen.

The public endorsement of a local citizen is the best proof that can be produced. None better, none stronger can be had. When a man comes forward and testifies to his fellow-citizens, addresses his friends and neighbors, you may be sure he is thoroughly convinced or he would not do so. Telling one's experience when it is for the public good is an act of kindness that should be appreciated. The following statement given by a resident of Burlington adds one more to the many cases of Home Endorsement which are being published about Doan's Kidney Pills. Read it.

Mrs. Mary E. King, opp. Fairgrounds, Burlington, N. C., says: "From my own experience with Doan's Kidney Pills, I would advise anyone having kidney trouble to take them. I had weak kidneys and at times I was nervous and dizzy. Backache often bothered me and I could not sleep well. Doan's Kidney Pills made me strong and well."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. King had. Foster-McBarn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

equal of any in the State. This firm has a fine line of goods and can please the most exacting. They invite the public generally to visit their store and inspect their line, whether they wish to buy or not. Mr. Clark, the manager, is a courteous, clever gentleman and will take pleasure in showing you their entire line. Give these people a call whether you are ready to buy or not, they will be glad to see you.

Miss Lillian Younger, of Raleigh, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Younger, here Monday. She had been visiting relatives in Greensboro and stopped over here on her return between trains.

GUILFORD CREAMERY.

Mr. J. A. Hornaday has purchased the interest of the other stockholders in the Guilford Creamery Co., and is now the sole owner of the business. An advertisement on another page of 'The Patriot' invites your attention to the fact that cream is in demand at good prices and invites you to write, telephone or call for information in detail. The creamery has great possibilities, and under the capable management of Mr. Hornaday doubtless will grow into a strong business.—Greensboro Patriot.

COLORED HOSIERY MILL FOR BURLINGTON, N. C.

Nov. 10th, 1914. I, Claud Cates, take pleasure in endorsing the movement of the colored people of this community to establish a Hosiery Mill, which will furnish employment to a large number of that race.

The directors of the company recently organized, known as the Progressive Manufacturing Co., are: S. B. Thomas, H. C. Edwards, J. K. Johnson, P. H. Holt, S. G. Walker.

BUILDING AND LOAN TAXED.

Washington, Nov. 11.—All transactions of building and loan associations will be subject to stamp tax under the war revenue law, according to an opinion handed down today by Solicitor Johnson of the Treasury. It is said more than 6,400 associations having nearly 3,000,000 members and handling annually about \$1,750,000,000 will be affected. Unless the solicitor's ruling is protested and reversed by a higher authority collections from the revenue bill may be increased by it to several million dollars in excess of the estimates made by Congress.

Editor's Note: This will hit the poor people's savings pretty hard.

WATCHDOG SAVES LIVES.

Asheville, Nov. 11.—To their faithful watchdog which awakened them with his barking as their home was in flames, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Young and their small son owe their lives. Flames which started in the basement of the building last night at 11 o'clock reduced the handsome ten-room residence to ashes before midnight, the blaze spreading to all sections of the residence with great rapidity. The members of the household were sleeping soundly when the small dog, barking vigorously, continued to throw itself against the door of the bedroom of Mr. and Mrs. Young until the former arose to take the dog from the house. As he opened the door he found the house in flames and it was with difficulty that he and Mrs. Young escaped with their child. The house was located a short distance from Asheville, out of reach of the local water lines. There was no way in which it could be saved and the flames had gained such headway when discovered that nothing could be saved.

LOST—Neck chain, and Pendant set with pearls and amethyst Thursday night between Aurora and Piedmont Hotel. Finder return to this office.

It is reported that Eulalio Gutierrez has repudiated his election as President of Mexico. He has doubtless profited by the experiences of his predecessors.

CHAPEL HILL HAPPENINGS.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11.—Whether a North Carolina community is in quest of information on "private" water systems for the home and farm or entertainment is sought on the topic of "the story of the stars," the University faculty are proffering their services as speakers, through the agency of the Bureau of Extension, to supply the immediate demand. Extension Series Bulletin No. 10, concerning itself with extension lectures for North Carolina communities and correspondence courses, announces that the faculty are prepared to discuss in the State during the collegiate year several hundred topics of a popular nature and general interest, of a specific and technical nature for study clubs, institutes, farmers' meetings and of a nature appropriate for commencement, patriotic and dedicatory exercises. The diversity of topics outlined is marked and the range should be amply large to satisfy the taste of the most fastidious. "The Fiction-Making Mind," "Community Nest-Eggs," "Sophocles," "Bubonic Plague: Its Menace to this State," "Hereditary, Environment and Education," "Where the Wind Does the Work," "Electricity on the Farm," "House Illumination," "The Farmer's Part in Highway Improvement," "Work, Play, Drudgery,"—these are samples of the subjects taken from a hasty glance over the bulk of topics. The demand for speakers during the last collegiate year was immediate and requests were made by the State for 260 speakers.

President E. K. Graham, in whose mind the Community Service Week idea had creative origin, has issued through the Alumni Review, a letter to the Alumni of the University soliciting their support and undivided cooperation in promoting plans for the success of Community Service Week. The letter follows: "You have probably received from the committee at Raleigh a copy of the Community Service Week Bulletin. Our Bureau of Extension has sent you a copy of our Syllabus of Home County Studies. If you have not received these bulletins they may be secured by writing to the University or to W. C. Crosby, Secretary, Raleigh. The purpose of both of these pamphlets is to arouse a deeper and more intelligent civic consciousness throughout the State and to direct it along definite, constructive lines.

"Local, national and world conditions urge upon us the supreme opportunity that will be offered to our State in the great expansive economic and intellectual movements of the next decade. To take our due share of their benefits we must prepare ourselves energetically and in fundamental ways. These pamphlets provide a clear, detailed and abundantly fruitful plan. They point an open way. They tell how.

"The men and women trained in our colleges and in the University may here show in a fine and productive fashion the splendid loyalties we profess by enthusiastically entering this non-partisan campaign for a better, richer, greater State."

LOCKE CRAIG, JR., ARRIVES IN CITY.

Hail and good day to Locke Craig, Junior, the latest addition to the family of North Carolina's popular Chief Executive. This lusty nine pound youngster arrived yesterday afternoon a few minutes after five o'clock and mother and child are doing well.

Young Craig is the second child to be born in the Governor's Mansion the first one being Brantley Aycock, son of the late Governor and Mrs. Charles R. Aycock.

The Governor was busy last night receiving congratulations on the latest addition to his family and here's hoping that the young man may grow up in the footsteps of his distinguished father and in the days to come occupy the same exalted place in the hearts and affections of the people of North Carolina.—News and Observer.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 11.—C. H. S. Robinson, of Roxbury, Mass., a defeated Republican candidate for Congress filed his report at the capitol today.

"I received nothing, promised nothing, expected nothing, got nothing."

VIRGINIA FERTILIZER CO. SUBSCRIBED TO COTTON LOAN FUND.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 10, 1914. The State Dispatch, Burlington, N. C.

In reply to the following telegram: "Comparatively little cotton planted in this State but the business men of Virginia have subscribed more than their quota: one million dollars to the cotton loan fund, Richmond's portion of six half-million dollars, was over subscribed by about thirty thousand dollars within twenty minutes." at meeting of Chamber of Commerce. Richmond list was headed by Virginia Carolina Fertilizer Co., with one hundred thousand dollars, the largest single subscription, five times as large as next highest. We will appreciate your wire answer charges collect, whether you will publish this. The following important daily papers telegraphed us they would gladly publish this good news story: The Constitution, The Journal, The Southern Ruralist, all of Atlanta; The News, Savannah; Observer, Charlotte; News and Observer, Raleigh; The Age Herald, Birmingham; The Post, Houston, Texas; and practically all southern farm papers. Won't you kindly help the cause by also publishing the same in your good paper? If so, please send us copy of paper in which it appears.

Virginia Carolina Fertilizer Co.

"My furs are nicer than these," said Marjorie to her mother while in the fur store.

"Why, dear, you have no furs of any kind."

"Yes, I have," protested the child, "and they are lined with kittens."



A PRETTY FOOT

Many a pretty foot owes its reputation to "QUEEN QUALITY" Shoes. To supply graceful curve to a homely foot and to accentuate those of the pretty one is a science that but few can claim proficiency in. And among the first of these stand the makers of "Queen Quality." Then consider with this, the attractiveness of an economical price (made possible solely by their immense production) and you have a combination quite irresistible.

Foster Shoe Company
Sole Agents, Burlington, N. C.



LOOK AHEAD

YOUNG MAN, Do you ever stop to think obligation upon every self respecting citizen to provide happiness for his family? You can't expect to provide happiness with an empty pocket.

Begin to save now—deposit a dollar or more in this bank each week and WATCH your account grow.

First National Bank,
The bank that your UNCLE SAM Patronizes.
Burlington, North Carolina.

BUCHANAN'S

5, 10 & 25c Store.

Why pay more for Fruits when you can buy them for Less

Oranges, Florida Sweets, 1c each, to 30c a dozen. Apples 1c each Bananas 1c each. Fresh Candies that are pure, 10c a pd. at

BUCHANAN'S
Burlington, N. C.

O'POSSUM AND OYSTER SUPPER.

O'possum, oysters, etc., will be served in the Hay Building on Front Street next Saturday evening, Nov. 14, beginning at 5:30. This supper will be given by the Junior Philathea Class of the M. P. Church, and the proceeds will be used for the benefit of the class. The public is invited. Merchants and clerks are especially invited to go and get their supper instead of going home for it. The occasion will be invigorated by music rendered by the Walawa Orchestra.

Wonder if there is any "feeling" between Count Zeppelin and the Krupps.

FOR SALE!

years old, works in any harness, sound and gentle, one sorrel mare 7 years old, a little under-size, works in any harness. Cause for selling, I want to buy an automobile. Will sell for cash or time. Cates Undertaking Co., Claud Cates.

Full Cabbage Plants for sale.
R. G. HORNADAY,
Phone 5902 Burlington, N. C.

My daughter, Cattie Nixon, 17 years old, has left my home, and hereby forbid all persons to employ or harbor her.
(Signed) J. N. NIXON, Colored,
Burlington R. F. D. No. 5, Box 28.

VERY LOW ROUND TRIP FARES

---VIA---

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South.

TO VARIOUS POINTS AS FOLLOWS:

\$11.70 to Atlanta, Ga., and return account Fourth American Road Congress NOV. 9th-14th, also National Woman's Christian Temperance Union NOV. 11th-15th. Tickets on Sale NOV. 7th-12th, inclusive with final limit NOV. 23rd, 1914, unless ticket is deposited in person with Mr. Joseph Richardson, Special Agent, 729 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga., not later than NOV. 23rd, and upon payment of fee of \$1.00 final limit of ticket will be examined until DEC. 10, 1914.

\$10.60 to Savannah, Ga., and return account Annual Convention United Daughter of the Confederacy NOV. 11th-14th. Tickets on sale NOV. 7th-10th inclusive: final limit NOV. 20th, 1914.

\$7.75 to Richmond, Va., and return account Southern Association NOV. 9th-12th. Tickets on sale NOV. 6th-7th-8th, with final limit NOV. 22, 1914.

O. F. YORK,

Traveling Passenger Agent,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

The International Sunday School Lesson for Next Sunday, Nov. 15, 1914.

JESUS AND PETER.

MARK XIV. 27-31, 53, 54, 66-72.

(Mark xiv. 53, 54.)

53 And they led Jesus away to the high priest: and with him were assembled all the chief priests and the elders and the scribes.

54 And Peter followed him afar off, even into the palace of the high priest: and he sat with the servants, and warmed himself at the fire.

(Mark xiv. 66-72.)

66 And as Peter was beneath in the palace, there cometh one of the maids of the high priest:

67 And when she saw Peter warming himself, she looked upon him, and said, And thou also wast with Jesus of Nazareth.

68 But he denied, saying, I know not, neither understand I what thou sayest. And he went out into the porch; and the cock crew.

69 And a maid saw him again, and began to say to them that stood by, This is one of them.

70 And he denied it again. And a little after, they that stood by said again to Peter, Surely thou art one of them; for thou art a Galilean, and thy speech agreeth thereto.

71 But he began to curse and to swear, saying, I know not this man of whom ye speak.

72 And the second time the cock crew. And Peter called to mind the word that Jesus said unto him, Before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice. And when he thought thereon, he wept.

GOLDEN TEXT.

"Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall." 1 Cor. x. 12.

TIME AND PLACES.

The night of the arrest and trial

of Jesus in the room of a friend in Jerusalem and the courts of the high priest's palace.

THE BOASTFUL DISCIPLE WHO DENIED HIS LORD.

Peter's name stands at the head of the list of disciples. By common consent he was recorded by the evangelists as the leader among the friends of Jesus. He was not the most intellectual one nor the most spiritual of the group, but he was the most venturesome. He was always present when any great thing was attempted or when any unusual experience came to his Master. At the transfiguration, at the raising of the little girl from the dead, and at the time of deepest agony in the garden, he was one of those who stood nearest his Master. He was the first to confess the divinity of Jesus, the first to throw himself into the sea to walk on the waves to meet his Lord, and the first to ask and answer questions when deep problems were present. He had the most profound feelings, strongest convictions, and sudden impulses. He boasted loudest of his undying loyalty and fell shamefully when the test came, but recovered nobly when he thought upon his folly and finally became the solid rock at the very foundation of the Church of God in the world. He was not so great a saint as John and very far from being so great a sinner as Judas. He possessed much that was akin to his Lord and much that is akin to all of us, and we can therefore study his career with sympathy and with great profit to our own spiritual lives.

THE BOAST OF LAYALTY.

On that last night, when Jesus with his friends was discussing profound spiritual truths in the upper room, Jesus uttered these words: "All ye shall be offended in me this night: for it is written, I will smite the shepherd, and the sheep of the flock shall be scattered abroad." Peter could not endure the thought that anything would cause him to be offended or separate him from the presence of his dearest Friend, so he said: "If all

shall be offended in thee, I will never be offended." His feelings were deeply touched, and he considered it a reflection upon his friendship that Jesus should utter such words. But our Lord always knew the hearts of men, and he knew as an open book the impulsiveness of this friend of his, and he answered: "Verily I say unto thee, That . . . in this night, before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice." But even these words of solemn warning Peter disregarded, and with great vehemence he declared: "If I must die with thee, yet will I not deny thee." Peter was not wholly wrong, but certainly he was not entirely right. There was that within him which would both deny his Lord and die for him, but he did not know the treacherous nature of his own impulsive soul, and he did not know that before the rock bottom of his nature was reached there should be occasion for tears and deepest personal humiliation.

THE SLEEP AND THE FIGHT IN THE GARDEN.

The very next view we have of Peter after this boastful declaration shows us a sleeping, slumbering form in the garden, while his Master is suffering the agony of the world's torture. A little while afterwards, when Judas came with his cohort of soldiers and laid violent hands upon Jesus, Peter drew his sword and defied the whole armed body. This impulsiveness was a credit to his devotion, but not to his discretion. The Lord reminded him that "they that take the sword shall perish with the sword." At this moment Peter was willing without hesitation to die fighting for his Friends; but it is a much more difficult thing to endure suspense and uncertainty than it is to die in valiant defense, so a very few moments afterwards Peter is fleeing through the shadows of the garden under another impulse that was just as strong as the impulse to fight. He did not wholly recover his self-possession even when he saw his Lord bound as a malefactor and led away to the Jewish tribunal.

THE COURT AT THE HIGH PRIEST PALACE.

Peter regained sufficient self-control to follow at a distance, but not enough to come again close to his Master's side. By some means he was admitted into the palace of the high priest, where the trial was in progress and where he took his stand on the outskirts of the crowd. When we see Peter again, he is standing around the little fire that had been kindled on the ground on the inner court, a little removed from and below the floor where the trial was taking place. Here a serving maid came presently and said to Peter: "Thou also wast with Jesus, the Galilean." Peter was not willing to be discovered in that company in his true character, so he said: "I know not what thou sayest." A little while after another man entered and said to the men about the fire: "This man also was with Jesus the Nazarene." Again Peter denied and with an oath declared: "I know not the man." About this time was heard on the outside the crow of a cock. He could not entirely remove himself from that presence, and yet could not wholly identify himself with it. He stood about and entered into conversation with others, perhaps thinking thereby to divert suspicion from himself. He was in the position of a man who was consciously wrong and consciously helpless to change his course. His weakness increased by reason of the fact that he did not assert his nobler impulses; and, just as every man who fails to do the best that is in him, he fell little by little into the depths which were horrifying to him. His very attempt to divert suspicion called attention to himself. Perhaps after the lapse of an hour one of the men who stood in his presence said: "Of a truth, thou art one of them; for thy speech betrayeth thee." He was a Galilean; and it was known that the friends of Jesus were most all of them from Galilee, and Peter had been so long with his Master that unconsciously some of the forms of their clung to him. His habit was both a friend and an enemy, and by it he

was detected as belonging to the company of Jesus. Peter was alarmed at that discovery, and in order to prove that it was not a true indication of his nature he began to curse and to swear and to say: "I know not the man." A taunting servant maid and a group of rude, coarse men made Peter tremble and forget all the nobler things that he had desired to practice, and he denied the Lord who had given him life. These shameful words were scarcely out of his mouth before the cock crew again, and Peter remembered the word of the Lord. Then all the pent-up emotion of his soul sprang to the surface, and he rushed out of that miserable company and sought relief for his tortured spirit in a flood of manly tears. This night had not been at all to the credit of the boastful disciple. Peter shamefully fell into the miserable ways of those who seek first of all their own safety. But he recovered his manhood, and from that moment he was never again guilty of that supreme folly of supposing that he was better off with his Lord gone out of his life.

LESSON QUESTIONS.

- Why was Peter's name always mentioned first in the list of disciples?
- What was his most prominent characteristic?
- Mention some of his traits of character which make him like the rest of us.
- What sorrowful prediction did the Lord make concerning the desertion of his friends?
- How did Peter resent this declaration?
- How did Peter resent this declaration?
- Discuss Peter's sleeping and his fighting in the garden.
- Why did he so soon after that desert his Lord?
- Discuss the conduct of Peter in the palace of the high priest.
- How many times and under what circumstances did he deny his Lord?
- What brought him to a realization of his baseness?
- How did he prove his penitence?
- What did he finally become?

WHAT IS GOOD.
 "What is the real good?" I asked in musing mood. Order, said the law court; Knowledge, said the school; Truth, said the wise man; Pleasure, said the fool; Love, said the maiden; Beauty, said the page; Freedom, said the dreamer; Home, said the sage; Fame, said the soldier; Equity, said the seer; Spake my heart full sadly "The answer is not here."

There within my bosom Softly this I heard: "Each heart holds the secret, Kindness is the word."
 —John Boyle O'Reilly.

A colored man was brought before a police judge charged with stealing chickens. He pleaded guilty and received sentence, when the judge asked how it was he managed to lift those chickens right under the window of the owner's house when there was a dog in the yard.

"Hit wouldn't be no use judge," said the man, "to try to 'splain dis thing to you all. Ef you was to try it you like as not would get your hide full o' scars, an' get no chickens, nuther. Ef you want to engage in any rascal-ity, judge, yo' better stick to de bench, whar you am familiar."

The class had taken up the subjects of the rulers of the world. The President of the United States, the King of England, and their powers and functions had been discussed.

"Suddenly the teacher said, 'Now Willie, what's a kaiser?'"

"A kaiser," replied the absent-minded Willie, whose strong point was geography instead of political history, "is a stream of hot water springin' up and disturbin' the earth."

City Editor—For a beginner that new reporter seems very particular not to make mistakes.

Assistant—Yes; I told him to write on one side of the paper, and he wanted to know which side.—Judge.

HOW ABOUT YOUR UNINVESTED FUNDS?

If you are at a loss to know where to place them, will not a First Mortgage loan on Real Estate appeal to you? This is the only kind of security we handle, therefore, if you wish to loan your funds at the highest lawful rate of interest, with absolute security, then place them with us, for in addition to the real estate security, our company **GUARANTEES** the payment of principal and six per cent. interest, and we pay the interest promptly Semi-Annually. We have at this time Several Thousand Dollars in first mortgage real estate bonds in denominations of \$100, \$200, \$250, \$300, \$500 and \$1,000

For further information, write or call on

CENTRAL LOAN & TRUST CO.,

Real Estate, Fire, Life and Live Stock Insurance.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00.

J. M. BROWNING, Pres. W. W. BROWN, Mgr. A. V. RAY, Sec. & Treas.

DORIS BLAKE SAYS:

"The Chrysanthemum is November's Flower; the Topaz November's Birthstone."

Have you a November birthday? If so you may like to know a little about the month itself.

November gets its name from "Nove" the Latin word for nine. It was called by the old Saxons the Wind Month (Wind Month.) Another name given by them to November was "Blot-Monath," or sacrifice month, from the custom of preparing cattle for their winter supplies.

Sagittarius is the zodiacal sign for November. It means the Archer and is derived from the Latin word Sagitta (arrow) and is typical of the sudden cold which shoots into the earth, causing vegetation to cease. The sun is in the constellation Sagittarius from the 22d to the 30th of the month, and in Scorpio from the 1st to the 22d.

Both signs influence the November born.

Many good traits are showered upon November children. Scorpio bestows thrift, ambition, mental and physical vitality, and great executive ability, according to the oracles.

If born during the last half of the month you will be earnest, fearless, generous, sympathetic, just, and honest. You will be impulsive and quick of temper and liable to extremes, but your anger will be of short duration. You will make quick decisions and be blessed with keen sense of humor and great wit, and you will be a bright conversationalist.

November birthstone is the topaz, meaning fidelity and friendship. Have you ever heard the little verse about the topaz?

"Who first comes to this world below
With dread November's fog and snow
Should prize the Topaz's amber hue,
Emblem of friends and lovers true."

The November flower is the chrysanthemum. To wear a red or pink chrysanthemum signifies love, a white one truth, a yellow one dejection, and a Chinese variety cheerfulness.

It is quite safe to get married in November, although most brides prefer sunny skies. Here is an encouraging couplet:

Married in veils of November mist,
Dame Fortune your wedding ring has kissed.

This prophecy, so says the oracles, then will come to pass if married on any of November's lucky days. They are the 5th, 11th, 13th, 22d, and 25th. There are five unlucky days in November. The days are the 15th, 20th, 24th, and 30th.

STRANGER AND LONELY.

"Dear Miss Blake:
I have been in Chicago just a few weeks. I haven't got any friends here but I would like to make the acquaintance of some nice boy who is a stranger here, too. I am 22, have been in this country nine years. Please help me if you can.
D. D."

There is a Lonesome Club under the auspices of Trinity Episcopal Church, which will give you the opportunity of getting acquainted with nice young men and women. If you will write to the Rev. John McGann in care of Trinity Episcopal Church, Twenty-sixth street, and Michigan Avenue, he will be happy to give you full particulars about the club and to welcome you into its fellowship.

WHAT SHALL SHE SAY.

"Dear Miss Blake:
Have read your good advice to others, so have come to you for some. I am invited to a hayrack party next Saturday by a man and, as I have not kept company with very many, I am a bit awkward about manners. Would like to know what to say when he takes me home. Hoping to hear from you this week in The Tribune.
LUCINDA."

There is no necessity in your saying anything in particular. Let the young man do the talking. He will undoubtedly enjoy himself better and it will be much easier for you. If there is one thing a man likes to do it is to talk to an interested listener.

A POPULAR COLLEGE BOY.

"Dear Miss Blake:
I am in the fourth year of college, and love a boy friend who is in my class. He is very good looking, and so many of the girls are crazy about him. There is one certain girl who just got acquainted with him, but likes him, and is trying to get another girl friend to fix up a date with him. Do you think that is right? I like him awfully well, but I don't think I would ever get another girl to do that. If he didn't like me well enough to ask me of his own accord I would let it go. Wouldn't you? He has asked me for several dates, and lately I have had to refuse under the circumstances. Now, I think he thinks I don't like him any more. How can I let him know I do?
GRACE."

Has there been a good reason for your refusing his invitations? If there has and if you have explained it to him, of course he will not think you have stopped liking him. If you are so very fond of him, why don't you make every effort possible to accept his invitations? That will undoubtedly keep him from the machinations of the other girls.

HE KISSED HER.

"Dear Miss Blake:
On several occasions a young man with whom I work has kissed me. While I have told him repeatedly that I do not approve of such actions, he doesn't seem to pay any attention to what I say. I am sure I don't encourage him. What would you advise me to tell him, as I don't think he cares for me?
ANXIOUS."

I cannot believe that if you were sincere in not wanting him to kiss you he would do it anyway. Refuse absolutely. If he does not accept your refusal as final, report his action to some one in authority. He isn't a desirable friend, anyway.

WHAT SHOULD SHE DO?

"Dear Miss Blake:

"I am a young girl and am in love with a young man four years my senior. He used to come and meet me once a week and now he does not come at all. What would you advise me to do, call him on the phone or write to him?
T. D. H. G."

Don't do anything. Forget all about him. When a man treats you so discourteously he is not worthy of your friendship. You are a foolish little girl to give your heart to one who shows so plainly he does not want it. I'm sure you'll meet another man soon who will appreciate your devotion.

BROKE THE ENGAGEMENT.

"Dear Miss Blake:
For five years a successful doctor called on a fine young woman of good family two or three evenings every week and during this time he has been the family physician. For the last three years they were engaged to be married. Through the influence of the doctor's father, who is a crusty old man with a little money, the doctor broke the engagement. Although the young woman tries not to show it, the doctor's action has altered her life, and has very nearly broken her heart. Granting the above facts, do you believe the young woman and her family may with good taste still retain him as their family doctor? The young lady with her entire family, with one exception claim the above facts make no difference, and declare that professionally they shall continue to consult the doctor whenever necessary. The dissenting member of the family holds the doctor has acted as a cad, and the young woman in self-respect, and the family, through loyalty to her, should end all professional relations and visits to or from the doctor. What is right in the matter?
A PERPLEXED SISTER."

I agree with the dissenting member of the family. The doctor surely has acted like a cad, and he has no right to the respect of the family, even professionally. I cannot understand how you can subject the poor girl to the visits of the man. Her life must be anything but happy when even her family does not stand by her in her trouble.

HE ISN'T WORKING.

"I am a young girl and am considered good looking. I am going with a friend, but really don't care for his company, as he seems to be quiet in talking. He lies to me at times, and I do not think I would care for him, nor do I think I could trust him. I see this young man every day as he stands on the corner and I work nearby. I also must tell you that this young man isn't working, and when I ask the reason, why, he tells me his parents want him to attend college and he doesn't care to go. Do you think I could learn to love this man?
HEARTBROKEN."

You are sensible in not wishing to have anything to do with such an unreliable young man. Simply refuse to accept his invitations. You might do the boy a great kindness by telling him the exact reasons for your refusal of his company. Perhaps you would like him if he would go to work

or go to school and try to make something of himself. He has no right to expect any girl to be happy to accept his attentions when he wastes his time. I do not think that you could ever learn to love a man who is lazy and this boy apparently is.

SHE DOESN'T ANSWER.

"Dear Miss Blake:
During the time I went to grammar school I was deeply infatuated with a girl of my own age. Some called it puppy love, but I never said a word. She reciprocated my love and I called at her house and got quite intimate with the whole family. The mother seemed to like me real well. I graduated half a year before the girl, but still I saw her over to her house, and seemingly things went on as before. At all our meetings I acted like a gentleman. When she graduated I naturally went up to the graduation. In the morning I helped her with her recitations. In the afternoon, after the graduation, we were walking down the street, a crowd of us, when I walked up and took her by the arm. She objected and said, 'I am not lacking for company.' I being equally hot tempered, said, 'Very well.' Now since that time I have written several times but received no answer. I am only 18 now, but nevertheless consider this carefully. I am always thinking of her. If I saw her in a public place, would it be right to go up and speak to her without first having some recognition?
H. E. L."

If chance should throw you together I see no harm whatever in your going up to the girl and speaking to her. If I were you I should call on her and apologize for my actions. She will undoubtedly say that she is sorry for the way she has acted, too, and you will be friends again as you used to be.

THEY'RE NOT ENGAGED.

"Dear Miss Blake:
I am a young man of 22 and have been keeping company with a girl two and a half years my junior for about three years. I have been working away from my home town for quite a while, but made regular visits home. When away she goes out with other fellows, but I don't mind that, as I don't happen to be of a jealous disposition. We are not engaged, neither of us believing in long engagements, but we have often talked of getting married. On my last visit home a young man of my own age, an old school chum of here from a distant city, also was visiting at her home. The girl and I went out as usual, and on our way home she said she was going to be real mean and send me right home, as she was very tired. I said all right, but after having gone a short distance I found I had forgotten my raincoat and started back for it. On returning I found this young man, although it was a late hour, had not retired, but had waited for her. They had not heard me, but I could see all that way going on through the glass door. I watched a while and was going in, but was afraid something would happen that I would be sorry for later on, as I

know when I get angry I do things I cannot account for. Did I do wrong in watching? I love the girl dearly and she always said I was the only one and that all the rest were just friends. What would you advise me to do?
R. B."

You would have saved yourself much unhappiness if you had gone in immediately, but since you did not I see no reason why you should be worried about what you did. Of course the boy would wait up until his hostess came home. There was nothing wrong in that, neither was it anything more than courteous for her to sit up and talk to him until you returned. Unless you saw them doing something which makes you think that they are in love with one another I see no reason why you should feel yourself mistreated.

THE POLITICAL PREACHER.

By Peeter Radford, Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

The farmers of this nation have on their payroll 95,000 preachers and this number applying themselves diligently and exclusively to the religious work at hand is sadly inadequate to properly serve their respective communities.

Those who put on ecclesiastical robes are in a measure free to unlock every door to the human heart and enter the secret chambers of reason and every person should submit their conduct to review and seek the counsel of those divinely appointed messengers of life, but the moment the minister closes the Bible and opens the law book, he becomes a menace to society.

The difficulty of keeping the preacher in the pulpit is as old as religion. Christ encountered it in the temple when he drove the priests from the bargain counter back of the pulpit. Our pilgrim fathers met it when through the influence of the clergy, a witch court was established at Salem, Mass., in 1692, that precipitated a legal holocaust threatening to reduce the population to ashes and which was extinguished by the laymen uniting and forcing the preachers back to the pulpit.

The greatest period to the Church today is politics. The temptation of the ministry to throw down the cross of Christ and pick up the club of the policeman; to substitute the penalties of the law for the power of the altar and to legislate religion into human hearts, never was greater.

The world never needed a religious ministry more nor political preachers less than it does today. We need ministers to teach us how to live; we know how to vote.

The religious preacher is the most capable servant and the political preacher the sorriest master the world has ever known. Whenever power is placed in the hands of the latter they invariably become intolerant, bigoted and vicious and resort to the whip and the fagot to enforce their opinion.

Civilization as many times been compelled to drive incorrigible preachers back to the pulpit at the point of the bayonet. Many of the pages of

history are wet with blood shed at the hands of political preachers who wrote laws on the statute books that committed arson upon mankind, maimed human beings with the hatchet and sent helpless women to the torture rack, all because they disagreed with their views. When in control of government, the pulpit politicians invariably undertake to perform legislative miracles such as casting out witches with the flame of a torch, subverting conscience with shackles and enforcing opinions with the guillotine.

Politics and religion will not blend. No free government can long exist or the Church perform its mission to society when preachers and politicians temporarily exchange callings, and a civilization that will countenance such conduct will soon decay. Such a traffic in occupations is as unsound in principle as the white slave trade is immoral in practice.

INCONTINENT.

A little lad of our acquaintance recently discovered why the giraffe has such a long neck. "Cause his head is so far from his body," he explained, and none of us present could dispute it.

Indigestion has made many a man turn reformer.

Professional Cards

Dr. L. H. Allen
Eye Specialist
Office Over C. F. Neese's Store
Burlington, N. C.

J. P. Spoon, D. V. S.
W. A. Hornaday, D. V. M.
Spoon & Hornaday
Veterinarians
Office and Hospital Office Phone 377
415 Main St. Residence Phone 289

C. A. Anderson M. D.
Office hours 1 to 2 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.
First National Bank Building
Leave day calls at Bradleys Drug Store.

John H. Vernon,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
Burlington, N. C.
Office room 7 and 8 Second floor First Nat'l Bank Building
Office phone 337-J Resident phone 387-1.

DR. J. H. BROOKS
Surgeon Dentist
Foster Building
BURLINGTON, N. C.

Dr. Walter E. Walker
Sellers Building
(Up Store)
80-J 8-10 a. m.
80-G HOURS 7-8 p. m.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FEED.

We are headquarters for all kinds of feed. We make a speciality of Dairy and horse and mule feed. Our business is wholesale, but we will sell such goods as the merchants do not carry in stock to any one wanting them, this line comprises hay, cotton seed meal, cotton seed hulls & meal mixed which is called a balanced ration, beet pulp, the great milk producer, Alfalfa dairy feed, horse & mule feed, this is called sweet feed, its fine.

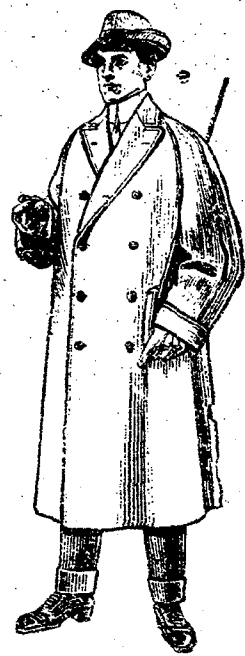
We also have corn, oats, shipstuff, bran, corn meal, flour, lard, sugar coffee, onions, potatoes, apples, oranges, candies, full line grocers drugs and sundries.

Remember we buy in car lots for cash, we are in position to give you better prices than any other dealer, we buy cheaper, we buy larger.
SEE US BEFORE YOU BUY.

Merchants Supply Company

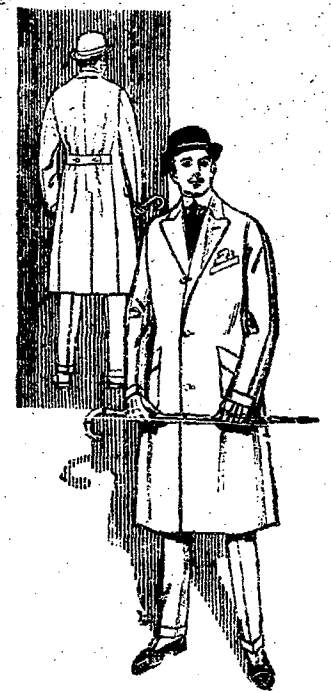
Burlington, N. C. and Graham, N. C.

REMOVAL SALE



\$25,000 STOCK
J. B. JONES CLOTHING CO.
AT AND BELOW COST.

SALE OPENS
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13,
9 O'CLOCK A. M.



Don't Forget The Date!
FRIDAY, NOV. 13.

Men's Clothing.

Men's Fine Suits and Overcoats. Regular \$7.50 and \$8.50 values, classy styles and colors. Removal Price **5.95**

Men's \$10.00 Suits and Overcoats. A real \$15.00 value elsewhere. All new for this season. Removal Price **7.95**

Men's all wool Suits and Overcoats. Every \$15.00 Suit and Overcoat in the house at the Removal Sale Price **11.95**

All Men's \$20.00 Suits and Overcoats in the house at the Removal Price **14.95**

Hand-tailored Men's Suits and Overcoats, all \$25.00 and \$30.00 values. Removal Sale **16.95**

All \$1.00 and \$1.25 Men's Work Pants. Removal Sale Price **79c**

Men's Pants \$1.50 and \$2.00 values. Removal Price **1.15**

All Men's \$2.50 pants in the house. Removal Sale Price **1.65**

Men's \$3.00 pants Removal Sale Price **1.95**

All Men's Fine Wool \$5 and \$6 pants in the house. Removal Sale Price **2.95**

Boys' Fine Suits. \$2 values. Removal Price **1.19**

\$2.50 and \$3.00 Boys' Suits, all sizes and colors. Removal Sale Price **1.95**
 Extra pants FREE.

Boys' all wool \$4.00 Suits Norfolk Style. Removal Sale Price **3.25**

\$5 and \$6 Boys Suits Removal Sale Price **3.95**

Fine lot of Boys' pants, fine quality and styles. Regular \$2 values. Removal Sale Price **1.45**

Our Entire Stock of Brand New Fall and Winter Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Shoes, Hats and Gent's Furnishings must be sold within the next 30 days in order to save the expense of moving into our new store. This sale will give the people of Burlington and Alamance County the greatest opportunity of a life to buy Brand New Merchandise at unheard of low prices. Our removal means to you a Money-Saving Chance to buy seasonable goods right in the heart of the season at prices that will meet with the present situation of hard times on account of the war, which brought down the prices for farmers' products, therefore enabling you to buy the merchandise you must have at present low price of cotton.

10c A POUND FOR COTTON.

In order to meet the present situation of cotton, we will buy a limited number of bales of cotton, for which we will pay 10c in trade.

Boys' 50c and 75c Knee Pants. Removal Price **39c**

The limited amount of space allows us to mention only a few of our Great Values. Come and see it all we ask. Your money back on anything that is not as represented.

Men's Shoes.

We carry a complete line of shoes for Men and Boys, and we personally guarantee every pair sold to give the utmost in satisfaction. We can assure you a saving of 25 per cent to 1-3 off on every pair.

Men's Flannel Wool Shirts \$1.25 and \$1.00 values. Removal sale price **79c**

Men's Outing Flannel Shirts. 75c value, all colors. Removal Sale Price **49c**

Men's real Pepperel, Elastic Seam Drawers. Removal Sale Price **38c**
 2 Pairs for 75c.

Men's Union Made \$1.00 Overalls. Removal Sale Price **89c**

FREE!

We are going to give away absolutely free a Suit of Clothes, A Pair of Shoes, and A Hat, each the best of its kind in our mammoth stock, on

Saturday, November 21st.

at 5 O'clock P. M.

This will cost you absolutely nothing. It's a free gift from us and has no strings attached to it. See our mammoth circular for the particulars of this grand free gift and take advantage of the opportunity to get a \$35 suit of clothes absolutely free.

REMEMBER

That everything listed here is a bona fide bargain. That was the test before it was admitted into this advertisement. Your money back on anything that does not prove up to our advertisement. The more you buy the more you save.

Be Sure You are at Right Place
Before Entering Store.

10c A POUND FOR COTTON.

In order to meet the present situation of cotton, we will buy a limited number of bales of cotton for which we will pay 10c in trade.

All Men's \$1.50 Hats in the house. Removal price **95c**

All Men's \$2.50 and \$3 Hats in the house. Removal Sale Price **1.69**

Men's and Boys' 25c Caps. All sizes. Removal Sale Price **21c**

All Men's and Boys' 50c and 75c Caps. All sizes. Removal Sale Price **39c**

All Men's \$1 Caps, very new for the fall. Removal Sale Price **79c**

All \$2 Caps, classy English Styles and colors. Removal Sale Prices **1.35**

Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Sweaters. Removal price **79c**

All Men's \$2.50 Sweaters in all colors. Removal Sale Price **1.65**

Men's \$3.50 Sweaters Removal Price **2.49**

The famous Hanes Undewear for Men. Ribbed Union Suits. \$1.00 quality. Removal Sale Price **79c**

Men's Furnishings.

All Men's Work Shirts in the house 50c & 75c values. Removal Sale Price **39c**

A very fine assortment of Men's Dress Shirts. 50c and 75c values. Removal Sale Price **39c**

All Men's 10c Hose in the store Removal Sale Price **7c**
 3 Pairs for 20c.

All Men's 15c Hose in the store. Removal price **11c**

All Men's 25c Hose in the house. Silk lisle thread Removal Sale Price **17c**
 5 Pairs for 50c.

All 25c and 35c Belts and Suspenders in the house Removal Sale Price **18c**

All Men's Neckwear that sold for 25c and 35c in the house. Removal Sale Price **17c**
 3 for 50c.

Men's Neckwear 50c & 75c values. Removal price **35c**
 3 for \$1.00.

Men's Fine Dress Shirts, Fine quality, 75c and \$1.00 values. Removal price **59c**

All \$1.00 and \$1.25 Shirts in the house, neat patterns. Removal sale price **79c**

A special lot of Men's Shirts. Regularly sold for \$1.50 and \$2. Removal sale price **1.15**

Men's Fine Heavy Fleece Underwear. 50c value Removal sale price **38c**
 2 for 75c

Men's extra heavy fleeced ribbed Underwear. 75c value Removal sale price **43c**

Wright's Health Underwear. \$1.50 quality. Fleece and wool. Removal sale price **85c**

Men's \$5 Wool Sweaters, Very heavy. Removal sale price **3.95**

J. B. Jones Clothing Co.

Next to Grotto Theatre.

BURLINGTON, N. C.

POOR