

THE TWICE-A-WEEK DISPATCH

A PROGRESSIVE REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE UPBUILDING OF AMERICAN HOMES AND AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.

BURLINGTON, ALAMANCE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1914.

MR. THOS. C. CARTER ON WHAT HE BELIEVES.

To the Voters and Tax Payers of Alamance County:

The Republican-Progressive party, having seen fit to select me as their standard-bearer and candidate for the legislature, I purpose to acquit myself of this honor to the best of my ability in the interest of this good county and its noble citizenship.

As a native born citizen of Alamance and one who has cast his fortune with her, I am deeply interested in her welfare, and intensely interested in her progress, and am casting my weak self upon her altars of service through the Republican-Progressive party. This devotion has already caused me to see that she is laboring under great adversity of conditions; and is on the verge of collapse under the enormous debt accrued by virtue of the Democratic party. As sure as progress is the universal law of nature, change is its condition. The Democratic party has had full sway in Alamance county for many years, and has failed so far to keep pace with this great law; consequently we are now facing the results. As sure as there is a diversity among men, we cannot afford to let any set of men run the affairs of the county for life-time; if we do they will at least use their position to their own aggrandizement, and the party that placed them there, and forget altogether the people and the county. Do you think the Democratic party and its officers are serving the county to its best interest? It is a fact that cannot be disputed that the Democratic party is an instrument of its office holders to secure its success and thereby continue them in office. I appeal to the fair-minded, patriotic people of Alamance county to these facts to give me and the Republican-Progressive party their support.

If elected, I shall do all in my power, not only to serve you in the county, but to faithfully perform my duties in this good State. I shall do all in my power for the direct primary which will help you in the future, to keep off such conditions that now exist in this county and State; and thereby make the parties instruments of the people.

I favor the amendments to the constitution and I commend them to you at the polls; I favor the platform of the Republican-Progressive party as to local affairs. Which are as follows: The abolition of the county treasurer as it is unnecessary and will mean a saving to the finance of the county. I believe in an election of the county board of Education by the people; a remodeling of the road system, and all other changes that are necessary to the welfare of the county and are demanded by the people. Read our platform. I am not pleased over the conditions that now exist in the industrial world which are incumbent on the national administration; and do not believe that the European war is the cause. These things will be discussed in the joint campaign in the county. Come out and hear them.

If you are in favor of the changes and policies enumerated, vote for me and the ticket and we assure you, our thanks and the recognition you deserve, I am,

Yours in the cause,
THOS. C. CARTER.

Halloween Oyster Supper.

The Junior Philadelpia Class of the Methodist Protestant Church, will give a Halloween Oyster Supper, up town, Saturday evening, October 31, 1914. Exact place will be announced later. The public invited.

Sally on fishermen in British Columbia earn \$15 a day, and some instances when the catch is exceptionally good as much as \$25 a day.

WITH THE COUNTY CANDIDATES.

The Editor of this paper went out yesterday with the County Candidates to Pattersons Township where the campaign was formally opened. The Democrats elected to speak first, and from their standpoint did remarkably well, of course they laid all the blame upon the war, and lauded the national administration to the highest, and also praised the State administration, but had very little to say regarding county conditions except to admit that there was a large county debt, but did not tell how much it was, or deny that it was as large as charged by our candidates, in fact I expect we have the figures entirely too low. They have the books and records and as they won't tell how much the indebtedness is, it is hard to give the exact figures, they also failed to tell how much the saving to the tax payers is by the adoption of the salary system as against the old fee system. Our candidates acquitted themselves in a creditable manner and won friends. Our candidate for the Legislature charged the Democrats with counting Mr. John M. Coble out of the nomination for county commissioner after he had received a majority of the convention, and while they would not deny this, they demanded that we prove it, knowing of course that we did not have the minutes of the Democratic convention, but we have the proof all right and I personally told Mr. John M. Coble that we had it. Mr. Coble replied that he did not know how it was, but it seemed to him that something was wrong. The voters do not seem to be interested in what the Democrats have to say, which would seem to indicate that they have their minds made up to swat them at the proper time and as they read the papers to get the war news, do not care to go out to the speakings to hear the war blamed for all the sins of omission and commission committed by the Democrats. The Democratic county candidates would not speak at Alamance cotton mills last night and gave as their excuse that the weather was too bad. A large crowd had gathered to hear them and some were badly disappointed. Our opponents will have to make a better explanation as to the cause of hard times than they have been doing or lose a large vote. The people are getting wise to this old gag, and want something more plausible. The candidates are at Friendship today and at Belmont Mills tonight. Will give an account of the doings in our next issue, watch for it, you will want to know how they are progressing.

Prize Offered by the Graham Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy.

A prize of a Five Dollar Gold Piece is offered by the Graham Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, for the best essay entitled, "A Sketch Comparing the Lives, Personal Characteristics and Military Leadership of R. E. Lee and Thomas J. Jackson." Any white person under twenty-one years of age attending the public schools in Alamance County may compete for this prize, and this pledge must be signed to each paper: "This is the original work of (Signature)."

The best three papers will be read as part of the program of Lee-Jackson Day as celebrated by the Chapter, and three judges will determine the successful one.

All papers must be sent to Miss Mamie Parker by Thanksgiving.

For any information further, apply to: Miss Mamie Parker, Graham, N. C.

One man we rather feel for in these perilous times is Walter Damrosch, who has 12—yes, 13 nations represented in that Symphony orchestra of his. And Mr. Damrosch is more or less temperamental himself.

Sharpe Family Held Reunion Last Week.

Last Thursday at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Isley, in this county, seven miles from here, the Sharpe family held an enjoyable reunion. The people who came from a long distance were supplied with bulging baskets. Every arrival was met by Mrs. A. I. Isley, "Cousin Minerva." Among those present were three who had passed four-score years. They were John Sharpe, Mrs. Betsey Sharpe and Miss Laura Isley. Several were present who were three-score and ten, and quite a large number of curly-headed tots.

W. E. Sharpe delivered an address of welcome and the Rev. Mr. Swain, who was the much-loved pastor of many of them for seven years, also spoke a few welcoming words. The first Sharpes allied themselves with the M. P. Church to which most of them now belong.

The table for the meal was 108 feet long, beautifully festooned with white crepe paper and decorated with vases of roses and dahlias. While the ladies were preparing it a guest book and pencils had been provided. There were 236 signatures of Sharpes and immediate relatives.

Rev. Mr. Whitaker asked the blessing. The table was loaded to groaning with the dinner, consisting of mutton, beef, hams and chicken boiled, baked, fried and fricassed, cakes, pastries, pickles.

Following the dinner, J. A. Long, who is a relative of the Sharpes traced the family history. Beginning at Cromwell's time when most of them were beheaded he followed the family to the emigrant from Baden Baden, England, down to Boston Sharpe, who settled in Alamance County near Brick Church and who married Miss Elizabeth Garrett, six sons and two daughters being the issue of that marriage, all living to attain manhood and womanhood, the forebears of the present Sharpes. Mr. Long recounted what a pure and sturdy race these people were and said that among their descendants were jurists, bankers, physicians and many other eminent men of various vocations.

The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to tennis, croquet and other games by the younger set and conversation by the older folks.

At 4 o'clock the company began to disperse to their many homes, each and everyone expressing their enjoyment of this pleasurable occasion.

No finer day could have been had than this balmy Indian Summer day, and this reunion brought together many relatives who in all probability never would have met otherwise.

The Oneida band from Graham furnished splendid music during the entire day and added much to the occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ambrose Burbage

request the honor of your presence at the marriage of their daughter

Lunette

to

Dr. L. Roy Cates

on Monday Afternoon, October

nineteenth

One thousand nine hundred and

fourteen

at two-thirty o'clock

Baptist Church

Conway, South Carolina

At Home

October twenty-fifth,

Kingstree, South Carolina

Russia says she has no desire to appropriate Persian territory. But she has been appropriating it, and England has permitted her to get away with it.

Let it be remembered, in behalf of the redoubtable Conniemackmen, that they piled up a grand total of one run in two games against Boston.

VICE-PRESIDENT GIVEN A CALLING DOWN.

Mr. Marshall Had Given Permission for Picture Taking—Did Not Have Authority.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Senator Overman today gently but firmly reminded Vice President Marshall that he had no right to grant privileges to any one to take pictures or anything else in the United States Capitol; that the Vice President was only a presiding officer, a figurehead, was not a member of that august body, and therefore his action yesterday in giving Fred J. Haskins permission to take moving pictures of the Senate was unauthorized and should not have occurred.

Senator Overman is chairman of the rules committee and therefore must be consulted before any one is granted permission to take pictures or pull off any other stunts around the capitol other than strictly legislative. Yesterday Haskins applied to the Vice President to make moving pictures of the Senate "in action." Mr. Marshall thought it a good idea and at once gathered together a few Senators and the chaplain the Rev. Prettyman, and the movies were made.

Mr. Prettyman, it is said, raised his eyes heavenward four times and offered "prayer." Senator Luke Lea, of Tennessee, posed as if making a speech and other senators did likewise. After Senator Overman called the Vice President down he announced that the pictures would be suppressed and would not be allowed to be exhibited anywhere.

Aside from the fact that many Senators, especially Democratic, resent the seeming inclination of Mr. Marshall to assume authority in the Senate, many of them consider pictures purely "fakes" because they purported to show the Senate in session when in fact it was not.

VICE-PRESIDENT RESENTS THE CRITICISM.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Vice-President Marshall and Senator Overman, chairman of the rules committee, had a war of words in the Senate today over the use of the Senate chamber yesterday to take moving pictures of the Vice-President and a number of Senators. Mr. Marshall resented criticism by Senator Overman, and when other Democratic members attempted to smooth over the row he refused to recognize them. He insisted the good faith of the Vice-President of the United States had been questioned and declared he did not propose to be kicked about as a football.

When it developed, however, that the rules committee has not given its approval to the picture taking project, Mr. Marshall announced he would see that the films were not made public.

Later after conference with the Vice President Senator Overman formally withdrew his criticism. He said he had investigated the matter and found that "no one was to be criticized, certainly not the Vice President."

Editor's Note. Verily a Democratic family row, row, row. When Democrats fall out, Republicans will get their due.

The situation may yet become very interesting for Mr. McAdoo if the farmers continue to take their friend Henry seriously.

Mr. Britt has figured out that all the votes cast for Mr. Gudgey in the primary cost about 80 cents a head. But were they not worth it?

Since we have popular primaries pretty much all over the United States the only place left where the political boss can do much bossing is in Mexico.

THE LOST ART OF GROCERY ADVERTISING.

Have Wholesalers Allowed Themselves to Be Subjugated by Failing to Grasp Opportunities?

"The old hen don't stop scratching when the worms are scarce." Homely little statement of barnyard "nature faking," isn't it? But when some genius used it to point a lesson in advertising he must have been inspired. And there's something worth thinking about in it for every grocer in the land.

This little commentary is not a boost for the advertising value of these columns or any other, but merely to remind the grocer that he has forgotten some of the wisdom of the fathers, and perhaps is somewhat to blame for the accusation often launched at him that he is "an unnecessary middleman," who toils not, neither does he spin, but who manages to skim off a nice little profit as the consumers' food supply passes through his hands.

Of course, men who know the true function of the jobber and what he is doing in the way of serving the producer on the one side and the retailer on the other will have no sympathy with such an accusation, but unfortunately the people as a whole do not know the jobber, and the newspapers they read have no disposition to study him. To them the jobber works in the dark quietly and even secretly, and one seldom hears of him save when it comes to some big "food trust" probe, or a marketing reform, or the kick of the manufacturer and the retailer that they have some form of grievance against him.

With few modifications, the essential place of the jobber in the scheme of food distribution is the same today as it was generations ago, save that the jobbing stock embraces in service are far beyond those of olden times more goods and his burdens often times. Jobbers are no more commonly rich now than then, save that tremendous volume sometimes give an aggregate earning that brings wealth. But meanwhile they have seen the manufacturer come into the field and flourish like the green bay tree of proverbial writ. He came in unknown, with new products, new ideas and no distribution save that he proposed to compel at the hands of the jobber.

Within 25 or 30 years thousands of manufacturers have grown tremendously rich through the power of advertising, and the jobber merely helped along the process with little more than normal profits for his share in the process. Here and there a jobber has learned the lesson and himself resorted to the power of printed appeal, with the result that such houses have usually gained the lead in the distributive field. But as a rule, jobbers do not advertise. They say it's no use; they've nothing to advertise; that it won't sell groceries for a jobber. They have concluded that worms are scarce and the only thing to do is to wait till they're more plentiful.

BUT IT DOES PAY TO ADVERTISE.

It pays in more ways than in merely selling goods. It standardizes reputations and makes the advertiser's name household or trade intimate. It stamps the advertiser as doing something in the aggressive field of the mercantile world to get ahead. If the advertising does anything it brings its fruits to the man who did the advertising and makes him the master—not the slave—of the power his advertising creates. It places him in the position of control, and his influence is extended into channels of which he had no actual knowledge whatever.

Advertising is salesmanship, but it possesses the advantage of having a far wider range than that of the personal salesman. The one may have an available entre to hundreds; the advertising goes to thousands, reaches unsuspected quarters and brings from the wide unknown an answering interest from places wholly unthought of. It is a powerful maker of reputation and popularity. Jobbing houses—or any other house, for that matter—have their own customers and are content working those opening over and over again, without the slightest suspicion that there may be thousands of other openings for trade with men who have never known of the house, its name and wares till it threw them broadcast to the whole world.

Then again there is the foolish notion that it is unethical to go after the competitor's customers. Competitors own no customers beyond the time they can hold them, and if there is any field for competition it is perfectly logical and ethical to go after trade wherever it can be found. Price isn't the sole thing to catch trade with. There are as many ways to advertise as there are to sell goods; advertising is a dragnet to catch whoever may come along. Connections are always changing. The buyer who may be on the best of terms with your competitor today may change his feelings toward him tomorrow and be looking for the right psychological hint as to where to find a new connection. An advertisement may give it to him. The house such a seeker for safe harbor may be looking for is the one with aggressiveness enough to let itself be known; one that is foraging afield rather than in the old ruts. You never can tell who may read your advertisement or how it will impress him. The chances are too good to be lost through too much contentment.

In a practical and technical way the grocery jobber has very generally lost several laps in the game of merchandising. He has allowed the manufacturer to step in with a branded article, tell the public—whom he didn't know at all before—about it, create for it a market, and with genuine demand as his "big stick" compel the jobber to handle it. When the manufacturer proposes to let the jobber wield the power of a voluntary distributor he refuses because he is afraid he can't sell the product, or won't take the pains to at least try and prove whether he can sell what he wants to or what he has to. Once the control of demand passes to the manufacturer the jobber becomes subordinate, and refusal to sell is equivalent to refusal to share in the profits the manufacturer creates by his own aggressiveness.

It is said that staple goods cannot be sold by advertising. Tom Martindale disproved that with tea, and a recent advertiser in these columns handling the prosaic and already widespread distributed staple, rice, has uncovered a marvellous field for increased business. Probably he took it away from someone who didn't advertise. The consumer is not the only reader of advertising, and if retailers and jobbers must buy goods the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Protection and Prosperity.

President Wilson's frank appeal to his Democratic followers to see to it that the United States Senate is kept Democratic in politics, so that ruinous of the program may be maintained, has let in the light on the pretenses of small Democratic leaders in this State, who are seeking the defeat of Senator Penrose.

The campaign against Mr. Penrose has been conducted on the lowest ground of personal blackguardism. Issues of the greatest importance to the country and in particularly to the welfare of Pennsylvania, have been rigorously avoided by Mr. Palmer and his followers, who have contented themselves with appeals to prejudice and personal spleen in the hope of being about the defeat of the Republican candidates. That the hope is a vain one is obvious, and that Mr. Palmer himself believes that he is already beaten beyond hope, is to be inferred from the irritation that he displays as his personal assaults fail to effect.

As a matter of fact Mr. Palmer's personal abuse of the Republican candidate does not concern the voters of the State. Moreover, it is as clear as daylight that in substituting personalities for argument he is merely striving to avoid the real issue and to draw a red herring across the path of his own copperhead political course.

Now that Mr. Palmer has been forced to notice the fact that thousands of men in Pennsylvania are out of work, as a result of the Democratic tariff bill, he still thinks he can fool the people of the State by making the silly charge that manufacturers are shutting down their mills to help elect Mr. Penrose. No workingman in Pennsylvania is going to be misled by such moonshipe as that. Pennsylvania workmen know that under Republican protective tariff laws they have had abundant work and that Democratic ruinous tariff measures invariably bring idleness with them, for foreign-made goods are brought in to take the place of those, that under protection are made in Pennsylvania.

The real question at issue now has nothing to do with personalities. It is shall the voters of Pennsylvania send a Democrat to the Senate to help continue Democratic policies as Mr. Wilson desires, or shall they retain Mr. Penrose in the Senate to battle for Republican policies, shoe all for Protection, which is necessary to restore prosperity to Pennsylvania industries and to Pennsylvania workmen.

Every sign points unmistakably to the re-election of Mr. Penrose. The times are too grave to permit personal abuse to be effective. Pennsylvania will speak in a great voice for the restoration of protection and prosperity.

Philadelphia's Response.

The most significant point about the registration in this city is the fact that more than two-thirds of all who registered have enrolled themselves as Republicans. This is Philadelphia's first response to the Democratic tariff bill. The shringake of the Washington or Progressive vote is something we have got used to from the returns wherever a vote or registration has been taken in every State where the party two years ago had any standing at all.

The Democratic registration in this city, though larger than that of the Washington party, is only a little more than one-eighth the Republican enrollment. No doubt the Republicans will add to their enrolled vote from those who choose to maintain the secrecy of their ballot and appear as non-partisan, but the solid array of 183,000 voters or more than two-thirds of the total, who announce themselves unequivocally as Republicans is a demonstration that the Philadelphia vote in the coming election will be overwhelmingly and invincibly Republican.

And there is every reason it should. No city has been hit harder by the tariff failure of the present administration and Congress than Philadelphia. Its particular industries were selected for slaughter more than others. Already the partial or entire closing of many mills have filled the streets of Kensington and elsewhere with unemployed men and women for whom

an appeal for help is made. The answer should be an overwhelming vote for the Republican ticket.—Philadelphia Press.

Editor's Note: The same applies to North Carolina and especially A'ance county.

Charlotte Coupe On Long Hike Picked Up.

Romance has been destroyed in the mind of Miss Tatisee Pendleton aged 14, of Charlotte who after walking 98 miles separating Greensboro from Charlotte was glad when Captain McCuiston, of the local police force, accosted her in the railway station last night and questioned her as to her destination. The girl, tired of the restrictions of home and in company with a young man, decided to seek their fortunes elsewhere and accordingly started north. They left Charlotte last Wednesday morning.

Since leaving Concord all the girl had to eat was one dozen biscuit and three bananas. She tells a touching story of the pangs of hunger and how she and her companion were forced to beg from house to house for what little they did eat. The absence of the right amount of food caused a misunderstanding between the couple, and last night when he left her in the depot here after she had refused to continue to walk on to Lynchburg, Va., she was glad to see the officer for she knew then she would be provided with food and a place to sleep.

She is a daughter of R. R. Pendleton, of 913 North Brevard street, of Charlotte, who was wired last night that she was in custody here. The father will be here on the morning train to take the girl home. Harry Dailey, aged 19, the girl's companion was arrested shortly after 1 o'clock this morning.—Greensboro News of Monday.

Governor Biase on Maine Election.

The Democratic party of this Nation needs wise counsellors and cautious action. We have recently heard it said that a great victory had been won in Maine by the Democratic party. That is where some of our great leaders are being seriously deceived. Maine re-elected every one of her Congressmen, three-fourths of them being Republicans. She had elected a Republican Assembly. The only victory for the Democrats was a Democratic Governor, and that was no victory for Democracy—it was a victory for whiskey which most assuredly the present National Administration would not call a victory for itself. As a matter of fact the Maine election was thus:

"Mr. Curtis was mayor of the city of Portland, and a Democrat. He favored local option as against prohibition. The Republican candidate the present Governor, was a Prohibitionist, and had been very strict in the enforcement of the prohibition law, and had his officials right in the city of Portland to raid and close up places where whiskey or beer was used—even the locker clubs—and this had lost him many supporters among those who had had in the administration previous the privilege of having their beer and wines in their club rooms. And when the election came, men who had never voted a Democratic ticket before, voted for Mayor Curtis to be Governor, not because he was a Democrat, but as a rebuke to the Governor for having taken their beer and whiskey out of their lockers and refused to give it back to them. In addition to this personal friendship and city pride got for Mr. Curtis many votes in Portland because they wanted to see their mayor and their personal friend made Governor, regardless of whether he might be a Democrat or a Republican.

"So you will see that the Democratic party needs to be warned. I tell you, gentlemen, that she is today in danger, and if the November elections are not carefully watched and guarded the next House will be Republican, and not Democratic."

Tariff Cause of Business Depression.

Harrisburg, Oct. 5.—The Democratic tariff, the scale of living maintained by the American people, the hostility of the Interstate Commerce Commission to the American railroads and the manufacturing business dependent upon the railroads, togeth-

er with the European war, Alba B. Johnson, president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, tonight declared are the causes of the country-wide depression, in an address before the Harrisburg Chamber of Commerce on "Trade Conditions in the United States."

Mr. Johnson declared the change in the tariff is the biggest reason for the depression.

"A change of the tariff was demanded by the American people," said he, "but it was extremely unfortunate that a party was put into power with such drastic ideas of tariff reduction. The tariff was lowered to an extent deemed unwise by a great majority of the leading business men and manufacturers of the country, and the result has been exactly that they feared it would be. Traffic business throughout the United States has fallen off ten per cent.; manufacturers have fallen off from twenty to twenty-five per cent.; the industries dependent upon railroad prosperity are now doing between fifty and sixty per cent. of normal business, and there are tens of thousands of men now in idleness, who were working before the change in the national administration."

"And I wish to say," went on Mr. Johnson, "that the new tariff was accepted by the business men of this country in good faith. They were determined to give it a fair trial and that trial had had disastrous results to this nation."

Speaking of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Mr. Johnson said: "This body has betrayed the sacred trust placed in its hands, which was the just control of the railroads. This hostility to railroads is not confined to this branch of business, but to every branch of trade activity."

Mr. Johnson further declared that the cry of "Get the South American trade," is largely the case of the American business man fooling himself. He declared the South American countries will not trade with the United States unless this country can show them that it will be infinitely more advantageous to trade here than with Europe. He said the war has put a finishing touch to the big depression and he said he believed it will be some time before business will grow better.

Ex-Governor William Sulzer in an interview said: "I won, all right, in the Progressive party primaries, but was counted out. All of which is another evidence that the present primary law is a fake and a fraud and an imposition on the voters. I'm not worrying about the loss of bull moose emblem, however as my name will be on the ballot opposite the emblems of the prohibition and American parties. I shall get the votes and be re-elected Governor."

"The big bull moose and the corrupt old tiger are in cahoots to bet the Republican candidate and elect Mr. Glynn, who is Murphy's little boy Blue. Davenport is a joke and only a stalking horse of Glynn. The bull moose and the Tammany tiger make a sorry team, but the efforts of an ex-President and the chief will be abortive."

Registration.

The registration books were open last Saturday, or should have been, for the registration of voters and they will remain open until Saturday Oct. 24th. Each Saturday till and including October 24th the registrar shall have the books at their respective polling places. On other days the voters must hunt the registrar up he desires to register. It is the duty of the registrars to make it as convenient as possible for voters to register. All persons who have attained their majority since last election are entitled to register. If you have moved from one state county or township to another you must register in your new place of residence if you expect to vote. If you have changed your residence from one township or ward to another without leaving the county you must get a transfer from the township or ward in which you formerly lived to the one in which you now reside.

Registration is very important if you expect to vote and the voters should give this matter their immediate attention.

Through it all, the price of gold holds up well.

or cold promptly and prevent complications. It is soothing and antiseptic and makes you feel better at once. To delay is dangerous—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles at your druggist.

Summer Coughs Are Dangerous.
Summer colds are dangerous. They indicate low vitality and often lead to serious Throat and Lung Troubles, including Consumption. Dr. King's

Has Your Child Worms?
Most children do. A coated, furred Tongue; Strong Breath; Stomach Pains; Circles under Eyes; Pale, Sallow Complexion; Nervous, Fretful; Grinding of Teeth; Tossing in Sleep; Peculiar Dreams—any one of these indicate Child has Worms. Get a box of Kickapoo Worm Killer at once. It kills the Worms—the cause of your child's condition. Is Laxative and aids Nature to expel the Worms. Supplied in candy form. Easy for children to take. 25c., at your Druggist.

Professional Cards

Dr. L. H. Allen
Eye Specialist
Office Over C. F. Neese's Store
Burlington, N. C.

J. P. Spoon, D. V. S.
W. A. Hornaday, D. V. M.
Spoon & Hornaday
Veterinarians
Office and Hospital Office Phone 371
415 Main St. Residence Phone 282

C. A. Anderson M. D.
Office hours 1 to 2 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.
First National Bank Building
Leave day calls at Bradleys Drug Store.

John H. Vernon,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
Burlington, N. C.
Office room 7 and 8 Second
Floor First Nat'l Bank Building
Office phone 337-J Resident
phone 337-L

DR. J. H. BROOKS
Surgeon Dentist
Foster Building
BURLINGTON, N. C.

Dr. Walter E. Walker
Sellers Building
(Up Store)
80-J 8-10 a. m.
PHONES HOURS
80-G 7-8 p. m.

N & W Norfolk & Western

May 10, 1914.
Leave Winston-Salem:
6:50 A. M. daily for Roanoke and intermediate stations. Connect with Main Line trains North, East and West with Pullman Sleeper, Dining Cars.
2:10 P. M. daily for Martinsville, Roanoke, the North and East. Pullman Steel Electric Lighted Sleeper Winston-Salem to Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York.
Dining Cars North of Roanoke.
4:15 P. M. daily for Roanoke and local stations.
Trains arrive Winston-Salem 11:00 A. M., 1:10 P. M., 9:35 P. M.
Trains leave Durham for Roxboro, South Boston and Lynchburg, 6:45 a. m., daily, and 5:30 p. m., daily except Sunday.
W. B. Bevil, Pass. Traff. Mgr.
W. C. Saunders, Gen. Pas. Agt.

Keep Bowel Movement Regular.
Dr. King's New Life Pills keep stomach, liver and kidneys in healthy condition. Rid the body of poisons and waste. Improve your complexion by flushing the liver and kidneys. "I got more relief from one box of Dr. King's New Life Pills than any medicine I ever tried," says C. E. Hatfield, of Chicago, Ill. 25c., at your druggist.

BUCHANAN'S
5, 10 & 25 Cent Store.

Something new every day in the year.
Give your Nickels, Dimes and Quarters a chance.
Cost of high living reduced to
BUCHANAN'S
Whitted Old Stand.
Burlington, N. C.

WAR!

Means higher prices and greater demand for grains. The price of wheat has increased 35 cents, corn 20 cents per bushel.
You can't do better than to hook up to a good grain farm. If we were in the farming business we would grab this one, but since it is our business to sell 'em, we must let her go.
One twenty acre field produced 500 bushels wheat this year. Another field produced 541 bushel oats. There will be 500 bushels of corn with proper season.
The farm is divided into fields with barb wire and American field fence about three miles of fence in all.
Field No. 2.....17 acres.
" " 2.....22 acres.
" " 3.....40 acres In original oak timber and is used for hog pasture.
" " 4.....27 acres.
This farm contains 127 acres. It has a large barn 30 by 50 ft., a tool shed, crib, milk house and three room house. Ever flowing stream through the centre of the farm. In good neighborhood, only one half mile from Friendship, a good state high school, seven and half miles Southwest of Burlington.
We will sell this farm on EASY TERMS, for less than \$30.00 per acre.
An inspection will convince you of the merits of this proposition. Let us show you.

STANDARD REALTY & SECURITY CO.
C. C. FONVILLE, Manager. - - Burlington, N. C.

---6 PER CENT LOANS---

Obtainable on Farm, Ranch or City Property.
To improve, purchase or remove incumbrance; liberal options; 5 years before making payment on principal, etc. For the proposition address:
Assets Dept, at 1410 Busch Bldg.,
DALLAS, TEXAS
or
422-423 First National Bank Bldg.,
DENVER, COLO.

GREAT STATE FAIR
RALEIGH, N. C.
OCT. 19---24, 1914.

Finest attractions this year ever seen at a Southern Fair.
De Lloyd Thompson Leaps the Loop and Flies Up-Side Down in an Aeroplane 2,000 Feet above the Earth.
Gigantic Fireworks Spectacle "Panama in Peace and War."
Climax of new and wonderful effects in pyrotechnics, showing battle of aeroplanes and warships using radium shells.
In addition a \$1,000 display of fireworks nightly.
Flying Herbets—Hatch's Autodrome—Great Calvert—Bennett Brothers Hay Wagon—And Others.
Fast Racing—Big Purses—Good Track.
Better Babies Contest under auspices State Board of Health and Woman's Club of Raleigh.
Huge agricultural displays from all over the State have been booked. Some of the finest stock ever shown in North Carolina already entered for premiums.
Reduced rates, special trains and convenient schedules on all railroads. Write for premium list and full information to
JOSEPH E. FOGUE, Sec.

MAY HAVE CLUES TO THE CRIME.

Man in Florence May Have Assaulted Young Man and Woman.

STILL UNCONSCIOUS.

The Young Woman Was Found Near Cemetery Yesterday Morning.

Durham, Oct. 11.—Miss Lula Powe, a young white woman was found in an unconscious condition in the woods, north-east of Andrews store, which is located at the "cemetery curve" early yesterday morning. The find was by a man who was going to work in one of the factories. Sheriff Harward was telephoned and in company with Dr. Cheatham went to that section. The girl was carried to the Watts Hospital where she is at present. A report from the hospital late last night was to the effect that Miss Powe was still in a semi-conscious condition and had made no statement, relative to the condition and place in which she was found. Her condition is extremely serious but she has an even chance for life.

There is an air of mystery surrounding the crime that no one has yet been able to pierce. The finding of the girl and her condition has caused much speculation but no plausible theory has yet been advanced that throws any light on the matter in the least. The bold facts are that Miss Powell had suffered terribly at the hands of some one but why and by whom is as great a mystery this morning as yesterday.

The young lady's head and face had been terribly beaten. Her features were swollen almost beyond recognition and both eyes were tightly closed. When found she was unconscious and she remained in this state until far into the day. She then showed some signs of "coming to," but has not as yet regained consciousness. While she had been terribly maltreated the skin was broken in but one place. This was a slight scratch on the arm. The head, face, neck and shoulders were badly bruised but the skin was unbroken.

The assault is supposed to have taken place early Friday night. It will be remembered that papers printed the assault on John Thomas yesterday morning. Mr. Thomas was in such a condition when brought to the city Friday night that he did not tell of the assault on the lady. It later developed that the assault was made on Mr. Thomas and Miss Powe at the same time.

The story goes something like this: Mr. Thomas and Miss Powe have been sweethearts for a number of years and have been engaged for some time. Friday night the two visited the fair and tiring of this they decided to take in the movies. With this in view they left the fair enclosure and not finding a street car waiting they decided to walk a part of the distance to the city. Thomas remembers passing the home of Capt. J. R. Wrenn, which is between the park and the cemetery, but from this point the young man's mind is blank and the young lady has not recovered sufficiently to explain what happened after the Wrenn house was passed.

Mr. Thomas was almost as badly handled as was the young lady. The fact that he revived earlier than she is probably because of sex for naturally the man could endure more and recover more quickly than the girl.

When Miss Powe failed to return home Friday night her parents were not especially uneasy. Knowing the relationship between the boy and girl with whom she left home the parents thought they had procured license and married. All this time the girl was lying alone in the woods, her head pillowed on Thomas' coat in an unconscious condition and the man was under treatment in the hospital.

Miss Powe was examined yesterday by Dr. Cheatham and this examination showed that she was uninjured other than the injured received about the head and body. It was at first thought that the girl had been criminally assaulted but the examination proved otherwise.

The officers have absolutely nothing on which to work and the prospects of "rounding up" the guilty party or parties is out of the question at the present time. When Miss Powe

and Mr. Thomas regain their senses they may be able to throw some light on the matter but searching for the guilty parties at present time is similar to hunting for a needle in the proverbial haystack.

Early this morning the police and sheriff were notified by a message from Florence, South Carolina, that a man was under arrest in that town who might be the one who committed such a brutal assault on Mr. John Thomas and Miss Lula Powe near the cemetery some time Friday night.

The report which reached the Durham officers said that a man had been arrested there on a charge of hobnobbing. When arrested the man let it out to the officers that he had just left Durham and was wanted for assaulting a man and woman and robbing them.

While the clues to the perpetrator of the malignant assault on the two young people seems a rather far fetched one, the officers will investigate, for so far that is the only intimation they have that would lead them to a solution of this which is one of the most mysterious crimes that has ever been committed in Durham. It is possible for a man to be in Durham one night, get out on the east bound morning train to Selma and get into Florence on the Coast Line that night.

BOY HELD IN FLORENCE HARDLY CONNECTED WITH THE BRUTAL CRIME.

Durham, October 12.—Mystery still shrouds the deadly assault that was made by unknown persons on Miss Lula Powe and Mr. John Thomas last Friday night. The boy being held in Florence, S. C., is not thought by the officers to be connected in any way with the case, although his statements are still being investigated. In the meanwhile Miss Powe lies at the Watts Hospital with a wandering mind and Mr. Thomas is slowly but surely recovering. Dr. Hill, superintendent of Watts Hospital, stated this afternoon in his opinion that neither will die, although it is admitted that Miss Powe's condition is grave. Hospital authorities feel that she is some better, although recovery in her case is slow.

COMPLETE MYSTERY.

Thus far the terrible tragedy remains a mystery. There are no clues to give the officers a start and it is rumored that citizens interested in the case will obtain detectives to come to this city and assist the officers. The case is one that has completely baffled the city and county authorities and they admit that the chances for running down the criminals in the case are small. So far as can be learned there is not a single clue as to who committed the crime.

ANOTHER VIEW.

Physicians attending the couple this afternoon state that it is possible that no drug was used, advancing the idea that both Miss Powe and Mr. Thomas were beaten insensible, instead of drugged. Dr. Hill stated this afternoon that he now thought this was the case, rather than the theory that a drug did the work. If a drug was used it is now the unanimous opinion that it was chloroform, although the physicians state that only experts can use it to advantage.

NEGRO SAW COUPLE.

A negro woman that cooks for a prominent family in the Lakewood sections, reports that she passed along near the ravine returning to her home when she heard groans and horrible sounds. She reported then to a negro man who went to investigate and found both Miss Powe and Mr. Thomas. It is understood that he reports Mr. Thomas having been in his right mind enough to ask him to go for help. The negro became frightened over the condition and fearing he would be arrested in connection with the case ran without reporting his find. The officers are investigating the story, which may possibly lead to a clue.

THE RESULT.

The result of the negro running may cause the death of Miss Powe. Lying upon the damp ground for over ten hours, she was numb and chilled when found. She had remained unconscious for so many hours that restora-

tion to health is a task that physicians are laboring at with untiring energy. Could she have only been found sooner, it is probable that her condition would have not been so critical.

NOTHING NEW.

Mr. Thomas cannot throw any additional light on the case. He is fast recovering, although he cannot remember just how the assault came about. He does not remember anything that happened until late Saturday when he awoke to himself to find that he was in the Watts Hospital. Miss Powe is still incapable of making any statement. Her mind goes and come in flashes. She knows but very little of what is going on around her and her mind wanders in many different channels.

BOY DIDN'T MENTION CASE.

The boy held in Florence, S. C., is hardly connected with the case according to authorities. He is only a lad in knee pants and was picked up in Florence on a charge of larceny. He boasted of various crimes he had committed, but at first did not mention the assault of Friday night. He is still being held and should anything connecting him with the brutal attack of Miss Powe and Mr. Thomas be learned he will be brought to this city.

DURHAM PEOPLE INDIGNANT.

Durham people in general are indignant over the horrible crime never before in the history of Durham has anything of a like nature occurred and the mystery surrounding it makes the indignation of residents of this city even greater. Every one is anxious for the officers to gain a clue that will aid them in bringing to light something of a definite nature. In justice to the officers they are doing all in their power, as the mystery could not have been greater in any case of recent history.

WILL CONTINUE SEARCH.

The search for the criminals committing the act is not to be stopped. It will be carried on with increased vigor. Every little detail that comes to light is being run to earth with

effectiveness. The idea of getting bloodhounds to attempt to catch those connected with the crime has been advanced and the authorities may take this course although it is something since the assault was made and the tracks are doubtless covered already.

"Don't you think those lovers will get off the steps soon?" queried the new burglar.

"No, I just heard him say that was the last kiss. They'll be an hour yet."—Kansas City Journal.

"Come on, Bill," whispered the old burglar, in disgust. "It's no use wasting time here."

A Missouri woman, in whose breast Kipling's "a rag and a bone and hand of hair," has been rankling for some years now, counters with "a jag, a drone and a tank of air," which will probably detain Ruddy some.

YOUR attention is respectfully called to an important point not generally known, that a laxative should be a tonic element to successfully meet constipation.

Mr. John B. Capers, of 610 Pecan St., Fort Worth, Texas, had a significant experience in this particular. He was afflicted with a severe case of constipation and bowel trouble. He spent a good deal of money in trying to find a remedy. To his astonishment Peruna very quickly relieved

him of his bad symptoms. This happened a number of years ago. Since then, Mr. Capers states that he has had similar attacks of trouble, the prominent symptom of which is constipation, and has always found prompt and efficient relief from Peruna. He says: "Up to the time I started using your Peruna I could drink castor oil like water. It did no good. As for salts, they were of no use. Physes of all kinds and classes were used, but we had to call on the fountain syringe for help." Peruna was able to correct this condition completely in Mr. Capers' case, and there is every reason to believe that it was the tonic qualities of Peruna, added to the laxative qualities, that procured this very desirable result.



AID THE KIDNEYS.

Burlington Sufferers Should Take No Further Risk.

Why will people continue to suffer the agonies of kidney complaint, backache, urinary disorders, lameness, headaches, languor—why allow themselves to become chronic invalids, when a tested remedy is offered them?

Doan's Kidney Pills have been used in kidney trouble over 50 years, have been tested in thousands of cases.

If you have any, even one, of the symptoms of kidney diseases, act now, for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease may set in and make neglect dangerous. Can Burlington residents demand more convincing proof than the following?:

E. P. Land, bookkeeper, 109 Eouth Edgewood St., Greensboro, N. C., says: "Four or five years ago I had kidney trouble. I was often dizzy and nervous. My sight blurred and my back hurt me. It was hard for me to straighten after stooping. Doan's Kidney Pills made me better. I still use them once in a while and they keep me well. I am pleased to confirm the statement I gave some time ago, praising this remedy."

50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Land had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Same Old Bill; but badly battered up—again.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

REFORMED CHURCH,

Corner Front and Anderson Streets.

Rev. D. C. Cox.

Sunday School every Sabbath at 9:45 A. M.

Preaching every First and Third Sabbath at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Mid-Week Service every Wednesday, 7:30 P. M.

Everyone Welcome.

Parsonage Corner Front and Trolinger Streets.

HOCUTT MEMORIAL BAPTIST CHURCH,

Adams Avenue and Hall Street.

Rev. James W. Rose, Pastor.

Preaching every Fourth Sunday at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 A. M.

Prayer Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 P. M.

Ladies' Aid Society First Sunday Afternoon.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Church of The Holy Comforter.

The Rev. John Benners Gibble, Rector.

Services every Sunday, 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Holy Communion: First Sunday, 11:00 A. M., Third Sunday, 7:30 A. M.

Holy and Saint's Days, 10:00 A. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

The public is cordially invited. All Pews Free. Fine Vested Choir.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Corner Church and Davis Streets.

Rev. A. B. Kendall, Pastor.

Preaching every Sunday 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. John R. Foster, Superintendent.

Christian Endeavor services Sunday Evenings at 6:45.

Mid-Week Prayer Service, every Wednesday at 7:30 P. M.

Ladies' Aid and Missionary Society meets on Monday, after the Second Sunday in each month.

A cordial invitation extended to all. A Church Home for Visitors and for Strangers.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Donald McIver, Pastor.

Services every Sunday at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. B. R. Sellars, Superintendent.

Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 7:30 P. M.

The Public is cordially invited to all services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. M. W. Buck, Pastor.

Sunday Worship, 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. J. L. Scott, Superintendent

Praise and Prayer Services, Wednesday at 7:30 P. M.

Christian Culture Class, Saturday at 3:00 P. M.

Church Conference, Wednesday before First Sunday of each month, 7:30 P. M.

Observance of Lord's Supper, First Sunday in each month.

Woman's Union, First Monday of each Month, 3:30 P. M.

THE METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.

East Davis Street.

Rev. George L. Curry, Pastor.

Prayer Meeting, Wednesday 7:30 P. M.

Ladies' Aid and Missionary Societies every Monday afternoon after First Sunday in each month.

Christian Endeavor Society meets at 6:30 Every Sunday Evening.

Sunday School, 9:30 A. M. J. G. Rogers, Superintendent.

Good Baraca and Philathea Classes.

You are invited to attend all these services.

MACEDONIA LUTHERAN CHURCH,

Front Street.

Rev. T. S. Brown, Pastor.

Morning Service 11:00 A. M. Vespers 7:30 P. M.

Services every Sunday except the morning of Third Sunday.

Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. Prof. J. B. Robertson, Supt.

Teachers' Meeting Wednesday 7:30 P. M. (Pastor's Study).

Woman's Missionary Society, First Thursday, Monthly, 3:30 P. M.

L. C. B. Society, Second Thursday, Monthly, 7:30 P. M.

Young People's Meeting, Second Sunday at 3 P. M.

FRONT STREET M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Rev. D. H. Tuttle Pastor.

Peace to those who enter. Blessings to those who go.

Preaching every Sunday, 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Sacrament of the Lord's Supper with offering for Church charities, First Sunday in each month.

Sunday School, every Sunday, 9:30 A. M.

Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, 8:00 P. M.

Board of Stewards meet on Monday 8:00 P. M., after Fourth Sunday in each month.

Woman's Missionary Society meets 4:00 P. M., on Monday, after 1st and 3rd Sundays.

Parsonage, corner W. Davis and Hoke Streets.

Pastor's Telephone, No. 168. Ring—Talk—Hang Up—"Busy."

WEBB AVENUE M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

Rev. F. B. Noblett, Pastor.

Preaching every first Sunday at 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Second Sunday at 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School every Sunday at 10:00 A. M.

A. M. H. F. Moore, Superintendent. Everybody Welcome.

::: A Bargain Counter House :::



Is generally a pretty dear one. Sometimes, however, property can be had much below its real value. We have a couple of houses on our lists that we consider real bargains. Suppose you drop in and have us tell you about them. We will make the terms as right as the houses and their prices.

Alamance Insurance & Real Estate Co.
W. E. SHARPE, Manager.
Burlington, ::: ::: North Carolina.

RALPH'S PLACE.

The only cash store in town, nothing charged, nothing delivered. When you trade at Ralph's Place, you do not have to pay others peoples bad debts. Full line fruits, candies, cakes, crackers, salted and roasted peanuts fresh all the time, all kinds cold drinks, tobacco, cigars, snuff, canned goods, coffees, oranges and apples.

MISS LILLIE SHATTERLY, Mgr.
RALPH'S PLACE, The Ladies Store.

The Twice-A-Week Dispatch

Published Every Tuesday and Friday

The State Dispatch Publishing Co., Burlington, N. C.

Office, First Floor, Rialto Building, Telephone No. 265.

Subscription, One Dollar per year, payable in advance.

All communications in regard to other news items or business matters should be addressed to The State Dispatch Publishing Co., and not to any individual connected with the paper.

All news notes and communications of importance must be signed by the writer. We are not responsible for opinions of the correspondents.

Subscribers will take notice that no account for subscription for The State Dispatch will be honored at this office unless it is numbered with stamped figures.

Entered as second-class matter May 10, 1902, at the post office at Burlington, North Carolina, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Our Standard-Bearers

For United States Senator: A. A. WHITENER, of Catawba County.

For Congress: JOHN T. BENBOW, of Forsyth County.

For Superior Court Judge: J. A. GILES, of Durham County.

For State Solicitor: W. I. WARD, of Alamance County.

For State Senators: C. J. YARBOROUGH, of Caswell County. E. S. MILLER, of Durham County.

COUNTY TICKET:

For Legislature: T. C. CARTER.

For Clerk of Court: J. E. STAFFORD.

For Sheriff: W. E. WHITE.

For Register of Deeds: W. ROSS FRESHWATER.

For Treasurer: C. B. WAY.

For County Commissioners: (Left Column)

For County Commissioners: (Right Column)

For County Commissioners: R. T. KERNOLLE, G. W. VESTAL, C. C. ALBRIGHT, J. H. TURNER, A. K. RONEY.

We ask the support of the electorate of the State, the Judicial and Senatorial Districts, and of Alamance County for the above Nominees and believe that you will be serving the best interest of the State as well as yourselves to give them your support!

Resolutions and Platform Of Alamance County Republicans.

We, the Republicans of Alamance County, in Mass Convention assembled in the County Court House, at Graham, N. C., Saturday, October 3rd, 1914, do declare, affirm and adopt the following resolutions as our party platform, and pledge ourselves, if returned to power in this county, that we will use our best endeavor to have the same enacted into law, and that we will faithfully keep this covenant.

1st. We favor the abolition of the office of County Treasurer, this office is useless and unnecessary and a heavy burden upon the tax-payers of the county. The banks of the county will be glad to handle the County funds free of charge in order to get the county business, thus affecting a large saving to the tax payers.

2nd. We favor the election of the County Board and Superintendent of Public Education by a direct vote of

the people, in this way only can we bring our educational system up to the highest state of efficiency. We believe that every parent should have a voice as to whom they entrust with the care and education of their children.

3rd. We favor a complete reorganization of the county road system, in order that every section of our county may share alike. We are opposed to the warning in system now in effect, whereby some have to work, and some do not. We favor the taxation system under which no favoritism can be shown. We are opposed to listing and collecting the road tax separately and apart from the poll and property tax, but favor the listing of the road tax at the same time and in the same manner as the poll and property tax is now listed, and collecting it in the same way; we favor working all public roads by the contract system, the roads to be laid out in sections of so many miles each, the sections to be let out under contract to the lowest bidder per mile, all contracts to be under the direct supervision of the County Superintendent of Roads, or a competent engineer, said contracts to run for two years with the option of renewal for another two years at the same price, provided the contractor has complied strictly with the specifications of his contract, this provision will be an incentive for the contractor to render good and faithful service in order that he may reap the benefit of his past two years work. We also favor permanent constructive road work by the county convict force, to the end that we may get the full benefit of their up-keep, instead of losing from one to two days work in each week by constantly moving them from one place to another, and in some instances from one remote part of the county to another remote part in the same week, and while it seems to be the general rule under Democratic administrations for laboring men to work only four days or less in the week, we are opposed to putting the county convict force upon this basis at the expense of the tax payers of the county.

4th. We are opposed to the extravagant and inefficient management of our county affairs, whereby we are piling up a large and burdensome debt for future generations to pay, we favor a strict economical pay as you go administration and pledge our best efforts to this end.

5th. We are in favor of the greatest publicity in the management of our county affairs, we believe that the tax payers who pay the money to run the county government are entitled to know how the affairs of the County are being conducted, that they should be taken into the confidence of the county officials and fully informed regarding all matters affecting their interests, we are opposed to secrecy and know-nothingism as now practiced by the present county administration, and condemn the present county officials for their unwarranted and high-handed action in refusing to make public the saving effected to the tax payers by the adoption of the salary system as against the old fee system. Their action refusing to make public this information is a reflection upon their integrity, and inexcusable from even a partisan standpoint.

6th. We favor publishing a statement at least once each year showing the receipts and from what source derived of all monies and other property coming into the County Treasury, as well as the disbursements and for what purpose disbursed. This is the only way the tax payers can tell how the financial affairs of the County are being conducted. We condemn the present county officials for their failure and refusal to do this thereby keeping the tax payers in the dark as to the true financial condition of the county.

7th. We are opposed to court house cliques and rings who use the prestige of their official position and patronage to stifle ambition in the young manhood and citizenship of the county, in order that they may not have opposition for re-nomination to their respective positions. This practice is most rampant in this good County of Alamance, and should be discouraged by all fair-minded citizens regardless

of their political affiliation. If this platform of party pledges and principles appeals to you as being fair, just, and to the best interests of the citizens and tax payers of this county, we ask your support for the party who promulgated them and are in favor of their adoption. The most effective weapon in politics is a vote at the polls, to which party will you give it?

(Editor's Note) Those who favor all or any part of the above, and intend to support all or any part of the Republican County Ticket, will please communicate such intention to The Dispatch, either by mail, in person, or over the phone. All information given will be regarded as strictly confidential.

"AMONG THE MISSING."

Truly the present political campaign is a remarkable one. Remarkable because the Democrats are in power nationally and are consequently on the defensive, remarkable for the lack of interest in politics, but particularly remarkable for the style of language used by Democratic newspapers and speakers.

Instead of violent personal abuse of rival candidates and bitter attacks on Republicans and Republican measures they are discussing "The amendments," "Thanking God for Wilson," talking about "the war" and explaining why cotton is about to go to five cents a pound.

In the olden days such terms as "revenue doodlers," "stamp lickens," "lung smellers," "pie hunters," "Pie brigade," "office seekers," "office-holders" were on the tongue of every Democratic speaker and in the pages of every Democratic newspaper. And now, how the mighty have fallen. As most of the orators and a good many of the editors have comfortable seats themselves at the pie counter they are estopped from firing their main batteries of ridicule and abuse. And so our old friends the familiar expressions above quoted are missing from their tongues and pens.

Why the Raleigh News and Observer doesn't look a bit the same! Except from date lines and its local news one would recognize it. Since the puissant Josephus to quote one of his favorite expressions of former times, "hit in the belly with a piece of bread" the rearing lamb has become a cooing dove. A \$12,000 salary in these times of Democratic prosperity is enough though to make any old lion cough, so we will have to praise Josephus as long as that, and spread his oil.

Another old lion who will not cough readily is of your ilk the Hon. Robert Demaree Gleason. This greatest exponent of them all, who could talk the hour in some of Republican-speech holders, "pie hunters", etc., will now have to keep quiet in several different languages. Of all the pieces of Democratic pie dished out in North Carolina he has grabbed about the best piece. Drawing a fat salary of some seven or eight thousand dollars a year and having to work not half the time he surely has got "his'n". Still it must be a sore trial to Bellowing Bob not to be able to lambast the officeholders.

In conclusion let us not forget Josiah William Bailey. Josiah William is now going about the State discussing the amendments and declaiming on the beauties of the Wilson administration, one of which blessings, the collectorship of Internal Revenue he is pressing fondly to his burning heart.

And so it is all along the line, Daniels, Glenn, Winston, Bailey, Watts, Hale, Crewson and many other doughty champions of Democracy are reciting in full chorus:

Office-holding bear in mind Depend somewhat on tide and time. When we are out, it is a shame, When we are in there is none to blame.

We learn that Mr. H. Curry Walker is making an aggressive campaign for the position of high sheriff of Alamance county. He is running upon the independent Democratic ticket, steering clear of factions, cliques, rings, and other entangling alliances, if this kind of candidate suits you, give him your support.

WHY ALAMANCE SHOULD GO REPUBLICAN.

There are plenty of reasons why Alamance County should give a Republican majority, so many in fact, that we cannot give them all at one time. One of the strongest thoughts that occurs to us is that Alamance is mainly a manufacturing county and therefore its voters ought to show their disapproval of the Democratic policy of free trade and low tariff. Major Stedman who will presently ask for your votes supported and voted for the Simmons-Underwood tariff law, which has already done so much harm to the country and will do more if it is not gotten rid of. If you vote for Stedman you are voting to continue low tariff and hard times. If you vote for John T. Benbow the Republican nominee, who is a man of good sense and fine character, you will be protesting against low priced cotton, against closed down mills and poor demand for cotton goods. Our farmers in Alamance ought to vote the Republican ticket, because when the manufacturing people suffer they feel it too. The towns are where the farmer sells his products and if the people who depend on the factories are not making any money, how can they pay the farmer good prices for his goods, therefore every man who wants the blessings of prosperity should work and vote for the Republican ticket.

We cannot believe that our neighbor, The News, is so devoid of gentleman instincts as to stand by his charge contained in his paper of the 14th inst., wherein he tries to put the blame for the appearance of an attack upon the court house ring which appeared in The News under the date of the 7th, inst upon the young man who is a candidate for County Treasurer. Upon cool second thought we believe that our personal friend, Mr. O. F. Crewson, the editor, will feel that he has done this young man who is a candidate for County Treasurer, an injustice and that he will gladly make the proper and necessary amends. We will have something to say upon this subject later, but will wait for the next issue of The News before we say it, and if the proper amends are given we may not say it. The time has passed, if it ever existed, that a man can wilfully make a false charge against a man running for office, just because that man happens to differ with him upon matters political. Mr. Crewson knows that this young man had nothing to do with the article, and he knows that the Editor of The Dispatch knows so, too. In fact he knows that I know all about the matter, therefore, I believe that he will make honorable retraction and end an unfortunate affair. We shall see.

Mr. Editor:

In your editorial note of recent date you stated there is supposed to be a law requiring our county officials to publish an itemized statement of the receipts and disbursements of all monies passing through their hands. Mr. John H. Vernon, the Democratic candidate for the legislature is county attorney and is supposed to look after the interest of the county in every way possible. Why should he fail to advise the county officials to comply with the requirements of the law? When the clerk to the Board of County Commissioners demanded fees in addition to his salary where was Mr. Vernon that he allowed the tax payers' money to be squandered in such a way as that? Both he and the county commissioners should be held responsible to the voters of Alamance County. Instead of advising the county officials to comply with the law, he allowed some of them to take advantage of some technicality in their favor when some of the officials complained about the "small salaries," as they called them, saying they could not live on such a meagre allowance, the Hon. Mr. Vernon, I have been informed, came to their aid by endorsing a petition to the Legislature to increase their salaries. Mr. Vernon has been awarded the nomination for that and other valuable service to the inner circle of the Democratic party in Alamance County. If our county officials should be re-elected and Mr. Vernon should be, some unforeseen

accident be elected to the Legislature then fellow voters and tax payers you may look out for some special legislation in the interest of these certain county officials, who say they cannot live decently on their present salaries.

TAX PAYER.

Year 1914 Long Meter.

Arise let all voters sing We are going to burst the court house ring.

Let everybody take a look A farewell to the old Kitchen Cook We have watched the ring with eager eyes,

Dividing out the party pies. We are sick and tired we want a rest Give us a Walker plainly dressed, A man that's honest to the core,

At home, in cornfield, saw mill and store. At Church, in chapel, he will not shirk

To do his part of hard, honest work. We voters want this circle broke, November will give it a fearful stroke Regardless of party, united we'll sing Farewell to the court house ring.

—S. D. G.

Editor Dispatch:

I want to say a few words in regard to Mr. W. R. Freshwater, the candidate for Register of Deeds on the Republican ticket, in your county. He is an honor to any party or any business that is transacted in your county, and is an all around O. K. man.

J. P. TEER, P. M., Teer, N. C.

Caswell Convention.

The Republicans and Progressives of Caswell county are called to meet at Rascoe's Store Saturday October 17, 3 p. m., for the purpose of deciding as to the advisability of putting out a county ticket to be voted for at the coming election. If it is decided to nominate a county ticket, the ticket will be named at this meeting. Let everybody who is opposed to the Democratic county ticket in Caswell county come out to this convention, the convention will be held rain or shine, everybody welcome.

W. FLOYD DAVIS, Chm.

Let no one deceive you by saying that all is not harmony within the ranks of the Republicans and Progressives.

We are all pulling together for the common good of our county and its fair name. Not only this but men of influence in the financial affairs of the county are with us, and you will hear the rattling of the dry bones as the days of November are gone. Do you catch this.

A vote for Ross Freshwater is a vote for publicity in all matters affecting the interests of the tax payers of Alamance County. If you want to know how your county affairs are being conducted vote for W. Ross Freshwater for Register of Deeds.

Rascoe's Store is the place, Saturday, October 17th, 3:00 P. M., is the time for the Republican and Progressive meeting to nominate a county ticket for Caswell county. This is an important matter. Every body invited.

Says the Candian minister of militia: "We can supply the government with 500,000 picked men." Some of them would have to be picked very green, and some of the other extreme.

(Political Advertising)

TO THE VOTERS OF ALAMANCE COUNTY.

At the solicitation of my many Democratic and Republican friends I hereby announce myself an independent candidate for Sheriff of Alamance County, and solicit the support of all the voters and pledge to them, if elected, an honest and impartial administration of the office, and assure them I will make a change in the Deputies of the county.

H. CURRIE WALKER, Graham, N. C.

State Council, Jr. O. U. A. M. Paul Jones, State Councilor.

Tarboro, N. C., Oct. 10, 1914.

To the Members of the Jr. O. U. A. M., of North Carolina:

On the 3rd day of next November, there will be submitted to the people of North Carolina for their approval or disapproval, an amendment to the State Constitution, which if carried will increase the present term of the public schools from four months each year to six months each year.

Article IX, Section 3, reads as follows:

"Each County of the State shall be divided into a convenient number of districts in which one or more schools shall be maintained as least four months in every year."

The proposed amendment simply changes the word "four" to the word "six."

The Junior Order stands for the Public Schools and has in the past shown its faith by its works, and any change that will be for the good of the present system and insure to the children of the State more schools and better schools, the Order stands pledged to support.

Regardless of creed or politics, I take this opportunity of urging all loyal Juniors to support this amendment.

Fraternally yours, (Signed) PAUL JONES, State Councilor.

An Independent South.

If the South were as independent in its political convictions as the North—swinging first to one side and then another—we could get some government relief to this cotton situation.

But Congress of Congress—and especially Northern Congressmen—know that the South isn't to be considered politically, and no matter how much she is neglected will be found to "line up" when election time comes.

This is the part of American which is hurt most by the European war. If the North or the West were as hard hit in their respective products as we are in cotton, they would have had relief weeks ago.

Closing Session of Y. M. C. A. Conference.

Elon College, Oct. 11.—Tonight at 9 o'clock the final word of the Y. M. C. A. conference of the State was spoken and thus ended what has declared to be one of the best conventions ever held.

More than 500 delegates and students crowded the college auditorium this morning at 9:30 for the Bible Study Class by Dr. W. J. Weatherford, of Nashville, Tenn., and to all present there was a bit of information and sincere study as the gifted teacher taught great lessons about the Holy Writ. He discussed the various religious beliefs not for antagonism, but to bring to the students the why and how to meet the inquiring mind of the world.

Rev. C. G. Hounsshell, student secretary for North Carolina, whose headquarters is in New York, addressed the conference at the 11 o'clock hour in the stead of Dr. Weatherford, who was detained on that hour by another engagement. Mr. Hounsshell's message was the "All Sufficient Power of Christ," and for nearly one hour he spoke with great eloquence and power to an attentive audience. His plea throughout the discourse was for the relying of self upon the great savior of the world Whose love is sufficient for all, Whose life is an example for all nations, and Whose deeds among men set the finest precepts of Christian living.

Rev. J. O. Atkinson, D. D., pastor of the college church, addressed the conference at 2:30 p. m., on a most attractive theme, "Hungering for Hell." The speaker was at his best and gave to the conference a masterly sermon for right living, a high and elevated life, sincerity of purpose and greatness of character.

The last speaker of the conference, whose theme was "The Ministry as a Life's Calling," was Dr. W. D. Weatherford who spoke at 3 p. m. He had a message for all and handled his theme with convincing power.

VIGGS' Compound SALVE

EMPLOYED MAN MOST IN DANGER.

Farmer Better Off Than Some Other Folks is View of Dr. A. B. Hawkins.

Dr. A. B. Hawkins has been doing some thinking in the cotton question and has had some correspondences on the subject with his nephew, Mr. Fred Hawking, president of the Third National Bank of Atlanta. Writing the Atlanta banker he maintains that now is the time when economy must be practiced and when farmers must go to work and arrange to raise every necessary product of provision. Dr. Hawkins takes a position somewhat different from that taken by a great many of those who have studied the subject but he presents his case strongly and his letter will be found of interest as follows:

Mr. Frank Hawkins, President, Third National Bank,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Frank:

I have long since come to the conclusion, and am still of that opinion that the present crop of cotton will not average over eight cents. Why? For the reason that there are at least fifteen million bales of cotton made, two million bales of old cotton still on hand; the spindles of the United States cannot possibly consume over seven or eight millions for the next twelve months with scarcely any being exported, still leaving in the United States over seven millions of bales that there is no demand for.

Suppose money were furnished by the Government or by the banks to buy and hold this cotton, would that create a price for it? Suppose the banks of Georgia were to buy every bale made in that State, would that diminish the consumption in that State? Say that Georgia made two millions of bales and that the commission men were to buy the whole of it, the only thing they could do would be to hold it for two years and say to the farmers of Georgia: "We have two million bales on hand and we, the bankers of Georgia, will not lend you one cent if you plant more than from three to five acres of land in cotton to each and every mule during the present year and in lieu thereof you shall plant the same quantity of land in corn, wheat and oats that you formerly had in cotton. If during the next twelve months there is only a small quantity of cotton exported from the United States we will still have a yearly supply of cotton still on hand." Every man, woman and child in Georgia might buy a bale of cotton and if they can't export it, or manufacture it, it does not improve the situation one iota. It is just "robbing Peter to pay Paul." The bales of cotton are still in Georgia in some shape or other with no way to get rid of it.

Every State in the South that makes cotton is in the same condition. It is immaterial how much money you get from Washington or how many pools are being made or how much cotton they buy, it don't diminish the quantity of cotton.

The banks that go into this business will have their money tied up if they deal in cotton or advance to cotton planters and will not be able to get it out or much of the interest in eighteen months. You may go to New York every month and you could be like the fly in the meshes of the spider's web. Every planter who is in condition to hold his cotton should do so, and not to call or depend upon either the banks or the government to help him. He should join in with them.

PLANTERS IN BEST CONDITION.

The planters are in better condition today than any class of people, the bankers not excepted, for each and every one of them has his home and at the present price of every variety of product that is grown and made on a farm, can soon right himself. But it is the mechanic, or the salaried man of the country, the man who has been thrown out of employment, without getting any sustenance from his usual routine of life who has to suffer.

When you take into consideration, herein North Carolina, that we have 14,174 automobiles, costing at least one-fourth of all the cotton mills in North Carolina, giving employment chiefly to pleasure seekers, this is no benefit to the people nor to the country and as long as you listen to the cotton planters, who are not to be listened to, as I have said before, for they have every way to fight themselves.

The cotton crop that is now being made in the United States is ample for all purposes for us here, for the next two years, and there is no use of talking about the banks manipulating the price of cotton that is utterly impossible. If the war had never existed, with the present crop and the present old cotton on hand, the cotton could not have gone over nine cents and now what is the United States to do?

We have got to use every economical way that we possibly know. Farmers have got to go to work as early as possible and make every necessary product of provision. This the machinists and salaried men cannot do.

If they are indebted to an extent that 8 cent cotton will produce, then they have got to remain so, and you any every banker and every member of congress cannot help the matter one iota. Economy in every walk of life should be exercised and that each and every family has got to be its own judge. We are now confronted with an unique condition of life which has never happened before. The United States seems to think that the price of cotton and the condition of cotton is the sole object that the President and every member of Congress and every banker is to look after. Such is not the case.

WEST AND NORTHWEST CITED.

The West and Northwest is in splendid condition, and the South in a measure has got to be driven to the same condition and put in a like position. As I have said before, the 14,176 automobiles in North Carolina, which number is increasing daily, is giving great employment to the West and Northwest to the detriment of the cotton planter and of the South generally. I am glad to see that you have four bales of cotton in your front porch, but that is not a drop in the bucket, and you and all other monied men of the country cannot put the price of cotton up. It is going to stand at eight cents or not over nine until a way is devised for what cotton is already on the market and soon will be on our hands. If these fifteen or sixteen million bales of cotton is in the United States, it does not matter in whose hands nor in what shape it is in; it is here and is going to stay, and not going higher in price.

You may make up your mind that any planter who is indebted to your bank will not get over eight cents for any of his cotton, and as soon as the planter recognizes this fact, and becomes reconciled to it, the better it will be for us all. If it leaves him in debt, that is the fault of the condition of the country which neither the planter nor the banker could foresee.

THE MAN WHO NEEDS RELIEF.

But the planter is not the man that so much stress should be put upon to be relieved. It is the man who is thrown out of employment of every description who is in the situation that he cannot right himself up, as the planter can do. The people ought to stop howling about the condition of the planter. No man is in a better condition today than the

planter and still he wants to make himself out in a worse condition than the machinist or the salaried man who are thrown out of employment.

Every planter in the South can soon right himself. Those that cannot are few and far between. It is the man thrown out of employment, without means or opportunities for making a living that is destitute and these are the people the government should look after.

Up to the 7th of this month, in round numbers, only 181,000 bales have been exported. This against 1,300,000 bales last year. If this diminution in ratio is continue for the next three or four months, the price of cotton will not exceed six cents in May. Recollect the great crop of corn that was made in Kansas and Nebraska several years ago that brought the price of corn down to fifteen cents per bushel.

In 1897, seventeen years ago, eleven million bales of cotton were made and sold, on an average, at five cents per pound. Now we have fifteen million bales to be sold, with only 181,000 bales exported as against 1,300,000 last year.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Daniel Malone spent Sunday ring will not belittle him in the eyes of the voters and tax payers of this good county of Alamance. Issues, character, and what a man is, will county in this campaign more than any that has been fought in a long time. Curry Walker's friends will work for him the harder, because of all these mean low flings to destroy his standing and influence.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Morgan spent Sunday with friends at Friendship.

Miss Bessie Wilson is spending a few days in Greensboro with friends.

Mr. L. E. Gross is at home from Greensboro this week, on the sick list.

Misses Nina Ingle and Lois Benbow are spending the week in Greensboro.

Quite a number of people from here went to Greensboro this week for the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Nicholson and little daughter, Dorothy, spent yesterday in Greensboro.

Mr. J. C. Buchanan is on the northern market this week buying stock for the new store at Raleigh.

Mr. E. T. Gross returned to Norfolk Wednesday after a two weeks visit here to his parents.

Dr. H. M. Moore left Tuesday for New York where he goes to take up additional work in electro-theapeutics.

Miss Annie Dewie Chambers, of Charlotte, came in on the 10:25 train to be the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. S. Holt, Jr.

Mr. C. B. Ellis has made some improvements on his store by adding a new front and placing the door at the side, making the entire front a display window.

Rev. H. E. Gurney, of Monroe will conduct a series of meetings at the Presbyterian Church, beginning next Monday night. The services will be at 7:30 and 9:30 P. M. Mr. Gurney has been a resident of this State about five years. His former home was Binghamton, N. Y.

The public is invited to hear him.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Elbridge Foust and children desire to use this means whereby to express their gratitude to many friends for kindness bestowed on them during the sickness and death of their beloved father and husband, Elbridge Foust, and pray that He who said "Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy," shall ever be their help and comfort.

The efforts of The News to belittle and slander Curry Walker, the independent candidate for sheriff, will prove a boomerang. Curry Walker is too well known for such methods to succeed. Why say such things any way, just because this man has seen fit to run for the office of high sheriff of Alamance county, has a man not the right to run for anything he may please, even if it is only to catch a train without the partisan press saying uncomplimentary things about him. Curry Walker, so his neighbors say, have always acted in a manner becoming a gentleman, and the fact that he is bucking the court house

What a lot of good Indians there will be in Europe presently!



Young Man, Do you ever stop to think and consider the future—the obligation upon every self-respecting citizen to provide happiness for his family?

You can't expect to provide happiness with an empty pocket.

BEGIN to save NOW—deposit a dollar or more in this bank each week and watch your account grow.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

The bank that your UNCLE SAM patronizes.
Burlington, North Carolina.

Our foreign friends will yet have good times. After the cruel war is over every American who can raise five hundred dollars will want to go over there to see the ruins. The tourist business will be the finest ever.

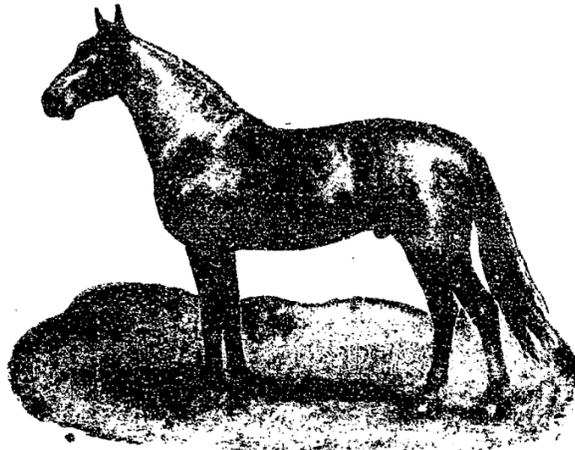
Father—"Son, can't you possibly cut down your college expenses?"

Son—"I might possibly do without any books."—Hartford Times.

C. H. Cartee & Co.
5-10-25 Store

CORNER FRONT & WORTH STREETS, Burlington, North Carolina.
Quality Merchandise at Popular Price
Your money worth or your money back.

HORSES FOR SALE



We will receive Saturday, Oct. 17th, 10 head good broke farm mules, some good two year old mares, also good brood farm mares.

All stock sold at a small profit. See us before you buy.

TICKLE & CO.,

Dr. J. M. Shoffner's Stable. - - Burlington, N. C.

HOW TO TREAT CROUP EXTERNALLY

Don't dose delicate little stomachs with nauseating drugs—**VICK'S SALVE** will soothe throat and chest; in five minutes the breathing is easy and in fifteen minutes the worst cases are relieved. The heat of the body releases antiseptic vapors which are inhaled with each breath, loosening the tough phlegm and cleansing the air passages. Absolutely harmless, full ingredients on wrapper. At all drug stores, 50c and \$1.00. Liberal sample on request. Vick Chemical Co., Greensboro, N. C.

SOUTHERN BEGS FOR HELP AND SYMPATHY.

Statement of Receipts filed shows Big Loss During September—No Sale For Bonds Due to War.

Raleigh, Oct. 6.—The Corporation Commission today received many protests against the removal of the trains discussed several days ago before the commission.

But while it heard these appeals from the patrons of the Southern Railway it also heard the statement of L. E. Jeffries, who personally appeared for President Fairfax Harrison.

With Mr. Jeffries were Clement C. Manly, of Winston-Salem; G. S. Ferguson, Jr., of Greensboro; T. C. Linn, of Salisbury; O. F. Mason, of Gastonia; E. S. Parker, of Graham, and A. B. Andrews, Jr., of Raleigh.

Mr. Jeffries asked for and was granted the privilege of laying before the commission the condition of the Southern Railway Company which was brought about by the business emergency before us. He stated that he was sent by Mr. Harrison, president of the road, to speak for him and in his behalf and to frankly and freely tell the people of North Carolina of the emergency that now confronts his road. He stated that he came to them as a trustee of the State of North Carolina and its people, who are more vitally interested in the condition of the Southern Railway than its owners, the stockholders. That the public of North Carolina is interested to the extent of every acre of land, every dollar of property that it has along the line of such railroad; that the employes are interested in every dollar earned by the Southern Railway to the extent of 11.55 cents, and that the stockholders, since the organization in 1894, have received in dividends on their stock an average return of only .906 less than one per cent. That, therefore, the public and the men at the throttle, in the shops and on the section, are more cautiously interested in the success of the company than all others. That the serious

fiscal difficulty and, must be met, however disagreeable it may be, the only manner of meeting such emergency is through retrenchment; that it has no other source, for the usual means of increasing its revenues to keep pace with its increasing expenses are closed by the very conditions which have created the emergency. Mr. Jeffries showed to the commission that for the week ending September 21 the gross revenue of the Southern Railway Company had fallen off, as compared with the same week of last year, the sum of \$139,356.00, or 9.98 per cent; that for the three weeks ending September 21, such decreases amounted to \$294,134 in the gross revenue of the company. That this decrease in business cannot be met in any other way than a call on the people of North Carolina and particularly the commission to assist such company in curtailing the demands made upon its revenues.

He filed statements with the commission showing that the Southern Railway Company had, within a period of three years last past been required to expend throughout the south, for new depots, depot facilities, station ground, underpasses, viaducts and other improvements largely of a non-revenue producing kind, the enormous sum of \$13,238,789.21; and statements showing that there are now authorized and under construction on the system such improvements that amount to the further sum of \$4,095,554; and statements showing further that demands are now pending in the south, by governmental agencies such as State Corporation Commissions, cities and towns, and highway and drainage commissions, to the amount of \$8,570,940.54.

Under economical vigilant and energetic management this Fair has become an annual fixture that all our people are justly proud of. As time rolls on, it grows bigger, better and more popular.

Not every fan who sayeth "I told you so," had his wad bet on Boston.

Fourth American Road Congress in Atlanta, Week of Nov. 9.

Postmaster General Burlison takes a deep interest in road improvement and has accepted an invitation to address the Fourth American Road Congress which will be in session in Atlanta, Ga., during the week of Nov. 9, 1914.

The Postmaster General, commenting upon the subject, said: "While it is true that the public road has always been of fundamental importance as a local utility, it has assumed a much broadened significance within the past few years. The rural delivery service, with its great corps of 47,000 carriers, has done much toward the development of country life and this vast service is materially affected by the condition of the public road. The parcel post has already justified the most sanguine prophecies of its original supporters. A combination of parcel post and good roads cannot fail to materially advance the prosperity of the country dwellers and at the same time promote in a very marked degree the welfare of the city population. The automobile has graduated from a merely pleasure vehicle to a recognized utility, and there are now well over a million and a half automobiles and auto trucks in the United States.

"I feel therefore that the American Road Congress in Atlanta will be dealing with a subject paramount in its importance to the American people and I trust that the men who are in a position to forward the movement for better roads will attend this great annual meeting. The impression seems to be quite general that the way to further the good road movement is to get more money and still more money appropriated. While we could no doubt spend larger sums to advantage, our most pressing need is to place the administration of our present great outlay, estimated at not less than \$205,000,000 on a sound business basis. We should apply to the management of the public roads the same sort of common sense that is applied in the management of other business enterprises, or, in other

words, we should employ a sufficient number of skilled, qualified men, provide them with necessary assistance and equipment, place at their disposal sufficient funds, and hold them responsible for results. This would be vastly better than our present system of depending upon tens of thousands of road officials whose knowledge of road building, if it exists at all, is incidental to some other occupation."

Echoes of the European War Heard in Liberty.

Ye scribe has been on a vacation, and that is why there has been no news from Liberty for the past six weeks. O. H. said that nothing happened while we were gone away, but O. H. would not know a news item if he met it coming down Fayetteville street, unless he had Old Joe hitched to it.

After listening to the discussions going on in front of the Mayor's office, every day, we have come to the conclusion that if J. G., W. C., and R. R. had been in charge of the campaign in Europe that things would have turned out different from what they have.

Doc. is experimenting with a new explosive. Doc. says that when it is perfected it is going to be seventeen times as explosive as dynamite, and yet it will be perfectly harmless as long as it does not explode.

Mrs. C's youngest child had an attack of cholera morbus, caused by eating some of Mr. P's green pears, but the rest of the family remain neutral.

Our new benedict has returned, and we are glad to say, that we can see no material change in him, as he still retains his usual good humor.

More in next issue.

SCRIBE.

Bud Buyers says it is all right to help the farmer, but there is such a thing as carrying it too far. Inspired by the "wear cotton" movement he bought a pair of canvas shoes too small and his great toe has joint the wear corn brigade.

Greatly Reduced Fares

—To—
RALEIGH, N. C., AND RETURN

--- Via ---
Southern Railway
Account North Carolina State
Agricultural Fair, OCT. 19 to
24th, 1914.

In addition to the excellent regular passenger train service to and from Raleigh, the following SPECIAL TRAINS will be operated:

OCTOBER 21 and 22 Greensboro and intermediate stations to Raleigh and return, leave Greensboro 6:30 a. m., arrive Raleigh 9:50 a. m. Returning leave Raleigh 6:00 p. m., same day.

OCTOBER 21 and 22 Oxford and intermediate stations to Raleigh and return, leave Oxford 7:00 a. m., arrive Raleigh 9:20 a. m. Returning leave Raleigh 6:30 p. m. same day.

OCTOBER 21 and 22 Goldsboro and intermediate stations to Raleigh and return, leave Goldsboro 6:45 a. m., arrive Raleigh 8:50 a. m. Returning leave Raleigh (Freight Station) 6:30 p. m., same day.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY TO VISIT THE GREAT STATE FAIR NUMEROUS FREE ATTRACTIONS—SEE DELOYD THOMPSON LOOP THE LOOP AND FLYING UP SIDE DOWN IN HIS AEROPLANE—"PANAMA IN PEACE AND WAR" GREAT FIREWORKS DISPLAY.

For detailed information regarding schedules, fares, etc., apply nearest agent or write

O. F. YORK,

Traveling Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Seeing what khaki is made of the "wear cotton" slogan is hardly apt to be received with enthusiasm in Italy.

"There's nothing artificial about Mrs. Wiggs."

"No, indeed; she don't even make up her mind."—Buffalo Express.

"Panama in Peace and War," is a spectacular piece of scenery that sheds a great ray of light and learning through the soul of a man.

They'd want a moving picture machine to show us the capital of Belgium.

"TO CONQUER"

In time of war may be a matter of superior aeroplanes, rifles and machine guns in the hands of the best trained troops, but in times of war and peace alike, the true independence is best enjoyed by he or she who has his or her money loaned on first mortgage real estate security. This is the only kind of security we handle, therefore, if you wish to loan your funds at the highest lawful rate of interest, with absolutely security, then place it with us for in addition to the real estate security, our company guarantees the payment of principal and six per cent, interest, and we pay the interest promptly semi-annually.

We have at this time several thousand dollars in first mortgage real estate bonds in denominations of \$100, \$200, \$250, \$300, \$400, \$500 and \$1,000.

For further information, write or call on

CENTRAL LOAN & TRUST CO.,

Real Estate Fire, Life, and Live Stock Insurance.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00

J. M. BROWNING, Pres.

W. W. BROWN, Mgr.

A. V. RAY, Sec. & Treas.

WILL BE A HUMMER.

Greensboro Fair Will Be Bigger and Better Than Ever Before.

"No more 'ye old tyme' midway. Something new and up-to-date," so says Secretary Garland Daniel, of the Central Carolina Fair Association, with regard to the approaching fair October 13-16.

Those who have lost restless nights thinking of the hooche-kooche shows and gambling games at cur fair will have to 'forget it,' for the gladway will be the new way, and will have the latest and most up-to-date amusements," he continued.

"When you visit the fair you will readily see that lots of money has been spent on improvements and conveniences for the patrons. The Central Carolina Fair is one thing that is keeping up with the times. They will have more amusements and better shows than has ever been shown on any fair around in the State.

"Flirting with death at the 'autodrome' will be a colossal attraction. A five mile race, open to all drivers for a purse of \$300 will be most exciting. This will be an every day occurrence.

"Panama in Peace and War," the most elaborate pyrotechnic exhibition ever seen in the country, will be the greatest attraction that our fair has ever had. The opening of the Panama canal will be shown every night. This will give you an idea of how the real Panama will look both in peace and in war. It will be reproduced in two acts. Act one, a most magnificent scenic effect; act two will show the eruption of Mt. Esparanza, followed by the most gorgeous display of fire works. This attraction alone is well worth your visit to our fair grounds.

"Several thousand dollars will be expended for free acts, in front of the grandstand, consisting of vocal and cornet solos, high wire artists, trampoline, revolving ladder and bars, novelty trapeze, old timey balloon ascension with its many parachute leaps, slack wire artists, acrobatic and tumbling, the world's champion motorcycle rider, the world's champion lady rider who will meet all comers in races from one to ten miles.

"These attractions and the most magnificent horse racing that you have ever witnessed here will take up all the afternoon, giving you the most pleasant entertainment.

"Our live stock, poultry, horticultural and agricultural exhibits will be the best shown in the State. In the main exhibit hadd, where the merchants are making and preparing most beautiful booths, the educations and baby show departments have grown to such an extent that we have had to give them two entire ends of the building. These features are two of the best that the fair has.

"Friday will be the same free day as last year, over 28,000 people visiting our fair that day, this being a record-breaker. This year the secretary will give to the school children and teachers of Guilford county 20,000 tickets. We realize that one day for a school child at our fair is worth 30 days of work in any school, as he will have an opportunity to see more and learn more, especially if he will take the time to visit our educational department, with which our directors have taken so much pains.

"Thursday will be a record-breaker, having with us that day the noted 101 Ranch, which will give two performances daily in our fair grounds and most gorgeous parade on the streets of Greensboro at 10:30 p. m.

"The railroads, as usual, are giving reduced rates and hundreds of people from other towns will attend the fair."

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c

Little Clarence—Pa!
His Father—Well, my son?
Little Clarence—I took a walk over the cemetery today and read the inscriptions on the tombstones.
His Father—And what were your thoughts after you had done so?
Little Clarence—Why, pa, I wondered where all the wicked people were buried.—Judge.

CONGRESS WON'T LOAN MONEY DIRECT TO FARMERS.

All Cotton Legislation to be Passed Has Been Enacted—Won't Pass The Henry Bill

Washington, Oct. 7.—President Wilson gave the North Carolina delegation who called upon him today to see if he could suggest any way in which to relieve the cotton situation in the South, a sympathetic hearing. The President told the Tar Heels that he was much interested in the plan proposed by Festus J. Wade and other St. Louis financiers to raise a pool of \$150,000,000 for the purpose of loaning it to the cotton people. The President also stated that he did not believe that it would be necessary to enact further legislation in behalf of the cotton crop except to pass the Lever warehouse bill which he believed would work in conjunction with the plan to raise the cotton pool. The President indicated that he would lend his support to the warehouse plan, which in short is to have warehouses run under federal supervision and the money loaned on receipts from these institutions.

Senator Overman, all of the State delegation and Dr. H. Q. Alexander, J. Z. Green and W. B. Gibson, of Statesville, were in the party that called on the President. Senator Overman and Representative Small acted as spokesmen for the callers. They outlined the acute situation which they believe exists in the State as a result of the war and asked if he could suggest any way out. The President could not. No plan was suggested to the President by the North Carolinians.

As stated exclusively in these dispatches last night it is practically certain that the Wade idea to raise a cotton pool will be approved by Secretary McAdoo and members of the Federal Reserve Board. Secretary McAdoo stated tonight that Mr. Wade and his committee of financiers will be in Washington either tomorrow or Friday when the details of the scheme will be worked out. The plan is simple. It would mean the subscribing of \$150,000,000 which would be placed in the South exclusively for the relief of the cotton people. The money would be loaned on cotton receipts on a basis of six cents a pound. The fund would be subscribed by banks and business men throughout the country. According to the present understanding the money thus raised would be placed in both State and National banks and the small town would get its share on an equal footing with the larger places.

It is just as certain as the sun shines that this Congress is not going to pass the Henry bill; nor any other measure that would tend to make loans on cotton direct to the farmer or any individual. It is believed by every one that all cotton legislation that is to be passed has already been enacted and no one expects more.

Westmoreland Forms Protective Union.

Greensboro, Pa., Oct. 9.—Prominent manufacturers in Westmoreland County held a meeting today in the Armory and formed a Westmoreland County branch of the Pennsylvania Protective Union by the election of A. J. Smith, president of the McKee Glass Company, as chairman.

A statement signed by eighty-seven manufacturers was read and approved by the meeting. Chairman Smith read a speech of acceptance in which he said that the object of the organization was to work for the restoration of protective tariff policies and the election of protectionist candidates to both branches of Congress. He warmly indorsed the record of United States Senator Penrose and declared that it was of the utmost importance to business men all over the country that Mr. Penrose should be returned to Washington and that congressional candidates pledged to his protective tariff views should be sent to the National House of Representatives.

Editor's Note: This is what we need down here, and it will come before two more years.

It is always those who are ready who suffer in delays.—Dante.

Peace in Mexico Is Expected; Battle Now On.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Speedy restoration of harmony between Generals Carranza and Villa through open conferences at Aguas Calientes was predicted tonight in a statement issued by the Constitutionalists agency here.

Consul Silliman, who has returned to Washington after a sojourn of three months in Mexico as the personal representative of President Wilson, resumed conferences with State Department officials today on the Mexican situation generally without reference to the question of recognition, it was said. Pending the outcome of the preliminary conference at Aguas Calientes and the general convention which has been called to meet there Saturday, officials here say it would be unwise to give this question serious attention.

Reports to the State Department today indicate that the battle between the forces of Governor Maytorena and General Hill at Naco, continued without advantage to either of the contestants are reported apparently to have caused minor casualties.

The arrival of the Carranza delegates at the Aguas Calientes conference was reported in official dispatches.

Informal meetings between the Carranza and Villa emissaries are underway, it was said, and an outline for establishment of a definite program to be followed by the formal convention, meeting Saturday is being considered.

The Constitutional agency announced today that an attempt to arrest and extradite a number of former Huerta officials now residing in the United States probably would be made within a few days. It was said however that no official instructions to procure warrants or bring the question of extradition before the State Department has been received.

Since Colonel Harvey has made up with President Wilson or President Wilson has made up with Colonel Harvey, whichever way it is, we shall probably be able to enjoy once more those bright red predictions of what is going to happen next year or the year after next. Colonel Harvey is highly esteemed as a political prophet, but two years and a half ago when he was trying to help Mr. Wilson along to the Democratic nomination he was requested to quit pushing, as such backing was considered prejudicial in the case of a man who had reached the sublimest heights to which virtue could ascend. Perhaps Colonel Harvey has been purified since then so that his enthusiastic touch will no longer tarnish a candidate's prospects.

Big Legal Contest Promised Over Will of Greensboro Man.

Greensboro, Oct. 6.—What purports to be the last will and testament of Williamson L. Cranford, who was found dead in his bathroom Saturday morning with a bullet wound in his temple, supposed to be self-inflicted, was presented to court of Gant today. Its conditions gives promise of an interesting legal conflict between Mrs. Cranford and Miss Coultrane, a niece of the deceased. The original will purports to have been made in 1911, in the maker's handwriting, with a single witness. However, on the back of the instrument is some writing which is crossed out by smearing ink. The original will gave all of the property to Mrs. Eva Tyson, and was dated July 29, 1911. In June of this year Mr. Cranford, married Mrs. Tyson. The writing on the back, now covered with ink, appears to give all the property to Miss Coultrane, and is dated August 20 this year. Both Mrs. Tyson and friends of Miss Coultrane have employed attorneys. The estate is probably worth ten thousand dollars.

If the New York politicians guess that they have got rid of "plain Bill" Sulzer by defeating him in the Progressive primaries they will have to guess again. Sulzer is one of the two most distinguished Progressives now left in New York and he is just the kind of man to feel the responsibility of his position, and to act up on it.

The fall of Antwerp is going to cause a great deal of insomnia in England.

END OF DEPRESSION.

Wannamaker Foresees It and He Preaches Optimism.

John Wannamaker expressed his firm belief that the present business depression is only temporary in an address at a luncheon at the St. James today, attended by members of the Walnut Street Business Association, Rotary Club and Merchant's and Manufacturers Association.

"Business is in a condition of unpleasantness, unhealthfulness and fear," he said. "Our present need is to discover the best way to get business on to the double track of safety, out of the darkness into light, to find a vision of returning good times.

"My great hope indeed I may say my firm belief today is that this condition is only temporary. We can shorten it, and it is our duty not to talk down but to talk up. We must get into that frame of mind, for the man who is discouraged can discourage the man who is next to him. If a man has health and strength he has no right going about with a long face, as he only makes things harder for himself and for those about him.

"We have gone through a hard time, but conditions that exist are here, and are not simply the result of politics or of war in Europe. The tariff has had a great deal to do with the unrest, the mill closing because capital cannot be had as usual.

"As for the income tax, it is good sound sense to make the rich men bring out their money, but it touches all such as ourselves, for there is just that much money less in circulation. I have to fault to find. We elected splendid people who notified us in advance what they would do. We are talking new not of cause but of effect.

"In all cities business men have been affected by the present condition of banking capital. The Federal Reserve Act will work out great good. Money, however, is like merchandise—the highest bidder gets it."—Philadelphia Record.

Editor's Note: Wannamaker says the tariff has had a great deal to do with hard times, and Wannamaker knows.

Palmer Resents 'Coward' in Note.

Greensboro, Pa., Oct. 9.—"No man can call A. Mitchell Palmer a coward and get away with it," was the vehement declaration of the Democratic candidate for United States Senator as he angrily threw to the floor an anonymous letter signed "A Progress-Republican" at the St. Clair Theater tonight. The letter had been sent to Palmer in care of County Chairman H. E. Marker today. Several questions were asked, the last being "Why is it that during a Democratic Administration we have hard times?" and the concluding sentence was "Answer these questions. Don't be a coward."

Branding the author of the anonymous epistle as a coward, the candidate vigorously answered the questions. He asserted the hard times were due to the railroads' efforts to force higher rates.

Vance C. McCormick, candidate for Governor, discussed State issues. The Democratic campaigning party spent the day touring Westmoreland county. They held meetings at Latrobe, Ligonier, Mt. Pleasant, Scottdale, Jeannette and Irwin. Traveling with candidates Palmer and McCormick are William T. Creasy, William N. McNair, M. J. Cator, of Pittsburgh, and Arthur B. Clark, of Altoona, the last two mentioned being candidates for Congressmen at large.

Editor's Note: Up in Pennsylvania where there is no prejudice against the Republican party and where people look at things as they are, they say these hard times is the cause of the tariff being lowered, judging from the difference in the times when the tariff is high and when it is low, it looks like these people know what they are talking about.

Colonel Appeals from Decision.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 10.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt today appealed from the recent decision denying his application for a change of venue of the \$5,000 bid suit brought against him by William Barnes.

If you have no fancy for pleasures, The National Cotton Styles Show want no reminders of happy days, but now going on in Washington is one just want to profit by everything that of the best advertisements the King it going on then surely it is worth has had in all his long reign in Dixie. your while to make it your business. The country, especially womankind, to spend one whole week, studying the is going to thank a good deal more of industries of North Carolina, which him. can only be seen at the Great State Fair, October 19-24.

The Democratic party is a great fire fighting party. It has put out more fires under factory furnaces than any party that has ever held power in the United States.

None but the brave deserve the fair, but the management will admit impartially all who have the price.

The Poultry Show also, will be the best ever held, and every farmer now realizes the value of the hen.



Grandma's Telephone Visits

GRANDMA SMITH is a sprightly old lady who likes to keep in touch with things. In the next town lives another dear old lady who was Grandma's school-mate, and of whom she is very fond. It is impossible for the two old ladies to do much visiting, but every day they call each other up on the telephone and have the most delightful chats.

No one gets more comfort and pleasure out of the family telephone than Grandma.

When you telephone—smile
SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

Get a Bottle Today!

The Season's Smartest Costumes

The Basque and the Redingote Polonaise now the vogue in Paris and New York

EASILY MADE AT HOME

are accurately described and beautifully illustrated in the New Autumn

McCALL PATTERNS

AND FASHION PUBLICATIONS

Now On Sale

Watch the Special Piece Goods Sales

and make stylish but economical clothes yourself. The present fashions are easy to drape and McCalls Patterns insure the smartest styles and a perfect fit.

Get The New McCall Book of Fashions Today!

THE LOST ART OF GROCERY ADVERTISING.

(Continued From Page One.)

man who has goods can find some way to reach them. In the olden days on importer announced whenever he expected certain goods to arrive from foreign lands and the trade who needed those goods would come in and buy them. Is the same human interest in available goods any the less existent today because our supply of foreign goods is less spasmodic and periodical?

The jobber is complaining of being a slot machine. He has declared to the manufacturer that he is a distributor only, not a pusher. He has left the power of advertising to be captured by the producer on the one side and the consumer on the other, and now complains that there is too little profit in advertised brands which he has to handle against his will. Who is to blame?

"I've got nothing to advertise," says the grocer. Ridiculous. If he's got anything to sell, he's got something to advertise. Advertising is nothing but salesmanship. If he's got any talking points about his goods—or his service, or his superior supply, or his more favorable prices, or his superior skill in selection, or packing, or the uniformity of quality and packing or freshness of goods—he's something to advertise. His salesman argues these things to hundreds of customers, retailers or consumers, or hotels, or whatever they be why not go further and tell it to men the salesman knows nothing about?

There isn't a grocer—wholesaler or retailer—who has anything to sell who has nothing to advertise. Are they doing it? Are they reaching out to quarters unknown which may spell opportunity to them? Or are they satisfied to stay in the comfortable rut and leaving others to speed ahead in the race? Look over the field of the jobbing trade. Some houses are complacent and prosperous; others are going to seed; and still others are reaching out and forging ahead with unmistakable effect.

Once in a while one hears it said that a jobber can't force trade. If so he has failed to install the right kind of pushers. No line of business presents such positive and permanent encouragement for successful exploitation as the grocery trade. The hundred million people of America, with better buying power than any people on earth, are a sure element of demand. The 350,000 retail grocers of the country are sure mediums of distribution. The 3,000 wholesalers of the country will continue selling their supplies; but what will each of the 3,000 wholesalers get as his share of the business? It's entirely up to each of them to decide for himself. If he is satisfied, very well. What's the use of trying to go ahead of his competitors?

Only remember the lesson of the old hen. When the worms are scarce, she doesn't stop scratching. She might scratch out a few if she keeps at it.—Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin.

DEMOCRATIC TARIFF SILENCE.

A conference has just been held at the White House to decide upon the issues that should be brought forward by the Democrats in the Congressional campaign. Party leaders at Washington met with the President to determine what subjects were safe to discuss, and what ones were so filled with political dynamite as to be dangerous to handle. In its report of this meeting, a newspaper that is a zealous supporter of the Administration, states that "it was decided that the tariff question is too involved to be presented."

A wise judgment, surely, to leave the tariff alone. To explain the Democratic action upon that subject to the satisfaction of the country would not only be an "involved" undertaking, it would be impossible. No juggling of words, no flow of rhetoric could explain. The campaign orator would be face to face with an audience that knows the facts, and which would take no stock in the repetition of the pleasing promises and glittering generalities of 1912.

It is not because the tariff question is "too involved" that the Democrats are to leave its discussion out of their campaign program, but because it is just the reverse. It is far too simple, understood far too well by the people, to be anything but dangerous to the Democratic touch. The result of the Democratic tariff law is so plain and clear that not only he who runs may read, but he who reads should run, and fast and far from the tariff issue.

It is a very simple issue, that of the Democratic tariff policy. One year of it was sufficient to make it known and understood by all. It is a policy that sends our money abroad to enrich foreigners at the expense of our own people; that gives our own great market away to foreign nations that protect their market against us; that promotes foreign industry by depressing American industry; that drives American labor out of work in order to give work to foreign labor.

There is nothing "involved" or complicated about such a policy. There is nothing mysterious about a tariff law that forces American business to the wall to increase business in other lands. Fortunate, indeed, would the Democrats be if it were not so plain. It is perfectly simple to understand a law that invites foreign ships to unload their cargoes here; that has opened no market any where for American products, but

has opened the American market everywhere for the entrance of the products of the cheap labor of foreign nations.

Two years ago the Democratic campaign orators, headed by Mr. Wilson himself, delivered with emotion as they went from place to place and told of the high cost of living and how Democratic success would reduce it. But prices are still the same. The reduction has come in revenues, in business, in wages, and in employment. The purchasing power of our own people has been reduced. These are the real and tangible results of the tariff law of the Wilson Administration.

The people of the United States are not in a mood to watch calmly another calcade of political soothsayers and jugglers dash about the country and telling of the glorious benefits of a Democratic tariff. They would have no patience with a further blowing of an empty horn of plenty. There is too much listless business, too many idle workshops. The country has too much un-American legislation that favors only the foreign producer.

It is no wonder that the Democrats have decided to remain silent upon the issue of the tariff. But their silence will only accentuate the issue, it will not remove it. Democracy made a solemn compact and contract with the people. This is violated. It obtained control of the Government by false pretenses. Failure to go upon the witness stand in its own defense will not change the verdict of Guilty that the country will render in November.—Philadelphia Press.

DID YOU KNOW IT?

Did you know that there was issued in 1903 fifty thousand dollars worth of bonds to pay off a county debt contracted by a Democratic administration, did you know that in 1911, there was issued twenty-three thousand dollars worth of bonds to pay off a county debt contracted by a Democratic administration, did you know that in 1912 there was issued fourteen thousand dollars worth of bonds to pay off a county debt, contracted by a Democratic administration, did you know that in 1913 there was issued twenty thousand dollars worth of bonds to pay off a county debt, contracted by a Democratic administration, did you know there has been issued in the last ten years, (count them) one hundred and seven thousand dollars worth of bonds to pay off a county debt, contracted by a Democratic administration? Yes it is a fact, and not one dollar of this amount was voted upon by the people, the tax payers was not even consulted about it, few if any knew of it, and yet it is the truth. Mr. Tax Payer what are you going to do about it, and lastly, did you know that it will take another hundred thousand dollars worth of bonds to pay off the present floating indebtedness and leave anything in the treasury for working capital, yea, yea, boy, these do sure be troublesome times for the taxpayers of this grand old County of Alamance, and all for what, because the people have blindly voted the Democratic ticket, and more blindly followed a set of leaders who have been deceiving them as to the true condition of the county finances. Even at this date, with your county credit ruined, your county officials, our county officials if you please, will not tell you how your finances stand, and the true condition of your county affairs. What are you going to do, Mr. Tax Payer, wait a while longer, well do it if you will, but great will be the penalty that you will have to pay, have a house cleaning. If there is no one running for office that you have confidence in, of whom you have confidence in, or whom you think can or will do any better. Call you another convention. Lay these facts before the people, and nominate you a ticket, whom you can trust, and who will not deceive you. We tell you in all candor, that the Republican party has men now in the field, who will give you good sound, economical, honest county government. They have done it in the past, they can and will do it in the future, if entrusted with the reigns of county government. Try them, you could not do worse than now. We pledge you that you can do better. Your tendency is at the polls will you exercise it? We shall see.

WARNING TO TAX PAYERS.

I understand from a reliable source, that our county has a very large outstanding floating debt, probably more than sixty thousand dollars, the interest alone would be three thousand and six hundred dollars per year. From my understand of the county exhibit published in a county paper for the year ending November 3rd, 1913, there has been the awful sum of one hundred and seven thousand dollars worth of bonds issued in the last ten years by the Board of County Commissioners, without submitting the question to the vote of the people or tax payers, in fact I do not believe that there is twenty-five people in the county that knows this has been done, and yet it has been done, and your property and mine is called upon to pay the sum of five thousand six hundred and thirty five dollars every year upon these bonds in interest. Add to this the three thousand and six hundred dollars interest upon the sixty thousand of floating indebtedness, and you have the grand total of nine thousand two hundred and thirty-five dollars in interest money that you and I have to pay from our hard-earned money, earned by the sweat of our brow by going from early morning until late at night in all kinds of weather. People, tax payers, do you catch this. What are you going to do about it? Another ten years of such extravagance and inefficiency and our county will be bankrupt, it is upon the verge of it now. This amount does not include the two hundred

thousand dollars of supposed good roads bonds, the interest upon which is another ten thousand dollars per year. The tax payers of this county (you and I) paid out for interest upon borrowed money and bonds during the year 1913, the huge sum of nineteen thousand dollars. Does this not make you, and I, in my opinion the present county administration is planning to have the Legislature authorize another bond issue of at least a hundred thousand dollars in bonds without submitting it to a vote of the people. The last hundred and seven thousand dollars in bonds was authorized by the legislature, a Democratic Legislature at that, and they will do it again, if the present Democratic ticket is elected. Friends, Tax payers, you must wake up, it will be too late to lock the stable after the horse is stolen. Let's get busy and put a stop to this high-handed method of running our county in debt without our knowledge and consent. Every dollar worth of property in this county is bound for this debt. This debt is a lien or mortgage upon your property and mine until every cent of it is paid. There are many other things going on in this good county, just as bad as this, but I have not the time to call your attention to them, but wake up, be alert, ask about these things, there are others that know about them. Look out for your interests. Ask yourself this question: Why will not the men who I helped elect to office as my representatives tell us how the county finances are, Why do they try to keep it a secret? When you have asked yourself this question, there can be but one answer, and it is this, conditions are so bad, that they are ashamed to tell the true condition. Are you willing to re-elect the men who are responsible for these terrible conditions, and me thinks I hear a thundering No.

Respectfully,

R. T. KERNODLE.

TAXES—CANDIDATES.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of receiving taxes. The legislative and county candidates will attend these appointments and address the people.

Patterson Township, O. N. Hornaday's, Thursday, October 15, noon. Speaking at Alamance Mills at night.

Coble's Township, Friendship, Friday, October 16, 1 o'clock P. M. Morton's Township, Morton's Store, Saturday, October 17, noon. Speaking at The Hub at night.

Speaking at Bellmont Mills at night. Fauette Township, McCray's E. Long's Store, Monday, October 19, noon. Speaking at Glendon at night. Pleasant Grove Township, Dailey's Store, Tuesday, October 20, noon. Melville Township, Mebane, Murray's Store, Wednesday, Oct. 21, at night.

Newlin Township, Sutphin's Mill, Friday, October 23, noon. Speaking at Saxapahaw at night.

Thompson's Township, Lafayette Bradshaw's Saturday, October 24, noon. Speaking at Swepsonville at night.

Boon Station Township, Elon College, Monday, October 26, noon. The speaking at Glen Raven at night.

Albright Township, Eureka School House, Wednesday, October 28, noon. Graham Township, Speaking at the Court House, Thursday, October 29, at night.

Haw River Township, Friday, October 30, at night.

Burlington, Saturday, October 31, at night.

Please attend at the appointments prepared to settle your taxes.

R. N. COOK, Sheriff.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

On Saturday, October 17th, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., the undersigned will offer to the best bidder for cash the entire stock of goods of S. A. Thomy, Burlington, N. C., which inventories \$3,850.00 and consists of fixtures, cash register, dry goods, notions, millinery, etc. The stock will be sold as a whole with the privilege reserved to reject

any and all bids.

This is a good stock of goods, in a good location in the best town in the State and arrangements can be made to continue the business at the same stand.

J. M. FIX, Trustee.

October 8th, 1914.

THINK OF IT.

30,000 Persons Publicly Recommend Our Remedy. Some Are Burlington People.

Over one hundred thousand have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills, For backache, kidney, urinary ills, Thirty thousand signed testimonials:

Are appearing now in public print. Some of them are Burlington people.

Some are published in Burlington. No other remedy shows such proof. Follow this Burlington woman's example.

Mrs. T. A. Amick, Means St., Burlington, N. C., says: "I like Doan's Kidney Pills and I am glad to tell about the good they did me. My back ached and my sides pained me. I was nervous and my kidneys were weak. When someone told me about Doan's Kidney Pills, I used them. They relieved me in every way."

Mrs. Amick is only one of many Burlington people who have gratefully endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills. If your back aches—If your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Amick had—the remedy backed by home testimony. 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. "When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name."

Twenty-six traction engines are being used by the Germans to transport two immense siege guns that are to be used in the siege of Brussels. Each gun is in four pieces, and each piece is drawn by three engines, with two extra engines used on the heavier hills.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FEED.

We are headquarters for all kinds of feed. We make a speciality of Dairy and horse and mule feed. Our business is wholesale, but we will sell such goods as the merchants do not carry in stock to any one wanting them, this line comprises hay, cotton seed meal, cotton seed hulls & meal mixed which is called a balanced ration, beet pulp, the great milk producer, Alfalfa dairy feed, horse & mule feed, this is called sweet feed, its fine.

We also have corn, oats, shipstuff, bran, corn meal, flour, lard, sugar coffee, onions, potatoes, apples, oranges, candies, full line grocers drugs and sundries.

Remember we buy in car lots for cash, we are in position to give you better prices than any other dealer, we buy cheaper, we buy larger.

SEE US BEFORE YOU BUY.

Merchants Supply Company

Burlington, N. C.

::

::

::

and

::

::

::

Graham, N. C.