

# THE TWICE-A-WEEK DISPATCH

A PROGRESSIVE REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE UPBUILDING OF AMERICAN HOMES AND AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.

BURLINGTON, ALAMANCE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1914.

## ROOSEVELT WANTS TO TALK

His Request to Explain the Panama Deal Gets Cool Reception from the Committee.

## Was President During Time

Washington, July 22.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, in a letter to Chairman Stone, of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, today asked for an opportunity to be heard in opposition to the pending treaty proposing to pay Colombia \$25,000,000 for the partition of Panama.

The committee adjourned without taking action on the request, as Chairman Stone was unable to marshal a quorum.

In his letter to Senator Stone, Mr. Roosevelt said:

"If there is any intention of your committee to act favorably on the proposed treaty with Colombia, by which we are to pay Colombia \$25,000,000 and to express regret for the action taken in the past, I respectfully request to be heard thereon. I was President throughout the time of the negotiations first with Colombia and then with Panama, by which we acquired the right to build the Panama Canal.

"I had full knowledge of everything of any importance that was done in regard thereto by an agent of the government and I am solely responsible for what was done."

## LET HIM WRITE, SAYS STONE

Senator Stone, commented on the request indicated that he was not enthusiastically in favor of hearings. "The question to be considered by this committee," said Senator Stone, "is not so much what happened ten or eleven years ago. There has been a coyness between the countries and the subject for us to consider is how to adjust our relations. Col. Roosevelt has said time and again what he had to say about Colombia. If he has anything further to say, as far as I am concerned, let him write it out and send it to the committee. I am not much in favor of turning the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate into a town meeting."

## Hamilton-Vestal.

Last Wednesday morning at 11:30 o'clock Mr. Charles C. Vestal, of Burlington, and Miss Irene L. Hamilton, of Chalybeate Springs, were married at the study of Rev. J. S. Farmer, in Raleigh, in the presence of several friends of the contracting parties.

They came to Burlington on No. 129 Wednesday afternoon and are living at present on Ruffin Street, in the home of Mr. Smethers.

Mrs. Vestal is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Hamilton, of Chalybeate Springs, and has for the past year been attending college in Washington City.

Mr. Vestal came here about the first of this year from Leakesville and has been employed in our office as an ad and job man since, filling the place extremely well. He is a very quiet unassuming young man of good qualities and we are glad to have him bring his bride to the city.

We welcome this young couple to our city and feel sure that they will find it a very pleasant and good place to start in life.

There was a time when you could tell what kind of a girl she was by the way she dressed and decorated. But nowadays Vice has to back into an alleyway when Virtue parades down the street.

When a man starts on a vacation he goes into a hat store and comes out wearing a cap that looks like a Persian prayer rug.

## JEALOUS LOVER KILLS WIFE

He Feared That She Would Return to Her Husband and Stop the Suit for Divorce.

## Husband Did Not Know of Suit

Los Angeles, Cal., July 21.—Fears that Mrs. Edna Sykes, 27 years of age, would return to Norcross, Ga., and effect a reconciliation with her husband, a banker there, is believed by her friends to have led to her death yesterday at the hands of Charles H. Haag, a contractor, who then killed himself.

Mrs. Sykes recently filed suit for divorce, but was said to receive \$150 monthly from her husband, and letters urging her to return, and friends said today she had decided to stop seeing Haag.

When he called at her residence and learned that she was asleep he burst into her bed room and shot her.

## HUSBAND IGNORANT OF SUIT.

Atlanta, Ga., July 21.—L. O. Sykes, cashier of the Bank of Gwinnett, Ga., arrived here today from Norcross, Ga., and at once took steps to learn further details of the shooting and killing of his wife by a supposed jealous admirer in Los Angeles, Cal. His first information of the tragedy came in a telegram from Mrs. Sykes' mother. Mrs. Sykes formerly was Miss Edna Chinn, of Lexington, Ky. She had been married thirteen years. Her husband said that he knew nothing of the report that she had filed suit for divorce.

"My wife and I never had any trouble," he said.

## Picnic at Piedmont Park.

A crowd of young people from here spent Tuesday evening at Piedmont Park. The evening was spent in forms of amusements suiting to outings of this kind.

A picnic supper was enjoyed about nine o'clock followed by a watermelon feast.

Those who made up the company of the happy crowd were: Misses Willie Patterson, Ola Evans, Carrie and Anna Cox, Eunice McAdams, Rachel King, Ellen and Georgie Boone, Lillie and Maud Shatterly, Clara Stewart, Hazel Greeson, Julia Cates, Marguerite Mendor, of Reidsville, Amy Wilburn; Messrs. L. L. Patterson, Thomas Stafford, Horace Patterson, John McAdams, George Fowler, Eugene May, John Lloyd, B. J. Vestal and Bob Sharpe.

The party was chaperoned by Mrs. B. J. Vestal and Mrs. Bob Sharpe.

## Burlington and Graham Saturday.

The Burlington ball team plays at Piedmont Park Saturday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, against the Graham team. The boys are in good shape for the game and it promises to be very interesting. The attendance at the last Saturday game was not what it should have been by any means and it is hoped that the people will turn out and encourage the boys a little—you will enjoy the game and it is due the home team.

## Death of Mr. T. L. Knighten.

Mr. T. L. Knighten died Monday, July 20 at his home in East Burlington. He was 55 years, 3 months and 14 days old and leaves a wife and a number of children. He was carried to Reidsville on the following day for burial.

When a man has a five-thousand-word vocabulary he can often use up the whole 5,000 and not say a thing.

When a girl has a ring on her finger she is always waiting for one at the door.

## LESSONS TAUGHT BY BIRDS

D. H. Tuttle, of the Methodist Church, writes interestingly of the different birds of the Bible.

## Giving Their Characteristics

1 The lesson of lost wisdom—lost because men rejected the word of the Lord. The stork and other birds retain their original wise instinct, while man alone has fallen. Jeremiah says: "Yea, the stork in the heaven knoweth her appointed times; and the turtle and the crane and the swallow observe the time of their coming; but my people know not the judgment of the Lord."—Jer. 8:7-15.

2 Isaiah, in the 60th chapter and 8th verse, asks: "Who are these that fly as a cloud, and as the doves to their windows?" The dove is a type of innocence, gentleness and affection; also of the Holy Spirit. Think of the dove in connection with the ark and flood; also Jesus' baptism. As the dove flies to the window for shelter from storm, so the sinner must fly to Christ.

Jesus, lover of my soul,  
Let me to thy bosom fly,  
While the nearer waters roll,  
While the tempest still is high!  
Hide me, O my Savior, hide,  
Till the storm of life is past;  
Safe into the haven guide,  
O receive my soul at last!

3 In Matthew 19:28-30. "And fear not them which kill the body, but are not able to kill the soul: but rather fear him which is able to destroy both soul and body in hell. Are not two sparrows sold for a farthing? and one of them shall not fall on the ground without your father. But the very hairs of your head are all numbered. Fear ye not therefore; ye are of more value than many sparrows."

Jesus teaches the great truth of God's ever watchful care over his people, using the sparrows as an object lesson. Dr. Deems has sweetly written:

I shall not want: whatever is good,  
Of daily bread or angels' food,  
Shall to say Father's child be sure  
So long as earth and heaven endure.

4 In Matthew 6:25-26: "Therefore I say unto you, Take no thought for your life, what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink; nor yet for your body, what ye shall put on. Is not the life more than meat, and the body than raiment? Behold the fowls of the air: for they sow not, neither do they reap, nor gather into barns; yet your heavenly Father feedeth them. Are ye not much better than they?"

Here the "fowls of the air"—not domestic fowls that owners feed—are used to teach us that "the Lord will provide."

"The birds, without barn or store-house are fed;  
From them let us learn to trust for our bread:  
His saints what is fitting, shall never be denied,  
So long as 'tis written, The Lord will provide."

5 The great and comforting truth that God is good to every living thing, is taught by the young ravens. In Psalms 147:9, "He giveth to the beast his food, and to the young ravens which cry." Read all of the 147th Psalm.

6 In Deuteronomy, 3rd chapter, verses 9 to 14, we hear that "As an eagle stirreth up her nest, fluttereth over her young, spreadeth abroad her wings, taketh them, beareth them on her wings: So the Lord alone did lead him, and there was no strange god with him.

Here God uses the manner of an eagle in teaching her young to fly, to show us how He instructs by the ways  
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## BATTLE IN CAPITAL STREETS

Fierce Battle Rages in the Streets of Capital of Haiti and Government Troops are Victorious.

## Rebel Captives Are Executed

Washington, July 22.—Pressed by European powers, the United States Government has about lost patience with the various elements in the Republics of Haiti and San Domingo and will demand a restoration of peace or threaten armed intervention.

Secretary Bryan will confer tomorrow with Secretary Daniels about a possible movement of marines into Haiti. Discretionary orders have been given Captain Russell of the battleship South Carolina, now at Cape Haitien, but final decision as to whether force is to be used by the American Government had been deferred. Reports from Cape Haitien of further fighting with added danger to foreigners were regarded tonight as forecasting prompt action by the marines now being concentrated at Guantanamo.

Not only have military forces in Haiti refused to heed dispatch warnings of the American Government that fighting had ceased, but dispatches tonight from Captain Eberle of the cruiser Washington at Puerto Plata, San Domingo, reported the failure of attempts to settle the Dominican revolution by diplomacy.

The superior junta of the Legislature has refused to enter into negotiations with the Dominican Government.

Secretary Daniels decided today that the additional 400 marines to be sent to Guantanamo for service in Haiti would be embarked from Norfolk, Va., Saturday on the transport Hancock now enroute to Hampton Roads from Guantanamo. There are now more than 500 marines at Guantanamo or on American warships in Haitian and Dominican waters.

Reinforcements could be drawn from Vera Cruz and Mexican gulf-waters. There are now some three thousand marines under General Funston's command and nearly another thousand could be gathered from the warships.

Washington, July 22.—Many Haitian rebels were executed at Cape Haitien today after government forces had defeated 500 revolutionists in a two-hour street battle. The rebels entered the town early today before the garrison was awake.

Captain Russell of the battleship South Carolina reported the affair by wireless to the Navy Department. His dispatch said the government troops, numbering 400, repulsed the attack with a loss of eight men killed. The rebels after having 31 killed fled in disorder. Many sought refuge in houses, from which they were dragged and executed.

Captain Russell's report follows: "At 3 o'clock this morning the rebel forces, about 500 strong, under the leadership of Charles Sainval, by a still march, gained an entrance into Cape Haitien before they were discovered. The Government troops, consisting of about 400 men, were concentrated near the point of entry and successfully stopped the advance. Each faction stood its ground and a rapid and continuous rifle fire was kept up for about one hour when the forts St. Michael and Bellair opened up with artillery. This had a demoralizing effect on the rebels and a disorderly retreat was begun. The rebels left their dead and wounded on the field and many threw away their arms. The fighting lasted about two hours. The latest information gives the killed as 31 on the revolutionists' side and eight on the side of the government. I am unable to ascertain the  
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## WILL PROSECUTE DIRECTORS

United States Department of Justice is Right After New Haven Officials

## President Sanctions Action

Washington, July 21.—Criminal proceedings before a grand jury to punish the directors of the New Haven and a civil suit to dissolve the railroad combine will be brought immediately by the Department of Justice with the sanction of President Wilson.

The position of the President and Attorney General McReynolds was made public tonight through three letters, one from the attorney general to President Hustis, of the New Haven, dated July 9, another to President Wilson from the attorney general, dated today and the President's reply written this afternoon.

The concluding paragraph of the President's letter follows:

"In the circumstance the course you propose is the only one the Government can pursue. I therefore request and desire that a proceeding in equity be filed, seeking the dissolution of the monopoly of transportation facilities in New England now being maintained by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Company, and that the criminal aspects of the case be laid before a grand jury."

In his letter to the President the attorney general stated that if his recommendations met with the approval of the President, he would immediately give the necessary directions.

"The criminal aspect of the case," he states in his letter, "have been kept constantly in mind; much data bearing thereon was collected some months ago, and care has been exercised to permit nothing which might interfere with proper prosecution of the officials at the appropriate time. We have not held out the slightest hope that criminals would escape."

The President's letter to the attorney general is as follows:

My Dear Mr. Attorney General:

"I have of your letter today enclosing a copy of your letter of July 9th to Mr. J. H. Hustis, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, which discloses the failure of this road to comply with the terms of the settlement proposed by them and accepted by us in the latter of their railroad holdings. Their final decision in this matter causes me the greatest surprise and regret. Their failure upon so slight a pretext to carry out an agreement deliberately and solemnly entered into and which was manifestly in their interest is to me inexplicable and entirely without justification.

"You have been kind enough to keep me fully informed of every step the department took in this matter and the action of the department has throughout met with my entire approval. It was reasonable and efficient. It should have resulted in avoiding what must now be done."

The attorney general to the President reviewing the New Haven situation is as follows in part:

"Saturday last I received a request to confer with a committee composed of members of the board and yesterday they came here and we discussed the situation. I emphasized the position of the Government as outlined in my letter of July 9, and called attention to the results which would follow. They refused, however, to admit any obligation to conform to the enactment of Massachusetts law and declined to carry into effect their own proposals for an adjustment."

Ray McCrary should shave at home.—Greensboro News.

## HOOD WINS IN THIRD DISTRICT

Third District Democratic Committee Says the Final Word Ending Long Contest.

## Charles R. Thomas Withdraws

Greensboro, July 22.—The struggle for the Democratic nomination for Congress was ended today, when the Democratic Executive Committee of the Third Congressional District of North Carolina nominated Honorable George E. Hood, of Wayne County, as the regular nominee of the Democratic party for keeps. That committee unanimously passed the following resolutions:

"Whereas, The Democratic executive committee of this, the Third Congressional district of North Carolina, did on the 10th day of April, 1914, ordered a preferential primary for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress and;

"Whereas, Therefore said primary was duly held and the said committee met in the city of Greensboro, on the 27th day of May, 1914, to count said ballots and declare the result, and;

"Whereas, At such meeting said ballots were counted and it appeared upon such count that the Honorable George E. Hood received more votes than any other candidate, but the said committee was of the opinion that no nomination had been made because of the fact that no candidate had received a majority of all the votes cast, and;

"Whereas, The said committee then declared that no nomination had been made in the primary, and that the nomination of a candidate should be referred to the Congressional Convention, and;

"Whereas, Thereafter the Congressional Convention of the district was held in the city of Greensboro, on the 24th day of July, 1914, when and where the Honorable George E. Hood was duly nominated as the candidate for the Democratic party for Congress, he having received upon the first ballot 296.54 votes and there being only 311.20 votes cast against him, and;

"Whereas, The Honorable Charles R. Thomas then appeared from the action of the executive committee of the district and from the action of the convention to the State Democratic executive committee, and;

"Whereas, Said State Executive Committee upon hearing of said appeal requested that a primary to be held in the district to determine whether the said George E. Hood or the said Charles R. Thomas was the choice of the people as a candidate, and;

"Whereas, Thereafter the executive committee of this district, in accordance with the rules prescribed by the State Executive Committee, ordered such primary to be held and prescribed the rules and regulations for holding the same, which in the opinion of the committee were fair and just to both of said candidates, and;

"Whereas, The Honorable Charles R. Thomas has declined to conform to said rules and regulations, and has announced that he will not be a candidate in said primary, thereby leaving the said George E. Hood as the sole person to be voted for, and;

"Whereas, In the opinion of this committee, the said George E. Hood has been regularly nominated as a candidate for the Democratic party in this district, and is the nominee of the party;

"Therefore, Be it Resolved, First, that the action of the Honorable Charles R. Thomas in declining to enter said primary rendered the holding of the same unnecessary and the call for said primary is revoked; -

"Second, that the Honorable George E. Hood be declared the nominee of the party."  
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## UNCLE SAM HELPS DAN CUPID.

### Congress Passes a Law to Relieve a Girl Homesteader Who Nearly Lost Her Title to Land.

Denver, Col., July 18.—Far be it from the United States Government in either its legislative or executive branches to interpose any obstacle to matrimony. On the contrary, if existing law seems to admit of such construction, in any particular case, Congress is ready to correct the error by special enactment, and the executive branch of the government adds its fervent amen.

Which is the explanation for the bill providing for the granting of a homestead patent in favor of Mrs. Rachel S. Dangerfield Boast, of Eskdale, Adams County, Colorado.

Mrs. Boast, who was then Miss Dangerfield, filed on her homestead October 2, 1909, and for three years thereafter lived on the land, making the improvements and cultivating it as required by law, doing most of the work herself. She was entitled to her patent in May, 1913, and it would have been issued at that time if she had offered final proof.

It is presumed, however, that in the spring of 1913 her thoughts were otherwise occupied, for the record shows that in September of that year she was married to Mr. Boast, and by that act she forfeited her right to the patent, which she had earned through years of hardship and labor.

When in March, this year, Mrs. Boast presented her affidavits for final proof she was informed that because her husband was an alien her right to the homestead which she had honestly earned was lost to her, the law holding "that any American woman who marries a foreigner shall take the nationality of her husband."

The manifest injustice of this decision was admitted by the House committee on the public lands, and little time was lost in preparation of a favorable report on the bill which Congressman Seldomridge had introduced for her relief.

The report set forth that Mrs. Boast was born in Barnett, Macoupin county, Illinois, and is twenty-seven years old. Her parents were native born Americans, and she had never been outside of the United States.

Before taking up her homestead she taught school in Schrim City, Ill. She is an ordained minister of the Christian Church, and since taking up her homestead, as a local missionary, she has held services and has helped out at times the small churches in the nearby communities where they had no regular pastor.

It would seem that a young woman of that character should have at least an even break before the law, especially when one considers the hardships she had to undergo during the period of her residence on the homestead.

At least that part of her experience the Congressional report says:

"The land is on the arid prairie in eastern Colorado. It is twenty-two miles from the nearest running water and nearest station at Fort Morgan, and thirty miles from the next nearest, Deer Trail. The inland postoffice Eskdale, is two miles away. The land is in a sparse settlement. Neighbors are few, and the expense to the young woman in improving it, building a house, barn and fences, and planting crops, has been over \$1,500, besides the vicissitudes of four years' residence in such a locality. She has shown the perseverance of a woman pioneer, which should be encouraged. Water for drinking is so deep that she had to dig fifteen wells before she finally secured it. A great part of the manual labor of improvement and cultivation she had to do herself."

Her husband is described as a young man, 29 years old, intelligent, alert, of good education and good family. He has signified his intention of becoming an American citizen.

The House passed the bill on June 12, authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to disregard the fact that Mrs. Boast had married a foreigner. Senator Shaffroth went before the Senate Committee and secured a favorable report on the bill, so it is quite certain to become a law at this session of Congress.

Fidelity bought with money is overcome by money.—Seneca.

## TRAINS FIRST MOVED BY TELEGRAPH IN '52.

### An Old Time Railroad Man Tells of the Work of the Earliest Train Dispatcher.

Bloomington, Ill., July 17.—Illinois claims the distinction of possessing among her citizens the man who first moved trains with the aid of the telegraph. The original train dispatcher is A. H. Copeland, now living in retirement at Oak Park, and who was agent for the Chicago & Alton at Chenoa, Ill., for 30 years.

It was back in Vermont in the year 1852 that the first known movement of trains by telegraph was recorded, marking one of the most important epochs in the history of railroading. In that year Mr. Copeland was engaged as manager, operator, lineman, messenger boy and battery man of the Middlebury (Vt.) telegraph office. In those days, when the Morse invention was in its infancy, the telegraph offices were operated in conjunction with the postoffices and occupied a small room.

In addition to his other duties Mr. Copeland was employed as clerk in the postoffice. In those primitive days of railroad trains ran by time card exclusively, northbound trains having the right of track over those southbound. The railroads in those days had no connection with the telegraph, paying for all messages sent the same as the public. The employees, however, were on good terms with the operator sending messages free, while in return the railroad men would permit the operators to ride without a pass.

Early in December, 1852 a heavy snowstorm delayed trains, the mail from Boston being delayed many hours. The railroad was then known as the Rutland and Burlington. On the day of the storm Operator Copeland heard the train from the north come in, and knowing of the delay to trains from the south, told the crew that they would have a long wait at Brandon, the net stop, and where they were expected to pass the northbound train, badly delayed.

Copeland suggested that the conductor ask the operator at Brandon to call the crew of the mail train at Rutland and ask them to wait at the latter place until the southbound train could get through. It developed, however, that the operator at Brandon had gone to Burlington and there was no one to exchange the desired messages. The crew then insisted that Copeland go with them to Brandon and send the necessary messages.

Copeland agreed to this and upon arrival at Brandon sent a message to Henry Howe, conductor of the mail train at Rutland, asking him if he would hold his train there until the accommodation arrived from the north, signing the name of Conductor Tiffany.

The messages exchanged have been preserved by Mr. Copeland and are rich in historic interest. The message from the northbound crew read "George Tiffany, conductor, Brandon: I will hold my train at Rutland until your train arrives at Rutland. Henry How, Conductor."

Conductor Tiffany wired this reply: "Henry Howe, conductor: I understand that you will not your train at Rutland until my train arrives at Rutland. George Tiffany, Conductor."

Following this exchange of messages, the first train orders relating to the movement of railway trains, Conductor Tiffany left for Rutland. After the train had gone the crew of a freight train that had been tied up on a sidetrack at Brandon came to the telegraph office and wished to know if they could go to Rutland also. Copeland called up Conductor Howe and the same orders were exchanged, Howe agreeing to wait until the freight could reach Rutland. The freight train then followed the passenger and got through in safety. Copeland waited in the telegraph office at Brandon until 3 o'clock the next morning exchanging messages of various kinds. The delayed Boston mail then came through and he returned to Middlebury.

This primitive bit of train despatching soon became noised about and it was commented upon all over the country. A few months later the road put on a New York and Montreal

train. The northbound train was always late into Middlebury, the meeting place, and Copeland was frequently called upon to supply orders. He was finally prevailed upon to place a flag close to the track whenever a train was late, so that the crew of the one opposite could go to his office, get orders, and be off, thus reducing the delay.

In those days time was not valuable as at the present time. Middlebury was a central point and all locomotives secured a supply of water and wood there. This process required half an hour and the crew had ample time to exchange messages and

It did not take the railroad officials long to discover the value of the telegraph and how essential was the Morse invention to the operation of trains. From the post offices the telegraph offices were soon moved to the railroad depots and the roads began to devise a system of train despatching all growing out of the crude method resorted to by A. H. Copeland when he realized the inconvenience to passengers by the delay certain to be experienced unless he could supply the means to move the trains.

Wonderful are the ramifications of the present system of despatching trains. The telephone is superseding the telegraph on some of the roads, but the system remains unchanged. Mr. Copeland, who has the honor of being the first train despatcher with the New England Telegraph and Railroad Companies until 1868, when he came to central Illinois. He has lived a retired life for the past fifteen years and is fond of recalling reminiscences of the early days.

### Secretary Bryan Comes Out For Woman Suffrage.

Washington, July 17.—Secretary Bryan in a formal statement announces himself in favor of woman suffrage. He declared he would ask no political right for himself he was not willing to grant his wife, and announced he would support the proposed state constitutional amendment extending the franchise to women to be voted on in Nebraska next November.

"Woman," said Mr. Bryan, "had proved herself equal to every responsibility imposed on her, and would not fail society in this emergency. Above all other arguments for giving her the ballot he placed the right of the mother to a voice in the moulding of the environment of the children."

"As man and woman are co-tenants of the earth," the statement says "and must work out their destiny together, he presumption is on the side of equality for treatment in and its opportunities. The burden of proof is on those who claim for one an advantage over the other in determining conditions under which the both shall live."

The proper sort of a legalized pri-vacy, in the first instance, would have prevented all that muss in the Third.—Greensboro News.

Consider the fate of the poor polar bear with nothing much to do but sit around on the ice.—Greensboro News.

## Greensboro May Vote More Bonds.

Greensboro, July 20.—Voters of Greensboro will tomorrow determine whether or not the city will issue \$100,000 in bonds for street improvement. A special registration was ordered several days ago, and about eight hundred people registered for the election. It is confidently believed that the bonds will carry. All of the city organizations have endorsed the proposed issue and several committees are working to get out the voters and have them vote for the issue.

Chickens are under ban in New Orleans, where they are fighting the plague. That is no place for us.—Greensboro News.

Japan has again manifested displeasure over that California affair. We may yet have to send for Mr. Hobson.—Greensboro News.

A small unkindness is a great offense.—Hannah More.

Art is indeed not the bread but the wine of life.—Richter.

## DOING THEIR DUTY.

Scores of Burlington Readers are Learning the Duty of the Kidneys.

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty.

When they fail to do this the kidneys are weak.

Backache and other kidney ills may follow.

Help the kidneys do their work.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the tested kidney remedy.

Proof of their worth in the following:

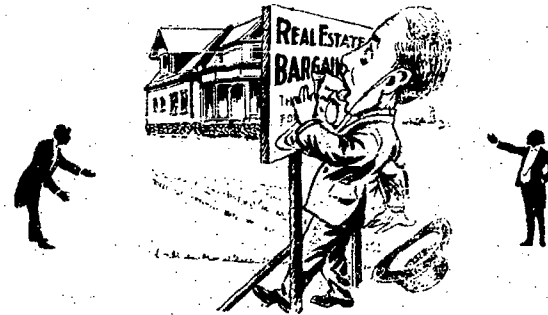
N. Foster, shoemaker, Mill Street, Graham, N. C., says: "I am never without Doan's Kidney Pills in the house. I know that they are the best kidney remedy to be had. I was rheumatic. My joints and back were stiff and lame and my kidneys acted irregularly. The kidney secretions contained sediment and were painful in passage. Finally, I took Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me more good than anything else I had ever used."

The above is not an isolated case. Mr. Foster is only one of many in this vicinity who have gratefully endorsed Doan's. If your back aches—if your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Foster had. 50c. all stores. Foster Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

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Allen's Foot-Ease, the anti-septic powder. It relieves painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain relief for sweating, callous, swollen, tired, aching feet. Always use it to Break in New Shoes. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For a FREE trial package address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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- 4 Room Cottage—Mebane Street. Large Lot.
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**VICK'S** Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

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There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you. You can't make a mistake in taking

**CARDUI**  
The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Almo, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.

PRINT

**The Week Twice-A Dispatch**

Published Every Tuesday and Friday

The State Dispatch Publishing Co., Burlington, N. C.

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**Wake's Board of Education Sues the County Commissioners.**

Raleigh, July 22.—County Attorney B. C. Beckwith and Attorney P. J. Oliver, of Apex, go today to Plymouth to appear before Judge W. M. Bond to argue a suit that Mr. Olive has instituted for the Wake County Board of Education against the Wake County Commissioners, involving about \$10,000, which the board of education claims the commissioners are withholding from the board unjustly. The commissioners have been taking the county school funds a percentage of the costs for preparing the tax lists of the county. The Board of Education claims this should not be done under the status. Also there is a difference claimed in the adjustment of setting with the State Treasurer, since the changing of the sheriff from a fee basis to a salary basis whereby the county school fund should not profit. The case will be fought through the supreme court and will be watched by other counties in which similar cases may be raised.

**Democrats Making Hurry a Watchword.**

Washington, July 22.—Senate Democrats in caucus tonight agreed upon a definite legislative program under which they expect to put through the anti-trust program and appropriation bills and bring about adjournment of Congress at the earliest possible moment. Nearly every majority Senator now in Washington attended the "hurry" meeting and it was the keynote of the meeting.

It was decided that the pending Interstate Trade Commission bill should be continued as the unfinished business and kept constantly before the Senate until disposed of.

When the trade commission bill has been passed, the Clayton anti-trust bill, the railroad securities measure and the rivers and harbors appropriation bill will be taken up in the order named for uninterrupted consideration. Appropriation bills alone will take precedence over anti-trust legislation.

The new program was put into effect Friday with daily session from 11 a. m. to 6 p. m. To avoid parliamentary difficulties in the way of the legislative schedule, the Senate will recess each day until the next, instead of adjourning.

Senator Lewis, of Illinois, having been persuaded to abandon his intention of resigning as "whip," was directed to keep a quorum in the chamber at all times.

There was some discussion in the caucus about combining the three anti-trust bills but the question was left open for possible future action.

**Patterson Lumber Co., Is Damaged by Fire.**

Lexington, July 21.—The Patterson Lumber Co., least \$30,000 worth of lumber, mostly hardwoods, by fire yesterday at the yards south of the city. The origin of the fire is unknown. It may have started from defective electric wiring, as the fire was discovered in the corner of the yards near where the electric light wires ran down from a transformer and under a tramway, or it may have resulted from the combination of a careless smoker's match or cigarette stub and a pile of trash. The company's big mill was saved and it will continue to do business. The lumber destroyed and the office building, a small frame structure, which also went up in smoke were insured for \$22,200.

**STEPHENSON GETS 30 YEARS.**

State Agreed to Accept Second Degree After Jury Disagreed, After Being Out 24 Hours.

Charlotte, July 23.—Failing to agree after a deliberation of 24 hours, the jury in the case wherein Will Stephenson was charged with the wilful murder of Sarah Walker, June 26, reported yesterday afternoon to Judge Shaw that it was a hopeless task for them to get together and petitioned the court to dissolve the body. The solicitor immediately came to the rescue of the situation and announced to the court that it would be satisfactory to the State to accept a verdict of second degree murder if this was agreeable to the 10 jurors who had held out for a first degree verdict, and being assured that the course was satisfactory to the jury Judge Shaw ordered this verdict and the defendant was sentenced to serve 30 years in the penitentiary.

**BUY-OLGY.**

Advertising may be said to have created a new science—that of BUY-OLGY. BUY-OLGY is the art of buying the things most suited to your needs at the right time and at the lowest market price. Advertising makes this practical by bringing to your home, day after day, the story of the markets of the world as told in your newspaper. The reader of advertising becomes adept in the new science of BUY-OLGY and profits accordingly. Live merchants use the columns of The Dispatch to get the full benefits of BUY-OLGY.

The authorities at a popular seaside resort, anxious about such things as are of good report, ordered the musicians to play hymns, in the hope of inducing the crowd of bathers to bathe, and leave off bunny-huggin' for the Sabbath day, at least. Whereupon the said crowd immediately adapted dance steps to "Onward, Christian Soldiers." Ephraim is joined to his idols.—The Greensboro News.

It is not man's duty as a matter of course, to devote himself to the eradication of any, even the most enormous wrong; he may still properly have other concerns to engage him; but it is his duty, at least, to wash his hands of it, and, if he gives it no thought longer not to give it practically his support.—Henry David Thoreau.

According to the new regulations, ships going through the canal must not exceed six knots an hour, or not to exceed twice as fast as the repeal bill went through Congress.—Greensboro News.

Senators are said to fear the political effect of pressing the confirmation of the reserve board members. In our judgment it is a good thing for the party leadership to fear.—Greensboro News.

Should Mexico be satisfied with Villa very long, it will show how badly the Republic needs annexing, or something else of a drastic character.—Greensboro News.

Whenever Villa or Carranza wishes to remove a person he will accuse the victim of participation in the Madero conspiracy, and then all will be regular.—Greensboro News.

The kind of a man who cheerfully pays seven dollars for a taxi ride when he is out with some other woman is the same lad who hollers murder if the conductor won't give him a transfer on a transfer when he takes his wife out.

**THE JOY OF DANCING EXERCISE**

Very few women or men seem to care to Tango or get Dancing Exercise unless they are assured the freedom from aching feet that Allen's Foot-Ease, antiseptic powder to be shake into the shoes, always gives. Since the tendency to hold Dancing parties has become almost a daily and hourly necessity in every community, the sale of Allen's Foot-Ease, so the druggists report, has reached the high-water mark. Sold everywhere 25c. Trial Package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**SEVEN LESSONS TAUGHT BY BIBLE BIRDS.**

In which he providentially guides us. If

"His call we obey, like Abraham of old, We know not the way, but faith makes us bold; For though we are strangers, we have a sure guide, And trust in all dangers, the Lord will provide."

7 From Psalms 102:4-6 we read: "My heart is smitten, and withered like grass; so that I forget my bread. By reason of the voice of my groaning my bones cleave to my skin. I am like a pelican of the wilderness; I am like an owl of the desert. I watch, and am as a sparrow alone upon the housetop."

From birds named in this scripture we learn where to go when in solitude of sorrow. Then let us sing: "O sometimes the shadows are deep, And rough seems the path to the goal, And sorrows, sometimes how they sweep, Like tempests down over the soul."

Refrain: O then to the Rock let me fly, To the Rock that is higher than I.

Why should we not also be Zapata's friend?—Greensboro News.

What has become of that physician who has been prescribing rest for T. R. ?—Greensboro News.

All undesirable citizens in Mexico will be executed under the plan of Gaudaloupe.—Greensboro News.

The need of the hour is education. Therefore, let us foster the five-cent drinks.—Greensboro News.

There is one sort of strike in baseball about which the public is not going to evince much interest.—Greensboro News.

You can tell the difference on the street. But if you put the princess and the daughter of the Hoi Polloi in bathing suits you would have a time picking the winner on class.

When a woman receives a telegram she can hold it in her hand before he expects it and imagine more trouble in three seconds than could happen in thirty years.

We rejoice with exceeding great joy to report the arrival in our midst of peach ice-cream.—The Greensboro News.

They get a real armistice declared in Mexico, but it will be after the ammunition is exhausted.—Greensboro News.

Wonder if they always have a quorum when they count one in Washington these days? Congress will have its parliamentary pleasantries.—The Greensboro News.

Europe is urging Mr. Wilson to put a curb on the Mexican rebels, but it will be necessary to catch the critics.—Greensboro News.

Huerta left Mexico "for the country's good." He also left because the going was good and there was little prospect of its remaining so.—The Greensboro News.

The way to put the Democratic party in this state in tune with the national leadership is to make he party stand for the same thing in North Carolina that it stands for in New Jersey.—Greensboro News.

The w. k. census department says that there are now 109,021,992 of us. If all were created equal and endowed with the same ability for making racket?—Greensboro News.

A few words of comment on the situation from either or both of the North Carolina senators would be received with much interest.—Greensboro News.

A bumper wheat crop already, and one can see the corn grow.—Greensboro News.

**RATTLE IN CAPITAL STREETS.**

Continued from Page 1.

number of wounded. "Between two and three hundred government troops arrived today under the leadership of Codio, all of whom were mounted. It is impossible to make an estimate of the number of revolutionists outside as they are scattered over a large area.

"Cape Haitien is quiet tonight. After the fighting this morning a proclamation was published by the Governor stating that a number of the rebels were known to be hidden in buildings inside the town and whoever should harbor or fail to deliver over such person should, upon discovery suffer death. The houses of the town were searched and a number of concealed rebels were found and shot."

LOST—Cameo ring (size worn on a lady's little finger) somewhere between the postoffice and Guthrie Street. Reward if returned to this office.

After a man grows older and gets settled down, the knowledge that he isn't missing much down town is a great factor toward keeping him home at night.

Why is it that when you are broke and want to make a touch everybody else is broke, too?

And why is it that when you have nine dimes and a penny in your pocket, and run your hand into your pocket to pay your car fare, you always bring out the penny?

**SEASHORE EXCURSION TO NORFOLK, VA. TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1914.**

Via SOUTHERN RAILWAY  
Greatest Outing of the Season  
LAST OPPORTUNITY OF THE SEASON TO VISIT THE FAMOUS SEASHORE OF VIRGINIA  
SPECIAL TRAIN  
FIRST CLASS COACHES PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS  
Round Trip

|                   |             |        |
|-------------------|-------------|--------|
| Leave Gibsonville | 7:00 p. m.  | \$3.65 |
| Leave BURLINGTON  | 7:25 p. m.  | 3.65   |
| Leave Graham      | 7:32 p. m.  | 3.65   |
| Leave Chapel Hill | 4:00 p. m.  | 3.35   |
| Leave Raleigh     | 7:00 p. m.  | 3.00   |
| Leave Durham      | 9:20 p. m.  | 3.00   |
| Leave Oxford      | 10:53 p. m. | 2.50   |

**RATES IN SAME PROPORTION FROM INTERMEDIATE STATIONS.**

Tickets will be sold from the following agency stations for regular trains mentioned August 4th 1914, connecting with special train as above at University, Oxford, Durham, returning these tickets will be honored on special train to Durham, Oxford and University, thence on regular connecting trains to destination, August 7th 1914.

**TRAINS NO. ROUND TRIP FARE**

|  |     |        |
|--|-----|--------|
| Chapel Hill Station, N. C.                 | 236 | \$3.35 |
| Henderson and Dabney, N. C.                | 203 | 2.50   |
| Wilson's Mills to Garner, N. C., Inc., 181 |     | 3.25   |
| Raleigh to Morrisville, N. C., Inc., 131   |     | 3.00   |

**TWO WHOLE DAYS AND ONE NIGHT AT THE SEASHORE SEPARATE CARS FOR COLORED PEOPLE MAKE APPLICATION AT ONCE IF YOU DESIRE PULLMAN**

For rates, schedules, Pullman Reservations, and other information, ask your agent or write,  
**O. F. YORK**  
Traveling Passenger Agent Raleigh, N. C.

**Everthing for Everybody**

Here is where you get those little things that are so indispenseable at small cost

**CARTEE**

Will save you money

**B. A. Sellars & Son**

**Parasols, Dresses, Waists and Summer Coat Suit Specials at GENUINE REDUCTIONS.**

**All Colored Parasols at the following reductions:**

|                    |      |                            |        |
|--------------------|------|----------------------------|--------|
| \$1.00 quality for | 75c. | \$2.00 quality for         | \$1.50 |
| \$1.50 quality for | 1.00 | \$3.75 and \$4 quality for | \$2.50 |

**One Lot White and Colored Waist,**

Short and long sleeves, high and low neck, were \$1.00 to \$1.50, Now, 35c

**All Middy and Balkin Blouses, none reserved,**

|                  |     |                    |     |
|------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|
| 50c. quality for | 39c | \$1.00 quality for | 79c |
|------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|

**19 Spring and Summer Coat Suits,**

Colors, Blue, Brown, Black and Tan. Were \$10 to \$30, now One-Half Price

**48 Ladies' Silk, Wool, Linen & Cotton Tub Dresses,**

In White and all the most popular colors. These dresses are of the latest styles and include all that is left of the season's best sellers.

|                   |        |                              |        |
|-------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------|
| \$3.00 Dresses at | \$1.90 | \$7.00 and \$7.50 Dresses at | \$4.90 |
| \$5.00 Dresses at | \$3.25 | \$10.00 Dresses at           | \$6.50 |
| \$6.00 Dresses at | \$3.50 | \$12.50 Dresses at           | \$7.50 |
|                   |        | \$15 and \$16.50 Dresses at  | \$8.50 |

**30 Children's Colored Gingham & Percale Dresses,**

Just the Dress you want for school wear.

|                 |      |                   |      |
|-----------------|------|-------------------|------|
| 50c. quality at | 39c. | \$1.00 quality at | 79c. |
|-----------------|------|-------------------|------|

**B. A. Sellars & Son**  
Burlington, N. C.

POOR



**LOCAL AND PERSONAL**

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Will Leath, on the 23rd, a baby boy.

Miss Eva Lamb returned yesterday from a visit to Greensboro.

Miss Swannie Crouse spent last night with relatives in Gibsonville.

Mr. Frank Capps, of Chapel Hill, spent Wednesday with Mr. Chris Isley.

Mr. E. H. Murray has accepted a position at the Coffin Shop as shipping clerk.

Mrs. H. D. Smith, of Greensboro, spent Wednesday and Thursday with relatives.

Miss Ona Thurston left Wednesday for her home in Richmond for her vacation.

Mr. John Davis, of Fayetteville, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Erwin A. Hill, this week.

Miss May Teague left today to spend a few days the guest of friends in Winston-Salem.

Miss Francis Morgan is spending some time the guest of relatives in Ballock, N. C.

Mrs. E. L. Morgan and daughter, Evelyn, have returned from a week's visit in Virginia.

Miss Marguerite Meador returned to her home Wednesday after visiting Miss Mabel King.

Mrs. A. F. Fowler, of Raleigh, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. H. Murray, this week.

Mr. W. B. Shepherd is spending today the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Shepherd on No. 10.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Walker returned Tuesday from a ten days bridal trip to northern points.

Miss Mamie Boswell, of Union Ridge, spent yesterday in town with friends and shopping.

Miss Jennie Lea Beal, of Hanson, Va., is the guest of Miss Nellie Fleming for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Brannock, of Salisbury, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel May.

Misses Edna Milliken and Annie Hunter, of Greensboro, are visiting Mrs. S. M. Hornaday.

Miss Viola Greer, of Chase City, Va., will arrive in the city tomorrow, while here she will visit Mrs. E. L. Morgan.

Misses Ada Bray, of Snowden, and Hazel McAdams, of Siler City, are the guests of Miss Ada Belle Isley this week.

Mr. Murphy Neese returned from Catawba College Wednesday, where he was in school. He will spend the summer here.

Misses Mabel Moore, of Saxapahaw, and Nina Joe Clendenin, of Elon College, spent Wednesday night in the city, visiting Mrs. S. R. Boland.

Mr. Jim Greeson, a young attorney of Oklahoma, spent Wednesday night the guest of his sister, Mrs. R. L. Coble, enroute to his home for a month's vacation, near Brick Church.

Mrs. J. W. Jones, Miss Jesize Jones and Mr. and Mrs. Peyton Jones and little daughter, of Spencer, spent yesterday and this morning in the city, visiting John C. Jones, on Mebane Street. They lived here about fifteen years ago and say that the town is and has been growing more than any other town in the State. They are very much pleased with the city.

Miss Lucy Jane Page Dead.

Miss Lucy Jane Page, daughter of Thomas Page, died July 18, 1914, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Boswell, in East Burlington, after a lingering illness of over two months, eight weeks of which she was confined to her bed at the home of Mr. Boswell.

The funeral services were conducted on Sunday, July 19, at 3:30 by Rev. Robert Parker and he testified to her having expressed herself to him as being ready and waiting for the summons of her God.

The Daughters of Liberty, of which

she was a member, attended the funeral in a body and acted as pall bearers; many beautiful flowers showed the love and sympathy of many friends.

Miss Page was just 27 years old. She leaves a father and five brothers and three sisters; her mother and two sisters preceded her to the Spirit-Land.

**A Killing Scrape.**

Mebane, July 23.—Quite a serious shooting scrape occurred just beyond Bain's Store, north of Mebane, last Sunday evening. It seems that a number of negroes had met at a certain point, when one proposed that they chip in and buy some whiskey, Jim Day who was one of the negroes said he would throw in 10 cents. Tom Watson who was present and seemed to have a personal grudge against Day said he did not want any of his money. It was then that Day walked up to Wilson and shot him in the mouth, Wilson quickly pulled his gun and shot Day three or four times in the breast killing him almost instantly. It was a quick explosion, but it would seem that the powder was ready and only wanted the touch of fire. It is reported since the shooting that Wilson has also died.

**J. R. McCrary Is Shot by Negro by Mistake.**

Lexington, July 21.—Odell Lowe, a negro better known as Della Lowe, shot four times at George Welborn, a popular negro barber, this evening, one ball striking Welborn's watch and another striking J. R. McCrary, a prominent member of the local bar in the right leg below the knee, inflicting a slight flesh wound. Lowe entered Welborn's shop at 6:20 o'clock drawing his gun as he entered and telling Welborn that he had come to kill him because of his improper relations with his (Lowe's) wife. Mr. McCrary was in Welborn's chair and had just had a shave. He and Welborn were talking when Lowe broke in and Mr. McCrary tried to quiet Lowe but to no effect. The shooting followed almost instantly. After firing the last time he snapped his pistol repeatedly. The weapon was a cheap one of .38 cal. It is learned that immediately before he went to Welborn's shop to wreak vengeance on Welborn, Lowe had beaten his wife unmercifully, charging her with undue intimacy with Welborn.

Immediately after the shooting Lowe crossed Main street to the courthouse and when he saw Deputy Sheriff Caudle coming toward him he threw up his hands and said, "It's all over, I got him and I'm glad of it."

But he hadn't got him. The ball struck the watch, a thin Elgin with an open face in the center of the back, denting it deeply. An inch to the right or to the left and the ball would have ploughed through the barber's stomach. Mr. McCrary's wound, while painful, is not serious.

**Negro Girl Saves Train.**

Kinston, July 21.—A story today reached here of how the presence of mine of a little negro girl saved passenger train No. 59 of the Atlantic Coast Line, from Weldon to Kinston, recently. The girl's name is unknown. Her age is 12 years.

No. 59 was running at a good rate of speed on the double-tracked main line between Weldon and Halifax shortly before dark when the child, tearing off a red petticoat she wore, flogged it down. She had seen "something funny" about the track at a point a short distance away, she told the engineer. Extreme heat had caused the rails to expand to an abnormal degree, causing a "sun kink." The buckling rails had thrown the track six or seven feet off the roadbed, and but for the girl's thoughtfulness less of life and property might have been frightful.

The passengers lined up to shake hands with the little black benefactress, and Conductor G. D. Hawkes, of Kinston, who was in charge of the train, took a handsome collection for her.

Prayer is not conquering God's reluctance, but taking hold of God's willingness.—Bishop Phillips Brooks.

**A Homicide in Caswell.**

Caswell County was the scene of a serious shooting scrape last Sunday evening. James Day, son of Sterling Day, was waylaid and shot about sundown, the shooting occurred near Mr. Calvin Walker's. Joe Burnett and Tom Wilson have been arrested and bound to court charged with the crime, both are now in jail at Yanceyville. A son of Mr. Dolph Walker was an eye witness to the killing. They made sure of their work by putting five bullets through the victim's body. It is said both Burnett and Wilson shot Day, one with a .38 and one with a .32 calibre pistol. Caswell county has been the scene of several scrapes of this character, confined almost entirely among the colored race, we are glad to say. Caswell is our sister county and we are sorry to have to make mention of such diabolical deeds and trust we may not have occasion to do so again.

**Note of Thanks.**

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Boswell and family, of East Burlington, wish to express their heart-felt thanks to all friends and neighbors who were so kind and helpful to them during the recent sickness and death of Miss Lucy Page at their home. Miss Sallie Page, sister of the deceased, was one whose untiring assistance will always be remembered.

**Fine fresh Eastern Carolina Melons and golden ripe bananas at Merchants Supply Co.**

**WANTED**—To rent for cash, L. J. Fonville's farm, containing 135 acres: 50 acres within the city limits of Burlington. This land is in high state of cultivation and is well adapted to the growth of truck, grains, grasses and tobacco. Ample barns and out buildings. For further information apply to C. C. Fonville.

When you want a fine melon for picnic, friends, ice cold, will make your teeth ache you can get it at Merchants Supply Co.

**Depot Changes Hours Aug. 1.**

Commencing August 1, 1914, the following hours will be observed as to the closing and opening of the freight depot at Burlington for the delivery and receiving of freight. Monday to Friday inclusive open 7 a. m., and close 5 p. m. Saturday open 7 a. m. and close at 1 p. m.

Grass is cheap, but a poor milk producer, get your cow feed from Merchants Supply Co.

**WANTED**—To Rent, dwelling house six or more rooms. Must be in good neighborhood and have modern conveniences.

M. C. PRICE.  
Piedmont Hotel.

To Mme. Caillaux, to the other lady and to the luckless scribe "Thy Joe" turned out to be an abbreviation, not of Joseph, but of Jonah.—Greensboro News.

Pigmies are pigmies still, though perched on Alps, And pyramids are pyramids in vales. —Young.

Pleasure, or wrong or rightly understood, Our greatest evil, or our greatest good. —Pope.

If we are not responsible for the thoughts that pass our doors, we are at least responsible for those we admit and entertain.—C. B. Newcomb.

We suppose that President Carbajal has already taken the precaution to arrange an itinerary to Paris.—The Greensboro News.

Mme. Caillaux may have lost her head, but it is painfully evident that there was nothing wrong with her eye. —Greensboro News.

If the south will patronize the proprietary drink sufficiently, who knows that the result will be a number of great universities?—Greensboro News.

The brewers and distillers of the dark, or alcoholic days, were really unimaginative pikers. — Greensboro News.

**Correction of Statement Why Wesley Cable Was Dropped From the City Pay-Roll.**

In our issue of March 17th, 1914, under the head of local and personal items, we published the following: "Wesley Cable was stricken from the Town's pay-roll Monday night by the Board. The reason given was that he handled fermented spirits." Since the publication of this statement, we have found that there is no record of the City showing that Wesley Cable ever handled fermented spirits, and we cheerfully make the correction.

STATE DISPATCH PUB. CO.

They can't fool McDermott. He sees that they just naturally don't want him in congress.—Greensboro News.

**ALL LOW SHOES AT A BIG REDUCTION**



We are noted for selling Good Shoes at a very close margin the year round, season in and season out—but just now, to make room for fall shoes, Prices Are Cut Still More, thus making it possible for you to save on the shoes you buy here now more than ever. This is certainly the time and this store is the place to provide shoes you will need to tide you over until winter. A good healthy saving is assured on every pair of shoes you buy here now.

**FOSTER SHOE CO.**  
BURLINGTON, N. C.

**SOMETHING GOOD**  
WATERMELONS and BANANAS  
**SOMETHING BETTER**  
MELROSE and DAN VALLEY

Also full line Flour, Feed, Corn, Oats, All Kinds of Hay and Cow Feed, Staple and Fancy Groceries, when you want the best in our line come to see us.

**MERCHANTS SUPPLY CO**  
BURLINGTON, N. C. :: :: GRAHAM, N. C.

Watch Our Special Piece-Goods Sales

Smart Frocks For All Occasions  
Easy to Make At Home

Are Fascinatingly Pictured and Described in the New

July  
**McCall Patterns**  
and  
**Fashion Publications**  
Now On Sale



The stylish model illustrated here is developed in a wide range of materials and trimmings.

There never was a time when the making of charming dresses was so easy as now, when the simple draping under expert tailoring unnecessary.

Ask About The New Styles In Our Pattern Department Today

\*\*\*\*\*

OPENS 7:30 a. m. CLOSSES 6:00 p. m. Saturday 10:00 p. m.

**COOLEST STORE IN TOWN**

**WHITTED'S LITTLE SALE**  
8 DAYS.  
JULY 23rd--AUG. 1st 1914.

During the whole spring season we have tried to give our customers the lowest possible prices and they stood by us to the end. Now we come to them with bargains and prices that will save their dollars and enable them to buy what they need. Just look at these bargains we have placed on bargain counters at prices that will move them.

**Millinery! Millinery! Millinery!**

All trimmed hats and shapes half prices, Mens and Boys straw hats half price.

**Ladies and Mens Oxfords.**

|                     |                      |         |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------|
| One Lot Mens Oxford | \$3.00 to \$4.00 now | \$1.69  |
| " " Ladies          | "                    | 1.29    |
| " " Children        | "                    | 69c     |
| " " Fancy parasols  | "                    | 1-4 off |

**Dry Goods.**

|                          |                            |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 lots white goods       | 20 and 25c value           |
| 1 " galater cloth        | 15c and 18c now 12c.       |
| 1 " plain and fancy lawn | now 5c.                    |
| 1 " Suiting              | 20c and 25c value now 15c. |
| 1 " "                    | 15c and 18c now 10c        |
| 1 " "                    | 10c and 12 1-2 now 8c.     |
| 1 lot lace               | 2 1-2c yd                  |
| 1 lot ladies hose        | was 10c now 5c pair.       |

prices, at above, to give you an idea of the big cut. All ladies spring suit at half price. We only mention a few price. all waist and childrens dresses 1-4 off. Goods are all marked in plain figures and you can see for yourself.

**Sale to Last Only ten Days.**

It will pay you to make a special trip to take advantage of these prices. They are money savers no fake prices. When we have a sale we cut the prices and have an honest deal, no shope worn goods.

\*\*\*\*\*

## A LESSON TO THE WORLD.

Editorial in Baltimore Sun.

The end of the Huerta despotism is a distinct triumph for a policy which was foolishness to the wise Greeks of the political world and a stumbling block to conventional diplomacy. At the outset neither the average business man, politician, nor diplomatist, could see anything in but a sickly sentimentality and amateurish awkwardness sure to breed confusion and disaster. The ordinary procedure would have been to recognize Huerta, shut our eyes to moral considerations and promote our own material interests without regard to conscience or national obligations. A very plausible argument could be and indeed was persistently made for such a course. Why should we undertake to decide as to the lawfulness of Huerta's title? How could we tell that he was not as much the choice of the Mexican people as Madero? Both came into power by force. The latter was clearly a weakling and incompetent, or he would not have been so easily overthrown. And supposing that the hands of the man who overthrew him were a little bloodstained, was not that a matter of course in a land where military power is respected? If we began to look into the record and character and title of foreign rulers before recognizing them, where would we stop, and who would be on our diplomatic visiting list? Our exhibition of national conscience and sensitiveness was not only mad and silly, but inconsistent and illogical. It made the wisest shake their heads and practical men smile with superior contempt. But it was not only ridiculous, but dangerous, and as hurtful to our own material interests as it was offensive to other countries. Foreign governments were not going to stand still patiently at the behest of a modern Don Quixote and see the property and lives of their citizens threatened by Mexican anarchy. The British government, whose subjects had large investments in Mexico, would call us to account; the Germans would have a word to say; the Japanese would seize the opportunity to make an alliance with usurper. And while we were running the risk of a formidable foreign attack, we were forcing good Americans to lose millions of dollars which they had invested in the patriotic cause of divesting this rich country next door to us. Did the world ever hear of such monumental folly based on such Pharisaic emotion?

This was the indictment of the President's policy of "watchful waiting" and "right of demand." And it seemed, on the surface, at least, a formidable one, at a time and again it appeared to be met with disaster. But this is all the long storm of criticism and doubt the President held off and patiently to his course. And now, by the wise people of the world are rubbing their eyes with amazement to see that what they were certain was a pre-ordained failure bids fair to prove one of the great diplomatic triumphs of history and may establish a precedent and a model for future diplomatists the world over.

We do not wish to "row over" the old school of diplomacy, but it will surely learn a lesson from the Washington school-master. Its mistakes were natural from its point of view. Its disciples failed to see that there was another and a wiser and a better viewpoint. They failed to appreciate the fact that it pays quite as well in international affairs as in individual affairs to consider the moral side of questions. And they failed, finally, to realize the true positions in Mexico and to see that only such a policy as the President offered the hope of a permanent cure for a situation which it was to the interest of Europe as well as of the United States to bring to an end.

Though Mexico is not yet out of her troubles, Mr. Wilson has helped her forward mightily by peaceful means on the road toward permanent liberation and stable government. And every step which she takes in that direction will be as much for the benefit of other countries as for her own. Thus the policy which the old-fashioned builders of nations rejected promises to become the head of the corner with constructive statesmen of the

## CAILLAUX ENTERS DEFENSE OF WIFE.

Says That He Is at Fault for Not Acting in the Matter Earlier.

Paris, July 21.—Joseph Caillaux held the court for two intense hours today testifying in defense of his wife, charged with the killing of Gaston Calmette, editor of *The Figaro*, on March 16 last. The appearance of M. Caillaux was hardly less dramatic than that of Mme. Caillaux yesterday. The former Premier, still one of the most powerful men in France, dominated the proceedings.

"I accuse myself," he cried in the limelight. "I committed a fault. I should have acted, but, absorbed by public affairs I failed to realize the ravages Calmette's calumnies had made on the soul of my wife."

M. Caillaux gesticulated freely. The trial has entered upon its political phase and those who sat in the courtroom had occasion to bring to mind that Caillaux is the strong man of the Radical groups now ruling France.

He would, he said, tell the jury the history of his private life from his first marriage down to the events which caused his presence on the stand. He explained the incident of the two letters. He only knew of their existence when a friend warned him that they were about to be published.

### TOLD OF MARRIAGE.

When he married Mme. Raynoud he knew for the first time what true happiness was.

"She was a most tender affectionate wife," said M. Caillaux. "We lived and lived in the closest communion of heart and mind. My wife, however, took alarm at the dangers my political campaign exposed me to. She tried to dissuade me from entering Poincaré's Cabinet. The income tax, she said, had formidable proportions, and I should be the object of fierce press campaigns.

"As she foretold, the attacks recommenced with redoubled fury but I refused to adopt the means employed by other politicians to stop them. I could not believe that any one would publish the 'Thy Joe' letter, although I had been warned by Pierre Mordret, by the Princess of Monaco and the Princess of Mezagre-Estradere."

After the publication of the "Thy Joe" letter M. Caillaux's first wife begged him to clear himself of any suspicion he might have had that she was responsible for its divulgence.

"At that time," said M. Caillaux, "I firmly believed that other letters would be published. My wife shared my belief, which was confirmed by information from a number of persons."

At this time M. Caillaux became violently indignant as he denounced the slanders levelled against his honesty.

Friendship is composed of all those ingredients which can ingratiate themselves and slide insensibly into the nature and temper of men of the most different constitutions as well as of those strong and active spirits which can make their way into perverse and obstinate dispositions; and because discretion is always predominant in it it works and prevails least upon fools, wicked men are often reformed by it, weak men seldom.—Clarendon.

"They are singing out of tune," says Mr. Justice. Awfully.—Greensboro News.

The great soul of boyhood throughout this broad land will have its everlasting in for that professor who declares that the study of algebra has lost many a girl her soul.—The Greensboro News.

Laws are like cobwebs, which may catch small flies, but let wasps and hornets break through.—Swift.

future, and the despised diplomatic amateur has rendered a double service to Mexico and the world, the establishment of a standard of peaceful diplomacy which while conserving practical and material interests, makes duty and obligation the first principal of the international code.

## Charles R. Thomas Will Not Make Race.

Newbern, July 18.—One of the most bitter fights in the history of the Democracy of the Third Congressional District is brought to a close by the announcement made tonight by Chas. R. Thomas, of this city, that he has withdrawn from the race for nomination to Congress from this district and will not participate in the primary which was ordered by the District Executive Committee to be held on August 1 between himself and George E. Hood. In his announcement Mr. Thomas states that he has evidence that he received the largest number of votes in the first primary and that his political enemies prevented his nomination. He further states that he is required to put up \$1,000 as an entrance fee and that even if he puts up this money he has no assurance of a square deal as the naming of the poll holders and other important details is in the hands of his opponents and that he, under these circumstances withdraws from the race.

## Young Civil Engineer Spencer Killed by Fall at Badin Plant.

Salisbury, July 20.—Marc Spencer, aged 24, of Tazewell, Virginia, a civil engineer and inspector in the employ of the Southern Aluminum Co., was killed at the power house at Badin today by falling on an upright piece of scaffolding, suffering injury to his liver and internal hemorrhage, caused death in half an hour. Mr. Spencer's parents live in Philadelphia. His brother-in-law, Dr. Prentiss Johnson, of Tazewell, arrived here tonight to take charge of the remains, which were brought here this evening by Undertaker Summersett.

Mr. Spencer was a University of North Carolina man. He had lived in Salisbury and at Bryson City before coming to Badin several months ago.

## Large Force at Work on the Southern Between Mt. Airy and Greensboro.

Greensboro, July 20.—More than 175 men are at work on the Southern Railroad road bed between here and Mt. Airy and the line is being brought into excellent shape. The work was not commenced here, however, until officers along the road and at Mt. Airy made an investigation of the country and found many of them rotten, which was given publicity and caused both citizens and railroad people to be alarmed.

## We Need Church Notices.

A stranger in the city last Sunday morning was somewhat at a loss to know just what church to go to as he failed to see any notices on the different churches telling what denomination it was and who the pastor was and what the hour of services.

It was so impressed by the absence of these notices that he came into our shop and to us that "the greatest need of your town now, as I see it, is the church notices."

These notices would not cost a great deal and they may lead some stranger into our churches and thereby make him a better man, so let's have them prepared at once.—Clarendon.

We can not all be master, nor all masters can not be truly followed.—Shakespeare.

Make it thy business to know thyself, which is the most difficult lesson in the world.—Cervantes.

Fausten refuses to talk. Perhaps General Frederick has nothing to say at this time that is fit for publication.—Greensboro News.

## Route Seven Notes.

Say, Miss Addie, what has become of Mr. Billie Garrett? Hope he is still in the land of the living. Hurry, we are getting tired of waiting for the wedding cake.

We guess Miss Alva Wood enjoyed herself just fine Saturday riding around in that new buggy of Mr. Smith, of Cross Roads.

Miss Birtie Wood spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Mr. Walter Wood was out cart-riding Sunday evening.

Most men employ the best part of life to make the other part miserable.—La Bruyere.

# FARMS FOR SALE!

**200-ACRE FARM**—located on the public road, one mile off macadam road leading into Graham, N. C., being 8 miles southeast of said town, about 150 acres of this land is level, clear of rocks, stumps and gullies, and in open cultivation. The open land is about one-third chocolate loam soil, balance gray, and an excellent farm for grain, grasses, cotton or tobacco. This farm is well watered with several ever-flowing streams, about 100 acres under wire fence, one 5-room frame cottage, also large feed and stock barn and plenty of wood and timber. All of this farm could be cultivated with machinery. There is also a good Graded School within one-half mile of this farm. We can sell this farm for \$25 per acre.

**79-ACRE FARM**—2½ miles south of Mebane, N. C., located on new graded road from Mebane to Swepsonville, being macadamized from Mebane out to within one-half mile of this farm, also within one-half mile of Hawthorn Church and Graded School. All of this farm lays well and can be cultivated with machinery, in woodland, pine and oak, all well watered with several ever-flowing streams, gray soil, good farm for grain, grasses, cotton, truck or tobacco. We will sell this farm for \$20 per acre.

**165-ACRE FARM**—Two miles west of Mebane, N. C., fronting on public road for one-half mile, good 6-room two-story residence, good feed and stock barn, well watered with ever-flowing streams and adjoining Back Creek, about 65 acres in open cultivation, 50 acres open land is chocolate loam, balance red and gray soil, and a good Graded School adjoins this farm. This is a good farm for grain.

We have four acres of good land near Fair Grounds, Burlington, N. C., we will sell for \$500.

## BURLINGTON CITY PROPERTY!

**7-ROOM, TWO-STORY RESIDENCE** on Front Street. Now occupied by Mrs. H. P. White, known as the White House. Lot 28 by 65½ feet, with both city water and electric lights. We will sell for \$4,000.

**5-ROOM COTTAGE ON LEXINGTON AVENUE**—Two blocks from the Postoffice. City water, electric lights and splendid location. We will sell for \$1,750.

**NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE ON CHURCH STREET**—Lot 80 by 200, city water, electric lights, painted and papered, and a splendid location. We will sell this place for \$1,250.

**5-ROOM NEW COTTAGE ON WASHINGTON STREET**—City water and electric lights and good location. Will sell for \$1,200.

**6-ROOM COTTAGE NEAR FAIR GROUNDS**—Good barn, good well of water, large lot. Will sell for \$2,000.

**NEW 10-ROOM 2-STORY RESIDENCE** with eight open wood fire places, two stove flues, wide porches and well built of No. 1 material on a beautiful lot, three blocks from center of town, postoffice and passenger station, corner lot on sand clay street, connecting with State Highway. We will sell for \$3,500.

**THREE NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGES**—one block from Graded School nicely painted, nice electric lights and gas. Will sell for \$1,500.

**5-ROOM COTTAGE** on North Avenue, Greensboro, N. C., painted and papered, city water, electric lights and gas. Will sell for \$1,500.

# CENTRAL LAON & TRUST CO.,

W. W. BROWN, Manager  
BURLINGTON, N. C.

grasses, cotton or tobacco and abundance of wood and good market for same at \$2.25 per cord at Mebane, N. C. We will sell this farm for \$3,500.

**125-ACRE FARM**—2½ miles south of Mebane, located on public road, about 50 acres in open cultivation, balance in wood land, pine and oak, ½ of this farm is red soil, balance gray, good 6-room, two-story residence, newly painted, very good barn, fairly good orchard of apples and peaches, well watered with two ever-flowing streams, also good well of water on back porch of residence and good Graded School within three-fourths mile of this farm. This is a good farm for grain, grasses, cotton or tobacco. We will sell this farm for \$3,750.

**13-ACRE FARM**—One-half mile south of Mebane, N. C., 2-room log house, well watered, about 1-2 red soil, balance gray. We will sell this farm for \$35 per acre.

**80-ACRE FARM**—2 miles east of Mebane, N. C., located on public road, good red soil, lays well to cultivate and enough wood and timber on this place to pay for it. For quick sale, \$20 per acre.

**75-ACRE FARM**—One mile south of Mebane, N. C., located on macadam road leading out to Swepsonville Mills. The timber on this place has just been cut off, and it would make a splendid farm when put in cultivation. The soil is mostly good red soil, and lays fine. We will sell this place for \$30 per acre.

We have four acres of good land near Fair Grounds, Burlington, N. C., we will sell for \$500.

**5-ROOM, TWO STORY RESIDENCE**—newly painted and papered, city water, located on Holt Street, two blocks from Passenger Station. We will sell for \$3,850.

**TWO NICE RESIDENT LOTS ON CHURCH STREET**—100x200 at \$500 each; four lots, 75x250 at \$350 each; three lots 100x250 at \$400 each; four lots, 100x200 at \$350, each, and one lot, 150 feet front and 400 feet deep at \$1,000.

**TWO LOTS ON WEST DAVIS STREET**—75x250 at \$1,000, each, and two lots 70x250, \$500 each. We also have several lots on Central Heights at \$50, \$75, \$100, \$125, \$150 and \$200.

**50 BUILDING LOTS AT ELON COLLEGE, N. C.**, for sale, ranging from \$60 to \$200 per lot, size of lots 100 feet by 200 feet.

**LOT 70X200 ON TUCKER STREET** on which there is a brick building 60x38. Splendid location for Hosiery Mill or Machine Shop. We will sell for \$2,000.00.

vated lots shaded with beautiful oaks. These houses are well built of good material and wired for electric lights. We can sell for \$1,250 each.

**NEW 4-ROOM COTTAGE**—two blocks of Graded School, well built of good material and painted, also wired for electric lights, beautiful lot and a splendid location. We will sell for \$1,000.

We also have 30 or 40 building lots ranging in price from \$40 to \$250 each.

**4-ROOM COTTAGE** on Green Street, High Point, N. C., on car line, a great bargain at our price of \$1,250.

POOR





**Elon College Route 1 Items.**  
The crops are needing rain again through this community.  
Mrs. Yancey Tickle visited at Mr. J. C. Tickle's Sunday.  
Quite a number of young people enjoyed some nice ice cream at Mr. J. W. Jones Saturday night.  
There seems to be some attraction at Gibsonville for Mr. Walter Hower-ton. She is O. K. Walter. We will not tell her name this time.  
Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Gerringer and children visited at Mr. Levi Hower-ton's Sunday.  
The following were visitors at Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gerringer's Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Huffines and two children, Mrs. Belle Gerringer and daughter, Miss Frances Gerringer and Misses Malissa and Corda Dimont.  
Ask Miss Marcie Gerringer who carried her home Sunday evening.  
Mr. Jesse Shepherd and Mr. Rufus Newell took a spin in the country Sunday evening. Ask Mr. Shepherd where he left his umbrella.  
Mr. and Mrs. Base Lowe and Mr. John Wicker and Mrs. Ada Lowe at-tended the baptizing at Gibsonville Sunday evening.  
Protracted meeting will begin at Apple's Church Sunday, the 26th.  
Mrs. D. L. Williams and children visited her sister, Mrs. Carrie Shep-herd Sunday.  
Mrs. Lula Lowe is on the sick list this week. Hope she will soon re-cover.  
Miss Manie Tickle spent Monday night with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Lowe.  
Miss Ada Shepherd spent the lat-ter part of the last week with her uncle, Mr. Frank Durham.  
Miss Allie Belle Tickle visited Miss Manie Tickle Sunday.  
News is scarce this week. Will write more next time.

**READER.**

**Whitsett News Items.**  
Last Sunday was a red letter day in the history of the Methodist Episco-pal Church, South, of this place. The church was dedicated with appropri-ate ceremonies; the sermon being de-livered by Rev. A. S. Fesper, of Trinity, and the exercises being con-ducted by Rev. W. S. Haler, pastor in charge. The work at this place is now about eight years old, and after a struggle the church property is all paid for and the work looks out upon a brighter future. The text for the occasion was: "It is more blessed to give than to receive." Special music was furnished for the services, and throughout it was a most interesting occasion. The church property is now worth about \$2,000, and is well locat-ed upon a corner lot.  
Henry Grassie left the first of the week for Greenville, S. C., where he goes to play ball with the league team of that place. He is a good player of long experience and will doubtless take a good amount among the other league players.

**WOMEN'S WOES.**

**Burlington Women Are Finding Relief at Last.**  
It does seem that women have more than a fair share of the aches and pain that afflict humanity; they must "keep up" must attend to duties in spite of constantly aching backs, or headaches, dizzy spells, bearing down pains; they must stoop over, when to stoop means torture. They must walk and bend and work with racking pains and many aches from kidney ills. Keeping the kidneys well has spared thousands of women much misery. Read of a remedy for kidneys only that is endorsed by people you know.  
Mrs. P. King, 1016 Dixie St., Burl-ington, N. C., says: I had nervous headaches, my back hurt me and I had pains when I lifted anything. The kidney action was quite irregular. Doan's Kidney Pills removed this trouble and made my back strong."  
Mrs. King is only one of many Burl-ington people who have gratefully en-dorsed Doan's Kidney Pills. If your back aches—if your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kid-ney Pills, the same that Mrs. King had—the remedy heralded by homopathe-ticity. 50c. all stores. Foster-Mil-burn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. "When Your Back is Lame—Remem-ber the Name."

**Mrs. William A. Myers and child,** of Salisbury, who have been visiting here for some time, left for home the last of the past week.  
C. E. Lambeth, of Greensboro, was here Sunday for the exercises at the M. E. Church.  
Rev. R. E. Redding is in Caswell county this week assisting in a pro-tracted meeting.  
Dr. W. T. Whitsett has returned home after a stay of some days in Charlotte on business.  
M. N. Greeson, of Brick Church com-munity, spent Monday afternoon here on business.  
The school census for Rock Creek township is being taken by W. H. Mc-Lean, Esq., who is the attendance of-fer for the township.  
Joseph Evans, of Henderson, was here the first of the week on a visit to friends. He was a student here some years ago.  
The new catalogue is being rapidly mailed out to friends of the school and all indications point to a fine attend-ance the coming school year which opens August 26th.  
Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Walker are back from a trip of about a month to Golds-boro and other points, east.

**Savapahaw Items.**

Mrs. Sam Coley, of Wilmington, is in the village at present, visiting relatives.  
The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Paris, who was so seriously hurt about six weeks ago, had the misfor-tune of breaking his leg over again Friday. He had improved very much and was so proud of the fact that he could raise himself up in the bed that he jumped up too quickly, fell on the injured limb and broke it right in the same place again. He suffered very much for a while, but seems to be getting along nicely at present.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ferrell and children, of Swepsonville, visited Mr. J. L. Phillips Saturday and Sunday.  
Miss Eunice Cooper, of Graham, spent the week-end with the Misses Wilmington here.  
The Children's Day exercises which were given here Sunday night were largely attended and seemed to be en-joyed by all. Rev. G. W. Holmes, was present and made a fine talk on Mis-ery.

**About Cutting Tobacco.**

The Dispatch has received the fol-lowing clipping with the request to publish:  
"Forty nine years ago I began grow-ing tobacco. A few years later I de-termined that there were certain days better than others on which to cut tobacco for it to cure properly and have a rich, waxy and heavy body. To find out the way to tell these dates, and to tell them ahead has been a hard job, but I was finally success-ful."  
To explain, let me say that tobacco has an oily substance which is its nat-ural possession. It has a sap (water) like other vegetation. When the sap rises, it runs the oil through the pores of the leaves, on the principle that oil and water won't mix, and oil being lighter is pushed out by the sap. Tobacco cut and cured in this state will be light and "chaffy" you see, there is nothing but sap in the tobacco and when cured this sap is gone. It evaporates and leaves the ta-bacco light and worthless. But to cut tobacco when the sap is down and the oil has full sway, you can cure it up nicely and with a heavy body; it will be rich and "waxy." This hap-pens because the tobacco is full of oil instead of sap, and the oil can't evap-orate and remains in the leaf to make it rich and heavy.

It has been my experience that we must cut tobacco when there is oil in it, if we expect to have oil in it when cured. For instance, you have ex-perienced cutting one week and have ex-cellent luck and then cut a few days later, probably off the same piece of ground with riper tobacco and have no luck at all.  
I shall be pleased to answer any cor-respondence from tobacco growers who may want to write me, provided post-age is sent for reply.

D. V. DAVIS,  
Fork, N. C.

With a quorum, is Congress a co-ordinate branch of the government?  
—Greensboro News.

**HOOD WINS IN THIRD.**  
Continued from Page 4.  
E Hood is declared to be, and is, the regular nominee of the Democratic party in the third congressional dis-trict for Congress.  
(Signed)  
"W. L. HILL,  
"Chairman, Duplin County.  
"J. L. BARHAM,  
"Secretary, Wayne County."

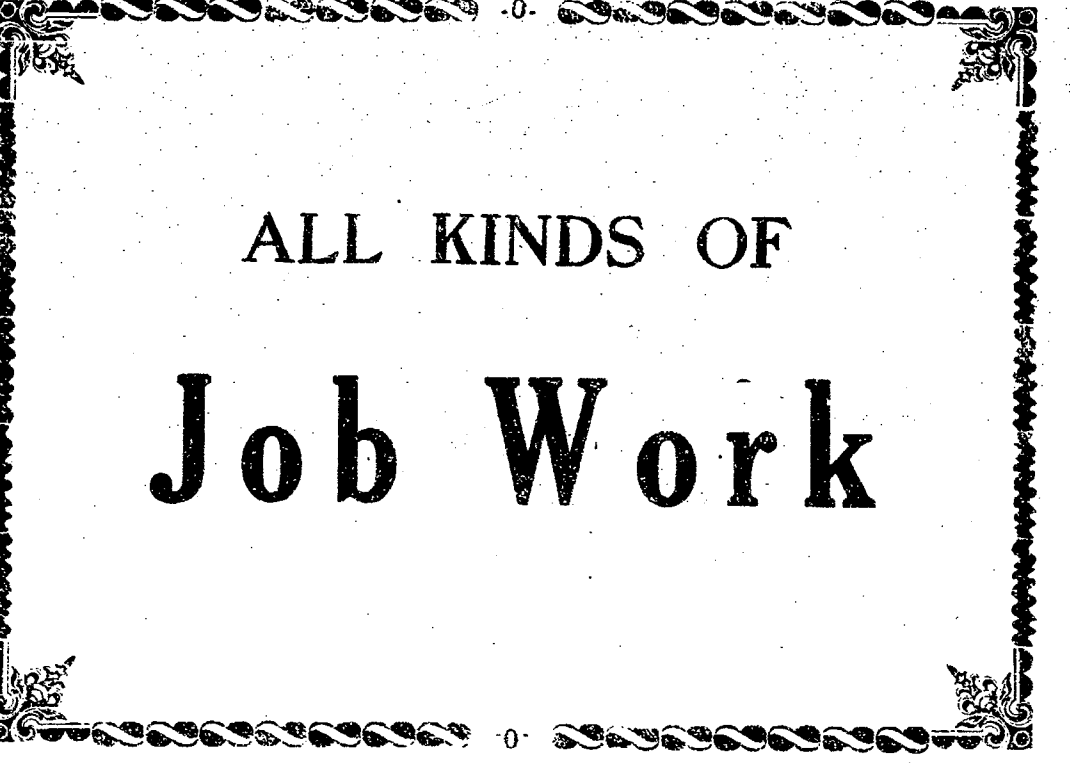
**NOMINEE HOOD SPEAKS.**  
Chairman W. L. Hill, of Warsaw, appointed Messrs. W. M. Webb, of Carteret, and George W. Waters, of Craven, to notify Mr. Hood, of his nomination. Mr. Hood, in company with these gentlemen, appeared before the committee and addressed them as follows:  
"Gentlemen of the Committee: I feel deeply grateful for the great hon-or that you, as representatives of the people of this district confer upon me in nominating me as the Demo-cratic candidate for Congress.  
"Since the new primary was re-quested by the State Democratic Ex-ecutive Committee the evidence of good will and support manifested by thousands of friends all over the dis-trict, has overwhelmed me with grati-tude.  
"I desire upon this occasion to as-sure each and one every that words are inadequate to convey to them my feel-ings of appreciation and thankfulness. I earnestly invoke the aid and co-op-eration of every Democrat in the dis-trict in suppressing any friction that may have been created on account of this contest.  
"The success of the immortal prin-ciples of Democracy in Nation and State should be nearer and dearer to our hearts than the success of an in-dividual.  
"I therefore implore that our dif-ferences be forgotten and that any discord that may have been engend-ered be buried so that we may march together in one solid phalanx to a great victory on November 7."  
Secretary J. L. Barham was re-quested to transmit a copy of the resolution to Hon. Thomas D. Warren, chairman of the Democratic State ex-ecutive Committee, for ratification.  
The members of the committee felt that Mr. Thomas had done them a great injustice on account of the state-ment made in his letter of with-drawal from the contest. Messrs. Barham, Webb and Waters were ap-pointed as a committee to make any reply to the charges made by Mr. Thomas that was considered neces-sary.

In the light of what Mr. Bryan has had to say, Does Mr. Wilson still regard woman suffrage as a state issue?  
—Greensboro News.

It is now said Champ Clark is be-hind the opposition to Jones. And is not a ship subsidy somehow involved?  
—Greensboro News.

**CAFFEINE IN BEVERAGES.**  
In the year 1909 the United States consumed sixteen million, two hun-dred and forty-eight thousand, two hundred and twenty one pounds of caf-feine in the form of coffee, tea, choc-olate and cocoa. As the population of that year was estimated to be ninety millions and as there are three hun-dred and sixty-five day in a year, this gives an average of three and one-half grains of caffeine per capita per day.  
In Great Britain the average is a little higher and in Germany a little lower than the United States. In view of the fact that infants, children and many adults do not use the caf-feine containing beverages it is fairly safe to estimate that the average user consumed seven grains of caffeine per day.  
A glass of Coca-Cola contains only one and twenty-two-hundredths grains of caffeine so that you would have to drink about six glasses of Coca-Cola per day to get as much caffeine as the average coffee or tea user gets. Al-though Coca-Cola contains only about one-half as much caffeine as a cup of tea or coffee, it possesses one great advantage over both of these bever-ages in that it contains none of the acrid vegetable substance known as tannin or tannic acid which makes tea and coffee disagree with some people.

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**POOR**