

You.
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling you about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention The Twice-A-Week Dispatch, Burlington, N. C. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Stubborn, Annoying Coughs Cured.
"My husband had a cough for fifteen years and my son for eight years. Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured them, for which I am most thankful," writes Mrs. David Moore, of Saginaw, Mich. What Dr. King's New Discovery did for these men, it will do for you. Dr. King's New Discovery should be in every home. Steps leading coughs, relieve the grippe and all throat and lung ailments. Money back if it fails. All druggists. Price 50c. and \$1.00.—H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Less Dyspepsia Now—Here's The Reason.
The fact that there is less dyspepsia and indigestion in this community than there used to be is largely, we believe due to the extensive use of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets, hundreds of packages of which we have sold. No wonder we have faith in them. No wonder we are willing to offer them to you for trial entirely at our risk.

Among other things, they contain Pepsin and Bismuth, two of the greatest digestive aids known to medical science. They soothe the inflamed stomach, ally pain, check heartburn and distress, help to digest the food, and tend to quickly restore the stomach to its natural comfortable healthy state.

There is no red tape about our guarantee. It means just what it says. We'll ask you no questions. Your word is enough for us. If Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets don't restore your stomach to health and make your digestion easy and comfortable, we want you to come back for your money. They are sold only at the 7,000 Rexall Stores, and in this town only by us. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1. Freeman Drug Co., Burlington, N. C.

Retired Georgia Planter's Advice to Kidney Sufferers.

Regarding the wonderful curative merits of your Swamp-Root, I cannot say too much. After suffering severely for three years or more with severe pains caused by weak kidneys, I was finally induced to try Swamp-Root through a testimonial I read in one of the newspapers. I was in such a condition that I was obliged to arise from my bed six or eight times every night. I purchased a fifty-cent bottle and before it was used I felt so much relief that I purchased a one-dollar bottle and by the time this was taken the old pains had left my back and I could sleep the whole night through. I am a retired planter, 70 years of age, and owing to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, I am in the best of health and feel like a boy. I am always glad to recommend Swamp-Root to those who are in need of it.

Sincerely yours,
C. E. USSERY,
Bowersville, Ga.

Personally appeared before me, this 8th day of September, 1909, C. E. USSERY, who subscribed and above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

T. H. McLANE,
Notary Public.

Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.
Letter to

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and cures the Cold. It brings refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature.

Dem. Club Favors Keith.

President Woodrow Wilson Club of Wilmington, Wires in Favor of Republican.

Wilmington, March 7.—Overshadowing the stirring events of the local campaign for county offices, startling the Democrats of the entire city and county, causing the Democracy of the State to lift its eyebrows in surprised questioning, yet, creating wonderment among the Democrats in Washington, was the news that the Woodrow Wilson Club, of Wilmington, did not want Col. W. W. Keith re-elected and did not want him to resign even until his term expires a year from now.

It is stated a separation here and there, the North Carolina Democrats in Washington. What? The Woodrow Wilson Club of the President's one-time home, the organization that raised \$10,000 to help nominate him and which lead all similar organizations in his behalf—didn't want a Republican office-holder removed and a man appointed who has the endorsement of every congressman and both Senators and senate of Democrats here and everywhere. Col. W. W. Keith Taylor, to succeed him, and succeed him right now? It was incredible. And this news broke on the very day that Senator Simmons and Congressman Godwin called on Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury Department, and asked him to forward upon Col. Taylor a Democrat, so that he could enter upon his duties at once, here more than a year after a Democratic president had been in power.

It was concluded that there had been a "printer in the woodpile."

The news stated that a telegram had been received by the Secretary of the Treasury asking that Mr. Keith be retained until his term expired, pending the news of the Woodrow Wilson Club.

That was a strange. Members of the club were as surprised as anybody else. They said no matter had been called on the matter. Finally it developed that Congressman W. A. McGill, who is president of the Woodrow Wilson Club, had sent the telegram. Asked about it, he said it represented only his personal views of the matter, and that he signed himself president of the Woodrow Wilson Club, merely as a means of identification.

But, with all due deference to the gentlemanly statement to this effect, everybody knows that when an official of an organization signs himself with his official entitlements, it carries with it the force and impression that he is speaking for his organization. However, even had the message merely been signed by the gentleman as a citizen, or as peanut merchant, for instance, or peanut politician, the big fact is that a leading member of the Democratic Club that has spent the greater portion of its life and eussing the lack of Democracy in the Independent Club which it has declared is made up and maintained by "broken down and ex-Republicans," has attempted in connection with other Democrats, for all we know, with other big leaders in the Democratic Club, to keep a republican in a fat office another year under Democratic rule, and keep out a Democrat, who has the hearty endorsement of the Democratic representatives and Senators of North Carolina.

Hanover County—to remember 1898 and 1860-1870.

Why, it has been understood all along, by everybody, that Mr. Keith, fair-minded gentleman, courteous and patriotic, devoted to the best interests of the city, and willing to let the victors share the spoils, would resign the minute he was asked. The Republican office-holder himself, who has no charge against him, is willing to abdicate; but a Democrat, leading member of the Democratic Club wants him kept in the position.

Isn't that a pretty dish to set before the King?

The Wilmington Dispatch conveying the sensational piece of political news, contained this:

"Senator Simmons and Representative Godwin, called on Secretary McAdoo Saturday, presented the endorsements of Col. Walker Taylor and asked that he be appointed to succeed Col. Keith. The Secretary looked over the papers and then said: 'The fair thing to do is that he would consider the matter. Whether Keith's telegram and the 'W. W.' message was shown to Messrs. Simmons and Godwin is not known. If the Secretary did show these communications, neither Senator Simmons or Representative Godwin mentioned it to the newspaper correspondents when the subject was discussed with them at the capital.'

While browsing around the Treasury Building as Peter Murphy, of Salisbury, would say, the correspondent started across a tip that led to the discovery of the two telegrams. The fact that the Woodrow Wilson Club would Keith kept in view of the fact that Mr. M. F. H. Gougeon, a candidate for Keith's job, is a member of the Woodrow Wilson Club—Independent News.

Girls' Salaries Cut.

Washington, March 7.—Reduced salaries, amounting to \$1 or more a week, are being paid in a city of despite from a number of girls who have been working as waitresses in the various restaurants throughout the city. The reduction is a result of the signing of a law, which directly lessens the pay only the time which a girl is allowed to work, has caused a proportionate reduction in the contents of her pay envelope. That the law does not include domestics was said yesterday by several women of Washington familiar with the situation of the one of its greatest virtues. Application of its regulations to that class of women workers, they said, would be impracticable.

While the schedules in many places had been adjusted to meet requirements of the law before its passage, other proprietors, not anticipating its effect, were made to take sudden and drastic action.

A Post reporter visited a number of Washington restaurants yesterday and canvassed the waitresses with regard to the effect upon them of the eight-hour law. The girls seemed unwilling to make any statement, apparently through fear of losing their positions. In several instances, however, it was said that the wages had been reduced. Proprietors were reluctant to talk about the reductions in wages.

One of the girls said her wages had been reduced and that her employer had mentioned the possibility of employing colored waiters or Greeks for less pay and working them twelve to fourteen hours a day. The girl said that since her reduction in wages she is making \$14 a month, and her expenses are \$21.

Mrs. Robert M. LaFollette, wife of Senator LaFollette, said: "I do not think the law should have included domestics. It is better to begin with the factories and places of hard manual labor, and gradually work up to the places where the occupation necessitates less pressure."

Dr. Elnora C. Folkmar said she thought the law was general enough in its present form. "The application of the eight-hour law to domestics," she said, "would be wholly impracticable."

Gregor Kramm, owner of a lunch room, said he had experienced no trou-

ble in shifting the working hours of his women employees. He said he was heartily in favor of the law including domestics. "The fact," he said "that the law does not include domestics merely relieves the richer element from parting with its money."

She Called Him.
"I hate you!" said the bride.
Next brides say that, sooner or later. But this one was forced into wily windings of logic, relates The Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Why do you hate me?" asked the groom calmly.

"Before we were married, you did nothing but talk. You were sure the goldfish had. Now you do nothing but love me!"

"If you are golden," parodied the bride.

"You are a man. Be a millionaire by this time," answered the bride.

"What is the coin?"

"Money, Room."

"But you had at work digging a good hole when the loss stalled by 'W. W. Par.' said he, setting the progress of the work, 'do you think you will be able to get all that dirt back into the hole again?'"

But looked doubtfully at the pile of dirt and then at the hole, scratched the back of his head, and after some thought said: "No, sir; sure I don't think I've dug the hole deep enough."

To Prevent Blood Poisoning

Use at once the wonderful old reliable DR. RYAN'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a sure dressing that relieves pain and heals at all times. Note numbers. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Spring Blood and System Cleanser.
During the winter months impurities accumulate, your blood becomes thick and thin, your kidneys, liver and bowels fail to work, causing so-called "Spring Fever." You feel tired, weak and lary. Electric Bitters—the spring tonic and system cleanser—what you need; they stimulate the kidneys, liver and bowels to healthy action, expel blood impurities and restore your health, strength and appetite. Electric Bitters makes you feel like new. Start a four week's treatment—it will put you in fine shape for your spring work. Guaranteed. All Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00.—H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

The King of All Laxatives.

For Constipation, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. Paul Mathulka, of Buffalo, N. Y., says they are the "king of all laxatives. They are a blessing to all my family and I always keep a box at home." Get a box and get well again. Price 25c. At all Druggists or by mail. H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

We pay the highest market prices for furs and hides.—Levin Bros., Hide and Fur Dealers, Burlington, N. C.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

ROCUTT MEMORIAL BAPTIST CHURCH.
Adams Avenue and Hall St.
Rev. Jas. W. Rose, Pastor.
Preaching every fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.
Prayer Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.
Ladies' Aid Society first Sunday afternoon.

EPISCOPAL

The Church of The Holy Comforter.
The Rev. John Benner Gible, Rector.
Services:
Every Sunday, 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Holy Communion: First Sunday, 11 a. m. Third Sunday, 7:30 a. m. Holy and Saints' Days, 10:00 a. m. Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.

The public is cordially invited. All pews free. Fine vested choir.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Corner Church and Davis Streets.
Rev. A. B. Kendall, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday, 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:45 a. m. John R. Foster, Superintendent.
Christian Endeavor Services Sunday evenings at 6:45.
Mid-Week Prayer Service, every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.
Ladies' Aid and Missionary Society meets on Monday after the second Sunday in each month.

A cordial invitation extended to all. A Church Home for visitors and for strangers.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner Front and Anderson Streets.
Pastor.
Sunday School every Sabbath, 9:45 a. m.
Preaching every Second and Fourth Sabbath, 11:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Mid-Week Service every Thursday, 7:30 p. m.

A cordial welcome to all. Passage second door from church.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Donald McIver Pastor.
Services every Sunday at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. B. R. Sellers, Superintendent.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.
The public is cordially invited to all services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. Martin W. Buck, Pastor
Sunday Worship, 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. J. L. Scott, Superintendent.
Praise and Prayer Services, Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m.
Christian Culture Class, Saturday at 3:00 p. m.
Church Conference, Wednesday before first Sunday of each month, 7:30 p. m.
Observance of Lord's Supper, first Sunday in each month.
Woman's Union, first Monday of each month, 3:30 p. m.

THE METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.

East Davis Street.
Rev. George L. Curry, Pastor.
Services:
Morning, 11:00. Evening, 7:30
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday evenings.
Ladies' Aid and Missionary Societies every Monday afternoon after first Sunday in each month.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. J. G. Rogers, Superintendent.
Good Baracc and Philathea Classes.
You are invited to attend all these services.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH. FRONT STREET.

Rev. T. A. Sikes, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday morning and evening.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. W. E. Sharpe, Superintendent.
Prayer Service, Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.
Epworth League, 7:00 o'clock every Sunday evening.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH. WEBB AVENUE.

Rev. Oblette, Pastor.
Preaching every first Sunday at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Second Sunday at 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday at 10 a. m. John F. Idol, Superintendent.
Everybody welcome.

MACEDONIA LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Rev. T. S. Brown, Pastor.
Morning Services at 11:00 a. m.

Services at 9:30 p. m.
No services on third Sundays.
Sunday School 9:45 a. m. Prof. J. B. Robertson, Superintendent.
Teachers' Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. (Pastor's Study).
Woman's Missionary Society, first Thursday in every month at 3:30 p. m.
L. C. B. Society, second Thursday in every month at 3:30 p. m.
Luther League, second and fourth Sundays at 3:00 p. m.

Professional Cards

Dr. J. H. Allen
Eye Specialist
Office Over C. F. Neese's Store
Burlington, N. C.

P. Spoon, D. V. S.
W. A. Hornaday, D. V. M.
Spoon & Hornaday
Veterinarians
Office and Hospital Office Phone 377
415 Main St. Residence Phone 282

C. A. Anderson M. D.
Office hours 1 to 2 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.
First National Bank Building.
Leave day calls at Bradleys Drug Store.

John H. Vernon,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Burlington, N. C.
Office room 7 and 8 Second floor First Nat'l Bank Building
Office phone 337-J Resident phone 337-L

DR. J. H. BROOKS
Surgeon Dentist
Foster Building
BURLINGTON, N. C.

N & W Norfolk & Western

DEC. 8, 1912.
LEAVE WINSTON-SALEM.
7:00 A. M. daily for Roanoke and intermediate stations. Connect with Main Line train North, East and West with Pullman Sleeper, Dining Cars.
2:05 P. M. daily for Martinsville, Roanoke, the North and East. Pullman steel electric lighted sleeper Winston-Salem to Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York.
Dining Cars North of Roanoke, 4:15 P. M. daily, except Sunday, for Martinsville and local stations.
Trains arrive Winston-Salem 9:15 A. M., 9:35 P. M., 1:55 P. M. Trains leave Durham for Roanoke South (except and Lynchburg 7:00 a. m. daily, and 3:30 p. m. daily except Sunday. W. O. ORVILLE, Pres't. T. A. Mgr. W. C. SMITH, Gen'l. Pass. Agt. Roanoke, Va.

FOR all kinds of Commercial and Job Printing, call
or phone us **PHONE 255**

Just Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure
The worst cases, no matter how long standing are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Carter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves pain and heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

The corn-fed ones are disappearing. I saw a girl get into a buggy and I thought the driver had dropped his whip.—Ignatius Patrick Frealey.

DO YOU
Receive Piedmont Interest Checks?
IF NOT, WHY NOT? ITS A SIGN OF PROSPERITY. YOUR NEIGHBORS UNDERSTAND.
PIEDMONT TRUST CO.

POOR

Cobb Went Bravely to the Death Chair

The Prisoner Confessed the Murder of Thomas Shaw in May of Last Year.

Raleigh, March 7.—R. W. Cobb walked nimbly to the electric chair yesterday morning and took gamely his reward for the slaying of Thomas Shaw, of Halifax.

And in that chamber of horrors, in which the easy arm-chair of death sits, fourteen men's lives have gone out, but none ever stepped upon the end of a life with quite the grace and abandon of the young man Cobb.

The nerve that has failed him but once abode with him to the end. His last night was calm and his last moments serene. What may have rested heavily upon his soul was thrown off yesterday morning when he gave to the public the confession of his guilt. This behind him, he was ready for the signal that sent him to an expeditious death.

The thirty witnesses that sat in the semi-circular space had been given that word that Cobb had confessed. They had hoped to hear him utter his own story. But instead, Cobb came into the ward of terrors without a word, barely glanced at a few in the survey of witnesses and took the blindfold first in the trappings of woe.

Suppressed admiration of his splendid nerve came out in spirit of the impressive silence. The heavy breathing of witnesses could be heard above the all-pervading quiet. Men were holding watches waiting to mark the climatic events. The attendants were adjusting the wires and Cobb was aiding them all he could by putting arms and legs into the straps that bound him to the chair.

The drag of the moments spent in the tests and the preliminaries worked upon the witnesses who viewed time from an angle different entirely from Cobb's as he reflected upon his wasted young life. It has been written that minutes lengthen as they merge into eternity as miles to the northward grow longer. But there wasn't the delay of even a few minutes. It seemed so only.

The mournful monotone of the giant dynamo which was started by Jim Wilcox, announced the last lap of life. The twenty incandescent lights broke into a glare as the first test was made, then again and again. Back in the death ward one imagined he heard someone chanting a doleful cantata. But he didn't. Cobb was composure complete. He was too nervy to excite the sympathy of his fellows in condemnation and he strode directly to the room where men were to watch him die.

GREETING TO SALE.

Big Tom Sale, the warden, who approaches all these ordeals as a big-hearted man, was standing at the switch. In compassion he covered it as Cobb walked by. It was an excess of caution. That instrument has chilled its hundreds throughout the country, but Cobb would not have noticed it. As he passed the warden to enter the final place, he stuck out his hands and the two shook hands warmly. He was white, but not pale. He had spent eight months in a cell. He did not then speak. He turned briskly into the witness room and walked steadily and unafraid. His shaven head alone published the sign of his doom. He wore a neat blue suit with soft shirt and tie, striped blue tie and clean black hose. He had on no shoes and the right trouser leg carried the slit through which the instrument of certain death was to be placed.

He sat down without effort to pose or trial at exhibiting nerve. He did it naturally and with ease. He glanced sharply at three Halifax men, one particularly, Mr. J. D. Shearin, a brother-in-law of the dead merchant. The two did not speak either by eye or mouth. Mr. Shearin did not know whether Cobb knew him or not. He thought perhaps the murderer did.

To this moment no word had been spoken. Warden Sale said to the attendants: "Make those connections good." Cobb's strong neck was now bent back to the chair. The muscles stood out and the straps lightly impeded the breathing. There were adjusted. Dr. J. R. Rogers stood up, watched the undisturbed respiration and as the young fellow drew a long breath, the doctor's hands were raised.

THE SINGLE CURRENT WORKS.

The straps grew taut and checked, no sang loudly and fed merciful fire no sang loudly and fed merciful fire into the man's body. The hour was 10:40. The current had been on but a few seconds. It was stopped and the physicians made the death tests. Dr. Rogers, Dr. R. S. McGeachy, Dr. Joel Whitaker, Jr., Dr. J. W. Mc-

Ghee and Dr. E. T. Judd put the stethoscope upon the heart and it was still.

In seven minutes from the death chair Cobb had laid down the corroborative Scriptures, he had been loosed from the body of death and borne back to the anteroom. There his form lay with just a few marks of the apparatus of death, the cleanest, quickest execution that has ever been dealt to a man in the electric chair.

COBB'S CONFESSION.

During the short lease of life that Cobb's appeal and Governor Craig's reprieve gave him, ministers have been preparing him for the day. Rev. H. M. North baptized him in the fall and Rev. Dr. W. McWhite has spent COBB GALLEY TWO hours of prayer with him. The minister was with him yesterday morning but left a few moments before the call to the chair.

Cobb had not confessed to Dr. White. He was young and hoped to live. He wrote his confession several days ago, but the belief that something might interfere kept him from a confession that might have made it better for him. The minister who was with him yesterday went to the telephone after learning of the letter to Governor Craig and spoke to the Governor. The Chief Executive was moved to consider a few moments but did not think the point that Cobb did not mean to kill the old merchant a strong one. It was what the Governor had thought all the time.

"Tell me, why did Peter deny his Lord?" the doomed man asked the spiritual adviser who explained that the admission of discipleship would have resulted in death, perhaps, to the man upon whom was built the Great Church. "Then it was fear," Cobb completed. It was evidently what the executed man was thinking about himself. It is believed that in delaying his confession he felt, too, that having had no murder in his heart, he was guilty of no lie when he held out so near to the end.

Cobb's letter is written in legible pencil, is punctuated well and almost free from illiteracy. It indicates a higher order of intelligence than he had been credited with having. It reads:

Wednesday, March 4th, 1914.
Hon. Governor Locke Craig,
Raleigh, N. C.

I, R. W. Cobb, do confess to the killing of Mr. Thomas Shaw on the night of May 3rd, 1913. Henry Gurkin and myself left Rosemary, N. C., at 8:20 p. m., May 3rd, 1913, for the purpose of robbing Mr. Thomas Shaw, we arrived at his store sometime later, I don't know the time, we went to the back of the store and stayed there until a few minutes before it was closed. Mr. Shaw's little boy said, "I believe I will go to the house."

His father said, "Wait on a minute and we will both go." Gurkin and I left the back of the store then, and went to the dwelling (or between the two dwellings) Mr. Shaw's old and new home to consult as to the best way to hold him up. Gurkin said it would not do for him to do it, for Mr. Shaw knew him and would recognize his voice, so it was decided that I should do the holding up and Gurkin was to come up behind him and search him for his money. Gurkin gave me his revolver. I not having one. I then concealed myself in an angle of the porch of the new ere. Gurkin some place about the new ere. Pretty soon Mr. Shaw and his son came up from the store. I waited until they were in 10 or 15 feet of me before I stepped out of the shadow of the porch. I told him to hold up his hands, he stopped, and then came toward me again, and said, "Stop your foolishness," I told him to stop, but he continued to advance, removing his hand from his pocket. I thought I saw the gleam of steel or some weapon. It frightened me, and in a frenzy of fear I shot, I had no idea of killing Mr. Shaw. I shot at his legs, but the gun being a cheap "Iver Johnson" jumped and caught the bullet to strike a mortal spot.

I at once ran from the scene, by the lane which leads to the road, and down the road to the place where we had concealed the bicycles. Gurkin, by running across a field, arrived at them first, and was gone before I could get the one I was riding, so I did not see him any more until Monday morning, May 5th, 1913. He then proposed that we should say that we went to Weldon, in case we were suspected. I agreed, but we never went to Weldon on that night, and were not five minutes separated from 8:20 p. m. till 9:45 p. m. I had the bicycle borrowed from Henry Callum, and Gurkin used the one I borrowed from Clyde Taylor. After leaving the scene of the crime, and getting on the bicycle I rode straight into Rosemary by the county road, and did not go through the woods as was testified at my trial. I was never nearer Horner's gin than the depot, and it was all a mistake about my going or returning that way. I only write this in reference to circumstantial evidence which shows how easily one

can be mistaken, although it convicted me of a crime of which I am guilty, it is always best to know positively, for Jesus says in John 3:11, "We speak that we do know, and testify that we have seen." Now I am not trying to exonerate myself, for I am guilty, but I have great hopes of my soul being saved, even though my life is taken. I have had eight months and eighteen days confinement in one little cell, which gave me much food for thought, and I have prayed to our Father in Heaven for the forgiveness of my sins, not only mine, but those of my friends and enemies alike, and I hold no malice in my heart against anyone not even those who circulated the petition to have me electrocuted. I pray constantly for the soul of the man whom I slew. Also for his wife and children. May God bless and be merciful to them all the days of their life.

I can truthfully say I am fully as sorry to have deprived them of their dear husband and parent as they are at losing him, and I trust they will forgive me this great trespass upon their affection and love.

It has been a long wait, but I have lost, as all evil doers are sure to do in the end. But our Lord and Savior gives us blessed consolation in Romans 10:9, "That if thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus and shalt believe in thine heart that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved"; and in Matthew 6:15, "For if ye forgive men their trespasses, your Heavenly Father will also forgive you; but if ye forgive not COBB GALLEY THREE.

men their trespasses, neither will your Father forgive your trespasses, and thank God I have forgiven them every one." E. W. COBB.

BODY IS HELD HERE.

Until midnight no message suggesting what the family desired the State to do with the body of Cobb had been received.

It may be sent to the medical students of the University or it may be buried here. The family earlier in the week said something about desiring it, but they have put in no claim. It will be held here until Monday, after which time orders will be given as to its disposal.

Cobb's crime has been so often written that nothing new can be added to it today. His letter pretty well covers the case and is very much more interesting than anything that can be written by anybody else. He might have escaped detection altogether but for two blunders made in escaping from the Shaw premises.

Gurkin has been tried on the same charge with Cobb was acquitted. Whether he will be tried as an accomplice or upon any other charge is not known. It is quite certain that other capital cases will grow out of this homicide of May, last year.

Several of Mr. Shaw's relatives and friends to come here yesterday, but they did not. J. D. Shearin, of Aurelian Spring, brother-in-law of Thomas Shaw; J. E. Dobbins and J. F. Stallings, Halifax county men, were witnesses to the execution. All received genuine relief when the last doubt of Cobb's guilt had been removed by his confession.

Yesterday's execution was the first that has taken place in the administration of Governor Craig. It was the only one that Governor Craig felt it impossible to stay, and he gave the dead man all the clemency that he could.

White Man Slays Negro in Barnet. Fayetteville, March 6.—Daniel McRae, a negro, died yesterday in Harnett county from a gunshot inflicted a week ago by Frank Wright, a white man. The shooting occurred near the meeting of the borders of Cumberland, Harnett and Heke counties, and is said to have taken place in Barnet.

The story told here is that McRae, going to Wright's store, was challenged to a wrestling bout by Wright and reluctantly accepting the challenge, threw the white man. Wright's face being cut in the fall; that McRae, after making some purchases, started home, when Wright took down his Winchester rifle, followed the negro and shot him in the back.

Wright is well known here. He is said to have killed a negro several years ago, when he was freed by a coroner's jury. Eight months ago, he shot five times at a Fayetteville policeman as he sped away in an automobile, after being put out of a local cafe, but was never arrested for that act.

Floods Right at Home.

"You say you were rendered homeless by a flood my poor fellow? Did it happen in the Mississippi valley?" "No, right here. I tried to thaw out the water pipes too sudden." Baltimore American.

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed on the 17th day of September, 1913 by W. W. Burnley to the Alamance Insurance & Real Estate Company for the purpose of se-

curing the payment of a certain bond, bearing even date with said mortgage, for three hundred (\$300.00) dollars, said mortgage being recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in Book of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust No. 61, at page 116, default having been made in the payment of said bond according to its tenor, the undersigned mortgagee will, on

MONDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF MARCH, 1914,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.,

offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House Door in Graham, North Carolina, the following described property:

A certain tract or parcel of land in Alamance County and State of North Carolina, in Burlington Township, adjoining the lands of S. M. Hornaday, deceased, one Hardy, L. S. Holt & Sons, and James Teer, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a stake on the line of Hardy, running thence in a southerly direction with the line of said Hardy 112 feet to an iron stake in the line of L. S. Holt & Sons; running thence in an easterly direction with the said Holt's line 100 feet to a stake, corner of James Teer; thence in a northerly direction with James Teer's line 112 feet to a stake on said James Teer's line; thence parallel with the line of said Webb Avenue 100 feet to the beginning, the same being a part of that lot or tract of land purchased by the parties of the first part in the year 1889 from the North Carolina Railroad Company.

This the 21st day of February, 1914.

ALAMANCE INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

E. S. W. DAMERON,
Attorney.

RE-SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Because of advanced bids and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County, made in a Special Proceedings whereunto all the heirs-at-law of the late C. M. Euliss were made parties for the purpose of selling for partition the real property of said C. M. Euliss deceased, in Alamance County, we will offer at public sale to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Graham, N. C., at 12 o'clock, M. on

SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1914,
the following described real property, to-wit:

A lot or parcel of land in Burlington Township, within the corporate limits of the Town of Burlington, on the corner where Means and Cameron streets intersect, it being Lot No. 250, as shown by the map of the said town dated 1886, it being the same lot of land conveyed to said Clinton M. Euliss by the North Carolina Railroad Company dated 8th day of May, 1907, and recorded in Register of Deeds Office of Alamance County in Deed Book No. 14, on pages 212 to 215 and upon which there is now situated a dwelling house; this being Tract No. 3, as described in the petition in this cause.

Bidding on above lot will begin at \$1,000.00.

TERMS OF SALE—One third cash one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months, with interest on deferred payments and title reserved until fully paid.

WM. I. WARD,
Graham, N. C.
J. A. GILES,
Durham, N. C.
Commissioners.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed in trust executed to the Central Loan & Trust Co., on the 9th day of December, 1910 by Mary Kimbro, and duly registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in book No. 50, page 436 of Mortgage Deeds to secure the payment of three certain bonds, default having been made in the payment of said bond. The undersigned trustee will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House door of Alamance County on Saturday, March 28th, 1914, at 12 o'clock M., the following land conveyed by said deed in trust:

A certain lot of land in Burlington Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of William Boone, John Morton and others and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a rock in the road corner with John Morton and William Boone, thence South 16 1/4 W. 2 chains and 46 links to a stake corner with B. Texr Day, thence S. 85 W. 4 chains and 25 links to a stone, thence North 34 E. 2 chains and 25 links to a rock corner with William Boone, thence North 85 E. 4 chains and 75 links to the beginning, containing one acre more or less, upon which is situated three room frame dwelling in good repair.

This the 17th day of February, 1914.

CENTRAL LOAN & TRUST CO.
Trustee.

High Class

Dyeing, Cleaning and Pressing.

PHONE 525.

LOY BROS.

Burlington, N. C.

Hundreds of helpful ideas for the woman who sews at home

will be found in the New Spring
McCALL
Fashion Publications and Patterns



McCall Book of Fashions filled with the entire Spring season's advance styles, only 5 cents when bought with any 15-cent McCall pattern.

McCall's Magazine is the recognized style authority; a home entertainer; a house-keeping guide; a family money-saver. Only 50 cents a year with any 15-cent McCall Pattern free.

McCall Patterns are supreme in style, accuracy, fit and simplicity. Easy to understand and easy to make. All that is best in paper patterns for 10 cents and 15 cents.

Name AND Address

Send in your Name and address if you are contemplating buying a farm. We will gladly mail you our list of farms we have for sale.

Central Loan & Trust Co.,

W. W. BROWN, Manager
Burlington, North Carolina

One \$1.00

Will bring The Twice-A-Week Dispatch to your door twice-a-week twelve months

The State Dispatch
 Published Every Tuesday and Friday
 The State Dispatch Publishing Co.
 Burlington, N. C.
 Dr. J. A. Pickett, President.
 James E. Foust, Secretary and Treasurer and Business Manager.
 Office, First Floor, Rauhut Building, Telephone No. 265.
 Subscription, One Dollar per year payable in advance.
 All communications in regard to either news items or business matters should be addressed to The State Dispatch Publishing Co., and not to any individual connected with the paper.
 All news notes and communications of importance must be signed by the writer.
 We are not responsible for opinions of the correspondents.
 Subscribers will take notice that no receipt for subscription for The State Dispatch will be honored at this office unless it is numbered with stamped figures.
 Entered as second-class matter May 10, 1908, at the post office at Burlington, North Carolina, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Popular Clamor for Blood Sacrifice the Cause of Conviction.
 Atlanta, Ga., March 7.—Leo M. Frank was resented to death here today for the murder of Mary Phagan, a factory girl. His execution was set for April 17.
 The date set for the execution is the prisoner's 30th birthday. This fact was not known until sentence was pronounced, remarked that the 17th would be his birthday anniversary.
 Frank was born in Paris, Texas, on April 17th, 1884.
 Judge B. H. Hill, of the Superior court in pronouncing sentence, merely carried out the order of the Supreme court of Georgia, which on February 17, approved the conviction. Frank previously had been sentenced to be executed October 10, 1913. Sentence was then suspended pending a decision of motion for a new trial, an appeal to the Supreme Court, and a motion for a rehearing on the appeal. The latest of these efforts to save the life of Frank was defeated by decision of the Supreme Court on February 25.
 Immediately after the formal statement to the court, protesting his execution was ready by Judge Hill the condemned may made a brief innocence. He spoke with composure, varying his tone of voice only to emphasize various points touched upon in his statement.
 In his statement Frank charged that popular clamor for a "blood sacrifice" had been responsible for his conviction.
 "The law says that when one has lost his life through violence of another," he said, "the perpetrator of the deed must answer with his own. But the law does not say that where one has been killed a blood sacrifice must be made of the next convenient individual. Previous to and during my trial gossip on the streets carried vile, damning stories of mind, the jury that tried me was chosen. The virus of these vile insinuations entered the minds of the 12 men, and stole away their judicial frame of mind. The issue involved was law, but the poison of the unspeakable things took its place.
 "But if the State wills that my life be taken as the blood atonement for the little child who was ruthlessly killed by another, then it remains only for me to die with whatever fortitude my manhood may allow."
 Attorneys for Frank already have announced their intention of filing an extraordinary motion for a new trial, on ground of newly discovered evidence. This action, it is expected, will be delayed several weeks and pending disposal of the motion by the Superior Court, the date of execution may be deferred still further.
 While no definite announcement had been made of the allegations to be incorporated in the extraordinary motion, it is expected to touch upon several affidavits recently made public by counsel for Frank.
 Judge Hill, who pronounced sentence today, recently succeeded Judge L. S. Roan, who presided at Frank's trial, and sentenced him to death on August 28, and on October 31, denied a motion for a new trial.
 The murder was committed April 26, 1913.
 Frank tonight addressed a card to the public, in which he reiterated his innocence and declared he believed that he was entitled to a new trial.
 "The shadow of physical death does not dismay me," he said. "If such be my end, I shall go to it without fear and without quail. I am a man born to face and endure that which the chance of fate may bring.
 "In the sight of God and in His name, by the honor which I hope will be restored to me, by everything which a man may hold sacred, I swear that I am innocent of crime."
 Democratic Revolt Suggested by W. E. Hearst.
 New York, March 6.—William E. Hearst, in a special statement on Pres-

ident Wilson's canal tolls message, says:
 "Mr. Wilson, following the custom well established in England and her dependencies, has again delivered a speech from the throne to parliament.
 "It is not unusual for the governor general, or other head of an English colonial government, to urge the colonial parliament to do nothing, which would offend the mother country, so Mr. Wilson follows accepted usage in this respect.
 "It is perhaps without precedent, however, that a representative of any British possession, no matter how dependent, should ask his people to sacrifice their own undeniable rights and their own unquestionable interests to propitiate the British government and to save his personal face.
 "If congress retains any spark of self-respect or American independence it will tell Mr. Wilson that his face is not worth saving—at least, not at the sacrifice of the public interest and the national honor.
 "If congress has not enough patriotism to adopt such an independent attitude, it is time for all honest Democrats and genuine Americans to save their own self-respect by quitting a perjured party which no longer considers its own precedent, its platform pledges or its public welfare."

Fifty Millions from Income Tax.
 Washington, March 6.—The income tax law bids fair to live up to the expectations of the administration by producing about \$50,000,000 annually in revenue, paid by close to 425,000 individuals. Although treasury officials decided tonight not to make public for the present the reports of internal revenue collectors on the income tax, it became known that more than 400,000 individuals had made returns in the 63 collection districts up to Monday midnight, when the time limit expired. From these individuals it was understood that the government probably would collect more than \$40,000,000.
 It has been the opinion among officials that thousands of individuals would take advantage of the thirty days extension of time granted in cases of absence or sickness and expect the final figures to show that at least 25,000 more reporting than were given in the preliminary lists from collectors. If they are not mistaken in this view the actual results will be close to the estimates made at the time the legislation was before the United States Congress. This

Under Foot and Over Head.
 We need a second effort to get enumerated all the weather wonders of Friday and yesterday. Snow, rain, sunshine, storm, cloud and April shower were crowned at sunset Friday by a fine rainbow against the last named. Weather Man Atto tells us that a March rainbow is something almost unknown, and it issuedly is a new one on us. But the weather would not rest content with its achievements. It rained again, and next produced a frost, before 9 o'clock that night, and Saturday morning the ground was heavily white with a true November look. Then the amazing snowstorm of Saturday mid-day, immediately preceded and followed by full sunshine. Then more snowstorms, etc., with the sun shining brightly through the snow. These phenomena come on the heels of the weather raised to the nth groundhog power for many successive weeks. It is a wonderful season, and no mistake.

Says Gold Hill Mine Will Pay Dividends.
 Washington, March 7.—Walter G. Newman, president of the Gold Hill mines, issued a statement in regard to the North Carolina gold mines, in which he says that handsome dividends will be paid the stockholders of the company before the end of this year. His statement says: "Since August 13, 1912, to March 1, 1914, the mines have been completely rehabilitated and are today in a splendid working condition, and a large producer of gold, copper and silver. There are 14 large and distinct veins at the 800 foot level, averaging from two to eighteen feet in width, and can be traced the whole length of the property. All these veins carry large quantities of gold, copper and silver, some very rich in sulphur. There is one vein in particular which has been worked and developed more extensively than any of the rest on the properties. This vein was first encountered 320 feet from the main working shaft, going west in a cross cut at the 800-foot level and a rise made on

foot level, toward the surface, the vein being in virgin ground. The vein averages over three feet in width and \$250 per ton for gold alone, and has been opened up for 3,000 feet on the surface.
 "It is my desire to pay handsome dividends on stock before January 1, 1915."
 Mean, Very Mean!
 She saw him, fold a piece of paper and put it in the farther corner of the drawer in the library table. If he had carelessly thrown it in, she would have thought nothing of it.
 "What's that?" he replied.
 "Oh nothing," he replied.
 She wondered what it was, and as he had said it was of no importance he had no one to blame but himself if she looked at it, which she did at the first opportunity. This is what she read:
 "I'll bet you a new hat your curiosity will not permit you to leave this alone."
 How can she claim the hat without giving herself away?—Public Ledger.
 Harold—She said she would be willing to go to the ends of the world with me.
 Jerrold—Oh, any girl would! But how about settling down in a flat up in the Bronx?—Puck.
 They say the Alps are fairly overrun with climbers.
 "Yes, indeed. Why a man can't even enjoy a fatal fall without colliding with a lot of cheap and undesirable persons!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.
 Miss Lydia Pierson, a school teacher in Woodbury, L. I., received as a Christmas present a huge pumpkin. A hole was found in it, however, and inside was a chicken, a dozen eggs, butter and apples and nuts.
 Pretty Girl Sues Prominent Farmer Who Married Another.
 Winston-Salem, Mar. 7.—Miss Bessie Cook, a pretty Stokes county belle, has instituted criminal action against Caleb Jessup, a prominent young farmer for breach of promise. Miss Cook alleged that Jessup secured a license to wed her on January 7, but that a few days later he secured a license and married Miss Mary Owens, of Surry county.
 'Tis ever thus.—Editor.
 Cartee's Lace—New line just received.

Mean, Very Mean!
 She saw him, fold a piece of paper and put it in the farther corner of the drawer in the library table. If he had carelessly thrown it in, she would have thought nothing of it.
 "What's that?" he replied.
 "Oh nothing," he replied.
 She wondered what it was, and as he had said it was of no importance he had no one to blame but himself if she looked at it, which she did at the first opportunity. This is what she read:
 "I'll bet you a new hat your curiosity will not permit you to leave this alone."
 How can she claim the hat without giving herself away?—Public Ledger.
 Harold—She said she would be willing to go to the ends of the world with me.
 Jerrold—Oh, any girl would! But how about settling down in a flat up in the Bronx?—Puck.
 They say the Alps are fairly overrun with climbers.
 "Yes, indeed. Why a man can't even enjoy a fatal fall without colliding with a lot of cheap and undesirable persons!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.
 Miss Lydia Pierson, a school teacher in Woodbury, L. I., received as a Christmas present a huge pumpkin. A hole was found in it, however, and inside was a chicken, a dozen eggs, butter and apples and nuts.
 Pretty Girl Sues Prominent Farmer Who Married Another.
 Winston-Salem, Mar. 7.—Miss Bessie Cook, a pretty Stokes county belle, has instituted criminal action against Caleb Jessup, a prominent young farmer for breach of promise. Miss Cook alleged that Jessup secured a license to wed her on January 7, but that a few days later he secured a license and married Miss Mary Owens, of Surry county.
 'Tis ever thus.—Editor.
 Cartee's Lace—New line just received.

Mean, Very Mean!
 She saw him, fold a piece of paper and put it in the farther corner of the drawer in the library table. If he had carelessly thrown it in, she would have thought nothing of it.
 "What's that?" he replied.
 "Oh nothing," he replied.
 She wondered what it was, and as he had said it was of no importance he had no one to blame but himself if she looked at it, which she did at the first opportunity. This is what she read:
 "I'll bet you a new hat your curiosity will not permit you to leave this alone."
 How can she claim the hat without giving herself away?—Public Ledger.
 Harold—She said she would be willing to go to the ends of the world with me.
 Jerrold—Oh, any girl would! But how about settling down in a flat up in the Bronx?—Puck.
 They say the Alps are fairly overrun with climbers.
 "Yes, indeed. Why a man can't even enjoy a fatal fall without colliding with a lot of cheap and undesirable persons!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.
 Miss Lydia Pierson, a school teacher in Woodbury, L. I., received as a Christmas present a huge pumpkin. A hole was found in it, however, and inside was a chicken, a dozen eggs, butter and apples and nuts.
 Pretty Girl Sues Prominent Farmer Who Married Another.
 Winston-Salem, Mar. 7.—Miss Bessie Cook, a pretty Stokes county belle, has instituted criminal action against Caleb Jessup, a prominent young farmer for breach of promise. Miss Cook alleged that Jessup secured a license to wed her on January 7, but that a few days later he secured a license and married Miss Mary Owens, of Surry county.
 'Tis ever thus.—Editor.
 Cartee's Lace—New line just received.

Mean, Very Mean!
 She saw him, fold a piece of paper and put it in the farther corner of the drawer in the library table. If he had carelessly thrown it in, she would have thought nothing of it.
 "What's that?" he replied.
 "Oh nothing," he replied.
 She wondered what it was, and as he had said it was of no importance he had no one to blame but himself if she looked at it, which she did at the first opportunity. This is what she read:
 "I'll bet you a new hat your curiosity will not permit you to leave this alone."
 How can she claim the hat without giving herself away?—Public Ledger.
 Harold—She said she would be willing to go to the ends of the world with me.
 Jerrold—Oh, any girl would! But how about settling down in a flat up in the Bronx?—Puck.
 They say the Alps are fairly overrun with climbers.
 "Yes, indeed. Why a man can't even enjoy a fatal fall without colliding with a lot of cheap and undesirable persons!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.
 Miss Lydia Pierson, a school teacher in Woodbury, L. I., received as a Christmas present a huge pumpkin. A hole was found in it, however, and inside was a chicken, a dozen eggs, butter and apples and nuts.
 Pretty Girl Sues Prominent Farmer Who Married Another.
 Winston-Salem, Mar. 7.—Miss Bessie Cook, a pretty Stokes county belle, has instituted criminal action against Caleb Jessup, a prominent young farmer for breach of promise. Miss Cook alleged that Jessup secured a license to wed her on January 7, but that a few days later he secured a license and married Miss Mary Owens, of Surry county.
 'Tis ever thus.—Editor.
 Cartee's Lace—New line just received.

B. Goodman
THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES



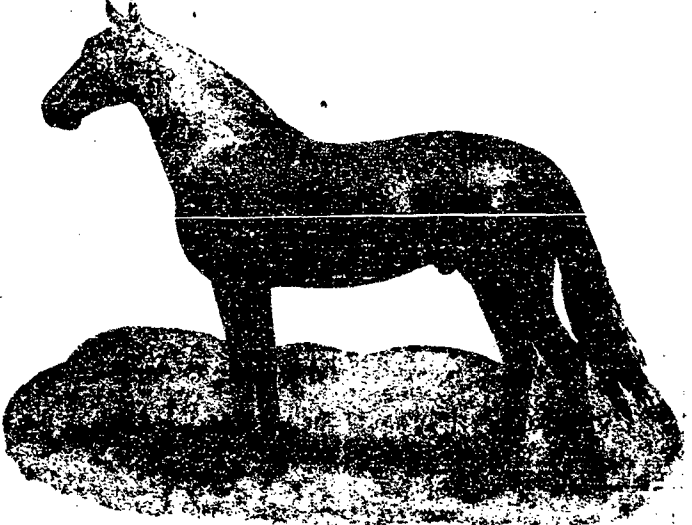
Our clearance sale which is now on to make room for the arrival of Spring Goods will continue for Ten Days longer. During this sale we are making Special Prices on Men's and Boy's Clothing.

B. GOODMAN
 THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES.
 Burlington, N. C.



SHOE REPAIRING
 Foster Shoe Company

Horses & Mares



Jesse Tickle will return Wednesday, March 11th from Missouri where he has purchased another Car of Stock. He will have this time a Good Lot of Well Broke Horses and Mares bought from the Missouri Farms.
 This stock is all guaranteed to work and will be sold cheap.

TICKLE & CO.
 Burlington, N. C.
 Dr. J. M. Sheffner's Stable.

COME AND SEE IS ALL WE ASK.

J. B. Jones Clothing Co.
 Will Have Their

GRAND OPENING
SATURDAY, MARCH 14.
 In the building Next to The Grotto, Burlington, N. C.

They will carry a Full Line of Up-to-Date Men's Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings.

COME in and receive one of the handsome Souvenirs given with every purchase. Trusting we will have the pleasure in serving you on the Opening Day **SATURDAY, MARCH 14.** We are respectfully yours,

J. B. Jones Clothing Co.
 204 South Main Street
 Burlington, N. C.

POOR

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF
Garden Seeds
 IN BULK and PACKAGES.
FREEMAN DRUG COMPANY
 Phone 20, Burlington, N. C.
 Everything Promptly Delivered
REXALL STORE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Nellie Chapman, of Isle of Wight, Va., spent Sunday, the guest of friends at the home of J. R. Foster.

Miss Kate Clendenin left last week for Washington City, where she will be the guest of friends.

Rev. A. F. Isley and grandson left Saturday night for Raleigh, to spend some time the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Green, who lives near there.

Mr. N. C. Garrison, of R. F. D. No. 2, spent Sunday, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Sam Sharpe, of Mebane.

Miss Ruth Dameron, of Durham, spent Saturday and Sunday in town, the guest of friends.

Mr. John Ingle, of R. F. D. No. 4, spent Sunday in town the guest of his cousin Mr. Arthur Hoffman.

Mr. R. A. Coble spent Sunday at Greensboro, the guest of his brother, Mr. W. W. Coble, who is at St. Leo's hospital. Mr. Coble reports his brother improving nicely.

Mr. W. I. Montgomery has recently added a new cover to his dwelling on Lexington avenue.

Mr. John Cheshire, of Spray, spent Sunday in town the guest of friends.

Mr. Alfred Wright of Siler City, spent Sunday in town, the guest of Mr. John Isley and family.

Miss Cora May has just returned from the northern market, where she has been studying the millinery styles, and resumed her work with I. J. Mazur.

Mrs. Addie LaFond, who has been on the sick list for the past several weeks, is able to be out and has resumed her work with B. A. Sellars & Son.

Miss Florine Robertson spent Sunday at High Point, visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Bencini.

Miss Kate Walker spent Sunday at Durham the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Dameron.

Mrs. Ben. Gregg, Jr., of Florence, S. C., spent the past week in town, the guest of her brothers and other relatives. She is remembered as Miss Cal Boland.

Mrs. S. G. Boland has returned from Durham, where she has been for some time visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mangun.

Mrs. S. R. Boland returned as far as Durham Sunday with Mrs. Ben. Gregg, Jr.

Mr. Manly Brooks is reported as being on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Evans, of East Burlington, buried their infant son at Pine Hill Cemetery Sunday morning. Mr. Evans is the nephew of Mr. L. C. Fogleman.

Mr. Ralph Strayhorn, of Durham, spent Sunday in town the guest of his friends. He was once Postal operator at this place.

Rev. B. B. Slaughter, who was called home the latter part of the week on account of the death of his father, returned to his work at Murfreesboro Tuesday.

Mr. W. A. Allen has recently traded his house and lot in this city for a part of the Lafayette Holt farm. He will move to the farm in the fall.

Mr. W. W. Brown spent Sunday at Mebane the guest of his aunt, who is in poor health.

Miss Olivia Smith was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Snipes, at Mebane Sunday.

Mr. J. G. Jobe and Mr. Sikes, of Mebane, R. F. D., were business visitors in town Monday.

Rev. Mr. Rose, of Graham, was a business visitor in town Monday.

Rev. D. C. Cox, of the Guilford Charge, will preach at the Reform Church here Sunday night at seven thirty o'clock.

Reggie—They say it takes nine tailors to make a man, don't you know.
 Miss Keen—You should patronize eight more, Reggie.—Boston Transcript.

It is to fast from strife.
 From old debate,
 And hate—
 To circumscribe thy life.

A Royal Heart.
 Ragged, uncemely, and old and gray,
 A woman walked in a Northern town,
 And through the crowd as she wound her way,
 One saw her loiter and then stoop down,
 Putting something away in her old torn gown.

"You are hiding a jewel!" the watch-er said,
 Ah, that was her heart!—had the truth been read,
 "What have you stolen?" he asked again.
 Then the dim eyes filled with a sudden pain,
 And under the flickering light of the gas
 She showed him her gleaming; "It's broken glass,"
 She said, "I have lifted up frae the street
 To be oot o' the road o' the bairnies' feet."

Under the fluttering rags as it
 'Twas a royal heart that beat!
 Would that the world had more like her,
 Smoothing the road for its bairnies' feet.

What I Share Is Best.
 I said it in the meadow-path,
 I say it on the mountain-stairs,
 The best things any mortal hath
 Are those which every mortal shares.

The air we breathe, the sky, the breeze
 The light without us and within,
 Life with its unlocked treasures,
 God's riches are for all to win.

Aid up the radiant peopled way
 That opens into worlds unknown,
 It will be life's delight to say,
 "Heaven is not heaven for me alone."

Rich by my brothers' poverty!
 "Such wealth were hideous! I am blest
 Only in what they share with me.
 In what I share with all the rest."
 —Lucy Larcom.

It Never Comes Again.
 There are gains for all our losses,
 There are balsms for all our pain,
 But when youth, the dream, departs,
 It takes something from our hearts,
 And it never comes again.

We are stronger, and are better,
 Under manhood's sterner reign;
 Still we feel that something sweet
 Followed youth, with flying feet,
 And will never come again.

Something beautiful is vanished,
 And we sigh for it in vain;
 We behold it everywhere,
 On the earth, and in the air,
 But it never comes again.
 —Richard Henry Stoddard.

Consecration.
 Tho' the rain may fall, and the wind be blowing,
 And cold and chill is the wintry blast,
 Tho' the cloudy sky is still cloudier growing,
 And the dead leaves tell the summer is past;
 My face I hold to the stormy heaven,
 My heart is as calm as the summer sea,
 Glad to receive what my God has given,
 Whate'er it be.

When I feel the cold, I can say, "He sends it;"
 And His winds blow blessings, I surely know;
 For I've never a want, but He attends it,
 And my heart beats warm, tho' the winds may blow.
 The soft, sweet summer was warm and glowing;
 Bright were the blossoms on every bough;
 I trusted Him when the roses were blowing,
 I trust Him now.
 —Elizabeth Bennett.

To Make a True Lent.
 Is this a fast—to keep
 The larder lean
 And clean
 From fat of veals and sheep?
 Is it to quit the diab
 Of flesh, yet still
 To fill
 The platter high with fish?
 Is it to fast an hour—
 Or ragged to go—
 Or show
 A downcast look, and sour?
 Not 'tis a fast to hold
 Thy share of wheat
 And meat,
 Unto the hungry soul.

BELIEVED FINGER KILLED LYERLY UNASSISTED.
 It is said that Finger boasted of having killed two men before Lyerly.

That Sid Finger, and Sid Finger, who is said the murder at Barber Junction the night of February 24 is a conclusion to which the logic of later events seems to be unmistakably pointing. Will Kilpatrick, whom Finger accused of the actual shooting, appears to be in a fair way to establish an alibi by both white and negro witnesses; and the investigations of Insurance Commissioner Scott have weakened, rather than strengthened the evidence against nearly all of the prisoners except Finger. Against him, however, one damning circumstance after another has been piled up.

A startling discovery has been the discovery by Mr. Scott that Finger had been boasting of having killed two men before the murder of Preston Lyerly. He told at least two people that he killed a man in Catawba county some years ago for having spit in his dinner, and that he had served two years in the Tennessee penitentiary for a homicide, committed at Roaring Gap, Tenn.

It has been shown that in all probability the \$55 that George Louser had in a suitcase upstairs in the store was never taken at all. Nobody but Lyerly knew that it was there, and the watch, which was in the suitcase with the money, was found in the ruins of the store. If that money was not taken, the robber could not have secured much more than \$15, for it has been shown that not much more than that could have been in the store on the fateful night. The officers took something over \$5 off Finger when he was captured, and they have traced about \$7 more that he spent. Therefore he must have had all, or nearly all, of the loot, for he had no money before.

Furthermore, Mr. Scott has found that Finger took a shotgun on the evening of the 24th and went off by himself, wearing a cap that, like the gun, he had taken without the owner's knowledge or consent. There is testimony to the fact that he returned late at night, with two of the shells he had taken with him empty. When the owner asked him about them he said that he had jumped a rabbit and fired at it twice. But the gun is single-barreled. The doctor who examined Lyerly's body says that it is possible that the wound in the head which he found might have been made by a shotgun at close range, though he does not consider it probable.

The testimony concerning the term that Finger is alleged to have said he served in the Tennessee penitentiary came to Mr. Scott's ears only last night, so he has not yet had time to verify it.

The trouble that Lyerly had with Finger was over a suit of clothes, and a negro hand at the station at Barber Junction was active in getting the clothes back to their rightful owner, thus incurring Finger's enmity. A short time ago this negro's house was burglarized, and a suit of clothes taken; this suit Mr. Scott found in Finger's room.

Another negro, Will Fritz, was arrested at Salisbury last night in connection with the case, but it is evidently the belief of the authorities that they already have the real murderer in Sid Finger. Joe Maxwell has not yet entirely succeeded in clearing his skirts, but it is probable that the rest of them will not even be put on trial.

Mr. Scott was in Greensboro last night. He said that Finger made a bad break when he put so many in his story. "If he had said one," he continued, "I might have believed him. But five negroes don't get together and pull off a thing like that." Mr. Scott said that the public has given insufficient credit to Sheriff McKenzie, who, though crippled and therefore unable to take a very active part in the case, has given invaluable assistance to the insurance commissioner in his investigation.

See that your seed potatoes come from the Merchants Supply Co. They have the Genuine Maine Grown, and true to name.

Joe—What is the easiest way to drive a nail without smashing my fingers?
 Josephine—Hold the hammer in both hands.—Ohio Sun Dial.

Buy your seed potatoes from home folks in whom you have confidence, then you run no risk getting stung. Genuine Maine Grown at Merchants Supply Co.



DID YOU FAIL TO JOIN?

The Ready money Club during January? If you did, why not join our February Club?
 A new club opens each month and we will be pleased to have you come in this one.
 Remember the weekly payments remain the same during the entire fifty weeks. You can join the 25c club the 50c club or the \$1.00 club and take as many as you like.

First National Bank,
 Burlington North Carolina
 ACTIVE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEPOSITOR

Seed Irish Potatoes.
 (GENUINE MAINE GROWN.)
 Use caution in buying SEED POTATOES this year. There are all kinds of potatoes being sold for seed (Claiming them to be Maine Grown) that never saw Maine. We have the only lot of genuine MAINE GROWN SEED POTATOES shipped to this market this season. We guarantee ours to be the Maine Grown, and true to name. If you disregard this advice you will regret it when too late, take no chances. Ask your merchant to get their seed from us, and be sure they do, if they refuse see us, we will tell you where you can get them. We have RED BLISS, EARLY ROSE and COBBLERS, well selected and true to name. Let us tell you again, you will get stung if you don't watch out. Some dealers are buying cheap potatoes and selling them for seed, and again some are selling their seed stock for eating purposes. Don't buy seed for eating purposes—they are watery and not good, insist when buying eating potatoes upon getting firm white table stock—we have them fine as you ever saw.
 We will be glad to furnish you the names of Merchants who buy from us and from whom you can get good eating stock. Again we say DON'T GET STUNG.
Merchants Supply Co.
 BURLINGTON, N. C. GRAHAM, N. C.

We Handle Real Estate
 in every part of the city. If you are in the market for property of any kind come and see us. We have both residence and business properties for sale at prices and on terms which we consider decidedly reasonable.
 Suppose you drop in and learn about them.
Alamance Ins. & Real Estate Co.
W. E. SHARPE
 Manager.

Liberty Three News.
 Liberty Route 3, March 9.—We have had a lot of snowy weather for the last two or three weeks.

Mr. Robin Kimrey and Claud Coble called to see their best girls last Sunday. Ask Misses Alvia and Edna Bristow about it.

Mr. Otis Fogleman and Mr. Bescher Ingold called to see their best girls last Sunday. Ask Misses Lola and Irene Smyth about it.

Miss Alvia Bristow and Mr. Ross Fogleman visited Miss Lola Smyth last Sunday evening.

Miss Normie Smyth called to see her father and mother Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smyth.

Mr. Clevie Smyth called to see his best girl last Sunday. Ask Miss Muriel McPherson about it.

Ask Mr. Otis and Ross Fogleman and Allen Bristow about the bridge between Mr. Bristow's and Oakdale last Saturday night.

Unclaimed Letters.
 The following letters remain in the Post Office at Burlington, N. C., on March 7, 1914, unclaimed for:
 Gentlemen: John Byrd (2) John Kimble, G. H. Steele, Harley Whitwell.
 Ladies: Mrs. D. L. Long, Miss Georgia Moon, Miss Myrtle Mann, Miss Mollie Nubern, Mrs. Bettie Smith, Margaret Southern.
 Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "Advertised" and give date of advertisement.
 F. L. WILLIAMSON,
 Postmaster.

Cartee's Lace—New line just received.
 Cartee's Lace—Best quality goods.

ALAMANCE COUNTY'S
Oldest and Largest Bank
"THE BANK WITH THE CHIMES."

Merchant Residing Near Danville
Loses \$500.00.
 Started to town to pay his bills and discovered his money was gone. News item.

This shows the foolishness of some people. The idea of a business man with \$500.00 in cash in his pockets going to pay his bills. If he had deposited this money in a good strong Bank like THIS ONE and paid his bills with checks—the business way, he not only would not have lost his money but his checks would serve as good receipts.

If matters not whether your business is large or small we will appreciate it and give you the best protection afforded by any Bank in the County.

United States Government Depository

ALAMANCE LOAN & TRUST CO.
 ESTABLISHED 1894
 Burlington, N. C.

George W. Vanderbilt Dead.

Mr. Vanderbilt, on Visit South, Stopped in Asheville and Decided to Build His Mansion There.

Asheville, March 6.—When the gentle spirit of George W. Vanderbilt, possessor of millions and master of Biltmore house, went back to its Maker this afternoon, Asheville and western North Carolina lost their greatest benefactor, while hundreds of people in this immediate section are bereft of a true friend. It was George W. Vanderbilt who literally placed Asheville on the map a quarter of a century ago, when, drinking in the beauties of the near western slope of the Smokey mountains with Pisgah and the Sky-Line, from the veranda of the Battery Park Hotel, he decided to cast his lot among the people of this section and gave instructions for the building of the most magnificent private home on this or the other side of the Atlantic.

THE CHARM OF NATURE.

How George W. Vanderbilt fell in love with the beauties of nature in this chosen spot has been told and retold to visitors of national and international fame for more than a decade. He looked upon the tall craggy peaks south of the day and the night and listened to the low murmur of bubbling brook and realized that the Vancos' word-paintings and E. B. Taylor's picture-sonnets had merely brushed the surface. He gazed upon Pisgah, where "Fiddling Bob" Taylor once said he "stood and tickled the feet of angels," and forthwith decided to build a home in the shadow of that granite dome to spend his future years. He did and today nothing in the heart of the mountains and within clear view of the center of Asheville is Biltmore House—the Mansion—a pile of gray granite chiseled from the bosom of the surrounding peaks standing as a monument to modern architecture and the man who but yesterday was its master.

VANDERBILT'S FIRST VISIT.

The first visit of George Vanderbilt to Asheville was away back yonder in 1888 or 1889. He came south on a pleasure trip and incidentally stopped over in Asheville. Asheville at that time was little known. It had then as it has now the irresistible charm that the thousands and tens of thousands of people who since have whirled away pleasure and profitable hours here and hereabouts did not know it. Mr. Vanderbilt with his party of friends stopped at the Battery Park Hotel. They came in the night, the stars were out, and expected to leave the next morning. But as the night broke across the mountains the following morning and the sun came along the western range across the plateau Mr. Vanderbilt was arrested and from the long front veranda of the hotel, he looked across the valley where the sun cut from the morning dew myriads of sparkling gems and then on the mountain range his very soul took in the freshness and the glory of the scene and he determined to linger yet awhile.

As Mr. Vanderbilt paced backward and forward along the hotel veranda his eye glimpsed a tall blackened pine away in the distance. It was a lone pine standing of the forest solitude and in bold relief against the sky. It caught the eye of the man of millions and later on he cut a highwayman he inquired if it was possible to drive to the spot. It was and over a rough mountain road to the future center of Biltmore estate. His first drive to what was destined to become the center of his domain of acres possessed. The drive the tree stood on a little hill and it is not there now, but the spot is Biltmore House in the possession of which Mr. Vanderbilt's hand is reported to have received several millions of dollars.

THE COMING OF VANDERBILT.

After Mr. Vanderbilt's visit to Asheville, which was little noted at the time, Col. Charles McNamee, a New Yorker, and a man of affairs, with a shrewd business man's eye, saw Asheville. Mr. McNamee called the mind of several Asheville business men and began buying property around Asheville. The spot of the old pine tree was first taken and then all that property now known as Biltmore village changed hands. Options were taken on a vast number of acres of land both in and around Asheville and then came the announcement that George W. Vanderbilt was the purchaser and that he would erect near the village the most magnificent mansion in the world. All the options on all the property that Mr. Vanderbilt desired had been secured and he "atives" made wise to "something good" immediately began asking city prices for worn out tobacco and corn fields. And they got them. Many prices were paid for a strip of land here and

as the baseball magnates would say, was the negro Collins, of some fame. Collins owned a few acres near where the mansion was to rise but he refused to sell, saying on one occasion that he didn't need the money (which he did) and besides he "didn't object to Mr. Vanderbilt as a neighbor." There were many other property owners in Buncombe county including some of the Alexanders, the Joneses, Reeds, the Gudgers, who sold out to Mr. Vanderbilt for nice sums.

BUILDING THE MANSION.

The building of the Biltmore House brought to Asheville its greatest era of business prosperity and attracted more visitors than the town had ever other there. Among the "holdouts" known before. Hundreds of men skilled in the art of chiseling out of stone beauties for the eye to feast upon and hundreds of other craftsmen skilled in this art or that, were "imported" and set to work on the mansion. In instances hills were leveled and hollows filled; roads were constructed and drives laid out. Biltmore became a busy scene and Asheville promptly went on the map. As the mansion rose and took on shape hundreds and thousands of visitors to Asheville and town-people almost daily drove over the five mile stretch of road to the scene of operation and marveled at the vast undertaking. As the work progressed and the mansion neared completion admission was made only by card and only upon request at the Biltmore office could those permits be secured. Daily the Biltmore office of the estate was thronged with people seeking admission through the "inner gate" and this continued until the mansion was actually occupied and then, and since, while the owner was away permission to drive over the estate has been granted.

THE MANSION.

Biltmore House has been described and its beauties told in magazine and newspaper. In later days only close friends and invited guests of the Vanderbilts were permitted to pass its portals. In the construction, however, the thousands who visited the place roamed almost at will over the house; stepped upon the winding stairs; looked out over the landscape from the ball room; passed through what were to be private apartments; handled the chiseled stone and chipped a piece of granite from this arch or that as a souvenir. Later all this was tabooed. The unrestricted use of the grounds and the mansion came when it was discovered that one granite arch had been so scarred and disfigured by souvenir hunters that it became necessary to tear it down and build it over. Then, too, the shrubbery was attacked by visitors and for a long time employees of the estate were kept busy resetting shrubbery and flowers that had been ruthlessly torn up by people abusing their privilege.

THE VANDERBILTS SOCIABLE.

With all their wealth and the proud possession of Biltmore estate, Mr. and Mrs. George Vanderbilt were demure in their habits and were charming hosts. Mr. Vanderbilt always took a keen interest in All Souls' church, where he was one of the vestrymen. His charity was large and if he ever spoke unkindly or harshly to man or beast no one on the Biltmore estate ever heard of it. Mrs. Vanderbilt has always been deeply interested in the work of the estate, especially among the girls and boys for whom largely through her influence were maintained schools of industry and learning; and in this hour of her bereavement many a whispered prayer will ascend from humble mountain cottages that she may be sustained and comforted.

MANY AMUSING INCIDENTS.

During the construction of Biltmore House or about that time, when Mr. Vanderbilt sought to buy a little five or six acres here and another here and when "too fancy" prices were asked because it was Mr. Vanderbilt who wanted it, many amusing incidents are told. The negro Collins whose cabin adjoined the Biltmore House plot and who "refused to sell" finally sold out to Mr. Vanderbilt, but he didn't get "\$50,000," or anything like it as it was time and time again reported he had been offered. He sold for a few thousand dollars and was glad to get it. One splendid old lady who owned a spring and acre or two that Mr. Vanderbilt wanted, refused to sell. Every time a fancy price was placed on the spring, etc., she would back down. She just "hated to part with her spring." Finally, it is said, she agreed to take \$5,000 and Mr. Vanderbilt in an effort to guard against any possible hitch, went with his agent in person and with the \$5,000 in gold. The negotiations were closed and Mr. Vanderbilt had started to count out the gold, so the story runs, when he stopped. This good lady threw up her hands in horror. She told Mr. Vanderbilt that he could leave none of his gold there; that she had "just as leave he fetched a sack full of rattlesnakes." And the owner of Biltmore House

was forced to carry the \$5,000 in gold back home. The next day he sent a check and that spring and that acre or two of land are now part and parcel of the famous Biltmore estate.

MURDER CHARGED AGAINST FAMILY.

Winston-Salem, Mar. 6.—Mrs. Bart Hall and daughter, Nancy, and two sons, Charlie and Larkin, were placed in Wilkes county jail today charged with the murder of Bart Hall, the husband and father, of the accused, who lived about 10 miles from Wilkesboro.

The body was found 83 steps from his home with two gun wounds in the stomach and another in his side and a shotgun lying nearby, with one empty shell in the gun and one on the ground nearby. There was not blood on the ground anywhere about the body, but blood was found in and about the house.

The wife and daughter claim not to have heard the shots that ended the life of the husband and father, although they were at the house all day.

George W. Vanderbilt Died in Wife's Arms.

Washington, March 7.—At the Vanderbilt residence on K street today a marked degree of reticence prevailed with respect to all matters relating to the death of Mr. Vanderbilt. It was found impossible to approach the members of the family or immediate friends and inquiries were apparently proceeded upon the assumption that those making inquiry were actuated by prying or other ulterior motives. This has been true from the beginning. Mr. Vanderbilt was seriously ill several days before the fact of his illness became generally known here. His death occurred at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but the latest editions of the Washington papers carried no announcement. Scores of newspaper men sought information at the residence, only to be told by some servant that a statement would be made "in due course."

Dr. R. H. Kim, told the representative of the News that Dr. Swope and others were expected from Biltmore to-night, and that he had invited the Biltmore rector to be his guest. The Times here referred in this way to the death of Mr. Vanderbilt: "Mr. Vanderbilt evidently realized that his death was near when he was suddenly seized with a fit of violent coughing. His physician, Dr. J. F. Mitchell, turned to the bedside when the first cough shook the millionaire. Mr. Vanderbilt, however, raised himself slightly in bed and whispered the name of his wife, 'Edith.'"

Mrs. Vanderbilt lay beside the bed and put her arms about her husband. With a quiet sigh he settled back in her arms, and in a moment was dead. Mrs. Vanderbilt, as soon as she realized that her husband had died quietly turned to the little girl and said, "Your father has left us, dear."

Dr. Rush Rodney Swope, pastor of All Souls' Church, of Asheville, of which Mr. Vanderbilt was a member, will conduct the funeral services at Washington Cathedral chapel Monday at noon. The body will then be taken to New York, where the remains will be interred.

It is stated upon reliable authority that the will of Mr. Vanderbilt provides liberally for the support of All Souls' Church and the Memorial Hospital of Biltmore, which he founded. Just how much is set aside for these institutions it is not made known to the public at this time, but it is said to be a very large amount.

While the funeral services are being conducted at Washington Cathedral, the largest church in the world, a small group of friends of the dead man will assemble in the little church at Biltmore where a like service will be held. An effort was made to have the body sent to Biltmore for this service, but relatives of Mr. Vanderbilt decided otherwise.

There is an unconfirmed rumor that Mr. Vanderbilt's will provides that his estate at Biltmore shall be turned over to the government as a part of the Appalachian Park Reserve. This would mean that the vast acreage would continue to be kept open for the thousands of visitors to that section.

The Modern Discussion.

"We had a dandy meeting of the Mothers' Club this afternoon."
"What was the topic of discussion?"
"What to do for French poodles when they had distemper."—Detroit Free Press.

SALE OF 'SALLIE COBLE'S LAND' IN COBLE TOWNSHIP.

ALAMANCE COUNTY, N. C. Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County in which John F. Coble and others are plaintiffs and Emsley Coble and others are defendants, the undersigned commissioners will, on SATURDAY, 4TH DAY OF APRIL, 1914, AT 12:00 O'CLOCK, M., at the Court House Door of Alamance

County, N. Carolina, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 1.—Lying and being in Coble Township, Alamance County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of George Patterson, A. L. Coble, Anthony Cobb, James Shoffner, J. F. Coble and others, and the same being located in the fork of Big Stinking Quarter and Little Stinking Quarter Creeks, and containing in all one hundred thirty-seven and three-fourths (137 3/4) acres, more or less; one hundred eleven and one-half (111 1/2) acres of said property being partially bounded and described in certain deed by John F. Coble, Joel S. Coble and wife, Mary Jane Coble, Emsley Coble, Augustus L. Coble and wife, Latitia Coble, to Sallie E. Coble and Henry M. Coble, said deed bearing date of February 23, 1879, and being duly probated and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in Book of Deeds No. 7, at page 476, and also in a deed executed on the 30th day of May, 1899 by Henry M. Coble and his wife, Annie E. C. Coble to Sallie U. Coble (or E.), which deed is to be recorded, and reference is hereby made to said conveyance for a more specific description of the said one hundred eleven and one-half (111 1/2) acres by metes and bounds. Two acres of said property being particularly bounded and described in a certain deed by William M. Coble to Sallie E. Coble executed on the 17th day of May, 1910, and duly probated and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Alamance County in Book of Deeds No. 42, at page 424, to which record reference is hereby expressly made for a more particular description of said two acres of land by metes and bounds. Three and one-fourth acres of the said one hundred thirty-seven and three-fourths (137 3/4) acres being particularly bounded and described in a certain deed executed by John F. Coble and wife, Mary E. Coble, to Sallie E. Coble on the 8th day of May, 1895, to which deed reference is hereby expressly made for a more particular description of said three and one-fourth acres of land by metes and bounds; said deed to be recorded. Twenty-one acres of said property having been devised to said Sallie E. Coble by her Aunt, Sallie Coble, under the last will and testament of said Sallie Coble, said twenty-one acres adjoining the lands of James Shoffner, J. F. Coble, Little Stinking Quarter Creek, the Sallie E. Coble land above described and located near the house in which the said Sallie E. Coble lived up until the time of her death.

The four parcels of land above described make up and constitute a single tract of land, containing one hundred thirty-seven and three-fourths (137 3/4) acres, more or less.

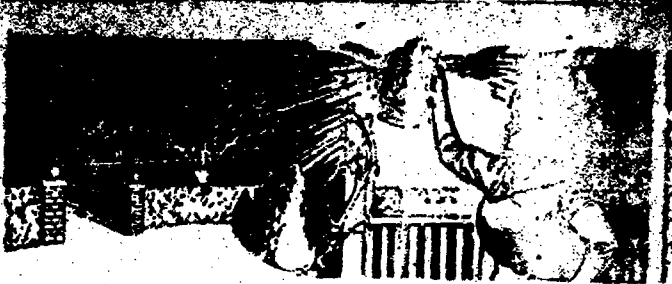
TRACT NO. 2.—A certain tract or parcel of land situated in Burlington Township, Alamance County, State of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of J. F. Coble, A. L. Coble and Emsley Coble, a 15-ft. street, and containing eighty-five hundredths (.85) of an acre, more or less, the same being lot number seven of the Gabriel Thompson land, shown in the plat and survey of said land made by Lewis H. Holt, Surveyor of Alamance County, on July 2nd, 1893; said lot number seven being more particularly bounded and described by metes and bounds in a certain deed executed on August 21st, 1893 by W. L. Carroll, Commissioner to Sallie U. Coble, to which deed reference is hereby expressly made; said deed to be recorded.

Tract No. One above described containing one hundred thirty-seven and three-fourths (137 3/4) acres, more or less, is located in Coble Township, seven miles from the City of Burlington, about one and one-half miles from the macadam road leading from Burlington by Alamance Mills, and near the residence of John E. Coble, and about two miles west of Friendship Graded School, in one of the best grain-producing sections of Alamance County. Upon this land are a dwelling house containing six rooms, an excellent spring of pure water, and about one-half of said land is covered with original growth of timber, and as a whole is an excellent farm, especially adapted to the raising of grain.

Tract No. 2 above described is located within the corporate limits of the City of Burlington near the residence of J. E. Crutchfield.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase price to be paid in cash on date of sale, one-third within six months from the date of sale, and the remainder of the purchase price to be paid within twelve months from the date of sale, interest to be charged on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent per annum, and title to the property to be reserved until the purchase price is paid; however, with option to the purchaser of paying all cash and receiving deed upon confirmation of sale by the Court.

This the 27th day of February, 1914. J. E. VERNON, E. S. W. DAMERON, Commissioners.



Rayo The Reliable Household Lantern

There is always need for a good lantern around the home—in the yard, in the cellar, in the attic—wherever a lamp is inconvenient or unsafe.

The RAYO is ideal for home use. It gives a clear, bright light—like sunlight on tap. It is strong, durable, compact, handy. Doesn't leak. Doesn't smoke. Easy to light and rewick. Will last for years Ask for the RAYO.

At dealers everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

Washington, D. C. (New Jersey) Baltimore, Md. (New York) Charlotte, N. C. Charleston, S. C. Charleston, W. Va. Charleston, S. C.



Subscribe Now

For The

Atlanta Journal

Daily, Sunday & Semi-Weekly

Largest Circulation South of Baltimore

BY MAIL

Daily & Sunday	7	per annum
Daily only	5	
Sunday only	2	
Semi-weekly	1	

All the News! All the Time!!

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company

Call the Contract Department to-day.

The cost of this service is trifling.

Handy to every one.

We can arrange it so that there will always be a telephone handy to answer.

Let us install for you, an extension station—or two.

ITS needed to relieve you and your clerks of the fuss, and annoyance, and delay of using a single telephone when someone has a message to send or a call to answer.

Extension Telephone

Wanted—An

The old-fashioned man who used to carry a handkerchief so he wouldn't sell the girl's waist when he was dancing now has a son who wipes his feet all over the girl's knees when he does the Tango.—Anon.

Ultra Modern.

"Madge Flighly is certainly an up-to-date girl."

"Up-to-date! Heavens, she's up to everything."—Boston Transcript.

POOR P

The Birth, Life, Death and Eternal Doom of a Liar.

By Rev. D. H. Tuttle.

1. The devil is the father of lies. When he speaketh a lie he speaketh of his own; for he is a liar, and the father of it.—John 8:44. Reader, if you tell lies you are the child of the devil. Better seek at once adoption into God's family.—Romans 8:15, 17.

2. "They go astray as soon as they are born speaking lies."—Psalms 58:3. They delight in lies.—Psalms 64:2. Begin at once to train your children to hate lying and deceit and to love and speak the truth.

3. For we have made lies our refuge; and under falsehood have we said ourselves.—Isaiah 23:15. Reader, have you lied to cover your sin? Better go and confess it, for "Be sure your sins will find you out." Our secret sins are set in the light of Thy countenance.—Psalms 90:8. Read also Proverbs 28:13.

4. "Ye have eat the fruit of lies."—Hosea 10:13. The fruit of lying is an uneasy conscience, a troubled, anxious mind, fear of death and loss of the soul. Reader, can you eat the fruit? If not, quit lying.

5. And cause my people to err by their lies.—Jeremiah 23:32. It is mean to do wrong ourselves; 'tis meaner to cause others to do wrong. Lies often do this.—1. Kings 12:18.

THE LIAR'S PUNISHMENT.

1. God respecteth not such as turn aside to lies.—Psalms 40:4. He that telleth lies shall not tarry in my sight.—Psalms 101:7. Nobody respects a liar. The liar does not respect himself. God does not respect or protect him. God puts him out of His sight quick. If you have lied, repent quick—now.

2. The mouth of them that speak lies shall be stopped.—Psalms 63:11. When neither fear of God, nor shame, nor self-respect will stop one from lying, then death ought to stop him, and death will do it. Cease telling lies before you cease to breathe or else you will not meet God in peace.

3. God will send them strong delusion that they shall believe a lie.—1. Thessalonians 2:11. God restrains till sinners will not be restrained. God lets them have their way.—Prov. 1:28-31. Liars tell lies till they believe their own lies to be truth.

4. He that speaketh lies shall not escape. He that speaketh lies shall perish.—Proverbs 15:9. Reader, I beg you not to trifle with God.

THE LIAR'S FINAL DOOM.

And all liars shall have their portion in the lake that burneth with fire and brimstone.—Revelations 21:8. He that maketh a lie shall not enter the Holy Jerusalem above. Rev. 21:27. But whosoever loveth and maketh a lie shall be outside the city.—Revelations 22:15. Wherefore put away lying and speak every man truth with his neighbor.—Ephesians 4:25. For we are members one of another. A lie breaks the chain of confidence that ought to bind together the people of every community.

Twenty Denominations in One Union Church.

A unique instance of a union church, with members from a full score of denominations, all banded together in one harmonious organization, is reported from Potlatch, Idaho. The conditions out of which it grew are common throughout the country, and the experiment shows what may be done when common sense and Christian tolerance prevail.

When the town grew about the works of the Potlatch Lumber Co., the firm itself said: "We are going to erect a building for our Roman Catholic people, and if the Protestants can get together we will build a church for them also. But if they won't separate denominational churches, they will have to build their own." That was the beginning about eight years ago. The Potlatch Union Church organized with fifty three members.

Like most industrial centers, Potlatch brought together a great diversity of persons. When a count of the denominational affiliations of the Union church was made it was found that no fewer than twenty-one different ecclesiastical bodies were represented on the roll. These ranged from Southern Baptists to Protestant Episcopalians, with Presbyterians, Methodists, Congregationalists and Lutherans large represented.

Significantly, this Union church has never been anti-denominational. The Rev. C. R. Scafe, now a Presbyterian pastor of Spokane, but long pastor of the Potlatch church, steadily taught the important work done by the great denominations. He says that when workmen moved away from Potlatch they and their families returned to their former denominational affiliations with undiminished zeal, but always with greater breadth and tolerance.

The uniqueness of this pan-denomi-

national organization is not only its claim to note. It proved extraordinarily efficient. The first church building was outgrown in six years. Persons were literally turned away from it because of lack of room. Recently a new and larger building was dedicated, this also the gift of the lumber company.

The membership of the church is now more than 300. And it is a live and working congregation, the social and intellectual center of the community.

The Sunday school of this Union church has a noteworthy record. It enrolls 500 members. All except fifteen of the non-Catholic children of the town of school age are members of the school. There are more than 200 persons on the roll of this Sunday school, and there are attending the Potlatch public school.

Such facts as these are cited by Mr. Scafe when the point is raised as to the stimulating advantage of a competing Protestant church. Essentially the relations between the Protestant and Catholic churches have been uncommonly close and cordial. One rock upon which union churches often split is the question of immersion. Mr. Scafe was trained in the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago, and so was qualified to take a rather biased view of the situation. So he gave both views of baptism, by immersion and by sprinkling, and then left it to each new member of the church to choose the method of his own baptism. This has worked satisfactorily.

There have been many candidates for baptism. The church has been a vital one, and has made many converts.

The Union church has its own creed, a simple statement of six "articles of faith" to which the members subscribe. These articles are belief in the Triune God, in the inspiration of the Bible, the sinfulness of man's natural state, the redemption work of Christ, the free offer of salvation to all, and the two sacraments of baptism and the Lord's Supper.

Both home and foreign mission work are served by the gifts of the Potlatch Church, through interdenominational agencies. The pastor, Mr. Scafe, was intensely missionary.

In more practical ways the members showed their missionary spirit. They organized and conducted Sunday schools in the outlying districts; and they held services in their own language in the Scandinavian languages for foreign-speaking mill workers.

One of the members of the Potlatch Christian Endeavor Society is a missionary in West Africa, and three others are at Moody Bible Institute, preparing for Christian work.

One such instance as this, of a full-orbed, efficient, harmonious Union church is a better argument against waste and irreligion of denominational rivalry than many pamphlets and conferences on church unity.

President Wilson's Brief Plan for Repeal of Free Panama Tolls.

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson's address, the shortest he has yet delivered to congress was as follows:

Gentlemen of the Congress: I have come to you upon an errand which can be very briefly performed, but I beg that you will not measure its importance by the number of sentences in which I state it.

No communication I have addressed to the congress carried with it greater or more far-reaching implications to the interest of the country, and I come now to speak upon a matter with regard to which I am charged in a peculiar degree by the constitution itself with personal responsibility.

I have come to ask for the repeal of that provision of the Panama Canal Act of August 24, 1912, which exempts vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States from payment of tolls, and to urge upon you the justice, the wisdom, and the large policy of such a repeal with the utmost earnestness of which I am capable.

In my own judgment, very fully considered and maturely formed, that exemption constitutes a mistaken economic policy from every point of view, and is moreover in plain contravention of the treaty with Great Britain concerning the canal concluded on Nov. 18, 1901. But I have not come to you to urge my personal views. I have come to state to you a fact and a situation.

Whatever may be our own differences of opinion concerning this much-debated measure, its meaning is not debated outside the United States. Everywhere else the language of the treaty is given but one interpretation and that interpretation precludes the exemption I am asking you to repeal.

We consented to the treaty; its language we accepted, if we did not originate it; and we are too big, too powerful, too self-respecting a nation to interpret with too strained or refined a reading the words of our own promises just because we have power enough to give us leave to read them as we please.

The large thing to do is the only

thing we can afford to do, a voluntary withdrawal from a position everywhere questioned and misunderstood. We ought to reverse our action without raising the question whether we were right or wrong, and so once more deserve our reputation for generosity and the redemption of every obligation without quibble or hesitation.

I ask this of you in support of the foreign policy of the administration. I shall not know how to deal with other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence if you do not grant it to me in ungrudging measure.

A Stickler for the Formalities.

"Mister," said the wayfarer, "could you spare me a quarter?"

"Yes, here it is."

"Ah! you going to walk the hot streets of the city?"

"No."

"Nor give me a lecture on industry?"

"No."

"What you going to hand out no advice at all?"

"No whatever."

"Here! Take yer money. I got too much self-respect to take your advice if you're going to hold out on de customary civility an' sociability."

Washington Star.

All of the Factions Cheer Speaker Clark.

Washington, March 7.—Speaker Clark signified his 64th birthday anniversary in the House today by denouncing an address by Charles Zueblin, former professor of sociology in the University of Chicago, attacking the speaker's handling of votes on the part of the committee that investigated the Mulhall lobby charges. Democrats, Republicans and Progressives cheered and lauded the speaker when he had finished.

Mr. Clark had read to the House a published article quoting Zueblin's attack of his methods and the alleged arbitrary dictation of the speaker and also Democratic leader Underwood.

Clark branded Zueblin's statement as untrue, brazen and outrageous, and a reflection on the integrity of the House. He quoted the figures of the Mulhall vote, pointing out that any member wishing to vote had 720 opportunities to do so and added:

"I have been lied about so many times I have sort of gotten used to it."

Representative Mann, Republican leader; Representative McDonald, of Michigan, Progressive; Representative Butler, of Pennsylvania, Republican, and others joined in corroborating the speaker and paying tribute to his fairness and honor.

Mr. Mann's allusion to the speaker's 64th birthday produced applause. He declared no one could question Speaker Clark's honor, integrity or fairness as speaker.

Billy Sunday's Pittsburg Campaign Made a Record.

The Rev. "Billy" Sunday, who began a revival campaign in Scranton this week, left Pittsburg with a record of work and results which exceeds any of the baseball evangelist's campaigns elsewhere.

During the week Pittsburg took time for an inventory of the results of the Sunday meetings. These are some of the items:

- Number of meetings and sermons: 24.
- Estimated attendance at meetings: 576,000.
- Number of conversions: 26,691.
- Collections not including gift to Mr. Sunday: \$39,000.
- Additional collections for charity: 15,508.
- Collections for policemen and firemen: \$800.

Mr. Sunday's largest results in previous campaigns were at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., where there were 16,884 converts; Columbus, Ohio, 18,829 converts, and McKeesport, Pa., with 10,022.

There are items in the Pittsburg report which cannot be measured in figures. The evangelist left a whole city at work.

Pittsburg papers have printed Mr. Sunday's sermons in pamphlet form, and they are selling like hot cakes. During the campaign 48,000 of the revival song books were sold and 16,000 personal workers' books.

Women of the city have taken up Bible study for their club meetings. In the fashionable East End district a large group of society women meets each Friday at the home of Mrs. A. R. Peacock, wife of one of the city's wealthiest men, for Bible study. The Sorosis, a prominent women's club, has decided to take up the Bible as its study next year, and the Twentieth Century Club will continue the study of the Bible during the remainder of this season.

As a result of the Sunday campaign, an evangelistic committee is planning to conduct meetings in the parks and tents during the summer. All money remaining over and above the expenses of the Sunday campaign, a substantial sum, will be used for the work.

The 27 varieties of weather in 27 minutes. This is a great country.

Clarence Foods starting a movement to organize the progressive Democrats of the State, first of all with a view to the election of the next legislature, but eventually to take a part in congressional and other fights. It is possible that Clarence is yet to become the Frank Munsey of North Carolina?

Chicken Was Overcast.

Among the many curios in and near Camden we have a new one. A small chicken was seen last week, and being shy the regular suit of feathers its kind owner has made a dress of the latest style and fashion, and it now walks around on cold days with as much grace and dignity as though it were going to a party in Ala., News.

RE-SALE OF THE "POLLY HODGIN" LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County in which Nancy Carter and others are plaintiffs and Clem Coble and others are defendants, the undersigned commissioners will, on THURSDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF MARCH, 1914,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, M., at the Court House door of Alamance County, at Graham, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder at public auction the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lying and being partly in Alamance and partly in Chatham County, North Carolina, on the waters of the middle part of Rocky River, adjoining the lands of the late Alfred Pickett, William Pike, Gerton Butler, J. H. Johnson, A. L. Fuqua, W. H. Kimrey, and more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a stone, said Butler's corner, and running thence West with said Butler's (formerly John Dixon's) line 55 chains to a stone in the County Line; thence South with said County Line 17 chains 50 links to a stone in lot number one; thence East 55 chains 50 links to a small Poplar in said Pickett's line; thence North with a line of said Pickett and Pike 3 chains and 50 links to the beginning containing 105 acres, more or less; the same being the property described in a Deed executed by K. T. Hodgkin and his wife, Julia A. Hodgkin, to Artlin Hodgkin on the 12th day of August 1881, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Chatham County in Book "B. K." at page 447.

This property is known as the "Polly Hodgkin" land, and is situated two miles from Liberty, North Carolina, and upon this land are situated a dwelling house, barn and granary. About one-third of this land is in woods, and the farm is well watered and especially adapted to the production of grain.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase price to be paid in cash on date of sale, one-third within six months from date of sale, and the remainder of the purchase price to be paid within twelve months from the date of sale. Interest to be charged on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum and title to the property to be reserved until the purchase price is paid; however, will option to the purchaser of paying all cash and receiving deed upon confirmation of sale by the Court.

This the 16th day of February 1914.

EDWARD TEAGUE,
DENNIS HODGIN,
Commissioners
E. S. W. Hameron, Attorney.

NOTICE, TAXPAYERS.

The county is badly in need of funds. The county schools demand money and the teachers must be paid and the money must come from the tax payers.

I have been just as lenient with those who have not paid their taxes as possible and wish it were in my power to give each one just as much time as they want, but the taxes are due and must be paid.

On account of the increased number of courts in this county, and the increased work in this office and the further fact that this office is on a salary basis with an insufficient force of deputies, it is impossible for me to see each man individually, and I am taking this method of notifying all who owe me taxes, back taxes, special taxes, etc., that they must settle at once or I will be forced to collect same by law.

This is a matter of business. The county must have money. I have waited, begged and pleaded, until the time has come when I must be positive and when you MUST pay. No fair man can ask that I do more than I have done. I am paid to collect the taxes, and if I am to do my duty I must collect them, and I shall not delay an hour the matter off which the money is needed.

Please make prompt settlement and save yourself and me trouble. Yours very truly,

HAVE H. GOLDSTEIN,

The man who makes the suit at home, make your next suit.

He has pleased many, he can please you. He buys the cloth in the bolt, and makes the suit at home.

H. GOLDSTEIN, Phone 217.

Green & McClure

GRAHAM, N. C. Phone 251-L.

We are just in receipt of a Nice Display of New Furniture, which we will take pleasure in showing any one who is interested.

We carry at all times an extensively large stock from which to make your selection.

Purchase from us and if the bill is sufficient we will deliver the goods.

We buy in Large Quantities and are able to make you a close price.

Come and let us show you.

Green & McClure.

GRAHAM, N. C.

WHENEVER YOU NEED A GENERAL TONIC - TAKE GROVE'S

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless and Tonic is Equally Valuable as a General Tonic because it Acts on the Liver, Drives Out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. For Crown People and Children.

You know what you are taking when you take Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic as the formula is printed on every label showing that it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic and is in Tasteless Form. It has no equal for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Weakness, general debility and loss of appetite. Gives life and vigor to Nursing Mothers and Pale, Sickly Children. Removes Biliuness without purging. Relieves nervous depression and low spirits. Arouses the liver to action and unifies the blood. A True Tonic and Sure Appetizer. A Complete Strengthening. No family should be without it. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 50c.

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Came Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing all my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Patron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Rettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Woman's Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 10c.

Route Eight Notes.
 Burlington, Route 8, March 9.—Ben L. Simpson was on the sick list for several days, but has about recovered.
 Miss Nannie Saul, of No. 6, visited at W. H. Evans' last week.
 Rev. A. F. Isley is spending a week at Raleigh, visiting his daughter Mrs. Carl Green. We wish him a pleasant visit.
 Miss Ethel Somers, after spending a week on No. 3, with Mrs. W. G. Kernolde, is at home again.
 We were in an open buggy Saturday, and was in three snow storms. We thought of that good old hymn: "I would not live always I ask not to stay, Where storm after storm Rises dark o'er the way." We tried to sing it, but our mouth got full of snow and we had to quit. And the mud—don't say any more, it was the worst we ever saw and we have seen Orange county mud also Chatham mud. Well, Spring will come sometime. We hope so anyway.
 John Gwynn has put up a box and will now be served by this carrier.
 J. A. Lewis and family, of Greensboro, R. F. D., and Lee Lewis and family of Altamahaw, R. F. D. No. 1 were visitors at W. A. Lewis' Sunday.
 Some one ought to start a broom factory on No. 8. They say Mack Bore can furnish the straw. But Mack is all right, and don't you forget it.
 Some folks on No. 8 have so much money that they don't know what to do with it. They divide it with the Spectacle Men, Lightning Rod Men and now Uncle Rufe Matlock has gone and purchased a \$800 horse. Verily, these are prosperous times.
 We are sorry to note that Little Francis May is right sick. Hope she will soon recover.
Elon College Notes.
 Elon College, March 9.—Elon "Kids" defeated Greensboro Y. M. C. A. in an interesting game of basket ball here Saturday night. Elon doubled the score of the visitors.
 Elon got the championship of the State in basket ball without any trouble with Wake Forest.
 Coach Doak is busy getting the boys ready for base ball. The first game is about April 1st.
 "Lunk" Heame, of N. Y. Giants, passed through the village Saturday

going to Chapel Hill on a visit.
 Revenue Gerringer has returned from the eastern part of the State, where he spent last week cutting up hills and pouring out whiskey. Mr. Gerringer is kept busy these rough days.
 Capt. Bill Cable, of Greensboro, was in the city a few hours Friday, but spent most of his time near the High-land.
 Mrs. Levi Tickle is right sick at his writing. Mrs. Tickle is getting up in years. We wish her a speedy recovery.
 Messrs. Will and Walter Beal are new neighbors. They are running the Elon Grocery Co.
 Mr. Joe Jones had a misfortune to lose a good cow last week. Cows are getting very scarce and cannot be found near here.
 Elon is badly in need of a good safe.
 Mr. J. A. Lewis, formerly of Altamahaw, visited Mr. J. D. Oldham Saturday and Sunday.
 Mr. J. B. Gerringer spent Monday in Greensboro.
 Mr. J. D. Cook has returned from Waycross, Ga., where he has been visiting.
 Mr. Ernest Shoffner is preparing to start to selling fruit trees.
 Mr. W. M. Paris, formerly manager of Elon Grocery Co., is now conducting the Carolina Wholesale Grocery Co., in Greensboro. Mr. Paris will still live in Elon.
 Miss Clara Hughes visited Mr. C. A. Hughes Sunday.
 Miss Annie Lawrence Reitzel is sick.
 Chief Fuller is still sick. Hope he will be out again soon.
 Mr. Jim Wagoner has recently purchased a traction plow. Guess "Jim" will plow some now. Everybody is anxious to see the plow at work.
 Rev. L. I. Cox has begun work on another cottage.
 Mr. J. C. McAdams is starting a new dwelling on the Cable lot opposite the railroad station.
A Wave of Degeneracy Sweeping Over the United States.
 By Rev. D. H. Tuttle.
 The devil has no greater weapon for destruction of human life, happiness and hope than strong drink. All sellers of strong drink love self and money far more than they

love humanity.
 No one who loves others as he loves himself will sell strong drink. No man who respects his oath or love the Old North State, or America, the home of the brave and the land of freedom, will shield—keep hid—the man, no, not the man; the racial, the black or white "blind tiger" who furnishes him with strong drink.
 A rattlesnake or other deadly poisonous reptiles on the premises of every home in our country, State, or nation would not be as dangerous as are still, saloons, blind tigers.
 Reader, do you believe in and encourage these things, or do you damn them by all the influence of your power as a citizen exercised as a juror or otherwise?
 Let me tell you some facts that show the enormous evil that strong drink is doing in our dear America—"Land of Liberty."
 1. Within fifty years our population has increased 350 per cent. In the same time the number of insane and feeble-minded has increased 950 per cent., or 600 per cent. faster than our population. Problem: How long will it require to catch up? Practically all due to increase in use of intoxicants.
 2. Birthrate has fallen off 33 1/2 per cent. in five years. Medical scientists say alcohol is the chief degenerating factor. Strong drink is weakening the nation faster than wars or epidemics.
 3. Statistics given by leading insurance companies show that of every 1,000 deaths 440 are due to alcohol, thus marching to the grave a "mortality list" of 680,000 per annum and over these graves God's Word writes the awful epitaph: No drunkard shall inherit the kingdom of heaven.—I Cor. 6, 10. 120,000 more men die each year than women and children. Why? Because men by strong drink are easier victims of disease than are women and children. For same reason there are more widows than widowers.
 4. Insurance statistics tell us that a "total abstainer" at 20 years of age has an expectation period of 44 years, or an average life of 64 years, while the "moderate drinker" at 20 years of age has an "expectation period" of only 31 years, or an average of 51 years—a loss of 13 years. The "hard drinker" at 20 years has an "expectation period" of only 15 years or an average life of thirty-five years—a loss of 29 years.

Does not the Bible say that the wicked shall be cut off? "The days of the wicked shall be shortened, and they shall be cut off."—Eccles. 7:17.
 Once more. In 1911 the census bureau shows that 38,000 males died of tuberculosis and only 29,000 females; that up to 7 years of age 1,226 boys died of tuberculosis and 1,241 girls; but between the ages of 50 and 60 there were 3,200 men and only 1,500 women. Boys and girls, neither using strong drink, are about equal as to death rate, while the tuberculosis death rate between 50 and 60 years is twice greater among men than women, the difference due to drinking habit among men.
 Hear me, my fellowmen! If you would take the best care of your bodies, minds and souls, beware of strong drink. QUIT TO-DAY. Help yourself to quit by swearing out a warrant against the blind tiger that has sold to you, or better, get him to quit selling—if he won't, then tell on him.
Parties' Union to Beat Democrat.
 Washington, March 5.—That the Progressives will return to the Republican party, which then will regain its former prestige, was predicted by Senator Sherman, of Illinois in a speech in the Senate today. He foresees the beginning of the end of Democratic supremacy in the effect of the tariff legislation, which, the Senator said, has produced "hard times."
 Mr. Sherman was discussing presidential primaries, particularly President Wilson's proposal to effect nominations directly by a national popular vote of the various parties without the intervention of conventions. Mr. Sherman objected to this plan, asserting it would make it possible for the ten most populous states to control nominations. He advocated the retention of nominating conventions and the election of delegates by State primaries recognized by Federal statute.
 Mr. Sherman called attention to the disparity of the President's primary proposal and the primary plank of the Democratic platform, and he took occasion to twit Mr. Wilson generally upon his attitude toward the Democratic tenets.
 "Take the Democratic platform declaration in favor of a single term for every occupant of the presidency," the Senator said. "The silence of the

President on that proposition is completely in keeping with the abyssal depths of his character."
 "The Republican party ought not to be a victim of its own instrument of fatal controversy among those whose efforts ought to be given to both guide and preserve. Conciliation by reasonable concession ought to be the basis of adjustment."
 "Of the 7,604,518 voters who separated in 1912 practically all believed alike then and today on every vital permanent public issue before the American people for fifty-two years. All are protectionists. All resisted free silver. All believed in the anti-trust laws and reasonable changes in them when needed."
 "All believed in the just regulation of common carriers, pure food laws, conservation, adequate defenses on land and sea, legislation for safety, limitation of hours of labor, and liability laws for the workers. They believed in civil service laws."
 "The recent division of the Republican party has brought about the destruction of our protective system. The new tariff law is a heavy blow to the wage earners and producers of the country. Under the pretense of reducing the high cost of living, the Democratic party has cut our pay rolls in two and reduced nothing but the ability of American labor to earn a living."
 "The present industrial depression is a result of the division of the law election. The injurious effect of the Democratic practice of giving our markets away and transferring our pay rolls to foreign countries is now plain."
 "Shall the quarrel of alleged leaders disrupt and destroy this union of 8,000,000 voters? Whose party is it? The organization's, the candidates', the officeholders' party? Is the national committee the party?
 "The party that cannot live except by the mere personality of men has ceased to be a party. It has become a political monarchy and ought to perish. Recriminations and charges are no longer in order. The same rules existed in 1912 as in 1908. Now let the change be made."

Mr. Sherman described in detail his bill providing for the election of convention delegates by State direct primaries, the result of which shall be binding upon each party organization.
LETTER OF EXPLANATION.
 (Continued from Page One.)
 Buildings.
 D. J. WALKER, EMMA TAYLOR, FLORENCE BINGHAM, SADIE FONVILLE, LOTTIE HARTE, MABEL ELLIS, MAE STALLINGS, MAMIE FONVILLE, EDITH CARROLL, LILLA BULLA, SELMA THORNTON, LENA LEFLER, ANNIE WEBSTER, KATE McDANIEL, Teachers.
 Cartee's Laces—Lace assortment.
 Cartee's Laces—Quality goods.
 Clarence Poe is starting a movement to organize the progressive Democrats of the State, first of all with a view to the election of the next legislature, but eventually to take a part in congressional and other fights. It is possible that Clarence is yet to become the Frank Munsey of North Carolina?
 Chicken Wears Overcoat.
 Among the many curios in and near Camden we have a new one. A small chicken was seen last week, and being shy the regular suit of feathers its kind owner has made a dress of the latest style and fashion, and it now walks around on cold days with as much grace and dignity as though it was spring time.—Camden, Ala., News.
 Making Room.
 Pat was hard at work digging a post hole when the boss strolled by. "Well, Pat," said he, noting the progress of the work, "do you think you will be able to get all that dirt back into the hole again?"
 Pat looked doubtfully at the pile of dirt and then at the hole, scratched the back of his head, and after some thought said: "No, sor; sure I don't think I've dug the hole deep enough."—Everybody's Magazine.

B. A. SELLARS & SON

Spring Showing OF Men's & Women's Wear

New Fabrics, New Fashions, New Colorings.

Selections by our buyer on the Northern Markets are now on display in Large Variety.

Men's & Boys' Suits for Spring

We are proud of our Spring Selection. It consists of a Big Assortment of the seasons new fabrics. Soft Materials and Finished Worsteds, brightened by Silk Stripes and Silk Checks as well as a variety of effects.

Big Choice of Styles

We fit any man's shape and please in both Style and piece in this Wide Range of Suits; and at as low prices as \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00, \$17.00 to \$22.00. New All Wool Suits.

Big Showing of Boys' Suits.

In a Great Assortment of New Fabrics and New Colors. In Browns, Tans, Greys and Blue Serges. In all sizes; 3 to 18 years, made in regular and the new "pocket" styles. Norfolk's Splendid Suits at \$2.50 all the way up to \$12.00. Special Blue Serges at \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Arrivals in Men's Soft Knit Hats at \$1.00 to \$3.00

Complete Line, both Soft and Knit Styles. The 1914 Blocks at \$3.50.

New Shipment of Shirts.

Beautiful Cravats for Easter. New Four in Hands, Rich Spring effects, 25-50-\$1.00.

This Spring showing is an important event to Every Woman



who takes pride in her personal appearance. Criticism of dress is something that every woman must look for. You would have only the most favorable criticism if you wear one of Sellars Coat suits or Dresses. No one can give diverse comments on the Styles we are showing for you from the creations of what are without question the most style designers in this country. And in one of Sellars' Dresses you will always feel comfortably certain that the lines will be retained as long as you wear it, because of the excellent quality of the material and the very remarkable tailoring that are a part of every Suit or Dress we sell.

We are now showing 75 Ladies Coat Suits, \$10 to \$20.00. Ratine, Wool and Silk Dresses, \$5.00 to \$18.50; 10 Children's Wash Dresses, 50c to \$1.00; 20 Ladies' Sport Dresses, \$7.00 to \$15.00.

Now on display our Largest showing of the latest designs in Dress Fabrics in Wool, Cotton and Silks.

B. A. SELLARS & SON

Burlington, - - - - - North Carolina

POOR P