

THE TWICE-A-WEEK DISPATCH

A PROGRESSIVE REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE UPBUILDING OF AMERICAN HOMES AND AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.

BURLINGTON, N. C., JAN. 23, 1913.

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Meeting of Universal Impertance.

There is to be held in Burlington on next Tuesday night a Sunday School meeting of unusual importance. The matter of organizing a City Sunday School Association in Burlington for all denominations for the purpose of later setting up a City Training School, will be before the people of the town and representative citizens from other parts of the county.

Mr. W. A. Brown, of Chicago, one of the General Superintendents of the International Sunday School Association, will make an address. Not only is Mr. Brown a great master in the modern Sunday School Movement as we know it today, but he is one of those broad-gauged, statesman-like leaders of modern thought and activity. He made one of the great speeches at the World's Sunday School Convention, held at Zurich, Switzerland, last July, which was considered the greatest religious gathering ever held in the history of the world.

Burlington is exceedingly fortunate to have him stop here for an evening. For some time a number of towns in the State have been urging the State Sunday School Association, with headquarters in Greensboro, to aid in organizing City associations and in setting of City Training Schools, but the association has not until now been in shape to undertake a line of work so constructive and educational in its character and far-reaching in its significance.

The association has been waiting to get a master to present the new lines of work to the people, and then the time has not been ripe for this work until now. A work of so much importance as the religious education of the people through the Sunday School must necessarily be a growth in its development.

The meeting in Burlington will be held on next Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock at the Methodist Church and is for all denominations and all citizens of our town and the surrounding country.

The entire country is indebted to the cause to be considered, and we owe it to ourselves and to the community to help make the meeting in Burlington one of the very best of the whole series of ten meetings to be held in the State.

The other points to be visited by Mr. Brown are Durham, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Wilmington, Hamlet, Asheville, Greensboro, Winston-Salem and High Point.

J. Walter Long, of Greensboro, general secretary of the North Carolina Sunday School Association, and a number of members of the Executive Committee are expected at this meeting, among them Dr. W. A. Harper, president of Elon College; Dr. Chas. W. Byrd, pastor of West Market St. Methodist Church, Greensboro; J. M. Broughton, Jr., of Raleigh, superintendent of the Baptist Tabernacle Sunday School, and Hon. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, president of the State Sunday School Association.

Time and place, next Tuesday evening, January 27, at 7:30 o'clock, at the Methodist Church, Burlington.

The following committee have signified their willingness to present the matter of Mr. Brown's coming to their respective schools, and to urge upon their people the rare opportunity presented, and to co-operate to make his visit mean much to the Sunday school work in this city: J. H. Vernon, John R. Hoffman, J. B. Robertson, W. E. Sharpe, D. R. Fenville, B. R. Sellers, John R. Foster, J. L. Scott, F. L. Williamson, J. G. Rogers, A. P. Williams, J. G. Pritchett, H. F. Moore.

The New Well Tested.

The new well which has recently been sunk near Mr. L. J. Fenville's is now 750 feet deep. It was tested one day last week and has a capacity of 55 gallons per minute. The test lasted 31 hours. It is believed this will give plenty of water for the present needs of the town. This will doubtless relieve the present water situation, but it will only be a question of time before the town will be forced to connect with Town Creek.

Taft Talks of Alien Outrage.

New York, Jan. 22.—Former President Taft, in an address tonight before the New York Peace Society, urged the enactment by Congress of a law to give the Federal Courts jurisdiction to prevent and punish crimes of mob violence against aliens.

Mr. Taft said the list of outrages against aliens reached from 1881 to 1910 and that the failure of the State authorities to punish offenders was no record to be proud of. He said the local authorities evidently had sympathized with "mob spirit and purpose."

Man Stepped Off Train at Hillsboro Named Sykes.

Hillsboro, Jan. 21.—Further particulars, in regard to the man who stepped from the train near here last night, were learned this morning from the officers. The man's name was Claud Sykes. He is a son of Joe Sykes, who lives near Efland. He intended to get off at Efland, but was carried by. The ticket collector tried to collect 25 cents fare from Efland to Hillsboro; Sykes refused to pay this. After a considerable altercation with the ticket collector he deliberately went to the platform and stepped off. The train was going at full speed. That he was not instantly killed is little short of a miracle. He was found by Mr. Robert Sharpe, who lives near the railroad, at the point where it occurred. His head and face are badly lacerated; his body bruised and his clothes badly torn. Mr. Sharpe took him to his home and cared for him over night, and sent for his parents.

The train did not stop until it reached Hillsboro, though members of the train crew knew of the affair. It is something like two miles from Hillsboro to the place where the boy was found. The only notice that the train crew took of the affair was to report it to the station agent, Mr. E. H. Due, when the train pulled in. It was some time after the accident occurred before the boy was found.

Claud Sykes is not supposed to be a very well balanced, mentally, and this in a measure, is supposed to account for his strange actions.

Hans Schmidt Trial.

New York, Jan. 21.—After two days and a half spent in the examination of 200 talesmen a jury was completed this afternoon for the second trial of Hans Schmidt, the one-time priest who slew Anna Ameller, dismembered her body and threw it in the Hudson river. The first jury failed to agree.

Persons who recovered portions of the Ameller girl's body from the Hudson were the first witnesses called by the State. The knife and saw declared to have been used by Hans were admitted into evidence. Several physicians testified as to the cause of death. In general, the testimony was similar to that given at the first trial.

Funeral Services of Miss Rena Clymer.

Greensboro, Jan. 22.—The funeral of Miss Rena Clymer, who died Tuesday afternoon, was held from the First Christian Church yesterday at 3 o'clock and was attended by a congregation that filled the church to its capacity. Members of Miss Clymer's class in the high school attended in a body, accompanied by the teacher of the grade and the superintendent of schools. A number of relatives and friends from out of the city were in attendance.

Rev. H. E. Rountree, pastor of the church, conducted the simple and appropriate service. A mixed quartet sang "Abide With Me," which was followed by the scripture reading and another selection, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus," by the quartet. Prayer was then offered by the pastor, after which he spoke briefly of the life and character of the deceased. Miss Ethel Clement, of Elon College, sang "Does Jesus Care?" and the service was concluded with "Sometime We'll Understand." At the grave the pastor read the simple burial service of the Christian Church.

The pall-bearers were E. E. Bain, S. A. Caveness, Charles A. Hines, W. B. Truitt, F. L. Atkinson and C. N. Herndon. The flower-bearers were Misses Hilda Slack, Louise Hunt, Janie Angel, Kathryn Klingman, Henrietta Korngay, Myrtle Ashworth, Mozelle King and Nellie Bain. The floral tributes were among the most numerous and prettiest ever seen in the city. They covered the church altar and pulpit, and when placed upon the grave hid it in a profusion of color and beauty.

The out-of-town people here attending the funeral were: Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Huffine, Thurber Huffine, Mrs. M. E. Brande, of Reidsville; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Isley and Messrs. George, Ralph, Jerome and Clyde Isley, Miss Grace Isley, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kernodle, and Mrs. H. C. Tollard, of Burlington; Misses Sallie Foster, Ethel Clement, Lois Davidson, Thelma Stone, Kitty Brothers, Ethel Darrett, Dr. W. A. Harper, and Dr. J. W. Wellons, of Elon College; Miss Myrtle Isley, of Raleigh; Miss Ruth Isley, of Spencer; Miss Margaret Isley, of North Wilkesboro, and Clyde Pritchett, of Greenville, S. C.

Alamance The Scene of Highway Robbery.

Mebane, Jan. 22.—Report has reached here of a daring hold-up on the Hillsboro-Orange Grove road a few days ago. Thomas Dodson, who lives near Orange Grove, was the victim. Only one dollar was secured by the highway, though he had a right to expect a much richer booty.

Mr. Dodson had gone to Durham and Hillsboro with a load of produce, which netted him quite a neat sum while in Durham he made several purchases and paid several bills. In Hillsboro he settled his taxes, made another purchase or two and settled several small accounts it is said. On starting home Mr. Dodson found that he had just one dollar in his pocket. But he never dreamed that this reserve fund, which would have proven a nice nest egg or opened a savings account if he had really needed either, was to go the gun route before he reached home. Such was its fate, however, for on reaching the top of the hill after having crossed Haw River, Mr. Dodson was halted by a highwayman who demanded his money. Thereupon the lone dollar was handed over.

The matter was reported at once to Robert Sharpe, a near neighbor, and a search was begun. But no clue was found which promised to point to the guilty party.

Death of Mrs. Elizabeth Horne.

Mrs. Elizabeth Horne, one of the oldest and most pious women of our town, died at the home of her son, Mr. W. W. Horne, Thursday morning about one o'clock, after having been in very feeble health for a year or more. Before her marriage, Mrs. Horne was a Miss Love, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford Love, of near McCray, this county. She was 73 years old and is survived by four children, Messrs. Sidney A., and W. W. Horne, and John C. Horne, of Danville, Va., and Mrs. J. N. Malone, of this town. Mr. Charles Horne and Mrs. W. S. King having preceded her to her heavenly home. Mrs. Horne, during her many days of suffering, was very patient and was only waiting for the time to come when her suffering might be turned into joy. The excellent family which she reared and gave that much needed excellent training are living testimonials of her good character.

The funeral services were conducted today at 2 o'clock at the home of her son, by Rev. A. B. Kendall. The burial at Pine Hill Cemetery.

"The Piedmont Way."

We are in receipt of a copy of "The Piedmont Way," published in the interest of and by the management of the Piedmont Trust Company. The pamphlet is beautifully illustrated showing the photo of Mr. J. W. Murray, in his office, on the first page. Several interesting articles interspersed with a few rare jokes are contained in its make-up. We reprint the following lines which are from this sheet and need no comment to the many people who are acquainted with Mr. Murray:

Ten years ago the Piedmont Trust Company existed only as an idea in the mind of one man. Today, recognized as one of the strongest institutions of its kind in the State, numbering its clients by the thousands, doing business in every part of the State, the Piedmont Trust Company stands as a monument to the aggressive and indomitable spirit of its architect and builder. Ten years ago the surplus money of the country was stowed away in old chests and under hearth-stones—unproductive and constantly in danger of loss by theft and fire. Today thousands of people all over the State rejoice in the possession of Piedmont Guaranteed Gold Bonds and the safety and convenience afforded thereby—a tribute to the sagacity and foresight of Mr. J. W. Murray.

Mr. Murray has done many great things for his home city and his native State, and has won the admiration and gratitude of the people among whom and for whom he has labored. But his memory will live longest as founder of the Piedmont Trust Co., and originator of the Piedmont Gold Bonds.

Mr. A. M. Cheek, of Durham, was buried at that place Thursday evening at three-thirty o'clock. He was the brother of Mrs. Sallie Cates of this place. The funeral was attended by Mr. J. W. Cates and daughters, Misses Bertha and Julia, Miss Nina Ingle and Messrs. Luther Perry and Claud Cheek, of this place.

New Parcel Post Rates.

Below we are giving a list of the parcel post rate which should be cut out and saved by every person who may ever have an occasion to use them:

New rates went into effect January 1 that will offer a wonderful saving for all of the people. The farmer, living many miles from Burlington can send his butter to town. He can send 10 pounds for 10 cents, or 50 pounds for 50 cents.

A ham, weighing 20 pounds, will be accepted by the rural mail carrier, brought to Burlington and delivered at the post office to the customer, for 15 cents.

Below are given the rates for the first zone, the first column showing the local rate, which means for any place in your rural route, or on any rural route leading from your post-office, and the second column gives the zone rate for any point within 50 miles of your postoffice. The rates for the second zone, 100 miles from your office, are the same as rates for the first zone:

Weight	Cents	Cents.
1 pound	05	05
2 pounds	06	06
3 pounds	07	07
4 pounds	08	08
5 pounds	09	09
6 pounds	10	10
7 pounds	11	11
8 pounds	12	12
9 pounds	13	13
10 pounds	14	14
11 pounds	15	15
12 pounds	16	16
13 pounds	17	17
14 pounds	18	18
15 pounds	19	19
16 pounds	20	20
17 pounds	21	21
18 pounds	22	22
19 pounds	23	23
20 pounds	24	24
21 pounds	25	25
22 pounds	26	26
23 pounds	27	27
24 pounds	28	28
25 pounds	29	29
26 pounds	30	30
27 pounds	31	31
28 pounds	32	32
29 pounds	33	33
30 pounds	34	34
31 pounds	35	35
32 pounds	36	36
33 pounds	37	37
34 pounds	38	38
35 pounds	39	39
36 pounds	40	40
37 pounds	41	41
38 pounds	42	42
39 pounds	43	43
40 pounds	44	44
41 pounds	45	45
42 pounds	46	46
43 pounds	47	47
44 pounds	48	48
45 pounds	49	49
46 pounds	50	50
47 pounds	51	51
48 pounds	52	52
49 pounds	53	53
50 pounds	54	54

The rates for the other zones may be learned by application to your postmaster or rural carrier. The rules prohibit the sending of packages over 20 pounds, outside of the second zone. Within the first and second zones the weight limit is 50 pounds and beyond the second, not more than 20 pounds.

Young Men Who Try to Win Don't Drink.

New York, Jan. 22.—"Young men who want to get on in the world don't drink nowadays," said John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to the Bible class of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church Sunday. "Great corporations do not employ men who drink."

Mr. Rockefeller told the members of the class that his grandfather and his father never touched intoxicating liquor and were total abstainers as a matter of principle, and that he himself had followed their example.

His advice and suggestions as to clean living and to what every young man can do toward mitigating the social evil were heard with keen interest by 200 members of the class.

Mr. Rockefeller conducts the Bible class only occasionally. After his address Sunday, which was on the subject, "Setting Life's Standards," he was urged to lead the class more often.

"To quote the words of another," said Mr. Rockefeller, "let me remind you that 'success consists of doing the common things of life uncommonly well.' There is one thing more needful to this success than ability. It is will."

"If a man is unwilling to do small tasks and do them well he ought not be permitted to do big tasks, and if he is permitted mistakenly he is most certain to fail. The power of application is essential in all standards."

Mr. Rockefeller believed that rich men should feel that their money is not theirs to use for their own pleasure, but for the public and private good of others.

"Those who have lots of money have, however, no more reason to feel this way," he said, "than those who have small fortune or only a little money, save in a relative measure. It is important that the man who can give a dollar should realize his obligation to give the same as the man or woman who can give a million."

"The way to get a start in the world, in his notion, is to jump in somewhere and do the best you can."

"Christ recognized that men were possessed of differing talents," said Mr. Rockefeller. "Many a man does not seem to have discovered his own talent. The thing to do is to jump in somewhere, even if the opening is not promising."

"Perhaps the very thing you think you cannot do is the one thing you can do best. All sorts of people came to see Jesus and He gave no lesson more forcibly than the one that a man is to be judged by what he does with the talents he has."

His mention of his father and his grandfather as total abstainers was a part of his remarks on temperance. "In these strenuous New York and American days," said Mr. Rockefeller, "when there is so much to do and so much to be gained by doing, many men work too hard. They ought to be temperate in work. It pays. More will be accomplished in the long run."

"In the old days when a salesman applied for a job he was often asked to take a drink of whiskey, and incidentally he was tested to see how much he could drink and still hold his wits. Usually the man who could drink the most got the job."

"Now, all that is changed. Great corporations will not employ men who drink, and their emphasis is on total abstinence. I am told that in Germany, where beer drinking is supposed to be prevalent, college professors and even students are quitting the drink habit on the ground that the mind is befogged by drink."

"I think there is less social drinking in New York than formerly. Yet I learn that in the country as a whole the consumption of strong drink increases. This leads me to fear that prohibition does not always prohibit. Strong drink causes more crime and poverty than all the other causes to gether."

Mr. Rockefeller talked at considerable length on the subject of the social evil and on the necessity for personal purity. He said emphatically that there can be no such thing as a double standard of morals, one standard for men, quite another for women. He scouted the notion that young men must sow wild oats.

"It is not worth while," said Mr. Rockefeller, "to scar the body in order to teach the mind. It is not needful for children to put their hands in the fire in order to know that the fire burns. If the Bible classes of this city, the men's clubs and the Y. M. C. A. were to stand together for personal purity, would practice it and proclaim that they would have nothing to do with men who do not try to lead clean lives—who would not try, I say—they would go a long way toward solving the problem of the social evil in New York; and if all American young men in all of these organizations were to do the same, they would go a long way toward solving the social evil problem in all the American cities."

"We need in this country the kind of chivalry that the knights of old displayed in their best days. American young men are in great need of chivalry. If they would treat all women as they treat their mothers and sisters a very great deal would be accomplished."

Mr. Rockefeller's advice on friendship was:

"In the earlier times, when people had little more to read than the Bible, the dictionary and an almanac, they perused all diligently and gained much," said Mr. Rockefeller. "Now there are so many books that none is made much use of. Similarly, a man ought to have many acquaintances, perhaps, but only a few well chosen friends, and these should be cherished and retained."

At the close of his address Mr. Rockefeller distributed pamphlets dealing with the social evil and containing the opinions of New York physicians.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS:

Since installing our new Linotype Machine, we have gone over and re-set and corrected our entire mailing list. It is possible that in doing this we have unintentionally missed the names of some of our readers and subscribers. It is not our intention or wish to let anybody not get the paper that wants it, but errors will occur in anything that requires so much work.

If the date on your label is not as you think it should be, see if you can find your receipt and bring it to our office and let's get all these errors out of the way as soon as possible.

If you know of any of your friends or neighbors that are subscribers and do not get the paper since the new list is in use, please notify us at once.

Dr. and Mrs. Atkinson at Home. Elon College, Jan. 23.—Dr. and Mrs. J. O. Atkinson were at home last evening to a large company of friends from 7:30 to 10:30. The guests consisted of the members of the College faculty with their wives and a few invited friends from the college community and a most delightful occasion it was.

Musical renditions were given by the two daughters of the host and hostess, Misses Jennie Willis and Mary Dee Atkinson and Prof. R. A. Campbell and Miss Lois Baird Davidson of the music faculty of the college.

The prize in the "Egypt and Elsewhere" contest was won by Prof. R. A. Campbell and was a fine library edition of Harold Bell Wright's "Uncrowned King."

The refreshments were served in courses and were most delicious. In the serving the hostess was assisted by her two daughters, Mrs. Sadie Jones and Miss Bettie Ellis, of Franklin, Va.

Thomasville Man is Victim of Accident.

Thomasville, Jan. 22.—This morning at about 6:30 o'clock, John Maynor was killed by a southbound through freight train on the Southern. The exact particulars of the accident can not be obtained as there was only one witness, who was an occupant of the car in which Maynor was killed and he is not able to say just how it occurred. Mr. Maynor, in company with Mr. Hill, who he was taking to his work, attempted to cross the railroad track at the crossing near the freight depot. It seems that they were watching a shifting engine going north when a through freight headed south came upon them. Mr. Hill, who was with Mr. Maynor jumped for his life, but Maynor was killed. The car was shattered to pieces.

It appeared that he was able to alight from the car but the train struck the car, which fell upon him, causing almost instant death. The body was terribly mutilated and he lived only a few minutes. He had only recently purchased a new car and had driven it only a few times and it is probable that is the excitement of the approach of the train and in an effort to hasten across he chided the engine and the car stopped on the track. The signal bell was ringing as a warning that a train was approaching.

Mr. Maynor was a clerk in the store of D. R. Conwell and was well known and popular in Thomasville. He leaves a family. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

Bit by His Own Dog.

Mr. John Q. Finch, of Palmyra Farm, was "just barely able to be about" Friday and the cause of his trouble was the over-faithfulness and careless haste of his dog. John Q. is the proud possessor of a dog, not a blooded dog, but a canine of the non-descript variety, whose main business in life it is to guard his master's henhouse. When even a member of the family goes to catch a fowl for a Sunday dinner, the dog has to be fastened up. Thursday night John Q. and his hired man went to catch a chicken and, strange to say, John Q. forgot about the dog. He had no more than nailed his chicken than the dog nipped him, cutting through overalls, trousers, etcetera, to the hide and excavating a considerable cavity, ranging inward toward the bone. John Q. was very painfully injured and could hardly walk Friday. Valuable dog, that!—Lexington Dispatch.

MISDATED ISSUE

Atlanta's Model Baby.
Atlanta, Jan. 17.—Roger, the Codger, Potty, or Roger Poger, by each of which names he is known, is said to be the only "eugenic baby" in Atlanta. His real name is Roger Hawley Wing, and he is the son of Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Wing, of 8 seventh avenue, Inman Park.

Each of Roger's parents was issued a good health certificate before their marriage in the State of New York in June, 1911. There is no law in New York State regarding health certificates at marriage, but the parents of the young people and they themselves decided it would be a good thing to be examined by a physician. Each was given a medical certificate showing them to be 100 per cent. healthy.

Young Roger arrived in this world on July 31, 1913. Soon afterward the Wing family came to Atlanta to make this city their home.

Of course Roger's mother thinks he is a wonderful child. So does Roger's father, and Roger himself, though he isn't able to tell about it yet, crows his jaw at being appreciated. But there are other people who think so, too, and for these reasons:

1—Roger hasn't had to be "walked" at night since he was born.

2—He was given a certificate of 100 per cent. at the recent child welfare exhibit.

3—He cries on the average of only once in four days.

4—From a lying position he can raise himself to a sitting posture with ease.

5—He never cries to be picked up.

6—He sleeps by himself at night.

7—He weighs 19 pounds at his age of a little over five months, while from 19 to 51 pounds is the average weight for a baby of one year. Immediately after his birth he gained at the rate of a pound a week.

Mrs. Wing explains Roger's precocity with various reasons. For one thing, he is seldom handled. From never being picked up when he cries, the two things are dissociated in his mind, and he never cries to be picked up.

If he cries he is given a drink of water or his face is washed or the pin is moved from where it was sticking his soft neck. He is fed every three hours on the dot. He sleeps outdoors in the daytime and by an open window at night, wherefore he has never had a bad cold or been sick in the least.

When Mrs. Wing wants to she can tuck Roger in his crib and go into some other room in the house, leaving her young son alone for hours. He never cries and on her return is looking dreamingly at the ceiling, dreaming whatever babies dream of and making soft noises in his throat.

Mrs. Wing says she has no special plans for the rearing of the "eugenic baby," save to make him a normal American boy, as clean as possible in soul, mind and body.

"They say a school teacher can not make a good mother," she says. "But I used to be one, and I think Roger can prove that old saying is wrong. Just look at him now."

Roger was chuckling happily and lustily kicking the crib-clothes all over the floor.

Clark Cannot Attend Calvert Hall Dinner.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Speaker Clark's declination of an invitation to attend a Democratic dinner tomorrow evening at Calvert Hall, at which Secretary Bryan is to be a guest, stirred up so much commotion that the Speaker issued a characteristic statement.

Published reports had connected the Speaker's declination with the presence of Secretary of State Bryan, and echoes of the Baltimore Convention. The Speaker did not signify this suggestion with a reference. "I have cut all dinners and functions except those I feel under obligations to attend in my official capacity," said the Speaker. "I did this for two reasons: 1—Because I have not time to attend them. I have too much to do. 2—Mr. Spofford, so long librarian of Congress, once told me that most public men and Army and

Navy Officials who died in Washington, dug their graves with their own teeth' a saying which I took to heart.

"The people of the country are not interested to any extent in dinners in Washington, but they are interested very much as to what Congress does, and when it does it, and I am trying my best to expedite business so that we can get away from here and give the country a rest. That is a good policy for both the country and the Democratic party."

Coast Line Lets Contract for 63 Miles Double Track.

Wilmington, Jan. 20.—Announcement was made today by The Atlantic Coast Line of the award of contracts in sections for grading and construction of double track on 63-mile stretch from Selma to Parkton through Fayetteville, work to be completed by Fall. The contracts were let as follows: Sections one and two—each section about 12 miles long—to W. L. Williams Company, of Macon, Ga.; section three, C. W. Lane & Co., Atlanta; section four, J. J. Sheahan, Elkton, Tenn.; section five to A. & C. Wright, Elkton.

No figures were given out, but the contracts involve an enormous sum. With the completion of this stretch the Coast Line will be double tracked from Richmond to the branching of the lines at Parkton, a distance of 225 miles.

A large force has been at work between Selma and Parkton for many months making preparations for the double track, replacing the wooden bridges with new steel structures and installing culverts.

Bingham Boys Were Expelled.

Asheville, Jan. 20.—Following alleged pranks in which a new student at Bingham had his head shaved and was whipped when he furnished the authorities of the school with the names of his alleged assailants, three Bingham cadets today were fined for assault in the court of a local magistrate and announcement was made at the school tonight that four students had been expelled for hazing.

The cadets who paid fines in court were L. L. Taylor, \$10 and one-third of the costs; Nat Grammer and Louis Reed, \$5 and one-third of the costs each. The magistrate was unable to give the place of residence of the students and at the school the information could not be obtained.

The authorities at Bingham refused to disclose the identity of the four students who were expelled. At the beginning of the term each student signed a pledge to refrain from hazing and Colonel Bingham announced today that all students who were unwilling to live up to the pledge could leave school. None took advantage of the opportunity to withdraw.

The name of the student who was the victim of the alleged hazers is Louis Reed, of Horse Cave, Kentucky.

Congressman in First Fight.

Washington, Jan. 23.—A brisk fist fight between Representative Ben Johnson, of Kentucky, and John R. Shields, a Washington lawyer, broke up a meeting today in the House District of Columbia committee room. Committee Clerks separated the men after both had landed telling blows; then Representative Johnson broke away and dashed into his private office, shouting: "Let me get my pistol, I'll kill him."

Before the enraged Congressman re-appeared, Shields had been hustled away and committeemen and spectators had made a hasty retreat.

Tonight the incident apparently was closed. Representative Johnson said he "had been in the game too long to keep on when a fight's over," and Shields issued a statement, declaring he had acted in self-defense and indicated he did not expect any aftermath. The trouble started while a sub-committee of which Representative Johnson is chairman was hearing Representative Kahn, of California, argue for a bill to allow Washington crossing policemen to ride free on the trolley cars when in uniform. Mr. Shields was present to support the bill.

Representative Johnson declared he had learned that Shields had collected a fee of four or five thousand dollars from crossing policemen for "lobby activities," in connection with a bill increasing the policemen's salaries. Chairman Crosses of the sub-committee saw trouble impending and announced a recess.

"I want to be heard," insisted Mr. Shields; "I want an opportunity to reply to these unfounded charges. They are utterly false."

With a bound Representative Johnson rounded the table and striking Shields full in the face sent him to the floor. He was up in an instant, retaliating with a blow that started right cheek-bone. The men exchanged blows freely for a moment then Shields clinched and was pounding away on the Congressman's head when clerks of the committee interfered.

"I always make a practice to take a licking or give a licking without comment," said Johnson tonight. "There was nothing for me to do but hit him when he said I told a falsehood."

Shields said: "I acted in self-defense. Johnson struck me when I was not looking. The whole thing occurred without the slightest warning or foundation."

Later the sub-committee called a dozen crossing policemen, who testified that during the last Congress they had contracted to pay Shields certain sums in event he devoted his efforts to obtaining the passage of a bill increasing their pay and giving them annual leave. The hearing will be continued.

Braithwaite Dies in Richmond Hospital—Asks Investigation.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 20.—Examination of the health department records today, revealed the fact that Charles A. Braithwaite, 223 E. Marshall St., died at the City Hospital January 17 from the effects of laudanum poisoning.

Several days before taking the poison, Braithwaite asked the police to investigate a report to the effect that the husband of one of his relatives had another wife and several children at Spray, N. C. He said that the information came from H. Eanes, of that place.

The police, taking the matter under consideration, ascertained that the relative in question, though getting his license here, was married in Petersburg. A detective was accordingly dispatched to tell him that he would have to consult the authorities of that city, but was unable to locate him. Although it was ascertained later that he had taken poison the police could not learn until today that he was dead.

Braithwaite married a Miss Stone, of Hendersonville. He was 65 years old and a carpenter by trade. The coroner could not determine whether he took the laudanum accidentally or not. Why the death was not made public has not been explained.

We pay the highest market prices for furs and hides.—Levin Bros., Hide and Fur Dealers, Burlington, N. C.

Five hundred salt sacks for sale at 2 1/2c. each. Special price on large quantities. Levin Bros., Hide, Fur and Junk Dealers, Burlington, N. C.

ATTENTION!

Boys wanted for a band in Burlington. Boys from 12 to 18 years of age, with musical talent, and with good moral habits, and with a desire for a musical education, wanted for a band. Those interested in the above proposition, see me at once or write V. WILSON.

Father, Wife and Children Found.
Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 20.—F. M. Taylor, his wife and two children were found dead this afternoon at their home here. They were last seen alive December 6, when Taylor quit work for a packing company here, saying he was going to Oklahoma City. A pistol was found by the father's side. The smaller child had been burned. The others had been shot.

Young Man Leaps from Train Near Hillsboro.

Hillsboro, Jan. 20.—At Dimmock's Hill, about one mile west of the station at Hillsboro, late this afternoon, a well-dressed young man whose name was unknown to the conductor, jumped off train No. 22, due here at 5:38 o'clock.

He was seen to roll over and over several times, but how badly hurt he was or whether he was killed or not, is not known at this hour. The train was running at a speed of forty miles an hour and it is though very probably he is seriously hurt.

On the arrival of the train here the conductor notified the ticket agent at this place, and he in turn notified the local officers. Policeman Crawford and Constable Cates are now looking around in the vicinity where the young man leaped from the train.

According to the conductor, the young man had an altercation over the fare. The conductor passed on and in a few moments the young man walked to the platform and jumped off. The train was not stopped.

Newspaper in Bankruptcy.

Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 20.—A petition in voluntary bankruptcy was filed here today against The Pensacola News, the oldest newspaper in western Florida. Bankruptcy proceedings were the outcome of a civil suit for the recovery of payment on notes said to amount to approximately \$8,000. The News was established more than 30 years ago.

Vice-President Lankford's Will.

New York, Jan. 20.—The will of Richard L. Lankford was filed today. He leaves half of his estate to his fiancée.

OUR EXCELLENT SYSTEM

of arranging the details for each and every funeral entrusted to our care leaves with those upon whom we wait a feeling of confidence and satisfaction that the last offices were performed with such perfect harmony as to greatly lessen the sadness connected with such an event.

WILLIAMS, GREENE & McCLURE, Undertakers, GRAHAM, N. C.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

HOCUTT MEMORIAL BAPTIST CHURCH,

Adams Avenue and Hall St.
Rev. Jas. W. Ross, Pastor.
Preaching every fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.
Prayer Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.
Ladies' Aid Society first Sunday afternoon.

EPISCOPAL

The Church of The Holy Comforters
The Rev. John Bennett Offield, Pastor
Services:
Every Sunday, 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Holy Communion: First Sunday, 11 a. m. Third Sunday, 7:30 a. m. Holy and Sabote' Days, 10:00 a. m. Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
The public is cordially invited. All pews free. Fine vested choir.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Corner Church and Davis Streets.
Rev. A. B. Kendall, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday, 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:45 a. m. John E. Foster, Superintendent.
Christian Endeavor Services Sunday

evenings at 8 o'clock.

MID-WINTER PRAYER SERVICE, every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Ladies' Aid and Missionary Society meets on Monday after the second Sunday in each month.

A cordial invitation extended to all. A Church Home for visitors and for strangers.

REFORMED CHURCH

Corner Front and Anderson Streets.
Pastor.
Sunday School every Sabbath, 9:45 a. m.
Preaching every Second and Fourth Sabbath, 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Mid-Week Service every Thursday, 7:30 p. m.
A cordial welcome to all. Passengers seated near front of church.

PREBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Donald McVey, Pastor.
Services every Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. B. E. Saffers, Superintendent.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.
The public is cordially invited to all services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. Martin W. Bank, Pastor.
Sunday Worship, 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. J. L. Scott, Superintendent.
Prayer and Prayer Services, Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m.
Christian Culture Class, Saturday at 8:00 p. m.
Church Conference, Wednesday before first Sunday of each month, 7:30 p. m.
Observance of Lord's Supper, first Sunday in each month.
Women's Union, first Monday of each month, 8:30 p. m.

THE EPISCOPY PROTESTANT CHURCH.

Rev. George L. Currie, Pastor.
Services:
Morning, 11:00 Evening, 7:30
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday evenings.
Ladies' Aid and Missionary Societies every Monday afternoon after first Sunday in each month.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. J. G. Rogers, Superintendent.
Good Service and Pledge Classes.
You are invited to attend all these services.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, FRONT STREET.

Rev. T. A. Wilson, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday morning and evening.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. W. E. Shays, Superintendent.
Prayer Service, Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.
Epworth League, 7:30 o'clock every Sunday evening.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, WINE AVENUE.

Rev. Obelisk, Pastor.
Preaching every first Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Second Sunday at 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday at 1 a. m. John F. Idol, Superintendent.
Everybody welcome.

Macedonia Lutheran Church, Front Street.

Rev. T. S. Brown, Pastor.
Worship Services at 11:00 a. m. Vigils at 8:30 p. m.
No services on third Sundays.
Sunday School 9:45 a. m. Prof. J. B. Robertson, Superintendent.
Teachers' Meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. (Pastor's Study).
Woman's Missionary Society, first Thursday in every month at 8:30 p. m.
L. C. E. Society, second Thursday in every month at 8:30 p. m.
Luther League, second and fourth Sundays at 8:00 p. m.

Professional Cards

Dr. L. H. Allen
Eye Specialist
Office 1117...
N

W. J. T. GOS
Burlington, N. C.
Telephone 374-J. Res. 374-L

Spoon & Hornaday
Veterinarians
Office and Hospital...
415 Main St. Residence Phone 274

C. A. Anderson M. D.
Office hours 1 to 2 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m.
First National Bank Building.
Leave day calls at Bradleys Drug Store.

Dameron & Long
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
E. S. W. DAMERON ADOLPH L. LONG
Burlington, N. C.
Phone 258 Phone 100-5

John H. Vernon
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Burlington, N. C.
Office room 7 and 8 Second floor First Nat'l Bank Building
office phone 337-J Resident phone 337-L

John R. Hoffma
Attorney-at-Law
Burlington, North Carolina.
Office, Second Floor First National Bank Building.

DR. J. H. BROOKS
Surgeon Dentist
Foster Building
BURLINGTON, N. C.

W. W. Norfolk & Western
DEC. 8, 1912.
LEAVE WINSTON-SALEM.

7:00 A. M. daily for Reidsville and intermediate stations. Connect with Main Line train North East and West with Pullman Sleeper, Dining Cars.

2:05 P. M. daily for Martinsville, Reidsville, the North East. John's steel sleeping car, Pullman Sleeper, Dining Car, Reidsville, 11:00 a. m. daily for Winston-Salem.

Trains leave Winston-Salem 15 A. M., 9:35 P. M., 1:55 P. M. (on days when the train leaves for Charlotte and Greensboro).
UNDER THE

FOR all kinds of Commercial and Job Printing, call PHON 265

We need the money and you need the paper so renew to-day to The Twice-A-Week Dispatch.

DO YOU
Receive Piedmont Interest Checks?
IF NOT, WHY NOT? ITS A SIGN OF PROSPERITY. YOUR NEIGHBORS UNDERSTAND.
PIEDMONT TRUST CO.

POOR PRINT

Powerful Negro Woman Uses Heavy Flatiron and Teeth as Weapons.
Raleigh, Jan. 20.—With threats of vengeance, predicting death. Beulah Cotton, a powerful negro woman, yesterday made Justice J. H. Owen's office resemble a battlefield, staggering Attendance Officer D. R. Bynum against a wall when she hurled a heavy flatiron at him, made the blood flow from Squire Owens' hand and was eventually prevented from probably killing the officer when Mr. Owen threw her into a corner and took a heavy iron seal from her. After being overpowered by several officers she was remanded to jail for ten days without trial by Justice Owens for contempt of court and when her temper cooled sufficiently she will be tried for violation of the compulsory attendance law.

The assault upon the officer in Justice Owens' court room yesterday morning followed a previous one at the woman's home and in that instance she went after Mr. Bynum with a large knife and then an axe. Both of the weapons were taken from her and with the aid of two men deputized she was brought to court for trial. There she proved a match for both the officer and justice. Squire Owens is carrying a bandaged hand and Mr. Bynum is suffering from a bad bruise on his breast.

The negress was arrested several days ago for failure to comply with the compulsory attendance law in that she sent her boy to Georgia in order to keep him out of school. Justice Owens heard her explanation and upon her promise to send for the child allowed her to return home. The attendance office went to see her yesterday morning to find out what she had done and was given a very unexpected reception.

Sensational Message Sent by Cole Blease.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 20.—Investigation of the State hospital for the insane was ordered today by the South Carolina General Assembly following the receipt of a sensational message from Governor Cole L. Blease, inclosing a copy of a personal letter which the Governor said was written by United States Senator E. R. Tamm, and mailed under a government frank. The order directing the investigation was embodied in a concurrent resolution.

Governor Blease said in his message that Senator Tamm in his letter referred to an alleged attempt to oust Dr. J. W. Babcock, superintendent of the hospital, by "Governor Blease's underlings and satellites." A bill authorizing the sale of the hospital now is pending in the House. The value of the property involved is said to exceed \$1,000,000.

"All the facts will be brought out if an investigation is ordered, as I hope will be. An effort will be made to smirch Dr. Babcock and his lady assistant, Dr. Saunders, as these men must have such excuse, you know, and the not at all scrupulous," reads the letter alleged to have been sent by the senator.

Alice Holmes, Blind Poetess, Dead at Age of 82

New York, Jan. 20.—Miss Alice A. Holmes, who delighted in the title of "the blind poetess of Jersey City," died on Sunday at the home of her niece, Mrs. Teresa E. Kolb, 278 A Union Street, that city, in her 83rd year. She was a friend and school-mate of Fanny J. Crosby, the blind hymn writer.

Miss Holmes was born in the county of Norfolk, England, on February 9, 1821, and at the age of nine she came to this country with her parents in a sailing vessel. On the 7-weeks' trip over smallpox developed among the passengers and the girl was stricken. The disease left her totally blind. In speaking of her affliction to a reporter several years ago she said that her "last view of a human face and nature fit came as the slow-going ship was passing the Staten Island shore."

At the age of 17 Miss Holmes was sent to the New York institution for the blind, where she was a roommate of Miss Crosby. On the first evening they were together they exchanged confidences, and Miss Crosby said that she was a Methodist.

"To what church do you belong?" asked the elder blind girl.

"I am an Episcopalian," replied Miss Holmes.

"Oh," exclaimed Miss Crosby, "then you are a churchman!" and a moment later she began to sing:

"Oh, how it grieves my poor old bones To sleep so near this Alice Holmes; I will inform good Mister Jones I cannot rovia with a churchman."

Three years ago Miss Crosby visited Miss Holmes in Jersey City and together the blind women recalled that poem and laughed heartily over the recollections of their first meeting.

Miss Holmes did not begin to write poetry until she was more than 25 years old. She published four volumes, "Poems by Alice Holmes" (1849), "Arcadian Leaves" (1858), "Stray Leaves" (1868), and "Lost Vision" (1888). She used to say that she didn't give her poems to the world to acquire fame, but just to

keep the pot boiling." On her birthday anniversary she always put on her best gown and latest suit and patiently awaited the coming of children of the neighborhood.

Bar Rets in Charge of Missouri Tobacco Warehouse.

Kinston, Jan. 20.—North Carolina are conducting the newly-opened tobacco market at Bearbora, Mo., near St. Joseph, where the State of Missouri and Middle Western business interests are seeking to revive the formerly important tobacco industry of that section. O. L. Joyner, of Greenville, is in charge of the warehouse at Bearbora. C. A. D. Eakes, of Oxford, is at the head of the office force; Art Hastings, of Kinston, auctioneer at the opening sale, when 164,816 pounds were sold for \$20,000, and Luther N. Bowling, of Greenville, is the head checker.

At the opening, representatives of nearly every big Western railroad and other corporations were present and leading men made addresses. A St. Joseph paper devoted a page to the occasion.

Children Cause Fire.

Kinston, Jan. 20.—A spectacular fire on West Washington street here at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon did damage probably not exceeding \$350, but attracted hundreds of people. Children are believed to have started the blaze which destroyed adjoining stables on the premises of G. W. Knott and W. E. Mewborn, in a leading residential neighborhood.

Newbern Officers Chasing Vagrants.

Newbern, Jan. 20.—During the past few days the Southern Express Company's liquor office on South Front street has been crowded with negroes who called there for the purpose of receiving and ordering whiskey. The police officials discussed the matter, and yesterday an officer was on hand when the place opened and as each negro came in he was told to appear before the mayor. Twenty-five or 30 negroes were summoned during the day and were arraigned in the charge of vagrancy. Several were found guilty and were fined.

It is the intention of the authorities to keep this action up until every vagrant in the city, who secured sufficient money to live on by acting as "walking blind tiger," has been forced to seek pastures new.

Yeggman Given 30 Days.

Union, S. C., Jan. 20.—Arrested on suspicion of being a yeggman and because he was found attempting to enter the building of the Union Steam Laundry Friday night, a man giving his name as George Thompson was fined by Mayor Duncan and sentenced to 30 days on the chaingang.

Nine Would-Be Congressmen in the Third District.

Newbern, Jan. 20.—The latest candidate to enter the race for nomination as Representative to Congress from the Third District has made his announcement. This is D. A. Dees, one of Pamlico county's most prominent citizens, who says that he is taking this step at the request of many of his friends. At present there are nine candidates in the race: Hon. C. R. Thomas, O. H. Guion and B. G. Credie, of Newbern, Alex. H. White, of Pollockville, E. M. Koonce, of Onslow county, George E. Hood, of Morehead City, and Congressman John M. Faison.

Wisconsin's Eugenic Law Constitutional.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 20.—The Wisconsin eugenic law, which provides for the issuance of marriage licenses only upon a certificate of a clean bill of health, was this afternoon declared unconstitutional by Judge F. C. Eschweyler, of the Circuit Court. The case will go to the supreme court. Judge Eschweyler held that the eugenic law was of unreasonable statutory limitations so far as physician's fees were concerned, and that it was an unreasonable and material impairment of the right of persons to enter into matrimony.

The law was praised because of its movement toward suppression of sexual diseases, but condemned because its enforcement is impossible.

The court held that if the State wishes to exercise its right for preventing undesirable from marriage it should weed out the unfit, and thereby not cast upon the fit an unfair demand.

Allan Peterson and Miss Hallie Schmidt made application for a marriage license January 2, the day of which the law went into force. Clerk Wilde refused the petition because he said he did not have a certificate of health from a physician. Peterson sought recourse in the courts.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite
The old standard general strengthening tonic ROY'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC drives out malaria and builds up the system. A true food and appetite. Not addictive.

Never been hay, oats and clover hay, alfalfa and timothy hay, millet seed, etc. hay, in fact all kinds of hay at Merchants' Supply Co.

High Point News.
High Point, Jan. 20.—The plans for building the Exposition building here this Spring received a starter Monday when two High Point philanthropic and broad minded men offered \$25,000 worth of real estate for sale, to be used as stock in the great enterprise. The young men making the offer are reliable. The site for the proposed building is some of the city's most valuable real estate.

D. Rones, who owns a large jewelry store here on Main street, has returned from Aiken, S. C., his former home. Mr. Rones sold his property in that city, where he has been in business for several years. Mr. Rones intends to invest quite a neat sum in more property in High Point.

The Friends' Church was filled to overflowing Sunday evening to hear Miss Anna T. Jones lecture on Zulu land.

The Buncie Orchestra is rendering special music for the "Buyers" in attendance at the Manufacturers' Club rooms this week. The band played with a city pride of the organization, especially so for future dances and social occasions.

The High Point Motor Company has started the ball to rolling in 1913 by contracting for 750 automobiles. The company claims that this is a splendid territory to operate in.

Croker Advises Against Long Staple Cotton Next Season.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 20.—David R. Croker, of Hartsville, president of the South Carolina Plant Breeders' Association, in his annual address before the meeting of the association here Monday, advised against planting long staple cotton next season except in sections of the State where the marketing facilities are good.

"The growers of long staple cotton have been unable to interest the cotton buyers to the extent of creating a steady and uniform market for long staple cotton," he said. "I have done all I could to help second President Dabbs of the Farmers' Union in his efforts to better the marketing conditions. I believe a proper system of warehouses would greatly benefit the staple cotton market."

"Unless we can change present marketing conditions, I believe that farmers should stop planting staple cotton, and go back to short staple cotton, where they are not favorably located as regards markets." A number of other experts made addresses on various phases of plant breeding.

Petition for Pardon of Cleve McBryde Heard by Governor.

Raleigh, Jan. 20.—Governor Craig heard lengthy and spirited argument Monday by counsel for and against the granting of a pardon for Cleve McBryde, of Iredell County, who is serving two years' sentence for selling whiskey. Former Judge E. B. Jones appeared for McBryde and J. A. Holderness for the opposition to the pardon. Deputy Sheriffs of Iredell county went into Yadkin county to capture McBryde and shot him desperately before he was taken. Now there is a movement to institute suit against the deputies and their bondsmen for damages. The opposition to the pardon insists that to grant the pardon would be to prejudice the damage suit against the officers. Governor Craig made it clear that he can only pass on the petition for pardon on its merits without any thought as to what effect, if any, there might be on the damage suit by the granting of a pardon.

Unclaimed Letters.

Gentlemen: E. R. Brown, Toy Look, Joseph E. Glenn, J. L. Graves, J. A. Kernolds, W. H. Watson, Messrs. McKarah & Co.

Ladies: Mrs. Esther Bousalt, Miss Mary M. Liles, Mrs. E. W. Simmons, Mrs. H. J. Scott.

Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "Advertised" and give date of advertised list.

F. L. WILLIAMSON, Postmaster.

Paresis Serum Fails.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—A patient in a local hospital, upon whom surgeons performed a rare operation in an effort to save him from the progressive ravages of paresis, died yesterday. Surgeons who had watched the case with keen interest say that one of the most heroic experiments of surgery had gone to naught.

In an effort to save a man declared to be hopelessly afflicted surgeons bored a series of holes in his skull and injected into the diseased brains a serum used only in the most dangerous of all blood diseases. The patient was 61 years old.

The operation, done twice in Paris, as proved of benefit in arresting the disease. The operation here was the first of its kind performed in this country. It is said the patient did not recover sufficiently from the shock because of previously weakened vitality.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Four druggists will refund money if PAIN EXTERMINATOR fails to cure you even of itching, smarting, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives ease and relief.

FOR THE GRIP
Peruna is Sometimes Used With Good Results

A great many people use Peruna for the grip. Some use it as soon as the grip begins, taking it during the acute stage of the disease, claiming for it great efficacy in shortening the disease, and especially in shortening the after stages.

Many people take it after they have had the grip. Their convalescence is slow. They have suffered along for a month or two, without any signs of complete recovery. Then they resort to Peruna as a tonic, with splendid results.

Mrs. Jane Gift, R. F. D. 1, Athens, Ohio, whose portrait appears above, writes: "I think I would have been dead long ago if it had not been for Peruna. Six years ago I had the grippe very bad. The doctor came to see me every day, but I gradually grew worse. I told my husband I thought I would surely die if I did not get relief soon."

"One day I picked up the newspaper and accidentally found a testimonial of a woman who had been cured of grip by Peruna. I told my husband I wanted to try it. He went directly to the drug store and got a bottle of Peruna. I could see the improvement in a very short time and was soon able to do my work. I continued using it until I was entirely cured."

Mr. Victor Patnaude, 223 Madison St., Topeka, Kas., writes: "Twelve years ago I had a severe attack of the grippe and I never really recovered my health and strength, but grew weaker every year, until I was unable to work."

"Two years ago I began using Peruna and it built up my strength so that in a couple of months I was able to go to work again. This winter I had another attack of the grippe, but Peruna soon drove it out of my system. My wife and I consider it a household remedy."

Those who object to liquid medicines can now obtain Peruna Tablets.

Massive Notice.

There will be a meeting of Bala Lodge No. 409, A. F. & A. M., in their Hall on next Monday evening, January 16, 1913, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the Fellow-Craft Degree. C. A. WALKER, W. M., C. V. SHARPE, Secy.

Miss candy, apples and oranges at Ralph's Place.

Car business, apples and cabbage at Merchants' Supply Co.

New broom hat and cyotors, call to see Joe Check, next to Kotal Ward.

Something doing at Ralph's Place

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of March, 1912.

JOHN J. BALL, Notary Public.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Elghampton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You.

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention The Twice-A-Week Dispatch, Burlington, N. C. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

VALUABLE ADVICE.

Burlington Citizens Should Profit by The Following Statement.

Doan's Kidney Pills were used by this Burlington resident.

Their merit was shown—the story told.

Now comes further evidence. The testimony is confirmed.

The remedy was tested—the results lasted.

Could Burlington residents demand stronger proof?

It's Burlington testimony. It can be investigated.

Mrs. Bertha Stanfield, 1015 Dixie St., Burlington, N. C., says: "The endorsement I gave Doan's Kidney Pills before, was correct. I am glad to confirm it now. I was in bad shape with backache and had trouble in straightening after stooping. I was also bothered by nervous spells. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got some. They helped me in every way. The pains left and my kidneys became normal."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50

Prices cut half at Ralph's Place.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Gelatin, 10 drops 3 or 4 times a day and you will get relief. It is a true cold remedy. It is a true cold remedy. It is a true cold remedy.

TAKE OUR WORD.

About what to feed for results, we are experts in this line, we study while you sleep. For Cows feed Bran, Oat Meal, Dairy feed, Beet pulp. This feed will make the milk flow and the butter come, for horses feed Alkapha Horse & Mule feed, Alkapha hay, but to those who cannot be convinced, we have oats, corn, shipstuff and all kinds of hay, come to see us in regard to what to feed.

Merchant Supply Company,
Burlington, N. C. Graham, N. C.

"Bankrupt Sale"
Chilled Plows and Castings.

One, two & three Horse Plows, at less than cost to manufacture in order to close the lot out quick. 3-H. Plows listed at \$12.50 Sale price \$8.25. 2-H. Plows listed at \$11.00 Sale price \$5.50 & \$8.50 Some little Show Worn otherwise not damaged.

No trouble to get repairs, you can afford to buy these plows at the prices named, even if you do not need the plows right now.

Standard make Chilled Plows, you can well afford to drive 20 & 30 miles for One these Chilled Plows.

Act quick before stock is picked over.

N. S. CARDWELL,
The Always Busy Store Burlington, N. C.

WHENEVER YOU NEED
A GENERAL TONIC - TAKE GROVE'S

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is Equally Valuable as a General Tonic because it Acts on the Liver, Drives Out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. For Grown People and Children.

You know what you are taking when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic as the formula is printed on every label showing that it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic and is in Tasteless Form. It has no equal for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Weakness, general debility and loss of appetite. Gives life and vigor to Nursing Mothers and Pale, Sickly Children. Removes Bileousness without purging. Relieves nervous depression and low spirits. Arouses the liver to action and purifies the blood. A True Tonic and Stomach Appetizer. A Complete Strengthening. No family should be without it. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 50c.

KEY TH T IMPULSE
MAKE THAT INVESTMENT TODAY.

Two Valuable Farms For Sale. We Offer

Tract No. 1. One mile from town, containing 30 acres. On this farm are three buildings:—a three room dwelling house, almost new, well on the porch, crib and barn shedded on two sides. The soil is a sandy loam and is especially adapted to the growth of tobacco, watermelons and all kinds of garden products. An ideal location for a truck or poultry farm. Price \$1600.00

Tract No. 2. Containing 125 acres with good room house, barns and outhouses. The soil is a chocolate loam and is well adapted to the growth of grains, cotton and grasses. About 50 acres in cultivation, remainder in wood and pastures. This tract adjoins the lands of Fred Garrett, Seymour Alread, S. L. Spoon and others. Price \$2250.00

EASY TERMS WE WRITE INSURANCE IN STRONG COMPANIES. WE HAVE MONEY TO LEND

Standard Realty & Security Co.
C. C. FONVILLE, Manager
Burlington, North Carolina

The Twice-A-Week Dispatch
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 All news notes and communications of importance must be signed by the writer.
 We are not responsible for opinions of the correspondents.

Subscribers will take notice that no receipt for subscription for The State Dispatch will be honored at this office unless it is numbered with stamped figures.

Entered as second-class matter May 10, 1906, at the post office at Burlington, North Carolina, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

What The President Does Not Know.

The daily papers have reported that on our national Thanksgiving Day, President Wilson, in order to express his thanks to God, attended a Catholic mass. Everyone well acquainted with the importance and significance which the Roman Catholic Hierarchy will at once attach to such an act cannot but consider the conduct of our admired President as undise for the interests of his party, as unbecoming to his office, as inconsistent with his past—yea, as greatly misleading American people at home and truly misrepresenting American ideals abroad. And to begin with, it is but fair to state that I do not criticize the President's act of yesterday from the standpoint of some Protestants who believe that he began to make concessions to Romanism when he assumed his office as President by retaining his former private secretary, Tumulty, a Catholic. No: I am not the man who has gone so far as to praise both in private and in public his American policy in that. I am a man who believes that true separation of Church and State and honest fair-play strongly demand that we choose the fittest men for public office regardless of any religious considerations. To exclude a capable Jew or an able Catholic, and so on, on account of his religion, is plainly unfair, sectarian and un-American. And I will say in passing to my protestant brethren who in this respect differ from me, that I know as well, if not better, than many Protestants, the real doctrines of Romanism and the plans and policy of the Roman Catholic Hierarchy, as I know also that a Catholic as to stand—in case of conflict—rather with his church than his country, rather with the ecclesiastical law than the civil law. But at the same time I know from long experience and many historical instances that the best means of checking the encroachment of Romanism is not by excluding able and patriotic Catholics from public office. On the contrary, when many truly patriotic Catholics are put in responsible public offices, they will realize by themselves that there is absolutely incompatibility between Romanism and Americanism, and then they will speak out and expose the abusing claims of their own church, as has happened in Italy, France and Spain. To believe that patriotic native American Catholics—and there are many such—will endure the yoke of priesthood in public affairs, when Spanish, Italian and French laymen have become emancipated from that priestly tutelage, is to forget that we live in America and in the twentieth century.

Nevertheless I repeat that the conduct of our President on Thanksgiving Day was unwise for the interests of his party, unbecoming to his office, and inconsistent with his past.
 The only public and official religious observance prescribed by a national custom in our country is Thanksgiving Day. When the President of the United States on such a day, being as he is a Protestant and a Presbyterian, leaves his own church and attends service in a Catholic church, his attitude will unquestionably be interpreted both by the Roman Catholic Hierarchy and by many Americans as indicating favoritism to Romanism. I know that many Protestants who know our President will see in that act only his willingness to promote good-will and mutual understanding between all American republics; but many others, and especially, the Roman Catholic Hierarchy, will give to his act another and very different meaning. The more so because the service attended was a Catholic mass. One of the main contentions between Romanism and Protestantism is the practice of the mass. Catholics say that Protestantism is not a Real religion because it lacks the offering of any real sacrifice—it has no mass. For Roman Catholics there is in fact no other sacrifice worthy of God but the mass. Evangelical Protestants, on the contrary, believe that the Roman Catholic mass is the most superstitious and idolatrous practice of Romanism. Now, our President, being a Presbyterian and a scholar, has given, unconsciously and unwillingly, I grant, the best practical illustration to make believe that Roman Catholics are right and evangelical Protestants wrong. The Roman Catholic Hierarchy at home and abroad will rejoice at this and will say, "If the Roman Catholic mass is a superstitious and idolatrous practice, can you explain that the President of the United States, being himself a Presbyterian, and a great scholar, has chosen that very practice as a means of giving thanks to God on the only day which the American nation as such worships God?" To attend mass at some other time might be an act of politeness and courtesy, but to attend mass on Thanksgiving Day as the nation's President, is another and very different matter.

Again the main contention of Romanism in the United States is to obtain from the State officials recognition as a church. If our President would read a certain document of Leo XIII. to the American Catholics, he would realize at once that the papacy advises as the best policy even in the United States union between Church and State. The Roman Catholic Hierarchy will consider the attitude of our President as a good step toward the policy. They will say, and they will be correct in saying so, "There is but one day on which the United States, as a nation, worships, and on that day we as a church gathered together to worship publicly, and the President as such, came to us publicly in spite of the fact that he is a Presbyterian. At last we are united on some public and official ground."

Finally, the open favoritism to Romanism shown by our last President, Mr. Taft, has over generous concessions to the affairs of the Philippeans, his attitude in regard to the Indian Schools affairs, his practical recognition of Cardinal O'Connell, of Boston, as a prince of the blood, and so on, aroused the suspicions and sensitiveness of millions of patriots. To see the truth of this one has but to consider the appearance and growth of the societies like the Guaraidns of Liberty, the Knights of Luther, and so on, and especially the astonishing increase in circulation and popularity of "The Menace." It would be a pity to arouse more the suspicions and to provoke more the sensitiveness of that large number of Americans, and I confess that the attitude of our President will not reassure them. The more so because many of them were disappointed in his choice of a private secretary.

I truly believe that in all situations there is no other way to follow worthy of a true American statesman than the one taken by ex-President Roosevelt in Rome—to appear neither as Catholic nor Protestant, but as American.

The above statements were made by a man who believes in fair play, who loves the Roman Catholic people, and who greatly admires and trusts our President.—Presbyterian Standard.

CATHOLIC AGGRESSION.

This paper does not believe in the methods of The Menace. It has no liking whatever for men like J. J. Crowley, who run around the country and hand out hot words about the priests—words that are not only hot but coarse and obscene. It does not believe that the best way to advocate the truth is by abuse of other people. But while all this is true we are alarmed at the constant encroachments the Catholics are making through governmental favors and influence. There is no danger whatever that the Catholics will ever make substantial headway through the methods employed by other denominations. They tried to evangelize Wake county, and failed. Catholics cannot compete with Protestants in winning adherents. They cannot stand the light.

But they can gain a foothold through governmental influence. With Washington as their center they can reach the States, and this is their hope. We admire the President of the United States for his wisdom, tact and great common sense. He has made fewer mistakes perhaps than any President of this generation.

But he made one. The Presbyterian Standard apologizes for his attending the Catholic mass on Thanksgiving on the ground that as he is a Presbyterian and also a Scotch Irishman he became stubborn and did as he pleased. This may be an excuse but it is not a reason. This act of the President opened the road for the Catholics toward their goal.

Tumulty, the President's secretary, is an intense Catholic, and he is busy placing men of his faith wherever they can serve Catholicism. He is in high favor with his Chief, and his position enables him to help his church toward the place of power in our political life toward which it is bending every energy.

It is high time that the Protestants were waking up to the situation. This

government must not be Romanized. We hoped with the retirement of Taft the peril would have passed; but official Washington is afraid to lift its voice. The pastors of the city were right. They advised the President to stay away from the Thanksgiving mass; and they had the best of reasons for their warning.—Charity and Children.

We clip the following extract from a sermon preached by a Catholic priest in St. Louis, named D. S. Phelan, and published in the Western Watchman, a Roman Catholic paper of St. Louis, which has a large circulation:

Priest Phelan said: "And why is it the Church is strong; why is it everybody is afraid of the Catholic church? And the American people are more afraid of her than any people in the world. Why are they afraid of the Catholic Church? They know what the Catholic church means. We of the Catholic church are ready to go to death for the church. Under God she is the supreme object of our worship. Tell us that we think more of the church than we do of the United States; of course we do. Tell us we are Catholics first and Americans or Englishmen afterwards; of course we are. Tell us, in the conflict between the Church and the civil government we take the side of the church; of course we do. Why, if the government of the United States were at war with the Church we would say tomorrow

"TO HELL WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, and if the Church and all the governments of the world were at war we would say, to hell with all the governments of the world. They say we are Catholics first and Americans decidedly afterwards. There is no doubt about it. We are Catholics first and we love the Church more than we love any and all the governments of the world. Let the governments of the world steer clear of the Catholic church; let the emperors, let the kings, and the presidents not come into conflict with the head of the Catholic Church. Because the Catholic Church is everything to the Catholics of the world; they renounce all nationalities where there is a question of loyalty to her. And why is it the Pope is so strong? Why is it that this country, where we have only seven per cent of the population, the Catholic Church is so much feared? She is loved by all her children and feared by everybody. Why is it the Pope is such a tremendous power? Why, the Pope is the ruler of the world. All the emperors, all the kings, and all the presidents, all the presidents of the world today are as these altar boys of mine. The pope is the ruler of the world. Why? Because he is the ruler of the Catholics of the world; and the Catholics of all the world would die for the rights of the pope."

The Scramble.

When the pie is opened the birds begin to sing, whether they are Democratic or Republican birds; and it is the same old song. The words are different but the music is the same. The scramble that has been going on about Washington and the scrapping that has filled the air at home for the past six months, are familiar, but disgusting. The President, great and strong as he is, has yielded to the pressure from without and has violated his purpose not to remove any office holder for political reasons. We think it would have been a great deal more seemly not so very prudent, for the administration to have allowed Messrs. Logan, Seawell and Dockery to have served out their terms. They had held their offices and discharged their duties under this administration for nine months and only about 60 days remained to them. But little time has been saved to the Democrats and a great deal of just criticism has been passed; nor is this the last of this matter. The people of the United States are not particularly interested in providing places for politicians; what they are interested in is efficient and capable service on the part of officer holders. Mr. Wilson is too big and broad a man to allow a few partisans to discredit the great work of his administration by involving a lot of hungry wire pullers in a row over the distribution of the offices. It was Cleveland who made the wise remark that "public office is a public trust." It seems to be commonly regarded around Washington as a private snap. The wonderful thing about the whole business is the strange fascination there is about a public office for the average man. Some people will abandon a good business that furnishes an ample income for a precarious period of office holding that does not yield a competency for the present and promises nothing for the future. Happy the man who enters the new year with no bee buzzing in his bonnet.—Charity and Children.

Snapp—Well, all the fools are not dead yet.
 Mrs. Snapp—I'm glad of it. I never did look well in black.—Boston Transcript.

An Appeal for Help on Behalf of Japan.

Washington, Jan. 15.—President Wilson as the head of the American Red Cross, late today issued an appeal to the American people for funds to assist the people of Japan, who are suffering not only from earthquakes, but from failure of crops.

The President's appeal follows: "Our sister nation of Japan is suffering from two very serious disasters. The failure of crops in the northeastern part of that country has brought hundreds of thousands of persons face to face with the terrible misery of slow starvation, and in the southwestern island of Kiushu, a sudden great volcanic eruption has carried death and desolation to large numbers in a thickly populated district.

"I appeal to the humanity of our American people that they may give expression of their sympathy for the suffering and distress of so many of their fellowmen by generous contributions for their aid. Such contributions can be made to the local Red Cross treasurers or sent directly to the American Red Cross, Washington, D. C."

Red Cross headquarters announced tonight that an appeal had been sent out to all State chapters asking local chapters to gather the funds.
 Pete Crafts, a Pet Dog, Has Fallen



Perhaps One \$1.00

your boy or girl is in need of a new pair of shoes these cold days, if so we have a good selection of sturdy, solid leather shoes made expressly for the boy or girl that demands only the best of leathers to withstand the many hard knocks of the sidewalk and other rough uses that they are expected to go up against.

Our shoes will come as nearly meeting these requirements as it is possible to make a shoe.

FOSTER SHOE COMPANY,
 Burlington, N. C.



Take One Pain Pill, then Take It Easy.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills
 will help you, as they have helped others.

Good for all kinds of pain. Used to relieve Neuralgia, Headache, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Kidney Pains, Lumbago, Locomotor Ataxia, Backache, Spasmodic, Cerebralgia, Irritability and for pain in any part of the body.

"I have used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills when troubled with headache, and find that one pill immediately relieves it in a very short time. I am considerably affected with neuralgia in the back of the head, and find the Anti-Pain Pills of much benefit. The Dr. Miles' Remedies are beyond comparison and I recommend them to all my friends."
 GEORGE COLBERT,
 119 Colliard St., San Antonio, Tex.

At all druggists. 25 cents box.
 WILES MEDICAL CO., ELKHART, IND.

Woman-Like.
 "Judge," said the forewoman of the jury of ladies, "we want to speak to you about that sealed verdict we just rendered."
 "Well! ladies?"
 "Can we unseal it and add a postscript?"—Washington Herald.

B. Goodman's
Big Inventory Sale of Men's and Boy's Clothing, Beginning Friday Jan. 16

Before taking stock it is our purpose to immediately reduce our large stock of Men's and Boy's Clothing. This is your opportunity to buy Suits and Overcoats at a great saving in price. The worst of the winter is yet to come, why not take advantage of the low prices we are offering and save money on the apparel you must have for comfort and good dress?

HOW THE PRICES ARE CUT

\$25.00 Suits at	\$16.50
\$20.00 Suits at	\$13.50
\$18.00 Suits at	\$12.00
\$15.00 Suits at	\$ 9.50
\$12.50 Suits at	\$ 8.00

This Inventory Sale means something to you. You know we never advertise anything we haven't got and we always make good every promise. Come and see for yourself.

B. GOODMAN
 THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES
 Burlington North Carolina

One \$1.00
 Will bring The Twice-A-Week Dispatch to your door twice-a-week twelve months.

Buchan's 5-10 & 25 Cent Store.
 We have decided to put in a line of dry goods which will be sold at popular prices.
 Come in and let us show you the goods and give you the price.
BUCHANAN'S
 5-10 & 25 Cent Store.
 Burlington North Carolina

Play No Favorites.
 Hostess (gushingly)—They tell me, doctor, you are a perfect lady-killer.
 Doctor (modestly)—I assure you, my dear madam, I make no distinction whatever between the sexes.—Tattler.

What Did Mr. Bryan Mean?
 Washington, Jan. 22.—Democrats in the capital were gossiping today over whether Secretary Bryan meant to launch a senatorial boom when at a Democratic dinner last night he declared it had been his ambition since boyhood to sit in the United States Senate. His own career, he said, all through his earlier years had been based on a hope that he eventually would go to the Senate.

Prices cut half at Ralph's Place.

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Prices cut half at Ralph's Place.

POOH

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Garden Seed

IN BULK and PACKAGES.

FREEMAN'S DRUG COMPANY

no 20, Burlington, N. C.

Everything Promptly Delivered

REXALL STORE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. J. C. Benson, Linotype machinist of The Greensboro News, was in the city today on business.

Mrs. H. D. Smith, of Greensboro, arrived in town Thursday morning to spend a few days the guest of her relatives and friends.

Mr. Hughes, an architect of Greensboro, was in town Thursday doing some figuring on plans and specifications with certain parties here.

Her many friends are glad to see Miss Alma DeCarteret, who has been in poor health for some time, sufficiently improved to be on the streets again.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Fix, who have been spending a ten days' honeymoon in Florida, returned to Burlington Thursday morning, and are receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

At another place in this issue we are giving the parcel post rates which should be of interest to most of our readers. We are of the opinion it will pay you to look it up and cut it out for future reference.

We are glad to note that Miss Claudie Simpson, of Park Avenue, who has been sick is much improved.

An entertainment will be given by the Ithaca Conservatory of Music at the Graham Graded School on the evening of February 2, under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy. The proceeds for the monument.

Home Destroyed by Fire.
Pittsboro, Jan. 22.—The home of J. W. Womble, five miles south of here, was totally destroyed by fire, together with practically all the household goods. The fire was caused by a defective stove flue from the cook stove and when discovered had made such headway that it was impossible to save anything. Mr. Womble sustained painful burns about the head and face. The loss is estimated at several hundred dollars with no insurance. The house that was burned was known as the Sam Womble home and was probably one of the oldest houses in the county. The fire was about 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Special Sale at Ralph's Place, Do not miss it.

All About Kissing.

There's no telling who invented the art of kissing, but it is a safe assertion that no other inventor ever saw him example so universally adopted or so "gosh awfully" enjoyed.

Kissing is a pleasure, a habit, an ecstasy, a duty, a sin, a crime—depending altogether on the circumstances.

Kissing a baby is about the sweetest thing on earth, but it's mighty hard on the baby. He gets such a lot of it. Pretty girls kiss him; married women kiss him; old bachelors kiss him—everybody's doing it. If he were big enough to assert himself he wouldn't stand for it—not all of it, anyway. But then, if he were bigger no one would care to kiss him.

Kissing a girl whose lips are like warm velvet and whose cheeks are as soft as the dove's breast would be about the nicest thing, except for the fact that no one gets to kiss that kind of a girl except raw boys who haven't learned how to kiss.

Kissing one's wife is about as near perfect enjoyment as a mere mortal need hope to get. But it's a custom not universally followed. Some men never kiss their wives. And of course some men kiss other men's wives. The man who doesn't kiss his wife at least ten times a day doesn't deserve her. The woman who doesn't want to be kissed at least ten times a day, doesn't deserve a husband. And yet, if the old man keeps a quid of cut plug in his jaw, the wife who stands for ten kisses a day deserves a halo and a cushioned seat alongside of Job in the New Jerusalem.

There are many ways to kiss. A little baby merely opens its mouth and slobbers. A coy maiden closes her eyes and lips tight and lets some one else do the kissing. An old maid ties her lips into a hard knot and pecks at the victim like a woodpecker. An old bachelor puckers up and smacks like a dredge or a steam shovel. Wives—real wives—kiss like the lingering clasp of hands between men friends who know how to love. And mothers? Ah! mothers kiss like the soft beating of angels' wings—like the soothing notes of some celestial harp through the twilight—like God's benediction whispered over one's head.

—Fountain Inn Tribune.

Masonic Notice.
There will be a continuation of Regular Communication of Bula Lodge, No. 409, A. F. & A. M., in their hall on next Monday evening, Jan. 29, 1914, at 7:30 o'clock.
C. A. WALKER, W. M.,
C. V. SHARPE, Secy.

United States Civil Service Examination for Rural Carrier.

At Burlington, N. C., for Alamance County, Saturday, February 14, 1914.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination on the date and at the places named above, as a result of which it is expected to make certification to fill a vacancy in the position of rural carrier at Graham, N. C., and other vacancies as they may occur on rural routes at postoffices in the above-named county, unless it is found to be in the interest of the service to fill any vacancy by reinstatement, transfer or promotion. The compensation of rural carrier is based upon the length of the route. Salaries range from \$484 to \$1,100 per year.

Age, 18 to 55 on date of the examination. The maximum age is waived in cases of persons honorably discharged from the United States military or naval service.

An applicant must have his actual domicile in the territory supplied by a postoffice in the county for which the examination is announced.

The examination is open to all male citizens of the United States who can comply with the requirements.

Application Form 1341, and full information concerning the requirements of the examination can be secured from the secretary of the local examining board or the postmaster at any of the examination points named above, or from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be properly executed and filed with the Commission at Washington. As examination papers are shipped direct from the Commission to the places of examination, it is necessary that applications be received in ample time to arrange for the examination desired at the place indicated by the applicant. The commission will therefore arrange to examine any applicant whose application is received in time to permit the shipment of the necessary papers.

An eligible register for the position of rural letter carrier for each county will be maintained. A person must be examined in the county in which the post office that supplies his home is situated. As a result of such examination he may become eligible to appointment as rural carrier at any post office in such county. A rural letter carrier after one year's satisfactory service may be transferred to the position of clerk or carrier in a first or second class postoffice, to the position of railway mail clerk, or to the position in the classified service, subject to such examination as may be required by the civil service rules.

J. A. McILHENNY, Pres.

Free Trade Rhyme.
Fifteen thousand workmen
Made western saw mills hum—
A free trade blizzard struck them
And now they're on the bum.

A swarm of sturdy miners
Were digging in a pit,
But free trade got to working,
And, gods, they had to quit.

Five thousand men were feasting
A Chicago's factory loop,
But old free trade got busy
And now they're drinking soup.

Treat swarms of steel mill workers
Found jobs for every day—
But steel got on the "free list,"
And now they're on half pay.

And railroad men were busy
Throughout the North and West
Free trade touched their sections,
And now they have a rest.

So everywhere one travels,
He hears the same old tale;
He meets the jobless workman,
He hears the beggar's wail.

While Bill Bryar draws 12 thousand
And sips his grape juice dope
With a Roman in the White House,
A-winking at the Pope.

Dr. J. E. HOLT.
Dentist.
Office Over Freeman's Drug Store.
Burlington, N. C.

Dr. W. E. Crutchfield
Osteopathic Physician,
will be at The Piedmont Thursday morning of each week.

Bargains.
"Did you hear what John said when you showed him the twins?"
"No. What did he say?"
"He said, 'There! Mother's been getting bargains again!'"

Eanes-Neese.
Thursday evening at the Lutheran parsonage, Miss Ada Eanes and Mr. A. M. Neese were united in marriage by Rev. V. Y. Boozer. The bride is a sister of Messrs. T. S. Eanes and James Eanes, of this city, and for several years has made her home with Mr. T. S. Eanes. She is highly esteemed by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. Mr. Neese is local agent of the Metropolitan Insurance Company, and is well known here. Following the ceremony the happy couple were tendered a delightful wedding supper by Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Eanes. They will make their home here.—Lexington Dispatch.

No Word Comes.
San Francisco, January 22.—Seven times Winifred I. Dennison has reserved a stateroom on a line to Hong Kong; seven times he has sent his trunk to the dock and stood with his head and overcoat awaiting a telegram that would permit him to go and seven times he has turned back and paid the rent of his hotel room until next sailing day. Today Mr. Dennison waited until the last minute at the New Siberia's dock for word from Washington that President Wilson's nomination of him as Secretary of the Interior for the Philippines had been confirmed by the Senate, but not word came. Tonight at his hotel he said he hoped to sail by the next steamer.

Mr. John Moore, of Tennessee, who is buying timber for a spoke and handle factory at Fitch, and who married the cousin of our townsman, J. B. Cheek, was in town Wednesday on business.

Mr. Charles Walker, who took an overdose of headache tablets a few days ago is improving.

Mr. S. W. Crawford, of Mebane, was a business visitor in town Thursday.

Father of Seventeen.
Hendersonville, Jan. 22.—The news has been received here of the death on last Saturday of Dr. Whitfield Brooks at Lake Toxaway at the age of 74 years. Doctor Brooks was noted for his liberality and wide grati-



THESE is a lesson in the above picture for every man—every boy—every girl; a lesson of human interest—a lesson of self preservation—a warning to look ahead.

The nickels and dimes foolishly and thoughtlessly spent, if deposited in this bank, insure you against the possibilities of becoming a charge on the county, or being dependent upon charitable relatives or friends.

The time to begin is NOW. A dollar or two each week deposited here, will soon place you beyond the possibility of want in old age.

First National Bank,

Burlington North Carolina

ACTIVE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY

tous practice. He was a native of Newberry, S. C., spent two years in Indian Territory as Government physician under Cleveland's Administration; represented Transylvania county in the Legislature two years; was chairman of the Board of Education of that county for two years and was superintendent of Public Instructions for the county for one term. He was the father of 17 children, 16 of whom are living, among them being

Dr. J. F., Washington, and Lemuel Brooks, of Hendersonville.

Many Hungry Were Fed.
New York, Jan. 22.—Nearly 1,000 homeless and hungry men were fed tonight and more than 400 given beds for the night by Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, formerly Miss Helen Miller Gould, in celebration of the first anniversary of her marriage.

Sellars and Son Big Annual CLEARANCE SALE

of Winter SUITS & OVERCOATS AT BIG PRICE REDUCTIONS.

A Clearance of All the Suits Overcoats & Separate Pants in Stock at Record-Breaking Bargains for Men & Boys

MEN'S SUITS & OVERCOATS. BOY'S SUITS & OVERCOATS OUR ENTIRE STOCK AT ONE THIRD REDUCTION CASSIMERS WORSTED & BLUE SERGE.

\$3.00 Suits & Overcoats at \$2.00	4.00 " " " 3.00
5.00 " " " 3.50	6.00 " " " 4.00
7.50 " " " 5.00	9.00 " " " 6.75

One lot Boy's Suits & Overcoats. At half Price.
Every article advertised here we have in stock ready to show you.

SPECIAL VALUES ON MEN'S and BOYS PANTS.
Hundreds of pairs of cassimeres and Worsteds in this Sale.
At 1-4 to 1-3 Reductions.

B. A. Sellars & Son

Leading Clothier - - Burlington, N. C.

ALAMANCE COUNTY'S OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK

\$32,278.25

—This is the amount, together with interest, which will be paid out next CHRISTMAS to members who have joined our Christmas Savings Club this year.

We wish to round this out to \$40,000.00 and the opportunity is still open to those who wish to join. You will make a great mistake if you do not take advantage of this offer and become one of the HAPPY THROG. Remember YOU can join YET and get in at the side door as late as six p. m.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY

ANY N.C.

R PRINT

Board of Examiners in Optometry Meets.

Greensboro, Jan. 20.—The North Carolina State Board of Examiners in Optometry are in session here. The board is composed of Dr. J. W. Taylor, secretary, of this city; Frank M. Jolly, of Raleigh; Dr. J. D. Hathaway, of Elizabeth City; Sam K. Eaton, president, of New Bern, and Fred N. Day, of Winston-Salem.

Six have listed as applicants to take the examination. They are: S. A. Fort, of Gastonia; A. M. Diggs, of Lumberton; E. D. Harbour, of Rockford; L. M. Ratliff, of Middletown, Conn.; F. C. Roberts, of Atlanta, Ga., and Robert W. Wynne, of Raleigh.

The board was in session yesterday and will continue through today and probably tomorrow morning.

Smallpox Is Raging in Halifax County.

Roanoke Rapids, Jan. 20.—Some time ago there was an effort put forward to organize a building and loan association and considerable stock was subscribed. The holidays came on and the work of organization came to a standstill. Now that the holiday season has passed the agitation of the question has resumed somewhat, and it is hoped that soon Roanoke Rapids will have a real live building and loan association.

It is said that smallpox is raging in some sections of the county, especially in the lower end. One physician below Scotland Neck reported more than 100 cases examined in one day recently, so rumor says. In the Enfield section it is said the disease is creating some alarm. Necessary precautions are being resorted to, but some say since the authorities cannot enforce vaccination, the disease is difficult to handle. This immediate community has had no cases reported yet and it is hoped none will develop.

The members of the Baptist church "severely pounded" their pastor, Rev. Jesse Blalock, some evenings ago. Quite a large lot of good things were presented the minister by the admiring congregation which he received as gracefully as the occasion permitted.

A representative of the Beaver Company, of Buffalo, N. Y., came some days ago and is going over the situation with the officials of the local Beaver board mills. What they propose to do in regard to resuming operations has not been made public, and the people generally know nothing of the causes that prompted the close down last week. It is certain that it is not because of any financial troubles, the the Beaver Company is one of the country's strongest institutions.

Aged Man Tells How He Killed His Wife.

Philadelphia, Jan. 20.—Tottering under the weight of his 80 years, William Eberwein stood in criminal court here today and told of his wife, 15 years younger, having pleaded with him to kill her and how he committed the deed. Judge Walling fixed the crime at murder in the second degree and imposed the minimum penalty, solitary confinement for not less than seven years or more than 14.

Eberwein, who is a veteran of the war between the states, told the court that his wife was an invalid and that one day last October he came into their home and found her lying at the bottom of a stairway, down which she had fallen. He offered to have her sent to a hospital, but she would not go.

"You do it, William," Eberwein alleged she said.

"Do what?" I said, the prisoner continued.

"End it for me. It is no sin when I'm suffering so."

"I had a board in my hand that I had brought in out of the yard. I looked at her and guessed it would not be a sin."

"Go William, she said, 'go on.'"

"I tapped her on the head with the board and I tapped her again. She didn't moan much, and once when I stopped she kind of whispered, 'Go on, it won't be long.'"

"So I kept on tapping and she got quiet."

WOMEN BEST MARCHERS IN MEXICAN HORDE.

Wives Give Up Seats on Burros to Men on Way to Marfa—Baby Born on the Road.

Marfa, Tex., Jan. 18.—Footsore, ragged, almost famished from their three days' march on foot for sixty-seven miles over a wind-swept mountain road, the 3,300 Mexican Federal soldiers and generals routed from Ojinaga, Mexico, by the rebels, with 1,067 women and about 300 children and infants, arrived today within a few miles of Marfa, whence they are to be transported by train to Fort Bliss at El Paso.

The ragged remnants of the Huerta army, which sought asylum in this country rather than face possible extermination by the rebels, on Tuesday will be formally interned at Fort Bliss as wards of the Government. They are to be held there indefinitely on the footing of prisoners of war. It will be the first time the Ameri-

can army has been taken to the rear, fed and clothed by the aid of a foreign army, while the disarmed generals...

...which with its all-arms women, the rebels fire...

...is a uniform covered with... for his fight...

...because of a report from... should he ever return to his country.

Besides General Mercado and his men who acted as guards were the Federal Generals Castro, Aduna, Landa, Orpinal and Romero, all of them shorn of their swords, but some of them still retaining on their uniforms the bits of gold braid which had been torn off or worn away in the fight from Ojinaga.

The picturesque march afoot through American territory of so many foreign soldiers and women with their baggage abounded with incident. The birth of a child, the death of several wounded soldiers, the search for water in the desert, the constant straggling away from the line of the march and the rounding up again of scores of refugees were some of the difficulties which the United States cavalrymen, commanded by Major McNamee, had to contend.

The Mexicans, guarded virtually as prisoners, outnumbered the escorting American soldiers ten to one.

Viewed from a hill top the on-coming army as it zig-zagged through the mountain passes and reached backward into the dusty distance ten miles away, was a picture of exhaustion, although the prospect of soon reaching the railway and ample supplies of rations seemed to revive fresh courage.

Since they were routed from Ojinaga by General Villa's rebel forces and compelled to cross the border into the United States at Presidio, Tex., eight days ago, the Mexican soldiers have had only scant food supplies. Their march of sixty-seven miles to the nearest railway station after they had been disarmed and held prisoners by the American troops was made possible by the establishment of the three camps provided en route.

But these camps were supplied with limited rations, because all foodstuffs and water had to be carried by wagon from Marfa. Many of the foreigners were poorly clad and without blankets, so that their suffering at night was intense. Hence the hopeful look that appeared in the faces of the dirt-begrimed men and women when they were told that the march was almost over.

It was particularly remarked by the American officers that of all the marchers the Mexican women were the best. There were instances of women who yielded their places on horseback or burros to men who found themselves tired out with the walk. This confirmed the prediction of General Mercado that the women would in no way impede the march of the column, as they were all hardy, accustomed to an outdoor life and capable of enduring as much fatigue as the men.

The marching column was stretched over a great distance to prevent confusion and to reduce as much as possible the suffering from the dust that rose in great clouds from the well traveled road. All semblance of the uniform ranks of any army was gone. It was a curious mingling of people and animals, and in places the women with their red dresses and hawis gave a touch of brilliant color to the scene. Wherever there was space in the line or between a horse's legs there was almost sure to be a mongrel dog determined to follow its master wherever he went.

A little group of women by the roadside, formed by the permission of those in charge, attested the birth of a child.

The old women who attended, announced that a little girl had joined the procession, and the news traveled down the entire line, arousing a fire of conversation. A rooster, saved by a doting master from the wreck of Ojinaga, crowed his triumph from the back of a burro to which he was carefully attached with a leather string. A little boy sang in a low tone a wild or half Spanish and half savage, and the music loving natives crowded closer to encourage him with loud applause.

The procession passed a rude cross-stake in the middle of a little pile of stones. It marked the spot where a man had been killed. Many crossed themselves at such of the emblem Children perched on the top of burros that were almost covered by their burdens of domestic property, laughed and beat the animals with sticks. The men who had tobacco dexterously rolled straw paper cigarettes as they walked along. Now and then some one staggered to the road side and

...a rest. ...to-night soldiers and... who had been through the battles and who had endured exposure, hunger and misery, and who had turned their backs on their own country, looked forward hopefully to life in a new and strange land.

Captive Federal Army Costs U. S. \$1,500 a Day.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 18.—Rations for the Mexican soldiers and refugees who are to be interned here, were ordered by Brigadier General Bliss today. The soldiers, generals and other officers of the defeated Huerta army are to be sheltered in 1200 tents spread out on the reservation of Fort Bliss on a spur of a railroad.

The monthly food supplies required for the self-invited guests will be 33,000 pounds of beef, 20,000 pounds of beans, 135,000 loaves of bread and 5,000 pounds of coffee. The 1,000 wives of the soldiers who elected to follow them into the United States are to do the cooking.

The refugee camp will be enclosed in eleven miles of barbed wire fence, within which the Mexicans will be guarded on the footing of prisoners of war.

Four troops of United States infantry will patrol the fence day and night.

An accounting of the cost of the feeding, sheltering and clothing the refugees will be submitted regularly to the War Department with the view that the amount, estimated at \$1,500 a day, shall be made claim against the Mexican Government.

GLENN IS OUT OF THE RACE.

"Under No Circumstances Will I be a Candidate," Says Ex-Governor R. B. Glenn.

Former Governor Robert B. Glenn announces that under no circumstances will he now be a candidate for the United States Senate, that he has accepted the offer of President Wilson to become a member of the International Boundary Commission and understands the appointment will be made on or before the first of March. He declares he will not oppose Senator Overman who "has been kind and loyal to me and among my many faults I hope ingratitude may not be numbered."

His letter, dated Binghamton, N. Y., Jan. 19, and addressed to the editor of The News and Observer is as follows:

"Will you not publish this article announcing the fact, that under no circumstances will I now be a candidate for the United States Senate. The President kindly offered me two positions, and I accepted the place on the Boundary Commission and my commission I am informed, will be issued on or before March 1st. Even however, should there be some complications and I fail to be appointed on the commission, I will not oppose Senator Overman for he has been kind and loyal to me, and among my many faults, I hope ingratitude may not be numbered."

"In deciding not to enter the race for the Senate, I take this method of thanking my numerous friends for their zeal in wanting me to run, and for their proffer of assistance in case I did, and assure them I deeply appreciate their friendship.

"In the future I will continue, as I have done in the past, to try and promote all things that stand for the material and moral upbuilding of the State, and free of charge, tender my services, whenever they can be used for the encouraging of education, the building of good highways, the securing of just and equitable freight rates, and the enforcement of law and order.

"Thanking the people of the State for the past honors conferred on me by them, and hoping always to be worthy of their respect and love, and wishing you and your valuable paper all prosperity, I am, sincerely yours, "R. B. GLENN."

Easy in Other Respects.

It is hard for any man to keep from talking too much, but in other respects an army officer has an easy job.—Atchison Globe.

To Prevent Blood Poisoning... of cases the wonderful old reliable DR. RYAN'S ANTI-SEPTIC HEALING OIL, a sure dressing that relieves pain and heals at once. Price 25c. Sold everywhere. M. S. No. 112.

...and elect a... were... out of our houses all the rest of the week.

"Finally in desperation I wrote to the commissioner and asked him why the streets could not be swept on Thursdays. He replied that if women knew anything about municipal matters I would have known that the carts were in another part of the city on Thursdays.

"But I was not subdued and wrote back a respectful suggestion that the broom follow the ashes all over the city.

"As a matter of fact, the cleanest streets in the world, those of Paris, are cleaned by women. They are washed as we wipe up our kitchen floors. Here we dry sweep our streets and by scattering their impurities in the air we supply patients for the tuberculosis hospitals we are taxed to build.

"We had an example of the different ways in which men and women work in two prison reformers who recently allowed themselves to be incarcerated. The man was advertised and came out with all sorts of theories none of which have materialized as yet. The woman went in and came out unnoticed, but she achieved something."

First Diplomatic Dinner.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The President and Mrs. Wilson gave their first diplomatic dinner at the White House tonight, entertaining diplomats of all nations represented in Washington. The dinner was a brilliant affair. In addition to the Ambassadors' Ministers and Charges, the guests included among others, the Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan, Senator Bacon, Representative Flood, of Virginia; the Counsellor of the State Department and Mrs. Moore, the Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Osborne; John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union; Misses Genevieve Clark, Elena Kirmes, Margaret Wilson and Helen Woodrow Bones and Lieutenant Commander and Mrs. N. L. Jones.

Notable Cases in Haywood Court.

Waynesville, Jan. 20.—The murder case of John Waldrop, who, one Saturday evening last fall near Canton is alleged to have shot and killed Fleet Smthers, a prominent farmer and his landlord at that time, has been set for Thursday evening, a venire of 150 has been ordered.

The case of Jim Caldwell, who one Sunday evening last fall at Hemp-hills hot and killed his young wife, and then went to a school house near by, where he found Asbury Moody, an uncle of his wife, whom he shot in the mouth. Moody lived about ten days.

The case is set for Monday, the 2d of February.

A venire of 150 was ordered to be summoned. A quartet of able attorneys made a plea for a continuance to the July term, which Judge Frank Carter refused to grant.

The State will be ably represented by assistants and the solicitor.

Former Virginia Empire Accepts Offer from Federal League.

Norfolk, Va., January 20.—Harry Mace, formerly in the Virginia State Baseball League, announced today his acceptance of a tender as umpire in the Federal League.

"Yes, I Wrote the Letter."

Washington, Jan. 20.—Senator Ben Tilman tonight declined to discuss Governor Bleasie's message to the South Carolina Legislature, other than to say that he had written such a letter as the governor had transmitted to the Legislature.

"Yes, I wrote the letter," he said. "It stands for itself and explains itself. That's all I have to say."

Ritchie to Meet Murphy April 6.

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—Willie Ritchie and Tommy Murphy will meet here April 3. This announcement of the off-postponed lightweight championship battle was made today after a conference between the fight promoter and the hmcaption to whom the latter believed his injured foot would be in shape. The weight will be 135 pounds, one hour before entering the ring.



Rayo The Reliable Home-hold Lantern

There is always need for a good lantern around the home—in the yard, in the cellar, in the attic—wherever a lamp is inconvenient or unsafe.

The RAYO is ideal for home use. It gives a clear, bright light—like sunlight on tap. It is strong, durable, compact, handy. Doesn't leak. Doesn't smoke. Easy to light and newick. Will last for years. Ask for the RAYO.

At dealers everywhere

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child in six months, and one-third in twelve months, with interest on deferred payments and title reserved until fully paid.

This January 5, 1914.

WM. I. Ward, Graham, J. A. Giles, Durham, N. C., Commissioners

AN INCESSANT COUGH.

Continued Dropping of Mucus into my Throat.

A severe cough is always a grave symptom. It may not indicate organic disease of the lungs. Even though the cough is a functional disturbance it is of sufficient gravity to demand prompt attention.

The dropping of mucus from the back part of the nose into the throat indicates nasal catarrh. Sometimes this goes on a long time before the patient pays any attention to it. It is stated on good authority that mucus dropping into the throat in this way is apt to excite catarrh of the stomach. At any rate, the condition ought to be corrected as soon as possible.

Mrs. Bourland, of Frankston, Texas, found after using Peruna that not only did the incessant cough disappear, but the dropping of mucus into the throat had also ceased. Read what she says:

"For twenty-three years I was a constant sufferer from chronic catarrh. I had a severe misery and burning in the top of my head. There was almost a continual dropping of mucus into my throat, which caused frequent expectoration. My entire system gradually became involved, and my condition grew worse. I had an incessant cough and frequent attacks of bilious colic, from which it seemed I could not recover. My bowels also became affected, causing alarming attacks of hemorrhages.

"I tried many remedies, which gave only temporary relief, or no relief at all. I at last tried Peruna, and in three days I was relieved of the bowel discomfort. After using five bottles I was entirely cured.

"I most cheerfully recommend the use of Peruna to any one similarly afflicted."

People who object to liquid medicine can now obtain Peruna Tablets.

Peruna Tablets, J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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Peruna Tablets, J. C. Ayer &

Pronounced Physical Change in Japan.

Kagoshima, Japan, Jan. 17.—Professor Omori, the Japanese seismologist circled the island of Skura today and found a pronounced physical change. Huge molten rocks formed a range into the sea practically blocking the by cross the Osumi. A large number of dwellings remain in perfect condition on the northern coast but on the devastated eastern coast ashes and lava reach to the eaves of the houses.

Many new hills have sprung up. The professor saw a woman on the shore but when he spoke to her she fled. She was undoubtedly insane.

The new craters formed on Sakurajima are still pouring volumes of smoke in the direction of Osumi. About seven tenths of the island is a desert of lava and the remaining land is in such a hopeless condition that it must be abandoned.

Fifteen hundred of the 2,000 houses on the island were buried. The damage on this account is ten million yen (\$20,000,000). How to deal with the islanders is a great problem, the professor says, but evidently they must migrate.

Professor Omori thinks the entire volcanic range of Kiushiu has entered upon a period of activity that recurs every 60 years and that eruptions may be expected at any time especially from the volcano Unseen eight miles from Ohima, in the prefecture of Nagasaki.

Two further violent eruptions of the volcano Sakurajima, accompanied by a severe earthquake, occurred last night causing the collapse of many more buildings. Numbers of the inhabitants of Kagoshima who had returned fled again in terror from the city.

The sun looked like a ball of blood over Kagoshima today. Darkness was such that night signals were employed on the railroads. Flying dust was so thick that the few pedestrians had to cover their mouths and noses with towels to prevent suffocation. The sea in the gulf of Kagoshima seemed to be boiling and the quantity of floating pumice stone was so great that it prevented navigation.

Bluejackets from the Japanese fleet today discovered a native craft containing 16 starving refugees. The reported that owing to the floating masses of pumice stone and the big seas they had been unable to steer their boat and had spent three days adrift. The bluejackets were able to reach them only by using a wedge-shaped raft with which they pierced a bed of pumice stone resembling ice floes. Lava today was flowing steadily down the sides of the volcano, increasing the area of the island as it solidified on reaching the sea.

It is still impossible to give any thing like an approximate estimate of the number of victims of the recent eruptions and tidal waves. Some of the fields here express the hope that almost all escaped from Sakurajima. Others are less optimistic.

Prof. Fusaiichi Omori, the seismologist, pointing today to the village of Yokohama on Sakurajima, where 400 houses lie buried in lava said "Are the people buried there as I thought?" And answered himself "No, they are all dead."

Refugees are reported to have been driven insane from terror and hunger.

Over a million letters and 8,000 telegrams are held up in Kagoshima.

Special Sale at Ralph's Place, Do not miss it.

Club Women Protest Appearance Here of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw.

Atlanta, Jan. 17.—Because Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is to appear in a tango dancing act at the Atlanta theater on February 26 and 27, the prominent club women of Atlanta society are up in arms.

It is not that they object to the act, but they do seriously object to Evelyn Nesbit.

Friday, in the Carnegie library, the fact of Evelyn's visit was disclosed to a group of club women. The protests were immediate and vehement. It is thought that an indignation meeting, to which the pastors of the city will be invited, will be called as soon as the news of Evelyn's coming spreads over the city.

"Something ought to be done to stop the performance," said Mrs. J. R. Little, president of the Mothers' Congress of Georgia. "Evelyn Nesbit has had too much publicity already, enough to be very harmful to young people of both sexes.

"The Mothers' Congress stands for high ideals and high character among young people, and would naturally be opposed to a public performance by Evelyn Thaw. All who went to see her would go merely out of morbid curiosity."

Mrs. J. O. Parmele, of 447 Spring street, prominent in Atlanta society, said that the women of Atlanta have been endeavoring for some time to elevate the local stage, and that there ought to be a massed protest against her coming of Evelyn Nesbit.

"Such a performance can mean no good to Atlanta. Too many young girls' minds are now filled with the exploits and life of Evelyn Nesbit, since their publication. But to show Evelyn herself to these girls will be still more harmful for them.

"There are many cases known to Atlanta Club women of girls who have tried to emulate some of the acts of Evelyn Thaw, as set out in the story of her life. She should not be allowed to appear on the stage here and from what I have heard around the city, the women of Atlanta are going to try to get the ministers to help them to prohibit the performance," said Mrs. Parmele.

Mrs. William Clear Spiker, president of the Atlanta Drama League, said that that organization was going to make an open protest against Evelyn Nesbit.

"I have just heard that she is coming here, and haven't yet thought out what we would do," said Mrs. Spiker. "But our usual policy, when play is bad or otherwise objectionable, is to ignore it absolutely. We live it the silent treatment. We say nothing, and stay away from the performance. This does more good than a protest, which always amounts to more or less of an advertisement for the objectionable play."

At 19 He's "Old Man" of a Galveston Bank.

Galveston, Jan. 17.—The youngest bank president in the United States, W. L. Moody, 3d, head of the newly chartered American Bank & Trust Co., of this city. The institution is capitalized at \$50,000. Moody is 19 years old. He not only is president in name, but he is the "old man" at the bank. He presides over its affairs.

When the bank was organized young Moody was elected vice-president, but before its doors were opened he was elevated to the presidency. Stock in the bank was held at three times the par value before the institution was fairly started, and deposits received during the first ten days equalled the

capital of \$500,000. He also is president of the American National Insurance Company. Therefore Moody inherits his financial ability. He already has shown shrewdness in deals and frequently finds himself competing with his father and grandfather in business.

Lands Big Contract. The following from The Times-Dispatch, Richmond, will be of interest in North Carolina: "Contracts for street improvements in Ginter Park have been awarded by the Town Council. The work which will cost approximately \$75,000 will be done by the Continental Public Works Co., of New York, under the supervision of Gilbert C. White, formerly of Richmond, who now resides in Charlotte. The work will start in March and will be completed on September 1.

"Mr. White, who has been engaged by the Town Council to supervise the work, was raised in Richmond, but has been living in Charlotte for a number of years. He prepared the plans and specifications under which the work is to be done, and has full charge of its execution. Mr. White has gained considerable prominence as an engineer, and is engaged on some of the largest street and water construction in the Carolinas. He is a member of the American Society of Engineers.

"The awarding of the contract is of special interest owing to the possibility of the annexation of Ginter Park to the City of Richmond. The town is one of the most progressive around the city, and is rapidly getting all of the latest improvements."

PRESIDENT URGES FRIENDLY SPIRIT.

House Chamber Crowded When The Message Is Read—Senators Simmons and Overman Pleas.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Senators F. M. Simmons and Lee S. Overman are well pleased with President Wilson's trust message today.

"This message, like all of the President's messages," said Senator Simmons, "is exceedingly direct in purpose, clear in statement, and forceful in presentation.

"The President leaves no room for doubt as to exactly what he wants. In the main his suggestions meet hearty response in Congress and the country. There is a vein of conservatism throughout the message and a manifest purpose to assure business that the Administration approaches the subject of business readjustment in a spirit of friendliness rather than hostility."

Senator Overman said: "The message is clear-cut and to the point. There is no break in it to honest business, but the danger signal is put for the violator of the law. If President Wilson's idea can be carried out we will have an era of competitive and straight-forward business."

Washington, Jan. 20.—President Wilson's suggestions to Congress today in his trust address that the Government and business men are ready to meet each other half way "in a common effort to square business methods with both public opinion and

the law. Throughout the delivery of the address, the assembled Senators and Representatives listened intently. When the President began enumerating every word, applauding frequently when the President began enumeration of evils which he believed needed remedying.

His proposal for an interstate trade commission to facilitate business and keep it in the straight path; the recommendation of laws to prohibit interlocking directorates and holding companies; suggestions for authority to regulate railroad securities; for an act that would fix guilt upon individuals instead of punishing business and that the courts be opened to individuals harmed by illegal business, all these were received with general approval, evidenced by enthusiastic applause.

Before the plaudits of his audience had ceased and as the President was passing from the House Chamber where his successive appearances since last April have contributed to the nation's history, his utterances had precipitated action.

Representative Underwood, majority leader of the House, was the first to act. As soon as the House reconvened after the joint session, held to hear the President, he offered a motion to refer to the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee the suggestions for the creation of an interstate trade commission, and to a law empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to regulate the issuance of railroad securities and to the Committee on Judiciary, the proposals relating to legislation designed to supplement but not amend the Sherman anti-trust act. This motion was adopted and it was announced later that both committees would begin work at once, and arrange for public hearings.

The action of the House in referring portions of the message to the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, of which Representative Adamson, of Georgia, is chairman somewhat disturbed the program mapped out by the Judiciary sub-Committee, headed by Representative Clayton, of Alabama, which already has held hearings and prepared a tentative draft of a trade commission bill. Representative Clayton had protested against any of the trust regulation program being taken from his committee and while Mr. Underwood was offering his motion to refer, Mr. Clayton and Representative Carlin, of Virginia, stood at his elbow, pleading that he change his course of action.

Members of the House Judiciary committee and members of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, headed by Senator Newlands, of Nevada, conferred again on plans for editing the bills to be submitted to Congress. Later Senator Newlands, accompanied with Joseph E. Davis, Commissioner of Corporations, who received the trade commission bill proposed by the Judiciary sub-committee. The measure now will be introduced from the Senate committee probably tomorrow.

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... that trait of land which
... on Fisher Street
... but this land had never been
... the market until this

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f an acre to 1 4 acres and in price from \$100
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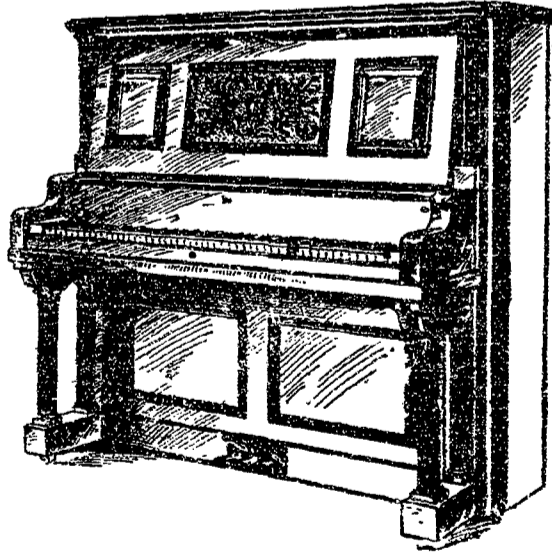
Mrs. Jane Calahan suffered from womanly trouble for nearly ten years. In a letter from Whiteville, N. C., she says: "I was not able to do my own housework. My stomach was weak, and my blood was wrong. I had back-ache, and was very weak. I tried several doctors, but they did me no good. I used Cardui for 3 or 4 months, and now I am in the best health I have ever been. I can never praise Cardui enough." It is the best tonic for women.

Whether seriously sick, or simply weak, try Cardui.
Get it: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Cardio-Tonic Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for special instructions, and 64-page book, "The Treatment for Women," sent free.

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Your friends buy of ELLIS—Bo likewise!

Ellis Machine & Music Company,
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Saxapahaw News.

Saxapahaw, Jan. 21.—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wingham returned home Sunday from Pittsboro, after spending last week at the bedside of the latter's mother, Mrs. Robert Cooper, who has been seriously ill for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Roney and family attended a birthday dinner at Mr. Dobin Williams Sunday.

Misses Ethel and Bonner Williamson left Friday for Richmond, Va., where they will visit relatives for some time.

Messrs. Robert Isley and W. R. Freshwater visited relatives in Swepsonville Sunday.

Messrs. George T., James, Wilson and J. B. Williamson attended church at Burlington Sunday morning.

Misses Leona Phillips and Conner Wingham visited the latter's sister, Mrs. John Holt, Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Earl Marlett, of Hillsboro, is at home for this week.

Mr. Mona Williams, of Concord, and Miss Mattie Graves, of near this place, were married January 4.

Mr. Murphy Pickett and Miss Ha Andrew, both of near Concord, were married last week. Miss Andrew has many friends at this place who will wish for them a long and happy life.

Mr. and Mrs. William Payne, of near this place gave a "Turkey" dinner Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Payne are noted for their hospitality and their home is a center of good times in the neighborhood. Every one seemed to enjoy the day, and especially the sumptuous dinner. Those present were: Misses Nina Clendenin, Flora Wingham, Alma Stockard, Bettie and Mattie Thompson, Messrs. June Thompson, John Payne, Robert Lashley, and Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Bradshaw, Mr. and Mrs. Sab Stafford, Mr. and Mrs. Grover Crawford and little daughter.

Cross Roads Items.

Burlington, Route 1, Jan. 21.—News is very scarce in this neighborhood at this time.

We can notice the smoke of the plant-bed burning. Some farmers have commenced plowing for corn and tobacco. Ask Roads and John Isley what they are sowing their plant beds for this year.

Misses Barbara Isley and Eugenie Craver visited their mother, Mrs. Emily Eulis, of No. 10, last week.

Misses Mary Lee Coble and Nona Roberson spent Saturday night at Mr. William Isley's. They reported a nice time.

There was a shadow party at Cross Roads School House Saturday night. The proceeds amounted to \$12.60, to be used for the benefit of the school. They are going to oil the floor and paint the house inside.

Oakdale Dots.

Oakdale, Jan. 21.—Messrs. M. C. and F. L. Spoon have been repairing and building some additions to their houses.

Mr. L. F. Smith made asale last week, preparing to move to Liberty soon.

The people in the community and the Trustees of Mt. Zion Baptist Church, are preparing to build a public highway leading from the church, south-west through by the parsonage crossing the creek below the old ford, to M. A. Lineberry's, on out to the Liberty road, leading from Kimesville, at John G. Mikrey's. It is reported that the bridge is to be 104 feet long and above the high water mark. The aid of each and every one will be gladly received in the work. We hope to see it finished soon, for there is no road whatever leading out in that direction from the church, except to the parsonage.

The Deacons continue to come to Oakdale. They visited the school last week and will be back the first of next month again. They have got some to take interest in it and we hope more will soon and prove it is a great success.

The boys at Oakdale have organized a baseball team. They have played two games with Greenwood School, winning each game. The first time the score stood 25 to 6. Second time 5 to 1. Boys mind how you tackle them. They are almost like King Philip's "Invincible Armada."

Every Fourth Class Postoffice Job Will Be Decided on Merit.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Postmaster General Burleson is preparing a letter which he will send to each Senator and Congressman, regardless of his political faith, which will strike consternation to the hearts of said legislators and to thousands of anxious applicants for office. The letter will state that hereafter applicants for fourth class postoffice jobs will be decided solely upon the result of the competitive civil service examinations, and that politics shall have nothing to do whatever with the selection of postmasters. It has been generally supposed that this rule has been followed to the letter since President Wilson assumed charge of the nation's affairs, but those who have believed this have been grossly imposed upon. It is true examinations have been

held and right now the civil service commission is preparing to hold examinations for every fourth-class postoffice in North Carolina that pays a salary of over \$180 per annum. But the law has been violated; not that the Democratic party has disregarded the civil service provisions any more than the Republicans, because they have not; they have not had the opportunity. But since it was announced that appointments to fourth-class offices would be selected from the eligible list it has been a standing joke in Washington that a Democrat would be the lucky man, if a Democrat took the examination. According to the postoffice department the Democratic applicant has been put in office because the congressman was allowed to recommend a man after the civil service examination had been held. For instance, Congressman Blank would look over the list of those passing the examination at Rhamekatt. John Jimsonweed, who in the good old days of Republican rule had allied himself with the grand old party, might have the highest average; William Bundercombe, also a Republican, might be second, and John Barleycorn, a Democrat, would stand at the foot of the ladder. Somehow the Democrat has been selected, and vice versa when Republicans were in power. Albert Sidney Burleson says this method of selecting postmasters must be stopped, and upon receipt of his letter by members of Congress he intends to adhere strictly to the civil service laws, and the common practice of allowing a congressman to "recommend" a postmaster after the government has spent good money to hold the examination is to be a thing of the past.

That the civil service laws have been violated by the political party in power is no secret in Washington. A careful survey of the departments here show that even 80 per cent. of the office holders, who apparently were selected from the civil service list, are Republicans. You cannot find a dozen Democratic chief of divisions in the entire treasury department, and to perhaps a lesser degree the same conditions prevail in other departments of the national government.

There are 215 fourth-class postmasters in the eighth North Carolina district alone. If Burleson makes good his statement and insists upon the civil service laws being upheld it will seriously affect that district. The postmaster who is already in office, of course, has a better chance of passing the examination than a man who has not been schooled by the Republican party. Therefore, it is said, at least 50 per cent. of the present Republican postmasters in the eighth have an excellent chance of remaining on the job.

The same conditions will apply to other districts, if Burleson insists upon a strict interpretation of the law. Representative Guder, of the tenth district, announced today that he is preparing a speech which he will deliver tomorrow, when he will declare that the civil service as operated by the political parties today is a delusion and a fraud. He will ask that Congress either abolish the entire system or else compel every man who is not elected to office by the people to stand the civil service examination. He declared to The Daily News correspondent that it was not right to "compel the 'little fellow' to take an examination for a job, while the man for a larger and more responsible place is selected by a political pull, or words to that effect. The tenth district Congressman will also declare that the little fellow is no more of a "pic hunter" than the man who strives for the \$5,000 and even the \$12,500 places, such as are held by Secretary of State Bryan, Secretary Josephus Daniels and other men holding high paying jobs.

Representative Page called at the Treasury Department and conferred with the Supervising Architect in regard to the Monroe Federal Building. The contract has been set without including the portico, which was included in the original plans. The Monroe people want a portico, where the first gentlemen may sit and chat. Representative Page will endeavor to have one added later. To do so now would delay the construction of the building at least two years.

Kidnapper Gets Pardon.

Topska, Kan., Jan. 22.—F. H. Tilton, a detective, who in 1909 kidnaped Marion Bleakley, the famous "incubator baby," was pardoned today by Governor Hodges. He was under sentence from one to five years in the Kansas penitentiary, but was at liberty on bond pending hearing of appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

George Merriam Dead.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 22.—George S. Merriam died here today aged 71. He was a son of one of the brothers who founded the company which long published Webster's Dictionary. He was for five years, from 1870, editor of the Christian Union, now the Outlook, under Henry Ward Beecher. Since 1875 he had lived in Springfield.

Hit from Parents.

Asheville, Jan. 21.—While an anxious father scoured the city for his daughter who, he had heard, was ill, she was dying at a local sanitarium under an assumed name, according to evidence submitted at the coroner's inquest held last night following the death of Miss Jennie Pickens, who died yesterday. According to Dr. A. C. Biggs of Biggs' Sanitarium, and a number of the staff of nurses of the same institution, the deceased came to the hospital three weeks ago and applied for treatment under the name of Miss Brown. She refused to discuss her parentage and no idea was entertained as to her identity until a search of her belongings indicated that her real name was Miss Pickens. Her father, M. B. Pickens, a prosperous farmer of this county, was advised of the location of his daughter, although he reached the sanitarium too late to see her alive. He had appeared at many of the hospitals in the hope of finding his daughter, but at none of them was he advised that a Miss Pickens was a patient.

The coroner's jury brought in a verdict to the effect that the deceased came to her death from causes unknown to the jurors. The father was present at the hearing of the evidence.

Winston-Salem Young Man Gravely Accused.

Winston-Salem, Jan. 21.—W. G. Jones, a well known young man, was arrested this evening on a warrant sworn out by Deputy Insurance Commissioner Scott, alleging that on December 24 he set fire to a dwelling in which he had furniture stored; that he insured the goods of little value in two companies for policies aggregating \$1,750, claiming he was living in the house, and a few days later the dwelling rented by him and valued at \$4,000 and its contents were destroyed. Scott claims a clear case of fraud. Jones was formerly in the mercantile business, but is now in jail. The hearing will be held Friday.

Beat Aged Mother.

Elizabeth City, Jan. 21.—Brother and Raleigh Bercher, two young white men, were brought here this morning from Camden county and delivered to Sheriff Reid to serve 30 days on the chaingang for beating their aged mother.

These young men became involved in a row yesterday afternoon at their home in Camden county and when their mother attempted to interfere they fell upon her and beat her badly, it is alleged. They were tried before Recorder Tillett of that county and given 30 days for the offense.

Winston-Salem Man Attempts Suicide.

Winston-Salem, Jan. 21.—Walter Reynolds, a young white man, attempted to commit suicide at his boarding house in this city last night by taking laudanum. Disappointment in love is given as the cause.

At his boarding house the story is related that the young man asked the young lady upon whom he had bestowed his affections to go with him to witness a performance at the theater last night. He was told that she had already promised to go with a crowd of young people, but he insisted that she allow him alone to accompany her. This she refused to do, and he became desperate, declaring that he would make her regret her action. Later in the evening he delivered to her a package of letters, declaring that he was going to leave and that she would never see him again. In reply the young lady received the letters and lightly turned the young man's statement into a jest. Nothing more was thought of his declaration until about an hour later he was heard groaning in agony in his room. Investigation revealed the fact that he had gone to his room and taken laudanum, a four-ounce phial lying on the bed by him. He told those who were attracted to the room by his moans that he had taken the poison and was going to die and pleaded with them not to disturb him but let him die. He recovered and in his cell in the city lock-up today he seems delighted that he is alive, and declared that there was no sense in keeping him confined, for he certainly would not try again to take his life. But the officers are holding him on a warrant which charges him with attempt at suicide, and he will be given a hearing in the municipal court tomorrow morning.

A Bad Start.

President Wilson is not starting out well on the enforcement of the new currency law. The steps that he has already taken are not reassuring to banks and to business. It does not have the appearance of a policy of fair play. He is not frank and open with the country. He has just announced that he intends to use up the full time permitted him by the law to make the appointments to the Federal Board. This means that banks must enter the system without knowing how the board is to be made up. It is more of a leap in the dark than many of them wish to take. By the terms of

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WHITTED BROS.

Burlington, North Carolina

the law this board has almost the power of life and death over the banks that are embraced in its authority. With many a bank the question of joining is the sole question of what men are to be put in these places of power.

The first selection of Mr. Wilson for the board is neither auspicious nor wise. Whatever may be the merits of Mr. Williams and his capacity, his membership will subtract from the confidence that the people of the country will have in that body. He has been a storm center in too many financial contests, the kind that breed prejudice and enmities and far-reaching effects.

In every section of the land there are men at least as well fitted for the place as Mr. Williams, men with competent training and financial experience, and who do not labor under the same handicaps in the public mind. The duties, the responsibilities and the power of the board are so immense, its capacity for good or evil so tremendous, that every member of it should be a man to whose selection the whole country can say Amen. Mr. Williams falls far short of this qualification.

To the banks of the United States are given a limited time to make their decision as to becoming a part of the new system. According to the announcement of the President they must now do this without any further information of how the board is to be made up than that John Skelton Williams is to hold one of the most important places upon it. The only further knowledge that they have in regard to the board is that Secretary McAdoo is a member of it by virtue of his Cabinet place. And it was Mr. McAdoo that insisted upon the Williams' appointment, and planned and campaigned for it. This fact does not give added reassurance to the future work of the board.

It is only just to the banks that they should know something of the men who are to be their rulers, what kind of policy will be adopted, what they may expect or what they can fear. They should know this before they make their final decision as to their own course. It is not a matter to settle behind the locked door. Mystery and secrecy should have no part in the process.

Nor will the banks be allowed to know where the regional banks are to be located. This is also an element in the decision that they have to make. The committee on selection will not return from their country-wide trip until just before the time comes to make the locations. Until then it will not be known what influences have been triumphant, what is the scheme settled upon. Over it all

will be the cloak of doubt. Only guesseswork is possible.

President Wilson had it in his power to make such a beginning as would tell to banks and bankers that they had no reason to distrust the new regime that the law brings into being. He has not done this. It will be his own fault if there is suspicion and fear on the part of those who have so much at stake.—Press.

Police Believe They Have Caught the Robber.

Atlanta, Jan. 21.—In the arrest here today of R. S. Freeman, aged 20, the police claim they have captured the man who last Friday night held up and robbed passengers of a Western & Atlantic train near Vinings, Ga. E. H. Freeman, aged 18, brother of the suspected bandit, and T. H. Whaley, aged 17, also are under arrest, police claiming that they not only were implicated in the hold-up, but had taken part in recent jewelry robberies and other illegal transactions. A fourth suspect, George Mann, still is at large.

According to the police, R. S. Freeman today admitted having received three diamonds which he claimed his brother and young Whaley had stolen from a local jewelry store and given to him to dispose of. The police also claim to have recovered two of these gems.

The arrest of R. S. Freeman followed sensational disclosures to the police by Fred Ball, a taxicab driver. Ball related what he alleged was a confession to him by Freeman, in which the youth is alleged to have told of holding up the passengers of the Western & Atlantic train, robbing a local jewelry store and taking \$1,000 from W. P. Morgan, a Polk county farmer. Ball told the police that Freeman had planned to go to Marietta, a suburb, to join his "pal," George Mann, and skip the country. Detectives hastened to Marietta, but failed to apprehend Mann. Two suitcases found in his room at a hotel were re confiscated by the police, but the nature of their contents has not been disclosed.

The Father's Day.

Those of us who are not like the Athenians, always looking for new things, are not as enthusiastic over special days as some others, and we have long since given up the attempt to keep trace of them. We have Father's Day, Children's Day, Temperance Day, Mother's Day, and other Days too numerous to mention.

In Pennsylvania a member of the Lower House seriously introduced a bill to make the first Sabbath in June, Father's Day, and while we do not know the fate of the bill, we are willing to waive our prejudices against

Days, and vote for the fathers to have their chance.

Without detracting from the honor and love due to the mothers, who deserve far more than they receive, we have long felt that the fathers have not been sufficiently recognized; yet there are scenes from the life of many a father that would touch every heart. Who has ever painted the father walking the floor with the crying child at midnight; or kindling the fire at early dawn, while others slept; or growing into an old and decrepit man, as he toils from day to day?

The life of a father in many a home is dangerously near tragedy, reminding us of the early Christians who were "butchered to make a Roman holiday."

As some sort of compensation for what he endures, we say, by all means let the old man have his day, and let his children rise up and call him blessed. The mother needs no appeal in her behalf, because from Eve down her merits have generally been recognized, and whatever she has received, she has fully earned. We are not reflecting upon the mother, nor do we sympathize with the remark of a writer who once described life in Mexico: "The bread of the natives," said he "is the tortillas, a species of cake, tough as sole leather, made by the women, and eaten by the men, and, as usual, the men bear the heat and the burden of the day."

It is for the father that we especially speak, the bread winner of the family, the pack-horse of the household, the one who furnishes the munitions of war in the battle of life. He feels his isolation and longs for sympathy, and as he stretches forth his hands, burdened by toil, we reverently clasp them and give them a sympathetic squeeze. In his behalf we endorse this Pennsylvania move.

When, however, it is proposed, along with the appointment of Father's Day, to make the rose the emblem of the day, we must pause and think the matter over awhile longer.—Presbyterian Standard.

Contained Infernal Machine.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 22.—A harmless looking suitcase found this afternoon in a clump of underbrush near the power house of the Ahmeek mine in Keweenaw county, contained an infernal machine, according to reports received here tonight.

Resolution Defeated.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 22.—The lower house of the Mississippi Legislature today defeated a resolution seeking to amend the constitution to give full suffrage to women.

POOR PRINT