





### Wilmington Events.

Wilmington, Jan. 9.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce yesterday afternoon strong resolutions were adopted asking that the North Carolina senators and representatives use their influence to increase the amount of money recommended by the board of engineers for the improvement and maintenance of a 26-foot channel in the lower Cape Fear river from \$115,000 to \$300,000 in order that there may be sufficient funds to complete the project.

The committee recently appointed to take up the matter of building a bridge across the Cape Fear River in this city made a report of the work they had done. They have secured estimates showing that the proposed bridge will cost about \$20,000. They were instructed to go before the board of county commissioners and ask that an election be called at an early date to vote bonds for doing the work.

The recommendation of the board of engineers that the intercostal canal be continued south from Beaufort to the St. John river in Florida was indorsed and it is probable that a committee will be sent by the chamber to Washington to urge that Congress take some action on the matter.

### Johnson Wants \$30,000 for Bout.

Paris, Jan. 8.—"Jack" Johnson, the negro heavyweight pugilist, whose arm is still in splints, said this afternoon he had not received any cable offer of money for a fight with Gunboat Smith on the Mexican side of the border of Lower California. He continued:

"I am ready to fight if the offer meets my terms, which are \$30,000. The fight must be subsequent to that which has been definitely fixed to take place in Paris during the first week of June, against Frank Moran, the Pittsburgh heavyweight. For this engagement William Astor Chanler is guaranteeing me \$35,000. I expect toward the end of the same month to meet 'Sam' Langford, provided the \$30,000 I demand be forthcoming."

Johnson said that his broken arm is progressing finely. The splints are to be removed on Saturday.

### Southern Railway is Sued for Large Sum.

Asheville, Jan. 9.—Suit for \$50,000 against the Southern Railway Company was instituted in the Buncombe County Superior Court yesterday by Mrs. Nannie E. Hurdle, who is seeking to recover damages from the defendant company for the death of

her husband, Albert L. Hurdle. This is one of the largest amounts named for personal damages ever entered in this court and has created much interest among the local members of the bar. The complaint was filed yesterday morning by Harkins & Van Winkle, attorneys for the plaintiff.

According to the statements made in the papers filed the deceased met his death while employed as a fireman on one of the trains last March. This train, it is stated, was one that ran over that part of the Company's property known as the Western Carolina railroad and operated between Conover and Oyama. It is further claimed that the train was wrecked while running between these towns and the fireman received such injuries as to result in his death a short time later.

The matter set forth in the complaint alleges that this wreck was the result of the Company's negligence and carelessness. The fireman sustained a severed leg and lost so much blood that he never rallied after the operation by the physicians.

This is the third suit that has been entered in this county under the Federal employer's liability act, which became a law in the United States Congress April 22, 1908.

The papers filed consist of about 35 typewritten pages, dealing for the greater part with the various transfers of the road in question.

### An Abrupt Halt in Negotiations.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Negotiations between Attorney General McKey, Co., and the Department of Justice have come to an abrupt halt, and unless the so-called trust agrees to meet the demands for a re-organization, the pending suit to dissolve it under the Sherman anti-trust act will be pressed with vigor.

For the past week, officials have been hopeful that recent conferences between Attorney General McKey, Reynolds and Snowden Marshall, United States District Attorney at New York, would result in a peaceful settlement of the suit filed more than three years ago. This hope was shattered today when word came from New York that the negotiations had failed.

Although the Department can do nothing now except continue its prosecution, it is not denied that an about face by the sugar company and a desire to meet government requirements probably would lead to a reopening of negotiations of this sort since the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. pointed a way by which "big busi-

ness" might avoid long litigation in the courts.

In the bill filed against the so-called trust the government held that it controlled about 72 per cent. of the country's output of refined sugar, exclusive of the beet sugar product, and that its percentage of the beet sugar product was about 64 per cent. of the total. The bill asked that the American Company, the National Sugar Refining Co., of New Jersey, and the Great Western Sugar Co., be found unlawful monopolies and that the community stock interest held to exist between them be broken and enjoined.

### Car Fender Falls; Girl Crushed.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Because the fender of a Thirty-fifth Street car failed to work yesterday, 7 year old Bessie Dulaska of 3454 South Morgan Street, missed her classes for the first time since she had started to go to school. The child was crushed to death as she was running to the McAlister School.

Miss Esther Perry, the principal, noticed with surprise that the little girl, who led her class, was not in place, and sent a messenger to the residence. Mrs. Dulaska said her daughter had left only a few minutes late, and on this report Miss Perry went to the Thirty-fifth Street station. She arrived just as the sergeant was writing the report of a street car accident a few blocks away, in which an unknown child had been killed, her schoolbooks clasped in her arms when the body was removed.

Miss Perry went to the undertaking establishment and identified the victim. A moment later Mrs. Dulaska arrived, saw the body and collapsed.

Witnesses say the little girl ran across the street to reach school in time, jumping back of one car, and failing to see one approaching from the opposite direction. As in practically all such cases, the automatic fender proved entirely useless and the girl's body was crushed beneath the trucks.

The crew of the car was taken to the station and questioned, but on agreeing to be present at the inquest this morning, was not held. The police want an inquiry made into failure by the street car companies to provide fenders that will do the work.

### New Haven Head Hopeful of Plans.

Washington, Jan. 8.—After another day of conference with Attorney General McKey, Chairman Howard Elliott, of the New Haven Railroad, left Washington tonight to meet his directors in New York to-morrow, still hopeful that the Department of Justice would agree to such plans for a reorganization of the road as its officials believe are practical.

The principal point in the controversy when Mr. Elliott left was understood to be the disposition of the New Haven's trolley lines.

The New Haven brought its ownership of competing steamship lines to the attention of the Commerce Commission in compliance with the Panama Canal act of 1912. That act prohibited after July 1, 1914, any ownership or interest by a railroad or other common carrier, in any common carrier by water, when the railroad does or may compete with such water carrier.

The New Haven's application asks for permission to continue the operation of the steamship lines it controls, on the ground that the rates are lower on the rail and water routes maintained than on the all rail routes.

It was pointed out tonight however that, although this step by the New Haven has put the steamship line ownership before the commission, it has not a binding effect upon the Department of Justice.

### Favor Monopoly in Public Utilities.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—Statements from prominent business men that the public can be served more cheaply and efficiently by monopolies of different utilities were made yesterday in the Government hearings against the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., yesterday the sentiments expressed were in its favor. The hearings are being conducted in the Bellevue-Stratford before Miss Mary E. Bell, the special examiner of the Government.

The first witness called was John C. Jay, Jr., of Ardmore, general sales manager of the Pennsylvania Steel Co., with offices at 1421 Chestnut St. Mr. Jay stated that the service of the Bell Company in this city was excellent and that the Steel Company discontinued the service of the Key tone Company in 1910 because it was unnecessary and an added expense.

In the course of his cross-examination by C. J. Smyth, special assistant United States District Attorney, Mr. Jay said:

"I believe in but one water, gas and electric light company, properly regulated, with efficient service and fair rates. I advocate competition only if it is possible to thus secure more efficiency and lower rates."

"You believe in monopoly in the gas and electric business," said the Government counsel, "but not in the water business, do you?"

"No," said Mr. Jay. "I have come to believe that there should be no competition in the steel business, be-

cause it eventually means ruinous price wars, which are bad for the business and the Government, I advocate a middleground — Government control by means of public utility commissions and regulated by public sentiment."

"Do you then favor Government control of all big business?" was the question.

"I believe that we are fast coming to Government regulation of big business. However, a high caliber of men must compose these commissions," Mr. Jay answered.

William J. Serrill, of Haverford, engineer of the Philadelphia Gas Works, declared that he believed the telephone business to be a natural monopoly. By natural monopoly, he declared, he meant a service that could not be duplicated. He declared that the service of the Bell Telephone Co., was so good in and about Philadelphia that there need be no fear of competition.

Former Magistrate James S. Rogers said that unless the Government could control the telephone lines he favored two competing companies.

### Horse Not Out of Stable for 14 Years.

LaFayette, Ind., Jan. 10.—An animal resembling a horse, yet lacking many equine characteristics, was led down Main street by a deputy sheriff and taken to a livery stable to be cared for by humane authorities. The seizure of the animal by the authorities revealed a case of cruel treatment which caused astonishment and indignation.

Fourteen years ago W. H. Moore, a contractor, was killed in a runaway accident. His widow, Sarah Moore, said nobody should ever ride behind the animals again and that they should never leave the barn in which they were kept.

She and her son, Wilbur Moore, an electrician, kept the animals confined in the same barn in the rear of their home, a stone's throw from the retail business district. One of the horses died two years ago. The other is still alive, but so emaciated and deformed from long confinement and lack of exercise that it looks very little like a horse.

Never having been shod for fourteen years, the hoofs, like nails, have kept growing until they are nearly a foot high. The horse's legs are thin and the animal is scarcely able to stand. The horse is practically blind from standing so long in darkness.

The humane authorities have filed affidavits against Mrs. Moore and her son, charging them with cruelty to animals.

Don't wait, but renew your subscription at once to The Twice-A-

## TAKE OUR WORD.

About what to feed for results, we are experts in this line, we study while you sleep. For Cows feed Bran, C. S. Meal, Dairy feed, Beet pulp, This feed will make the milk flow and the butter come, for horses feed Alfalfa Horse & Mule feed, Alfalfa hay, but to those who cannot be convinced, we have oats, corn, shipstuff and all kinds of hay, Come to see us in regard to what to feed.

Merchant Supply Company,  
Burlington, N. C. Graham, N. C.

## How About Your Uninvested Funds.

If you are at a loss to know where to place them, will not a first mortgage loan on real estate located in Alamance County appeal to you, as one of the safest of all channels in which to invest, especially when these loans are placed on a basis of only 50 per cent. of the actual value of the property taken as security. In addition to this our Company guarantees the loan as to title, principal and interest, and we collect the interest and remit to you when due.

These loans bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, all charges paid by the borrower.

We can handle any amount from \$100.00 up.

## Central Loan & Trust Co.,

W. W. BROWN, Manager.

Burlington, North Carolina

## Are You One Of Those Who Habitually Catch Cold?

Investigation Shows That Certain Occupations and Professions Are Constantly Prolific Causes For Frequent Colds. What Can Be Done About It?

We read a lot of medical literature that only entertains, but does not instruct. In this strenuous period, when life is put to such a severe strain, we need light and facts how to prevent disease more than talk that entertains.

Do you know that the clerk and the shop girl, the merchant and the professional man, confined to sedentary work, are daily creating those conditions that conduce to colds?

Mental fatigue, worry, heavy strain, nervousness resulting from desk or store work are the easiest means for the development of colds. The average life of a clergyman is less than that of a farmer—cause, sedentary work.

Sedentary life, especially where it means the consumption of brain tissue, often leads to over-eating; there is no more common cause of colds than over-eating.

When the digestive organs are weighed down with an excess of food, the liver and kidneys and other important vital organs are overworked, vitality is lower and there is less resistance; slight exposure, which under ordinary conditions causes no harm, results in a bad cold.

To relieve a cold, a good expectorant or cough remedy such as FERUNA should be conveniently at hand to be taken at the very first attack of the cold. But what can be done to stop the frequency of colds to such people that are confined to sedentary work?

Start with a cold water towel bath, walk to your place of business, or devote an hour of each day to outdoor life, take a dose of FERUNA before each meal to tone up your system, eat moderately, retire early and sleep in a room full of fresh air.

Mr. L. A. Richardson, a substantial druggist from Marine, Illinois, commenting on the merits of proprietary medicines, writes as follows:

"I have been engaged in the retail drug business here for the past forty years. During this time I have seen many patent medicines come into use, flourish for one or two years and then gradually disappear. There are very few of these remedies that possess enough real merit to insure their long life. Feruna has always been a good seller with us, with a marked increase from year to year. The change in the formula some years ago, by the addition of the slightly laxative properties, has made it a reliable remedy for constipation and for colds. I take pleasure in urging my brother druggists to recommend it for these two ailments."

Those who wish to begin the cold water towel bath should have a copy of the Ills of Life. Sent free by the Feruna Co., Columbus, Ohio.

## WHENEVER YOU NEED A GENERAL TONIC - TAKE GROVE'S

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is Equally Valuable as a General Tonic because it Acts on the Liver, Drives Out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. For Grown People and Children.

You know what you are taking when you take Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic as the formula is printed on every label showing that it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic and is in Tasteless Form. It has no equal for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Weakness, general debility and loss of appetite. Gives life and vigor to Nursing Mothers and Pale, Sickly Children. Removes Biliousness without purging, Relieves nervous depression and low spirits. Arouses the liver to action and purifies the blood. A True Tonic and Sure Appetizer. A Complete Strengthening. Do not buy without it. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 5c.

# POOR PRINT



## Prescription Accuracy A Specialty

at

# FREEMAN'S DRUG COMPANY

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. C. M. Coble will spend tomorrow night at Cross Roads at 7:30.

Mr. B. E. Teague is spending a few days at home the guest of his family.

Miss Carrie Willis has accepted a position with The Alamance Insurance & Real Estate Co.

Mr. C. A. Walker spent part of last week at Louisbury on business.

Miss Mable Ellis spent Saturday at Greensboro, the guest of friends.

Mr. T. H. Stewart, of Spencer, was a business visitor in town Monday.

Mr. R. A. Coble spent Sunday on R. F. D. No. 10, the guest of his mother.

Mr. W. W. Brown was a business visitor in the City of Greensboro last Monday.

Miss Lois Peterson, of High Point, spent Sunday in the city, visiting Mrs. S. R. Boland.

Mr. Archibald Cook, of High Point, spent Sunday in town, the guest of his father and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bradshaw, of Greensboro, spent Sunday the guest of Mr. T. F. Coble and family.

Mrs. S. A. Horne and family have just returned from a visit to her father, Mr. H. C. King, on Route 5.

Mrs. J. B. Gible, who has been off on an extended visit to friends at Wilmington, is expected home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Sharpe, of Mebane, spent Sunday in town the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mebane and other friends.

Miss Nina Ingle spent Saturday at Greensboro the guest of relatives and friends. She was accompanied by Miss Ruth Perry.

Miss Amie Wilburn and sister, who have been the guest of friends at Danville, Va., have returned home, and report a nice trip.

Mr. H. C. King, of Route 5, spent Monday in town the guest of his daughter, Mrs. S. A. Horne. He also visited Mr. Dan Hall.

Lost—On the streets of Burlington Saturday evening, "1913 B. H. S." Class pin. Finder will return to this office and receive reward.

A Shadow party will be given Saturday night at Cross Roads at 7:30. It is hoped a large crowd will be present to enjoy the occasion.

Norman Riddle and Leslie Workman sang a solo at the services at the Episcopal church Sunday. The solo was supported by the choir.

Rev. C. A. Cecil, president of the North Carolina Conference, preached an able sermon at the Methodist Protestant church Sunday. He was heard by a large crowd.

Dr. and Mrs. W. G. Stafford and Miss Mary Bingham, who have had pneumonia, are much improved at this time. Their many friends are very much interested in their recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Dameron and family have moved to Durham, where they will reside in the future. They have been good citizens and leave many friends who wish them well at their new home.

Among those who attended the dedication of the building of the Mason's and Eastern Stars which was held at Greensboro, Monday were: Mesdames G. W. Hatch, W. C. Isley and Miss Bertha Cates and Mr. E. W. Atwater.

Mrs. W. E. Brown, of Salisbury spent Sunday the guest of her father, Mr. John Hobbs and friends.

Miss Mamie Howell was at home to a number of her friends Saturday night. Those present enjoyed the occasion immensely.

A reproduction of The Battle of Gettysburg at The Grotto Monday was attended by a large crowd. Many of the old veterans enjoyed the occasion.

Among the many other Confederate veterans in town Monday we noticed Mr. J. F. Sutton, of Route 8 and Mr. J. F. Coble, of No. 1. Both are the salt of the earth.

Mrs. H. Goldstein left last week for Washington, where she will spend several weeks. She was accompanied as far as Greensboro by her husband. She will also visit Baltimore while away.

Little Walter Robinson, of Greensboro, who spent part of last week in the city visiting relatives, returned to Greensboro Sunday night.

Capt. J. C. Walton, who has been kept in on account of ill health for the past several months, has regained his health sufficiently to be out again.

Mr. Eugene Thomas, of Tarboro has recently accepted a position as registered pharmacist for the Burlington Drug Co. He succeeds Mr. Seawell who, with Mrs. Seawell, go to Concord.

Mr. A. P. Loy, of Answalto, Va. passed through town a few days ago en route for his old home at White Cross. He is very favorably remembered in our town, and usually stops when passing.

Mr. John A. Hall and friend, Mr. Porter, of Charlotte, enjoyed a hunt a few days ago. While out hunting they decided to have the photographer to a few stunts and the result can be seen at Anglin's Studio.

Mr. Buck Capes, of Elmira Mills who fell from a tree some weeks ago and sustained severe bruises which made it necessary to carry him to Baltimore later, returned a few days ago little improved. His condition is very serious.

Mr. Dover Heritage was in town Sunday after a two-weeks' stay in Baltimore, where he has been taking instructions from the Adolph-Ginsberg Tailoring Co. Mr. Heritage goes out from this house as a traveling salesman for the coming year.

For Sale or Rent—In North Mebane, three 6-room houses and lots. Terms to suit buyers. Apply to J. W. Nicholson, Mebane, N. C.

Will Erect Monument to President Jackson.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 8.—On the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, formal steps to erect a monument to Andrew Jackson, its hero, were taken at a banquet given here tonight at the Hermitage Club. The banquet was attended by 150 representative men coming from many States and including in its personnel not only Republicans and Democrats.

A resolution was adopted authorizing Major E. B. Stahlman, who presided at the meeting, to appoint a committee of 25 to form the Andrew Jackson National Monument Association. Articles of incorporation are to be taken out and trustees appointed from every state in the union. The monument is to be erected in Nashville, 12 miles distant from "The Hermitage," where President Jackson lived and where his body is buried. President Wilson has already assented to become the honorary President of the association, stipulating, however, that no appropriation is to be asked of Congress.

One of the speakers at the banquet was Governor Ben Hooper, of Tennessee, a Republican, who said in part: "Among the President of this nation there have been many great men but to the popular mind only three stand out with marked distinctness. The virtues of the others may always be known to the close and scholarly students of history, but successive generations of American citizens will most vividly behold the clear-cut figures of Washington, Jackson and Lincoln."

Hannah Washington Will Also Discovered.

Washington, Jan. 12.—One result of the agitation in Virginia to recover the will of Martha Washington, said to have been stolen from Fairfax Court House, and now in the private collection of J. Pierpont Morgan, has been the discovery of the will of Hannah Washington.

State Senator Thornton, leading an effort to have the Virginia Legislature proceed against Mr. Morgan to recover the Martha Washington will has received a letter from Edward C. Eggleston, of New London, Conn., saying he has Hannah Washington's will and is willing to return it. Eggleston wrote Senator Thornton that a friend bought the will from a soldier who stole it from the Fairfax Court House in 1861 or 1862 at the same time Martha Washington's will disappeared.

Grand-Daughter of a President. Norfolk, Va., Jan. 12.—When Miss Mattie Tyler, 68, a grand-daughter of President Tyler and postmistress at Courtland, Southampton county got ready today to take the civil service examination recently ordered by Postmaster General Burleson for all of the fourth class postmasters, she found she was beyond the age limit. She intends to make a fight for the office, however, on the ground of her relationship with the former president. She was appointed by President Harrison and previous attempts to dislodge her from office have failed. The law bars an applicant more than 65 years old when the office pays more than \$500 a year.

She—Did you ever see the Castle Walk?  
He—"Oh, dear, no. I've been on the wagon all through college."—Yale Record.

## Perhaps

your boy or girl is in need of a new pair of shoes these cold days, if so we have a good selection of sturdy, solid leather shoes made expressly for the boy or girl that demands only the best of leathers to withstand the many hard knocks of the sidewalk and other rough uses that they are expected to go up against.

Our shoes will come as nearly meeting these requirements as it is possible to make a shoe.

Give us a trial on your next pair. It is often much cheaper than a doctor's bill.

FOSTER SHOE COMPANY,  
Burlington, N. C.

Nice candy, apples and oranges at Ralph's Place.

Car bananas, apples and cabbage at Merchants Supply Co.

For fresh fish and oysters, call to see Ros Cheek, next to Hotel Ward.

Something doing at Ralph's Place.

## Ready Money Club

Open Saturday December 20th.

We really did not intend to open this club until after Christmas but several wanted to open last week so we opened it for their accommodation and it is now WIDE OPEN.

Have you joined yet? You know you can join at any time why not join now while you think about it?

First National Bank,  
Burlington, North Carolina.

# Sellars and Son Big Annual CLEARANCE SALE

## of Winter SUITS & OVERCOATS AT BIG PRICE REDUCTIONS.

A Clearance of All the Suits Overcoats & Separate Pants in Stock at Record-Breaking Gains for Men & Boys.

We have adopted the policy of having a Clearance Sale at this time every year. Former Prices are ignored in our effort to clear up stock and carry nothing over to another Season.

BOY'S SUITS & OVERCOATS OUR MEN'S SUITS & OVERCOATS. ENTIRE STOCK AT ONE THIRD REDUCTION CASSIMERS WORSTED & BLUE SERGES.

\$3.00	Suits & Overcoats at \$2.00
4.00	" " " " 3.00
5.00	" " " " 3.50
6.00	" " " " 4.00
7.50	" " " " 5.00
9.00	" " " " 6.75

We have yet a big stock to show you, consisting of medium & heavy weights of the different new colors as well as Blues and Blacks. In all sizes.

\$10.00	Suits and Overcoat at \$7.50
12.50	" " " " at 9.00
14.00 & 15.00	Suits & Overcoats at 10.00
16.00 & 17.00	" " " " 12.00
18.50 & 20.00	" " " " 14.50
22.00 & 25.00	" " " " 17.00

We are not going to carry them over. Bring your boys around and fit them out.

All others at Same Reductions.

THIS IS JUST A PLAIN CLEARANCE SALE OF MEN'S & BOY'S CLOTHING.

SPECIAL VALUES ON MEN'S and BOYS PANTS.

very low and every price advertised here we have in stock ready to show you.

Hundreds of pairs of cassimeres and Worsteds in this Sale. At 1-4 to 1-3 Reductions.

# B. A. Sellars & Son

Leading Clothiers - - Burlington, N. C.

## ALAMANCE COUNTY'S OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK.

# \$32,278.25

—This is the amount, together with interest, which will be paid out next CHRISTMAS to members who have joined our Christmas Savings Club this year.

We wish to round this out to \$40,000.00 and the opportunity is still open to those who wish to join. You will make a great mistake if you do not take advantage of this offer and become one of the HAPPY THROG. Remember YOU can join YET and get in at the side door as late as six p. m.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY

# ALAMANCE BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

BURLINGTON, N. C.

**The Money Power Wins.**  
An amendment to the currency bill, offered by Senator Hitchcock, a Democrat from Mr. Bryan's own State, was voted down on Monday by the Administration forces. It would have provided for ownership and control of the proposed regional banks by the public instead of by the banks. Its defeat thus ended a long struggle with a decisive victory for the money power.

As the amendment involved the most vital principle in the bill, and as the Democratic majority voted for bank control, nothing now stands in the way of the early passage of the measure. This action means more than this, however. It embodies surrender of the Democracy to the very power which it has been the chief stock in trade of the party to denounce ever since Mr. Bryan stamped the convention with his "crown of thorns and cross of gold" peroration.

In all the history of currency legislation the issue between making the control of money and credit a public matter or a special privilege of the banking interest as was never so clearly defined as in this controversy. The meaning of the administration measure was so plain that its spokesmen made no pretense of defending the principle, but frankly avowed that "the bill had been framed to gain the approval of the bankers, who are expected to be participants in the system."

The Republican party, though largely responsible for the wretched currency legislation of the past, never would have had the hardhood, even in its most arrogant days, to decide the issue in such a way. It was, in fact, this very principle—bank-owned machinery for the control of money and credit—which caused repudiation of the Aldrich currency plan by all parties, including the Democratic party, which now adopts its central idea.

Whatever the effect of the measure may have been upon the country, in the immediate future or during President Wilson's term, we believe that it will steadily gain force as an indictment of Democratic capacity and good faith.

The most remarkable feature of the party leaders' determined fight to give the banks complete control of the nation's money and credit was the staunch support that the bill received from William Jennings Bryan.

Many of Mr. Bryan's policies have seemed visionary; but throughout his entire public career, until now, he has been undeviatingly against yielding government of our financial affairs to the money power. It was his uncompromising stand upon this point that did more than anything else to make him the great figure that he has become.

His apologists urge in his defense that the existing power of the banks will not actually be increased by the bill. Even if this were true, it is incontrovertible that the measure gives the sanction of special legislation to the power which has grown up, and thus fastens upon the country a system which the struggles of a generation may be unable to throw off.

Mr. Bryan's friends further urge in explanation of his support that the bill includes his favored idea of "freer" money—the right name for which is inflation. He submitted to bank control, they say, in order to win what he had fought for through so many years.

This reasoning is utterly fallacious. He demanded a "freer" or "more elastic" money supply, or of course, for the benefit of the people; whereas the inflation permitted by this bill—to an extent that might conceivably wreck the government—is to be wholly at the command of the speculative banking interests, and will be utilized for the benefit of their enterprises rather than for the benefit of the country at large.

Under the circumstances, it would be a graceful and reasonable compromise for Mr. Bryan to take down his oratorical crown of thorns and cross of gold from the dusty shelf, decorate them nearly with holiday ribbons and send them to the Wall Street hackers of the bill.

If the excuses for Mr. Bryan's course are without reason, the laborious denunciation of the bill by Senator Root is without sincerity. It was not until the very eve of the voting that he disclosed his horror of possible inflation. It is not likely that he would have remained silent so long except for the fact that any inflating that is done will be practiced by the interests which are his clients.

The most important political result of the passage of the bill will be its effect upon the fortunes of President Wilson.

This will be the second great economic measure passed under his administration. The tariff bill, with all its imperfections and its manifold possibilities for inflicting harm upon the country, at least had behind it honest intent. It squared approximately with the party platform and the campaign promises.

For these reasons the public even derided the president's arbitrary acts in driving the measure through Congress. The people acquiesced in the abandonment of his promised policy of "pitiless publicity" and his substitu-

tion thereof of star-chamber, secret-caucus methods.

But this was because they believed that he was sincerely trying to accomplish something in harmony with his pledges. It remains to be seen how they will regard his course in employing the same undemocratic, autocratic protestations of the party platform and to his own utterances before and since his election.

For the people of this nation will know at no distant time that he exerted his power in this unusual manner in order to place securely in the control of the banks the money resource and the credit of the country. Nor will they forget how unequivocal was his admonition to congress to beware of sanctioning the very condition which he has done so much to fasten upon the country. No longer ago than last June, in a message which he read to the assembled houses, he uttered these words, which were quoted in the debate the other day:

"The tyrannies of business, big and little, lie in the fields of credit. We know that. Shall we not act upon that knowledge? Do we not know how to act upon it?"

"If a man cannot make his assets available at his pleasure, his assets of capacity and character had resource, what satisfaction is it to him to see opportunity beckoning on every hand, when others have the keys of credit in their pockets and treat them as all but their own private possession?"

"It is perfectly clear that it is our duty to supply the new banking and currency system that the country needs, and it will need it immediately more than it has ever needed it before."

"And the control of the system of banking and of issue which our new laws are to set up must be public, not private; must be vested in the government itself, so that banks may be made the instruments, not the masters of business and of individual enterprise and initiative."

There is a rather widespread belief that the currency and banking question is so complicated and technical that few citizens attempt to understand it and that, hence, any position a public man takes upon it is likely to be safe.

But the repudiation of the policy laid down by the President is so open and complete that it will inevitably be understood. It will damage the prestige of the Democratic party; it will tarnish the reputation of Secretary Bryan, and it will go far to undermine the structure of public confidence which the President has built up for himself.

There are two provisions in the bill which were inserted with excellent intentions, and which President Wilson and Mr. Bryan believe will achieve the ideal of "freeing commerce."

First is the providing of banking machinery, through which a federal reserve bank may discount notes and bill of exchange arising out of commercial transactions for agricultural, industrial and commercial purposes.

Second is the provision for the decentralization of reserves, which is counted upon to prevent the stock-speculating interests from utilizing most of the available money of the country in their gambling enterprises.

But in order to obtain these two good features the sponsors for the bill permitted it to be made irrevocably vicious, through conferring control of money and credit upon the banks. With the opportunities thus given to these interests, it will need merely development of the administrative machinery to make their ascendancy absolute.

There is a pretty theory, of course, that the dividing of the banks into groups will make each independent. But in practice the big banks rule the smaller ones, and the big banks inevitably will dominate all members of the new system.

Instead of freeing business, the administration is about to enslave it. Instead of demolishing the menacing control of commerce and industry by the financial oligarchy, the administration will give it strength and permanency by adding to it legislation sanction.—North American.

**Heaviest Snow Ever Known in Mountains Near Mt. Airy.**  
Mount Airy, Jan. 7.—S. B. Richardson, a citizen residing three miles south of this city, came through here yesterday upon his return from a trip across the Blue Ridge mountains, and tells of a terrible experience in coming down the mountain at Low Gap, west of here. The snow on top of the mountains is two feet deep on the level, and the drifts, in places are 10 feet deep. He and his wife in coming down the mountains yesterday in a one-horse wagon sank into a drift 10 or 12 feet deep, and it was with great difficulty that they succeeded in extricating themselves and their mule. They were forced to leave the wagon, which had sank out of sight.

For more than eight hours they dragged themselves along the road, frequently sinking beyond their depth, and came near freezing. They secured a buggy at the foot of the mountain and came home yesterday afternoon.

**Washington, Jan. 9.—**The fourth death from smallpox on the battlefield Ohio, was reported today, the latest victim being Leroy Grant Stingley, machinist's mate, who died yesterday at the detention camp at Guantanamo. Stingley was a native of Kansas City, Mo.

**Princeton Gets \$31,000 in Cash.**  
Princeton, N. J., Jan. 8.—Gifts amounting to \$31,016 were announced at the Winter meeting of the Board of Trustees held today including a final payment of \$5,000 from the estate of J. C. Vanuxem for the Vanuxem leadership foundation and an equal amount from the Wyman estate to complete the "Wyman House," the official residence of the dean of the graduate college.

The appointment of Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell University, to the Stafford Little Lectureship for 1914, was confirmed. The board voted to name one of the athletic fields south of the campus "Goldie Field" in honor of George Goldie, who was director of Princeton's gymnasium for 34 years.

The library fund for purchasing books was increased by \$3,433.16 and other amounts from sundry donors included \$38,160.18 for general university purposes.

**The Bright Republican Political Horizon.**  
On all sides the political horizon of the Republican party is growing brighter. Everywhere there is growing the movement to unite into one body those who are opposed to Democratic principles and Democratic rule, in all sections of the country the rank and file of the Republicans and Progressives are daily marching in great numbers shoulder to shoulder.

From Maine comes the latest call to action. At a meeting of the Republican State Committee of that State a few days ago a resolution was unanimously adopted that a committee be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the Progressive State Committee, for the purpose of bringing the two parties together in solid phalanx against their ancient enemy.

Not only was this action taken by the Republican party organization, but it was, indorsed by some three hundred Republicans who had assembled in convention from all parts of the State.

Last week it was Oklahoma that furnished the good example. The call for a Republican State Convention was joined in by many of the leaders of the Progressive movement of last year, and both of the two parties of twelve months ago, are practically today marching again under the same banner. So the movement goes on, not with the blare of trumpets and the roll of drums, but quietly and effectively.

The continuance of the Progressive party means only the entrenchment of the Democratic party in power. It means permitting the present administration to do as it will, with no thought of the consequences, secure in the knowledge that it cannot be displaced. Whatever their acts, whatever their sins of omission, the Democrats can prevail against a divided opposition. The citizenship of the country is giving serious thought to the future. It is not interested in the personal aspirations of any man or any set of men, but it is interested in the prosperity and the prestige of the nation.

The sober sentiment of the country, the thinking sentiment, is not pleased with the picture of the Democratic party as the practically undisputed ruling force in the United States. It realizes that a continuation of the party movement means just that. And it is this sentiment that is clearing the air of the little things, brushing aside the matters of petty and personal importance, and fixing attention upon real conditions and inevitable results.

The Progressives are returning to their old home, and the Republicans are meeting their returning brethren half way. They have a new program themselves, one that is really progressive, not one that is so in name only. It is a party plan of action that contains substantial reforms and able betterments. It is a program that all men of wisdom and open mind will approve.

Ever since the election of 1912 the figures of local elections have been telling with unbroken regularity the story of disintegration of the third party and the revolt of its rank and file at being made the instrument by which place and power are conferred upon the Democracy of the country. The get-together movement is now under good headway. Tact and patience and a spirit of real conciliation will bring it to full fruit, and thereto triumph.—Press.

**King Retracts Charges Made Against Brooks.**  
Reidsville, Jan. 9.—The Leaksville Courier today has an article signed by D. P. King containing a complete retraction and withdrawal of charges made by Mr. King a few weeks ago against A. L. Brooks in a newspaper article condemning Attorneys Brooks, McMichael and Ivie for strictures made as a result of a lawsuit tried in this county where King and others were suing B. Frank Mebane.

King makes no reference in his article to the charges he made against Attorneys McMichael and Ivie but he completely withdraws his reference to Attorney Brooks and apologizes for the reference he made to the Greensboro attorney.

The editor of The Courier in stating that he had been formally notified of a suit entered against him apologized for the appearance of the alleged libelous matter in his paper.

For nice pears see F. J. Strader.

**Suffered with Throat Trouble.**  
Mr. Barnes used to be sheriff of Warren County, Tennessee. From exposure to the elements he acquired throat trouble. He supposed that his health was entirely ruined, in spite of all the treatment he could procure.

After using four bottles of Peruna he claims that he was entirely restored to health.

Catarh of the throat is not only an annoying disease of itself, but it exposes the victim to many other diseases. We are constantly breathing into our throats numerous atmospheric germs. Disease germs of all sorts. This cannot be avoided. If the throat is healthy the system is protected from these poisonous germs. But if the throat is raw and punctured with numerous little ulcers, by catarrh then the disease germs have easy access to the system. Keep the throat well and clean. This is the way to protect yourself against contagious diseases. Gargle the throat as explained in the new "Tills of Life," sent free by the Peruna Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Barnes says: "I had throat trouble and had three doctors treating me. All failed to do me any good, and pronounced my health gone. I concluded to try Peruna, and after using four bottles can say I was entirely cured."

**RE-SALE OF VALUABLE BEAL ESTATE.**  
Because of advanced bids and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County, made in a Special Proceedings whereto all the heirs-at-law of the late C. M. Euliss were made parties for the purpose of selling for partition the real property of said C. M. Euliss, deceased, in Alamance County, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Graham, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., on SATURDAY, JANUARY 24, 1914, the following described real property, to-wit:

Tract 1—Adjoining the lands of D. T. Curtis, heirs of John Staley, deceased, S. L. Dixon, and others, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at an iron bolt in public road leading from Big Falls to Burlington, corner with D. T. Curtis, running thence N. 28 3/4 degrees E. 27.61 chs. to an iron bolt in said Staley line, corner with said Dixon; thence N. 26 1/4 degrees W. 26.50 chains to a rock, corner with said Dixon; thence S. 3 1/2 degrees W. 27.50 chains to a rock; hence E. 12.50 chains to the beginning, containing 48 acres, more or less.

Tract No. 2—A lot or parcel of land in Burlington Township, within the corporate limits of the Town of Burlington, on the corner where Means and Cameron streets intersect, it being of No. 250 as shown by the map of said Town, dated 1886, it being the same lot of land conveyed to said C. M. Euliss by the North Carolina Railroad Company dated 8th day of May, 1890, and recorded in Register of Deeds Office of Alamance County in Deed Book No. 14, on pages 212 to 215, and upon which there is now situated a dwelling house.

Bidding on Lot No. 1 will begin at \$1,082.50 and on Lot No. 2 bidding will begin at \$1,815.00.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, one-third in six months, and one-third in twelve months, with interest on deferred payments and title reserved until fully paid.

This January 5, 1914.  
WM. I. Ward, Graham,  
J. A. Giles, Durham, N. C.,  
Commissioners.

**Subscribe Now For The Atlanta Journal Daily, Sunday & Semi-Weekly**  
Largest Circulation South of Baltimore  
BY MAIL  
Daily & Sunday \$7.00 per annum  
Daily only 5.00  
Sunday only 2.00  
Semi-weekly 1.00  
All the News! All the Time!!

**Cabbage Plants for Sale.**  
We grow fine stock plants, and being on the main line of the Southern Railroad, can deliver quickly and at a low rate. We guarantee every shipment and send cultural directions if desired. Early Jersey, Charleston and Flat Dutch. Price: \$1 per 1,000; on lots of 5,000 to 10,000 write for prices. Special Prices to Union Agents.  
W. L. KIVETT,  
High Point, North Carolina.

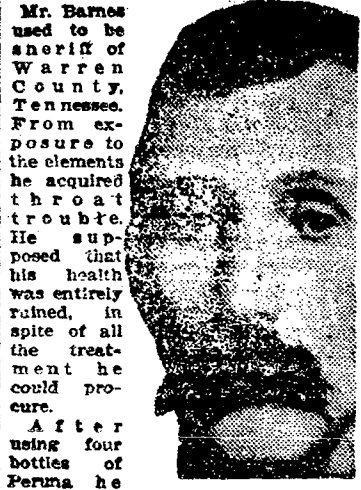
**SALE OF THE "POLLY HODGIN LAND."**  
Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Alamance County in which Nancy Carter and others are plaintiffs and Clessa Cobie and others are defendants, the undersigned commissioners will, on MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1914, at 12:00 o'clock, M., on the premises hereinafter described, offer for sale to the highest bidder at public auction for cash the following described real estate, to-wit: Lying and being partly in Alamance County and partly in Chatham County, North Carolina, on the waters of the middle stream of Rock River, adjacent to, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone, said Butler's corner, and running thence West with said Butler's (formerly John Dixon's) line 55 chains to a stone in the County line; thence South with said County line 17 chains and 10 links to a stone in lot number one; thence East 55 chains and 50 links to a small pile in said Pickett's line; thence North with a line of said Pickett and Pike 20 chains and 50 links to the beginning, containing 105 acres more or less; the same being the property described in a deed executed by K. T. Hodgin and his wife, Julia A. Hodgin, to Artilla Hodgin on the 12th day of August, 1831, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Chatham County in Books "B. K." at page 447.

This property is known as the "Polly Hodgin Land," and is situated two miles from Liberty, North Carolina, and upon this land are situated a dwelling house, barn and granary. About one-third of this land is in woods, and the farm is well watered and specially adapted to the production of grain.

This the 9th day of December, 1913.  
EDWARD FRAGUE,  
DENWEE HODGIN,  
Commissioners.  
E. S. W. Cameron, Attorney.

To Cure a Cold in One Day  
FRAGUE'S ANTISEPTIC MENTHOL OIL, a medicinal preparation that relieves pain and heat at the same time. Sold in all druggists.  
To Prevent Blood Poisoning  
FRAGUE'S ANTISEPTIC MENTHOL OIL, a medicinal preparation that relieves pain and heat at the same time. Sold in all druggists.

**Rayo The Reliable Household Lantern**  
There is always need for a good lantern around the home—in the yard, in the cellar, in the attic—wherever a lamp is inconvenient or unsafe.  
The RAYO is ideal for home use. It gives a clear, bright light—like sunlight on tap. It is strong, durable, compact, handy. Doesn't leak. Doesn't smoke. Easy to light and rewick. Will last for years. Ask for the RAYO.  
At dealers everywhere  
STANDARD OIL COMPANY  
Washington, D. C.  
New York, N. Y.



MR. B. W. D. BARNES,  
McMinnville, Tenn.

### Exciting Bear Hunt in Burke Mountains.

Morganton, Jan. 10.—There are many places in the Old North State that one can go to enjoy himself, but very few places that one can get more real enjoyment than at the home of Jim Parks in Linville township, in Burke county. It is a most hospitable home and strangers are always welcome and are treated to the very best that this rich Linville bottom land can afford.

The time has long passed when big game was plentiful but there are still a few bears and other large game left in the mountains up the Linville river and back of the Table Rock, and there is no greater pleasure than for John, Charlie and Bud Parks to take you on a camping trip of three or four days up the river with their celebrated bob-tailed bear hounds. In the days of Daniel Boone perhaps no more thrilling event took place than did about two weeks ago when on the head of Chimney branch one of the largest bears killed in years was dened and killed by the Parks boys and a company of friends composed of Ed. Spainhour, Pete Fox and Bert Wise. It happened in this wise: The "standers" were placed on the Chimney ridge, which ridge is the main ridge leading from the top of the mountains and which a bear must cross necessarily in going either up or down the river. The "drivers" men who go with the hounds and see that the dogs get over and around cliffs, etc., then drove around the east side of Short-Off Mountain and crossed over to the back side of Table Rock where about 10 o'clock in the morning the bear trail was struck. The hounds trailed down Linville river over about five miles of the roughest country east of the Rockies, one would imagine if he could but see it and then across the Chimney ridge where the standers were placed.

Every man was quiet and nearer and nearer around the mountain and up the ridge the bear came direct to Pete Fox who placed a shot behind his left shoulder but it was a little too far off and on he went after having been fired at seven times more by Pete. The bear went on for about two miles and was finally dened in a cliff which was the most ideal den possible. It was only large enough for the bear to get in easily and was hollowed out inside and sloped gradually downward inside. The opening was on the side of the mountain and was therefore very difficult to get at him. On reaching the den the men began wondering how they were to get him out when all at once out the bear rushed among the crowd. Shots were fired at him and he turned back to his den. This stunt was repeated several times until at last his eye were "shined" inside the cave and Ed Spainhour took aim and fired not knowing whether or not he had killed him. The question then arose as to who would go in and see about old bruin. Not knowing whether the bear was dead or how many other bears there were in the cave, Ed Spainhour, trust to his aim that he had taken, undid his trapping and crawled in to the cave. The rest place Ed says, that he put his hand, was in the bear's mouth, since he thought the bear was lying with his head to the side, but to his horror the head was the first point of contact. Then he realized that the bear was of course dead, he hitched a buckskin to the bear's heels and yelled to the fellows outside to grab his feet and pulled him. They did so and out came Ed and the bear. The bear was then tied together by the feet and a pole run

through and was borne home in this manner. Such is a hunt on Linville though it is doubtful if just such a hunt will occur again for years.

The bears in this mountain are of wonderful durance. The three days before Christmas a large bear was struck south of Linville river on the Linville mountain side and chased for three days, only stopping at night and taking the track up again in the morning. Snow then began to fall and the chase had to stop but only for a few days for the day after Christmas the hunt was started again and after three more days' running, the bear was killed near Brown mountain by Mr. Aldredge, who lives between Table Rock and the Hawk's Bill.

### Women No Worse Off Now Than Before.

Battle Creek, Mich., Jan. 8.—"The imperfect or defective type of woman is that represented by the very slight, thin-chested and nervous woman at present so favored by fashion," declared Dr. Richard Root Smith, of Grand Rapids, in an address tonight at the national conference on race betterment, which opened here today.

Dr. Smith added, however, that "we have no reason for believing that woman is worse off now than she has been for many generations."

Other speakers at tonight's session included H. H. Laughlin, of Cold Springs Harbor, N. Y.; Dr. Lillian South, Bowling Green, Ky., and Prof. R. B. von Kleinsmid, secretary of the American Association of Clinical Criminology, Jeffersonville, Ind.

In his address on the "Deterioration of Civilized Woman," Dr. Smith asserted that modern methods of living have not proven more disastrous to woman than to man. The speaker said the most perfect type of woman is "that represented by individuals compact in build, deep-chested, with steady nerves and fleshy enough for the anatomical angles to be nicely rounded out."

Dr. Laughlin urged sterilization for preventing the reproduction of degenerates, and declared that it had met with great success in prisons and elsewhere.

Dr. South spoke of the hookworm disease. She recently has completed an investigation through the hills of eastern Kentucky.

"Society by its sale of tobacco and liquors encourages mental defection, which results in crime," declared Dr. von Kleinsmid. "Whatever may be said in the way of excuse for the moderate use of alcoholic beverages and tobacco among adults, there can be no justification for the use of these drugs by adolescents." He urged a scientific study of criminals, instead of punishment.

At the day session Dr. Stephen Smith, president of the conference declared the normal age of man is 100 years, in spite of the fact that only three men in 1,000 reach that age. Dr. Smith is well and active at the age of 92.

### Issues Express Company for \$20,000 Taxes Dues.

Raleigh, Jan. 8.—Carrying out the purpose of the State authorities announced some weeks ago, Attorney General Bickett has just instituted suit here against the Southern Express Company for a \$20,000 balance of taxes claimed to be due by the company for the years 1909-1912, inclusive and the first four months of the present year. The tax involved is the three per cent. on gross revenue, and grows out of the fact that the company deducted the amount paid for each year to the railroad companies for handling the express

### Freezing Weather Predicted for This Week.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Freezing weather reaching down to Southern Florida was predicted today by the Weather Bureau experts for a few days of the week.

"The week will open," said the bulletin, "with a cold wave in the Northwest that will extend through the upper Lake region during Monday and by Tuesday night or Wednesday morning will reach the North Atlantic States. There also will be heavy frosts and freezing temperatures Monday and Tuesday over the South Atlantic and Gulf States, and by Tuesday morning the frosts probably will extend over the interior of Southern Florida."

"It is not probable that high temperatures will be experienced during the week over the South, but over the North after the passing of the cold wave, there will be a recovery to more moderate temperature. This will reach the North Atlantic States about Thursday."

"A disturbance now near Southern Alaska already is causing rains on the Washington coast. This disturbance will cause rains and snows west of the mountains, but not much to the eastward until about the middle of the week, when snows and rains may be expected from Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys eastward, reaching the Atlantic States Thursday or Friday. It is not probable that any severely cold weather will follow the present Alaska disturbance. Another disturbance will follow the end of the week."

"Over the South and Southwest the weather will be generally fair during the week, and in the Northeast there will be no precipitation of consequence until after the middle of the week."

### Negro Attempts to Murder Lenoir Man.

Lenoir, Jan. 11.—Today about noon a negro named Charles Parnett went to Dellinger's Cafe and called out M. I. Cloer, who had gone there in company with another man for dinner. As Mr. Cloer stepped out the door the negro reached in his pocket for a pistol and the former made for him. The negro ran a short distance and fired at Cloer, the ball hitting him on the left forearm near the elbow inflicting a painful wound. The negro ran and Cloer in hot pursuit of his assailant, who shot at him a second time as he ran, but the ball went wild. In an instant there was quite a number of men in pursuit of the negro who was soon apprehended, badly beaten and lodged in jail.

For a number of years the negro has been in Mr. Cloer's employment in the Lenoir Pressing Club which is conducted in connection with Cloer's Barber Shop. This morning the negro went to the shop to press his own clothes and Cloer objected. The negro went ahead and lit the gasoline iron after being told not to do so and Cloer collared and slapped the negro and made him leave the place. Afterward the negro returned to the shop to find Cloer who had left and gone to the cafe.

For a few minutes after the shooting excitement ran high and when the negro was captured he would have been mobbed had not a few men interfered. It is said the negro had a bad character, having served sentences on the chain-gang at different times. This occurrence has incensed the citizenship of the town. The negro appeared to be drinking or doped on drugs.

Immediately Mr. Cloer was taken to the hospital and his arm dressed. The

wound is not a dangerous one, but had he not thrown his arm up it is very likely the bullet would have gone near his heart.

### Suit Continues in Spite of Apologies.

Greensboro, Jan. 11.—A. L. Brooks, who has just instituted libel suit for \$25,000 against D. F. King, and T. J. Betts, of Rockingham county, will continue through his counsel in prosecuting the matter although both the defendants have announced an apology and retraction of the statement printed a few weeks ago in the Weekly Courier.

Under the heading, "An Apology," D. F. King, in part writes "I retract all such expressions as the above because I am satisfied now that they did Mr. Brooks an injustice and apologize therefor," the expressions referred to being those for which the libel suit was instituted. Mr. King says also:

"In this paper three weeks ago I criticized A. I. Brooks for his action and speech made in the recent case of the Leakesville-Spray institute vs. B. F. Mebane. I acted in good faith, believing that without evidence to justify him he had gone beyond the rightful limits of a lawyer in criticizing me as relentless, following the dollar, presenting the establishment of the Spray School of Technology, etc."

"Since receiving his notice given under the law I have conferred with friends in whom I have great confidence, and I am now convinced that while he did me a great wrong, my language was extreme and unjustifiable in view of the very wide latitude allowed lawyers in arguing cases. I am one of hundreds who have suffered from such latitude. His 'ault does not justify me and I therefore make this a full and fair correction, retraction and apology for my aforesaid article."

The following was printed by Editor T. J. Betts:

"In the issue of December 17 of this paper I published an article entitled, 'Dedicated to Would-Be Character Robbers,' in which Messrs. A. L. Brooks, C. O. McMichael and A. D. Ivie were criticized, attorneys who represented B. F. Mebane in a case against him by the trustees of the Leakesville-Spray Institute. Each of the above attorneys has resvied notice on me, stating that the article mentioned is libelous, false and defamatory as applied to him. When I gave space to this article in The Courier I did it in good faith, not desiring to aid in any way in injuring or bringing in disrepute any of these gentlemen, because I have nothing whatever against them."

"So far as I know they did nothing that they should not have done as attorneys in the trial of the case mentioned. I was wholly ignorant of the facts about the entire matter. I therefore, as to my part, publish this as a full and fair correction, apology and retraction for the aforesaid article. I do this in justice to these gentlemen because I do not want or mean to do either of them an injury or injustice by so publishing the article above mentioned."

It was understood from Mr. Brooks counsel that the retraction "was an admission of slander and misrepresentation and that under the law a apology and retract only after the suit was started would have no bearing on the case or liability," and that the suit will be continued in spite of the apology.

### Eugene H. Grace Is In Dying Condition.

Newman, Ga., Jan. 10.—Eugene H. Grace, who was mysteriously shot at his residence in Atlanta, nearly two years ago, is reported to be dying at his mother's home here. In a bulletin the attending physician says:

"Since 1 o'clock this morning, Mr. Grace has had no radial pulse. He is gradually growing weaker."

Grace was shot in the back on Mar. 5, 1912. Since that time he has been paralyzed from the waist down. Shortly after the shooting his wife, Mrs. Jaisy Opie Grace, of Philadelphia, was arrested, charged with the crime. Her arrest was the result of accusations made by her husband. On April 16 she was indicted by the Fulton County Grand Jury.

Mrs. Grace was placed on trial on July 29, 1912. After sensational testimony, including a lengthy statement by the defendant, Mrs. Grace was acquitted on August 3, 1912. Mr. Grace has persistently maintained that his injury was inflicted by his wife.

At a late hour tonight the physician who is attending Mr. Grace said that the dying man could not survive much longer.

"His life is hanging by a thread," said the doctor. Stimulants frequently were administered in an effort to prolong the patient's life. In a moment of consciousness late today Grace is reported to have said: "I'm not dying. I'm getting stronger."

Stranger—"What is the population of New York?"

Crumbleigh—"Four hundred plus the people one does not know."

# In October 1909

the North Carolina Railroad Company had surveyed and potted all that tract of land which they own in North Burlington on Fisher Street and Big Falls road but this land had never been priced and placed on the market until this month

There are 58 lots ranging in size from 1-3 of an acre to 1 4 acres and in price from \$100 00 to \$300 00 per lot. However we are only offering 25 of these lots at present.

We believe this property is good investment at price placed upon it and will be glad to show map or land to anyone interested.

Alamance Insurance Real Estate Co.  
W. E. SHARPE Mgr.

## A Telephone for Every Farmer

Do YOU want one?

We will tell you how to get it at small cost. Fill out and return this coupon today.

SOUTHERN BELL TEL. & TEL. CO.  
Atlanta, Ga.

Please send me your free booklet describing your plan for farmers' telephone service at small cost.

Name.....

R. F. D. No.....

Town and State.....

Address.....

FARMERS' LINE DEPARTMENT  
SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE  
AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY  
S. FRYE ST., Atlanta, Ga.

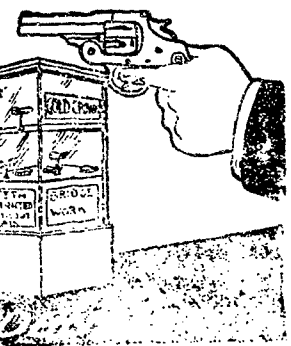
## Blood Was Wrong

All women, who suffer from the aches and pains, due to female ailments, are urged to try Cardui, the reliable, scientific, tonic remedy, for women. Cardui acts promptly, yet gently, and without bad effects, on the womanly system, relieving pain, building up strength, regulating the system, and toning up the nerves. During the past half century, thousands of ladies have written to tell of the quick curative results they obtained, from the use of this well-known medicine.

## TAKE CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

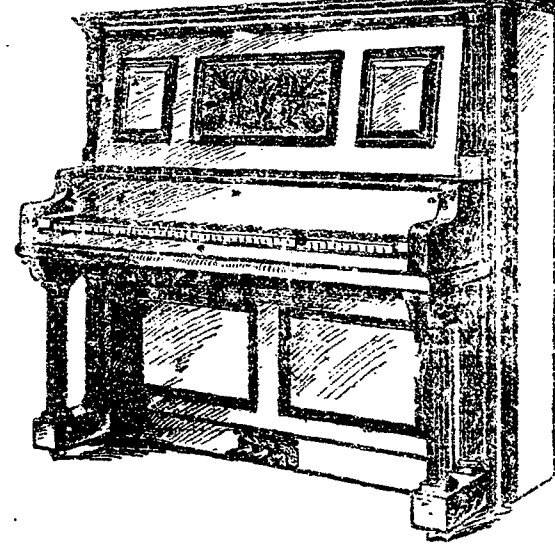
Mrs. Jane Callahan suffered from womanly trouble for nearly ten years. In a letter from Whiteville, N. C., she says: "I was not able to do my own housework. My stomach was weak, and my blood was wrong. I had backache, and was very weak. I tried several doctors, but they did me no good. I used Cardui for 3 or 4 months, and now I am in the best health I have ever been. I can never praise Cardui enough." It is the best tonic for women.

Whether seriously sick, or simply weak, try Cardui.



It is our aim to give the best possible service at the most reasonable rates. How will we succeed in this? By our ever increasing clientage. Your teeth will need attention sometime. Be wise. Do not wait for the warning pain. Have us examine them today FREE and if they need attention we will do the work in the very best manner.

Dr. J. E. Holt,  
Over Freeman's Drug Store Burlington, N. C.



## WE SOLD MORE PIANOS & ORGANS.

Last year than any year before; beside nearly 200 Sewing Machines.

The BEST factories in the County hunt us to sell to,--as we have a reputation for knowing WHAT IS BEST-PAYING FOR WHAT WE GET and SELLING LARGE QUANTITIES OF THEM.

We can sell you a nice upright piano for \$175 00 \$200.00, and up but you are safe not to buy one under about \$250 00 Organ, from the chapels at \$35.00. \$400.00 or up to 175.

Sewing Machines \$10, \$15, \$20, up to \$60 Easy term to responsible people.

Your friends buy of ELLIS—Do likewise!

Ellis Machine & Music Company,  
(23 years in same town) Burlington, N. C.

